

**DRAINAGE STUDY  
FOR  
UNIVERSITY AND INNOVATION DISTRICT (UID)**

**(CONCEPTUAL)**

**Job Number 16693-A**

**September 17, 2015**

**RICK**  
RICK ENGINEERING COMPANY  
ENGINEERING COMPANY  
RICK ENGINEERING CO

**DRAINAGE STUDY**  
**FOR**  
**UNIVERSITY AND INNOVATION DISTRICT (UID)**  
**(CONCEPTUAL)**  
**Job Number 16693-A**



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**September 17, 2015**



June 20, 2016

Mr. Tom Adler  
City of Chula Vista  
276 Fourth Avenue  
Chula Vista, California 91910

SUBJECT: UNIVERSITY AND INNOVATION DISTRICT (UID) – CONCEPTUAL  
“PRIORITY DEVELOPMENT PROJECT STORM WATER QUALITY  
MANAGEMENT PLAN (PDP SWQMP)” (a.k.a. CONCEPTUAL WATER  
QUALITY TECHNICAL REPORT AND HYDROMODIFICATION  
MANAGEMENT PLAN)  
(RICK ENGINEERING COMPANY JOB NUMBER 16693-A)

Dear Mr. Adler:

Pursuant to our discussion on March 3, 2016, this cover letter was prepared to supplement the following technical reports that were previously prepared:

- “Water Quality Technical Report for University and Innovation District (UID) (Conceptual),” dated September 17, 2015, prepared by Rick Engineering Company (herein referred to as the “WQTR”)
- “Drainage Study for University and Innovation District (UID) (Conceptual),” dated September 17, 2015, prepared by Rick Engineering Company (herein referred to as the “Drainage Study”)

The above referenced Conceptual WQTR (dated September 17, 2015) was previously prepared to address all the City of Chula Vista’s outstanding review comments prior to the 2016 City of Chula Vista BMP Design Manual; therefore, the WQTR did not reflect the “format” of a Priority Development Project Storm Water Quality Management Plan (PDP SWQMP); however, it incorporated the anticipated design requirements based on the “2013 MS4” Permit (Order No. R9-2013-0001, as amended by Order Nos. R9-2015-0001 and R9-2015-0100).

In the above referenced WQTR, a total of five (5) “bioretention basins” (with subdrains and impermeable liners) were proposed that will serve as the primary stormwater management features for the project. These “bioretention basins” were designed to meet the intent of the “biofiltration BMP” design requirements in the 2013 MS4 Permit requirements (i.e. – pollutant control performance standard). The 2013 MS4 Permit requires Priority Development Projects (PDPs) to “retain” the design capture volume based on the 24-hour 85<sup>th</sup> percentile rainfall storm event (via Harvest and Use BMPs and/or Infiltration BMPs). If retention is determined to be technically infeasible, then the 2013 MS4 Permit allows the use of “Biofiltration BMPs” (with subdrain and impermeable liners). The retention design typically requires 36-hour drawdown time to be ready for “back-to-back storm”. The project anticipates to use more drought-tolerant based plantings and the irrigation demand may not be sufficient to meet the drawdown time requirements. Secondly, based

on our current understanding of the site and a draft geotechnical investigation referenced in the WQTR, the majority of the project consists of Hydrologic Soil Type 'D' and infiltration is not anticipated to be feasible. Therefore, it is anticipated that the project will comply with the 2013 MS4 Permit requirements using "Biofiltration BMPs" (The "Biofiltration BMPs" would be equivalent to the "bioretention basins" with subdrains and impermeable liners). Minor adjustments may be necessary during future stages of design to reflect the requirements in the 2016 City of Chula Vista BMP Design Manual; however, the general BMP design approach/concept should not have to change significantly. Therefore, the five (5) "bioretention basins" (or "biofiltration BMPs") will continue to serve as the primary stormwater management features for the project.

In regards to hydromodification management plan (HMP) requirements (specific to flow control), major changes that took place in the 2013 MS4 Permit, as compared to the previous 2007 MS4 Permit, are that the "pre-project" condition is now based on the "pre-development" condition and the HMP exemption guidelines became more stringent. For the UID project, runoff from Phases I, II, and III of the project will be conveyed in a network of the proposed storm drain systems to proposed storm water management features for pollutant control and discharge directly to Otay River. Based on the approved San Diego Bay Watershed Management Area Water Quality Improvement Plan (WQIP), dated February 2016, a portion of Otay River is HMP exempt from the "Outfall to San Diego Bay" (downstream limit) to "Interstate 805" (upstream limit). The UID project will be situated upstream of the "Interstate 805"; however, it is our understanding that an additional HMP exemption study was prepared by an engineering consultant (reviewed by the City of San Diego) and submitted independently to the San Diego Regional Water Quality Control Board. The study recommends that hydromodification management exemption be reinstated for projects discharging runoff directly to the portion of Otay River from "Interstate 805" to "Lower Otay Reservoir Dam". Based on our conversation with the City of Chula Vista on March 3, 2016, it is anticipated that the above referenced HMP exemption study will be approved by the San Diego Regional Water Quality Control Board in the near future. Therefore, Phase I, II, and III of the project should continue to be exempt from the HMP requirements. If this exemption is not in place prior to final engineering for this project, the on-site BMPs will need to be upsized and/or additional BMPs will need to be implemented at that time.

In a similar fashion, runoff from Phase IV of the project will be conveyed in a network of storm drain systems towards the proposed storm water management features for pollutant control and discharges to Lower Otay Reservoir via a stabilized storm water conveyance system. Therefore, the Phase IV of the project should also continue to be exempt from the HMP requirements.

Lastly, in addition to the HMP flow control requirements, the project must consider the HMP sediment control pursuant to the 2013 MS4 Permit requirements. Based on the potential critical course sediment yield area (PCCSYA) map located in the San Diego Bay Watershed Management Area WQIP, it appears that a small portion of the project is identified as PCCSYA. However, this area is identified as "potential" only and it may require an additional analysis to determine if this area is considered truly critical to the downstream river/channel. The additional analysis can be performed during the future design stage (i.e. – preliminary engineering) to further assess the project's PCCSYA; however, this area is very small since the project is generally avoiding the steeper slopes surrounding the project area.


Mr. Tom Adler  
June 20, 2016  
Page 3 of 3

In conclusion, the WQTR, dated September 17, 2015, has incorporated adequate BMP design concepts in anticipation of the "2013 MS4" Permit (Order No. R9-2013-0001, as amended by Order Nos. R9-2015-0001 and R9-2015-0100). In the future, during preliminary engineering the WQTR will be replaced with a PDP SWQMP, specifically detailing the project permanent stormwater BMPs in accordance with the 2016 BMP Design Manual.

Please feel free to contact Nobu Murakami or myself if you have any questions and/or concerns at (619) 291-0707.

Sincerely,

RICK ENGINEERING COMPANY



Brendan C. Hastie  
R.C.E. #65809, Exp. 09/17  
Associate



BH:NM:vs:/files/text/16693-A.001

cc: Mr. Aaron Brownwood – HELIX Environmental Planning, Inc.  
Ms. Karen Van Ert – Rick Engineering Company  
Mr. John Goddard – Rick Engineering Company  
Mr. Nobu Murakami – Rick Engineering Company

## TABLE OF CONTENTS

1.0	Introduction.....	1
2.0	Hydrology .....	4
3.0	Hydraulics.....	11
4.0	Conclusion .....	14

### **Figures:**

Figure 1: Vicinity Map.....	3
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### **Tables:**

Table 2-1: Summary of Hydrologic Results .....	6
Table 2-2: Summary of Off-site Hydrologic Information .....	8
Table 2-3: Summary of Hydrologic Results for Future Developed Site .....	9
Table 3-1: Summary of Energy Dissipater Sizes.....	12

### **Appendices:**

Appendix A: Modified Rational Methods Analyses (100-year, 6-hour) [Pre-Project]	
Appendix B: Modified Rational Methods Analyses (100-year, 6-hour) [Post-Project]	
Appendix C: Hydrologic Supporting Materials	
Appendix D: Storm Drain Design	
Appendix E: Riprap Design	
Appendix F: University and Innovation District: Relative Project Location Exhibit	

### **Map Pockets:**

Map Pocket 1: Drainage Study Map for University and Innovation District (UID) [Pre-Project]	
Map Pocket 2: Drainage Study Map for University and Innovation District (UID) [Post-Project]	

## **1.0 INTRODUCTION**

### **1.1 Project Description**

This conceptual drainage study presents hydrologic and hydraulic analyses for the proposed University and Innovation District (UID) project (herein referred to as “the project”) in support of conceptual grading study. The project will be constructed in four (4) Phases: Phase I, Phase II, Phase III, and Phase IV. Phases I, II, and III of the project is bounded by Hunte Parkway and Otay Ranch Village 11 (ORV 11) to the north, Otay Ranch Village 9 (ORV 9) to the west, Otay Ranch Village 10 (ORV 10) and Otay River to the south, and Salt Creek to the east. Phase IV of the project is bounded by the United States Olympic Training Center to the north, Wueste Road and Lower Otay Reservoir (Lake) to the east and Salt Creek to the west. See Figure 1 for project location and map. The project is a mixed use development and proposes construction of educational facilities, commercial buildings, recreational facilities, office, and associated streets, parking lots and infrastructure.

More specifically, the proposed project would implement campus development planned for the site in the Otay Ranch and Eastlake III General Development Plans (GDPs), as amended. Approximately 353.8 acres of the project site is contained within Planning Area 10 of Otay Ranch GDP, while approximately 30 acres occur on the Lake Property portion of the Eastlake III GDP. The proposed maximum development area for the UID is 10,066,200 square feet that would support a total of 34,000 people including a mix of students, faculty, staff, residents, and office/retail workers. The university land uses are assumed to include up to 20,000 full-time students and 6,000 university faculty and staff. Innovation uses would include a mix of office, laboratory, and retail uses to support up to 8,000 jobs. Residents on the site are anticipated to include up to 5,400 students and 2,000 employees. A total of 13,500 parking spaces would be provided at full build-out to support the proposed UID SPA Plan development.

### **1.2 Drainage Characteristics**

The project consists of ten (10) major drainage basins: Basins 100, 200, 300, 400, 500, 600, 700, 1000, 1100, and 1200. For locations of these drainage basins, refer to Map Pockets 1 and 2 of this report. In the pre-project condition, runoff from Phase I and Phase II of the project (i.e. – Basins 100 and 200) sheet-flows in a southerly direction towards Otay River. Runoff from Phase III of the project (i.e. – Basins 300, 400, 500, 600, and 700) sheet-flows in a southeasterly direction towards Salt Creek, which flows in a southerly direction and confluences with Otay River. Runoff from Phase IV of the project (i.e. – Basins 1000, 1100, and 1200) sheet-flows in an easterly directions towards three (3) existing culvert crossings beneath Wueste Road and outlets into Lower Otay Reservoir.

In the post-project condition, the drainage characteristics are anticipated to remain similar as compared to the pre-project condition. Runoff from Phase I and Phase II will be conveyed in the southerly direction via a network of the on-site proposed storm drain systems, which will connect to the storm drain system planned for the Otay Ranch Village 10 (ORV 10) development and directly discharge into the Otay River. In support of the UID project, Rick Engineering Company coordinated with the engineers for the ORV 10 project (i.e. Hunsaker and Associates, Inc.) to ensure that the ORV 10 conveyance system was designed to accommodate build-out conditions for the area as contemplated in the Otay Ranch GDP, which includes the UID Phase I

and Phase II development. Runoff from Phase III will be conveyed in a southwesterly direction via a network of on-site proposed storm drain systems and a proposed storm drain system through an off-site easement that will outlet into a proposed storm water management feature (i.e. – bioretention basin) located northwest of the confluence of Salt Creek and Otay River and discharge directly into Otay River. Runoff from Phase IV will be conveyed in an easterly direction via a network of on-site proposed storm drain systems towards the proposed storm water management features (i.e. – bioretention basins) for Basins 1100 and 1200 (except Basin 1000 will be a self-treating area) and outlet into Lower Otay Reservoir via three (3) proposed culvert crossings in the future that will replace the three (3) existing culvert crossings beneath Wueste Road. See Appendix F for an exhibit displaying the relative location of each phase.

### **1.3 Hydrology and Hydraulics**

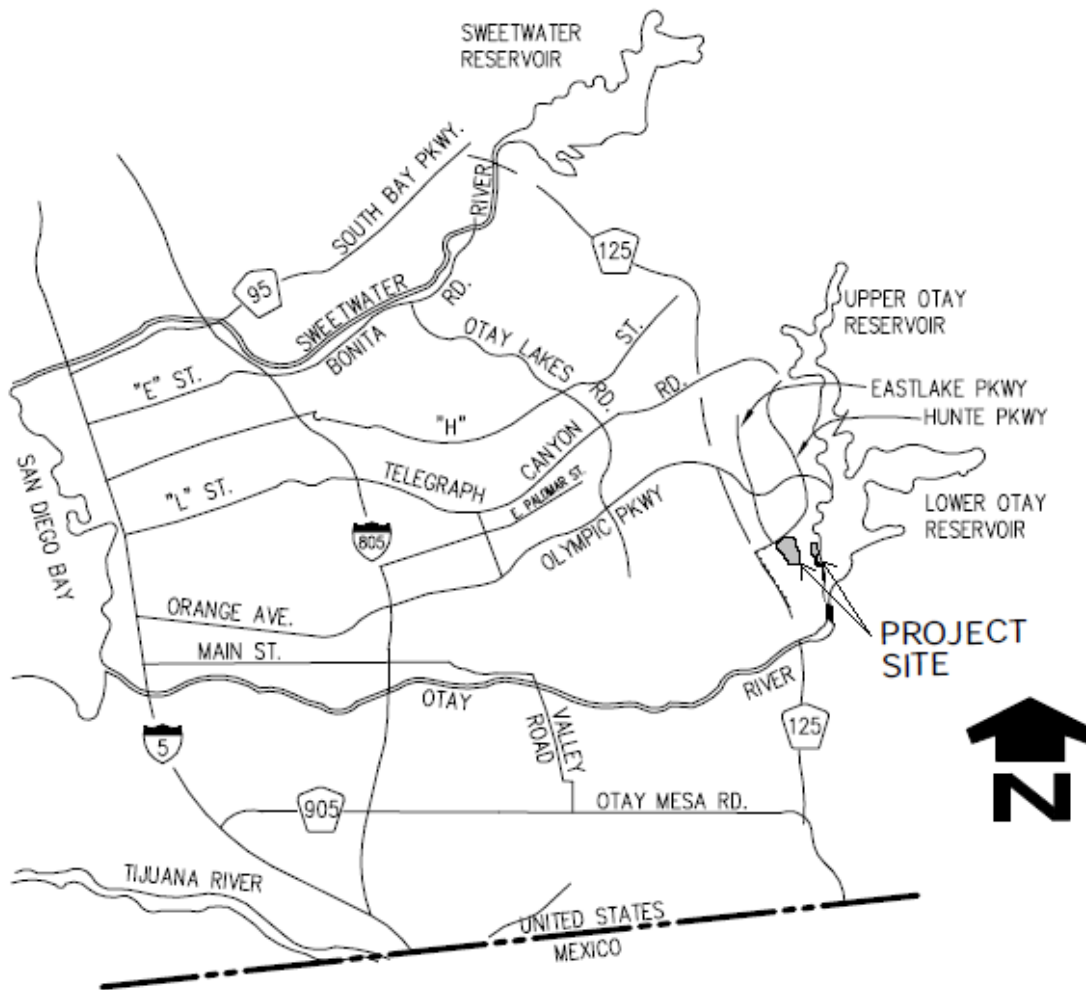
Hydrology and hydraulics are discussed in detail in Section 2.0 and 3.0 of this report.

### **1.4 Water Quality and Hydromodification Management**

Water Quality and Hydromodification Management Plan (HMP) requirements for the project are discussed in a separate report titled, “Conceptual Water Quality Technical Report and Hydromodification Management Plan for University and Innovation District (UID),” dated September 17, 2015, and prepared by Rick Engineering Company (J-16693-A).



**Figure 1: Vicinity Map**



**Vicinity Map**  
Not to Scale

## 2.0 HYDROLOGY

### 2.1 Methodology

The 100-year, 6-hour post-project flow rates have been computed using the Modified Rational Method. The hydrologic methodology utilized for the project has been taken from the San Diego County Hydrology Manual, dated June 2003. The Rational Method computer program developed by Advanced Engineering Software (AES 2003) was used for this study because it satisfies the County of San Diego's design criteria. Runoff coefficients used in the calculations were taken from the June 2003 San Diego County Hydrology Manual and were consistent with the March 2012 City of Chula Vista Subdivision Manual. Hydrologic analysis presented in this report is prepared in support of conceptual design; preliminary/final engineering design will be addressed in the future.

#### 2.1.1 AES Rational Method Computer Model

The AES hydrologic model is developed by creating independent node-link models of each interior drainage basin, and linking these sub-models together at confluence points. The program has the capability to perform calculations for 15 hydrologic processes. These processes are assigned code numbers that appear in the results. The code number and their significance are as follows:

##### Subarea Hydrologic Processes (Codes)

Code 1:	Confluence analysis at node
Code 2:	Initial subarea analysis
Code 3:	Pipe flow travel time (computer-estimate pipe sizes)
Code 4:	Pipe flow travel time (user-specified pipe size)
Code 5:	Trapezoidal channel travel time
Code 6:	Street flow analysis through a subarea
Code 7:	User-specified information at a node
Code 8:	Addition of the subarea runoff to mainline
Code 9:	V-Gutter flow through subarea
Code 10:	Copy mainstream data onto memory bank
Code 11:	Confluence a memory bank with the mainstream memory
Code 12:	Clear a memory bank
Code 13:	Clear the mainstream memory
Code 14:	Copy a memory bank onto the mainstream memory
Code 15:	Hydrologic data bank storage functions

In order to perform the hydrologic analysis, base information for the entire study area is required. This information includes land uses, drainage facility locations, flow patterns, drainage basin boundaries and topographic elevations. The rainfall data, runoff coefficient, and soil information is based on the June 2003, County of San Diego Hydrology Manual, and copies of the corresponding backup data is included in Appendix C. The hydrologic calculations were analyzed using the following parameters:

## 2.2 Criteria

The hydrologic conditions were analyzed in accordance with the County of San Diego's design criteria as follows:

Design Storm:	100-year, 6-hour
Runoff Coefficients*:	
100% Impervious	C = 0.90
0% Impervious	C = 0.35 (for Soil Type 'D')
Soil Type**:	D
Rainfall Intensity:	Based on the 2003 San Diego County Hydrology Manual

\* Weighted runoff coefficients were used where appropriate based on a percentage of 0.90 and 0.35.

\*\* According to the United States Department of Agriculture (USDA) Natural Resources Conservation Service (NRCS) Web Soil Survey (<http://websoilsurvey.sc.egov.usda.gov/App/WebSoilSurvey.aspx>), the majority of the project consists of Hydrologic Soil Type 'D'.

## 2.3 Hydrologic Results

As discussed in Introduction of this report, ten (10) major drainage basins were identified for the project. The 100-year, 6-hour peak flow rates were determined at each of the major drainage basins. For location of each drainage basin, refer to the pre-project and post-project drainage study map in Map Pockets 1 and 2 of this report.

The on-site hydrologic results are summarized in Table 2-1 below, accompanied by a description and a summary of relevant off-site hydrologic information. The supporting Rational Method (AES 2003) outputs for the pre-project condition and post-project condition are provided in Appendix A and Appendix B, respectively. Also, based on the provided hydrologic results, a discussion is included at the end of this section to assess potential conditions of concern as a result of the project.

**Table 2-1: Summary of Hydrologic Results**

Point of Interest (POI)	Drainage Basin	Phase	Project Condition	Area, A (acres)	Weighted Runoff Coefficient, $C_w$	Time of Concentration, $t_c$ (minutes)	Peak Flow Rate, $Q_{100}$ (cfs <sup>1</sup> )	$\Delta Q_{100}$ (cfs <sup>1</sup> )
POI 1	100	Phase I	Pre	24.9	0.35	17.7	25.4	+306.2
			Post	75.3	0.85	7.3	331.6	
	200	Phase II	Pre <sup>2</sup>	166.5	0.35	14.9	240.1	+232.4
			Post <sup>2</sup>	137.7	0.85	9.2	472.5	
POI 2	300	Phase III	Pre <sup>2</sup>	116.2	0.35	27.0	89.4	+144.1
			Post <sup>2</sup>	80.9	0.85	11.9	233.5	
	400		Pre	29.7	0.35	11.7	39.5	+39.8
			Post	27.6	0.85	14.1	79.3	
	500		Pre	7.6	0.35	9.8	11.4	+15.5
			Post	5.8	0.85	6.7	26.9	
	600		Pre	8.2	0.35	10.9	11.4	+18.8
			Post	7.8	0.85	8.9	30.2	
700	Pre <sup>2</sup>	404.0	0.35	14.4	982.5	n/a		
	Post <sup>3</sup>	31.5	0.85	11.9	100.7			
POI 3	1000	Phase IV	Pre	4.8	0.35	11.2	6.7	-2.2
			Post	1.7	0.47	6.6	4.5	
	1100		Pre	12.3	0.36	10.6	14.4	+11.0
			Post	12.0	0.42	5.2	25.0	
	1200		Pre	4.5	0.35	10.5	6.5	+17.4
			Post	7.9	0.56	6.9	23.9	

Notes:

1. “cfs” - cubic feet per second
2. These drainage basins convey off-site flows. Refer to Table 2-2 for a summary of off-site source flows.
3. The off-site areas in the post-project condition was excluded since the majority flows coming from Phase III will now be conveyed in a southwesterly direction and will discharge directly into the Otay River near POI 2. In pre-project conditions, that portion of Phase III drained to the southeast into Salt Creek prior to being discharged into the Otay River near POI 2.

#### 4. Off-Site Flow

In the existing condition, Basins 200, Basin 300 and Basin 700 receive off-site flows from northerly developments. Basin 200 receives off-site flow from a portion of existing ORV 11 and a portion of currently developed Millenia. Basin 300 receives off-site flow from “High Tech High” and its westerly adjacent slope. Basin 700 receives off-site flow from an easterly slope adjacent to High Tech High and another portion of ORV 11. Runoff in Basin 700 will be conveyed in an existing channel that is tributary to Salt Creek. The off-site hydrologic information was obtained from the following sources:

- Basin 200 – “TM Drainage Study for Otay Ranch Village 10,” dated September 14, 2012, prepared by Hunsaker & Associates (W.O. 2825-03)
- Basin 300 – “Drainage Study High Tech High University Park Chula Vista Campus – Phase 2 (APN 643-070-10),” dated August 16, 2010, prepared by RBF Consulting
- Basin 700 – “Addendum to Rough Grading Hydrology Study for Otay Ranch Village 11 Phase 3,” dated June 27, 2005, prepared by Hunsaker & Associates (W.O. 2366-22)

In the post-project condition, the project is anticipated to convey those off-site flows via the proposed storm drain systems. Phase II (i.e. – Basin 200) is anticipated to convey the same off-site flows from a portion of existing ORV 11 and a portion of currently developed Millenia (formerly known as the “Eastern Urban Center (EUC)”). Phase III (i.e. – Basin 300) is anticipated to convey flows from existing High Tech High site only since an existing slope located to the west is anticipated to be developed and become part of Phase II (i.e. – Basin 200); hence, there is a reduction of drainage area in Basin 300. An existing slope, located east of the existing High Tech High site, is anticipated to be developed and become part of Basin 300 and Basin 700 (Note: Basins 300, 400, 500, 600, and 700 will confluence and drain in a southerly direction via a network of the proposed storm drain systems). Lastly, the existing channel, located east of Phase III, is anticipated to convey the runoff from surrounding areas, including the same off-site flows from a portion of the existing Otay Ranch Village 11 development. However, since a majority of Basin 700 will be directed in a southerly direction and confluence with other drainage basins (i.e. – Basins 300, 400, 500, and 600), the tributary area to the existing channel will be reduced. A portion of Basin 700 will continue to drain into Salt Creek; however, since the overall tributary area to the creek will be reduced, the hydrologic analysis for the existing channel east of Phase III is not relevant.

Table 2-2 below summarizes relevant off-site hydrologic information.

**Table 2-2: Summary of Off-site Hydrologic Information**

Off-site Source Flows	Project Condition	Drainage Node #	Area, A (acres)	Time of Concentration, $t_c$ (minutes)	Peak Flow Rate, $Q_{100}$ (cfs <sup>1</sup> )	$\Delta Q_{100}$ (cfs <sup>1</sup> )
A portion of existing Otay Ranch Village 11 (including a portion of currently developed Millenia (EUC))	Pre-project	206	53.2	8.9	155	0
	Post-project	203	53.2	8.9	155	
Existing High Tech High and adjacent slope (west)	Pre-project	300	22.5	18.9	21	-13.6
	Post-project	303	11.0	18.0	7.4	
An existing slope, located east of existing High Tech High	Pre-project	703	4.7	13.8	7	n/a
	Post-project	N/A – This area is anticipated to be developed as part of the project and will be part of Basin 300 and Basin 700. Refer to the Basin 300 and Basin 700 hydrologic analyses.				
A portion of existing Otay Ranch Village 11	Pre-project	700	336.0	11.8	923	n/a
	Post-project	N/A – The same off-site flow is expected at this point in the post-project condition; however, a majority of Basin 700 will be conveyed in a southerly direction via a network of proposed storm drain system for Phase III; therefore, this off-site hydrologic analysis is not relevant.				

Notes:

1. “cfs” = cubic feet per second

In addition, an easterly portion of Basin 700 in the pre-project condition, located east of the existing channel may become a developed area in the future (currently there is a conceptual exhibit for San Diego Gas & Electric Substation for planning purposes only). It is acknowledged that the area is currently undeveloped; however, this area was assumed “developed” in the existing hydrologic analysis for Basin 700 due to the existence of the conceptual exhibit for the SDG&E Substation. This site was assigned separate drainage basin identification (i.e. – Basin 800A). Since this area was assumed to be developed during pre-project hydrologic conditions, hydrologic calculations would remain the same for post-project conditions. Table 2-3 below is a summary of the estimated hydrologic results. The supporting Rational Method calculation for this area is provided in Appendix A of this report.

Note: all the pre-project and post-project condition off-site flows were modeled in AES Rational Method using a source flow code ‘7’.

**Table 2-3: Summary of Hydrologic Results for Future Developed Site**

<b>Outfall</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Area, A (acres)</b>	<b>Runoff Coefficient, C</b>	<b>Time of Concentration, t<sub>c</sub> (minutes)</b>	<b>Peak Flow Rate, Q<sub>100</sub> (cfs<sup>1</sup>)</b>
800 A	Future Developed Site	9.2	0.85	7.4	39.7

Notes:

1. “cfs” = cubic feet per second

### Evaluation of Potential Impacts to Downstream Conditions of Concern

As summarized in Table 2-1, the drainage basins are categorized into three (3) points of interest (POI): POI 1, POI 2, and POI 3. The reason for identifying the points of interest, in both the pre-project and post-project conditions, is to allow for fair evaluation of the potential downstream conditions of concern as a result of the project. From a hydrologic standpoint, these include consideration of capacity of downstream systems, diversion of drainage areas, and potential erosion associated with discharging concentrated runoff and/or increased peak flow rates. Each POI location is evaluated in more detail below.

#### POI 1

POI 1 is identified at approximately 650 feet downstream of the anticipated storm drain outfall into Otay River from the future ORV 10 development. This location was selected since runoff from Basins 100 and 200 will be conveyed in the ORV 10 storm drain systems. The contributing drainage areas to POI 1 are Basins 100 and 200 with approximately 191.4 acres in the pre-project condition and 213.0 acres in the post-project condition. There is a difference of 21.6 acres since a portion of the pre-project drainage area tributary to Basin 300 is anticipated to be part of the Phase II drainage area (i.e. – Basins 100 and 200). Runoff from this additional area currently sheet-flows within Basin 300 in a southeasterly direction and outlets into Salt Creek at approximately 2000 feet upstream from the mouth of Salt Creek. Salt Creek drains into Otay River; therefore, runoff from the additional area eventually reaches POI 1.

Therefore, there are no downstream conditions of concern related to potential diversion of drainage. Since the discharge location is within the lower portion of the Otay River, the increase to peak runoff rates is also not considered significant, as the increased runoff entering the lower portion of the Otay River would be conveyed downstream prior to the peak runoff within the overall Otay River Watershed reaching this lower portion of the river. With regards to potential erosion, the proposed storm drain system (to be constructed by ORV 10) will include an energy dissipater designed to reduce discharge velocities to non-erosive conditions.

*Note: A discussion has been added in Section 3.1.3 addressing the hydrologic and hydraulic requirements for drainage infrastructure if it turns out that Phase I and/or II of the UID project are constructed prior to the ORV 10 project.*

## POI 2

POI 2 is identified at approximately 100 feet downstream of the anticipated storm drain outfall into Otay River from the Phase III development (this location is also near the mouth of Salt Creek). This location was selected since runoff from Basins 300, 400, 500, 600, and 700 is anticipated to reach this point. The contributing drainage areas to POI 2 are Basins 300, 400, 500, 600, and 700 with approximately 565.7 acres in the pre-project condition and 153.6 acres in the post-project condition. The main reason for this discrepancy is due to an inclusion of an off-site area for Basin 700 in the pre-project condition. The majority of the 565.7 acres, including the off-site areas, sheet-flows in a southeasterly direction towards Salt Creek (off-site flows are conveyed via an existing channel tributary to Salt Creek) and eventually drains into Otay River, where POI 2 is located. The off-site areas in the post-project condition were excluded since runoff from Phase III (a majority of the areas that currently sheet-flows in a southeasterly direction towards Salt Creek) will be conveyed in a southwesterly direction and discharges directly into Otay River near POI 2. While the off-site areas in the post-project condition were excluded from Phase III, the areas will eventually reach POI 2. In summary, approximately the same drainage areas will reach POI 2.

Therefore, there are no downstream conditions of concern related to potential diversion of drainage. Since the discharge location is within the lower portion of the Otay River, the increase to peak runoff rates is also not considered significant, as the increased runoff entering the lower portion of the Otay River would be conveyed downstream prior to the peak runoff within the overall Otay River Watershed reaching this lower portion of the river. With regards to potential erosion, the proposed storm drain system (to be constructed by ORV 10) will include an energy dissipater designed to reduce discharge velocities to non-erosive conditions.

## POI 3

POI 3 is the Lower Otay Reservoir since runoff from Basins 1000, 1100, and 1200 will discharge into the Lower Otay Reservoir. The project's contributing drainage areas to POI 3 are Basins 1000, 1100, and 1200 with approximately 21.6 acres in both the pre-project condition and post-project condition. The storm drain system to convey runoff from Basins 1000, 1100, and 1200 to the Lower Otay Reservoir will be stabilized to the Lower Otay Reservoir.

Therefore, there are no downstream conditions of concern related to potential diversion of drainage. Since the discharge locations are conveyed directly to the Lower Otay Reservoir, the increase to peak runoff rates is also not considered significant, as the increased runoff entering the Lower Otay Reservoir would be stored as part of the overall water supply. With regards to potential erosion, the proposed storm drain systems conveying flow under Wueste Road will include an energy dissipater designed to reduce discharge velocities to non-erosive conditions, prior to conveyance directly into the Lower Otay Reservoir which provides energy dissipation based on the ponded water surface elevation.

In conclusion, based on the discussion provided above specific to POI 1, 2, and 3, there are no adverse impacts to downstream conditions of concern anticipated as a result of the project.



## **3.0 HYDRAULICS**

### **3.1 Hydraulic Methodology and Criteria**

The 100-year post-project peak flow rates determined using the Modified Rational Method were used to preliminarily size the on-site storm drain system and energy dissipaters. Hydraulic design presented in this section is in support of the main backbone storm drain system for Phase III and energy dissipater design at anticipated outfall locations. It is anticipated that project-specific detailed hydraulic design of the proposed storm drain systems and on-site inlets will be performed during final engineering design phase for the preparation of grading and improvement plans; therefore, those calculations are not included in this report.

#### **3.1.1 Storm Drain Sizing**

A network of on-site proposed storm drain system will be sized during the future design phases (i.e. – preliminary and final engineering). At this conceptual design level, the proposed backbone storm drain pipe for Phase III (i.e. – Basins 300, 400, 500, 600, and 700) via an off-site easement to the proposed storm water management feature located northwest of the Salt Creek and Otay River confluence was estimated using Manning’s equation (normal depth). The 100-year peak flow rate to the storm drain pipe was estimated by the Modified Rational Method. Runoff from Phases I and II of the project (i.e. – Basins 100 and 200) will be conveyed through the proposed storm drain systems constructed as part of the future ORV 10 development. Please refer to the study titled, “Tentative Map Drainage Study for Otay Ranch Village 10,” dated March 7, 2014, prepared by Hunsaker & Associates San Diego, Inc., for additional information regarding the ORV 10 project and these off-site storm drain systems.

#### Storm Drain Results

Pursuant to the conceptual grading study, the Phase III pad was graded at approximately 2% slope. Therefore, the proposed backbone storm drain system via an off-site easement has been estimated based on 2% slope. The normal depth calculation is included in Appendix D of this report. Based on the normal depth calculation, it is anticipated that the proposed storm drain system via the off-site easement will need to be a 72-inch reinforced concrete pipe (RCP) or equivalent.

#### **3.1.2 Energy Dissipater Design**

Energy dissipaters (i.e. ripraps) at the storm drain outfalls were specified using the San Diego Regional Standard Drawing (“D” Series) drawing number D-40, which provides rock classifications for design velocities entering riprap outfalls. At this conceptual level, the design velocity was estimated to be 17ft/s, 12ft/s and 13ft/s for Phase III, Phase IV (Basin 1100), and Phase IV (Basin 1200), respectively.

## Energy Dissipater Results

The conceptual energy dissipater (i.e. – riprap) sizes are summarized in the Table 3-1 below. The dimensions of the energy dissipater specified below are anticipated to meet or exceed the requirements indicated on Drawing Number D-40 from the San Diego Regional Standard Drawings (2012). A copy of D-40 is provided for reference in Appendix E. More detailed hydraulic analyses of the energy dissipaters will take place during future design phases to ensure that the velocity of flow exiting the riprap pad will be a non-erosive velocity (i.e. – approximately 5 feet per second or less).

**Table 3-1: Summary of Energy Dissipater Sizes**

<b>Outfall</b>	<b>Pipe Size <sup>1</sup> (inches)</b>	<b>Discharge, Q (cfs<sup>2</sup>)</b>	<b>Exit Velocity <sup>3</sup> (feet/sec)</b>	<b>Energy Dissipater Size <sup>3</sup> (ton)</b>	<b>Anticipated Energy Dissipater Length (feet)</b>	<b>Width (feet)</b>	<b>Thickness (feet)</b>
Phase III (Basins 300, 400, 500, 600 & 700)	72	422.0	17	2	35	48	5.4
Phase IV (Basin 1100)	24	19.5	12	1/4	20	16	2.7
Phase IV (Basin 1200)	30	30.8	13	1/2	20	20	3.5

Note:

1. The pipe sizes were estimated based on normal depth calculations. Detailed hydraulic calculations are anticipated during final engineering.
2. "cfs" = cubic feet per second
3. At the conceptual level, the exit velocity at each outfall was assumed as shown above. It is anticipated that the storm drain outfalls will be designed such that the exit velocity will not exceed these values. The proposed storm drain outfalls will be designed to dissipate energy and minimize potential erosion. Detailed calculations are anticipated during final engineering. Basin 100 and 200 storm drain outfalls to the same location as ORV 10, and riprap dissipaters are analyzed as a part of Otay Village 10 drainage study by Hunsaker and Associates.

### **3.2 Phasing of Drainage Infrastructure**

It is important to note that Rick Engineering Company and the City of Chula Vista have coordinated with the engineer for the Otay Ranch Village 10 project (i.e. Hunsaker and Associates, Inc.) to ensure that the above referenced study has considered the drainage areas from Phase I and Phase II of the project for hydrologic and hydraulic calculations. At the authoring of this report, it is our understanding that the most current (latest) study for the ORV 10 project is titled “Tentative Map Drainage Study for Otay Ranch Village 10,” dated March 7, 2014, prepared by Hunsaker & Associates San Diego, Inc.

In the event that the Otay Ranch Village (ORV) 10 project is not in place prior to or in conjunction with the development of Phase I and/or II for this project, a similar bioretention basin approach would be implemented within the project footprint during the initial phases as an interim BMP until the ultimate TC-BMP solutions are installed with ORV 10. A discussion has been included under “Design Standard TC-4” in Section 4.3 of the WQTR regarding this possibility, as it relates to water quality treatment.

With regards to drainage infrastructure, the temporary on-site basins would include temporary storm drain outfalls into the existing canyon areas along the southerly edge of the UID project boundary, within the development footprint (unless environmental approvals are in place to extend south of the project boundary), in order to mimic pre-project drainage boundaries. The temporary basins would be designed for both water quality volume and hydromodification management criteria since the existing tributaries between the project and the Otay River are not exempt from HMP criteria.

## 4.0 CONCLUSION

This conceptual drainage study presents the hydrologic and hydraulic analyses for the proposed University and Innovation District (UID) Project. The 100-year, 6-hour pre-project and post-project condition peak flow rates were determined using the Modified Rational Method based on the hydrologic methodology and criteria described in the County of San Diego Hydrology Manual, dated June 2003.

The 100-year, 6-hour post-project condition peak flow rates were determined to conceptually size the main backbone storm drain system for Phase III and IV and estimate energy dissipater sizes at anticipated outfall locations. The hydrologic and hydraulic designs presented in this report are conceptual; therefore, more detailed hydrologic and hydraulic designs are anticipated during site development and/or final engineering design phase for the preparation of grading and improvement plans. In general, the energy dissipaters will be located at major outlet/outfall locations, as shown on the Drainage Study Maps. The type and size of energy dissipaters will be specified during the final engineering phase design phase. Based on the hydrologic results and discussion provided in Section 2.0 of this report, it is anticipated that there are no adverse impacts to downstream conditions of concern anticipated as a result of the project.

Water quality and hydromodification management plan requirements are discussed in a separate report, titled “Water Quality Technical Report and Hydromodification Management Plan for University and Innovation District (UID),” dated September 17, 2015, prepared by Rick Engineering Company (J-16693-A).

## **APPENDIX A**

**Modified Rational Method Analyses (100-year, 6-hour)**

**[Pre-Project]**

\*\*\*\*\*

RATIONAL METHOD HYDROLOGY COMPUTER PROGRAM PACKAGE  
Reference: SAN DIEGO COUNTY FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT  
2003,1985,1981 HYDROLOGY MANUAL  
(c) Copyright 1982-2003 Advanced Engineering Software (aes)  
Ver. 1.5A Release Date: 01/01/2003 License ID 1261

Analysis prepared by:

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619-291-0707 Fax 619-291-4165

\*\*\*\*\* DESCRIPTION OF STUDY \*\*\*\*\*  
\* UNIVERSITY PARK AND RESEARCH CENTER (UPRC); J-16693-A \*  
\* BASIN 100; 100-YEAR, 6-HOUR \*  
\* PRE-PROJECT \*  
\*\*\*\*\*

FILE NAME: UPLHE00.RAT  
TIME/DATE OF STUDY: 10:44 12/17/2013

-----  
USER SPECIFIED HYDROLOGY AND HYDRAULIC MODEL INFORMATION:  
-----

2003 SAN DIEGO MANUAL CRITERIA

USER SPECIFIED STORM EVENT (YEAR) = 100.00  
6-HOUR DURATION PRECIPITATION (INCHES) = 2.500  
SPECIFIED MINIMUM PIPE SIZE (INCH) = 18.00  
SPECIFIED PERCENT OF GRADIENTS (DECIMAL) TO USE FOR FRICTION SLOPE = 0.90  
SAN DIEGO HYDROLOGY MANUAL "C"-VALUES USED FOR RATIONAL METHOD  
NOTE: USE MODIFIED RATIONAL METHOD PROCEDURES FOR CONFLUENCE ANALYSIS  
\*USER-DEFINED STREET-SECTIONS FOR COUPLED PIPEFLOW AND STREETFLOW MODEL\*

NO.	HALF- CROWN TO	STREET-CROSSFALL:	CURB GUTTER-GEOMETRIES:	MANNING				
	WIDTH (FT)	CROSSFALL (FT)	IN- / OUT- / PARK- SIDE / SIDE / WAY	HEIGHT (FT)	WIDTH (FT)	LIP (FT)	HIKE (FT)	FACTOR (n)
1	30.0	20.0	0.018/0.018/0.020	0.67	2.00	0.0313	0.167	0.0150

GLOBAL STREET FLOW-DEPTH CONSTRAINTS:  
1. Relative Flow-Depth = 0.00 FEET  
as (Maximum Allowable Street Flow Depth) - (Top-of-Curb)  
2. (Depth)\*(Velocity) Constraint = 6.0 (FT\*FT/S)  
\*SIZE PIPE WITH A FLOW CAPACITY GREATER THAN  
OR EQUAL TO THE UPSTREAM TRIBUTARY PIPE.\*

\*\*\*\*\*  
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 100.00 TO NODE 102.00 IS CODE = 21  
-----

>>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<<

=====

\*USER SPECIFIED (SUBAREA) :  
USER-SPECIFIED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .3500  
S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 0  
INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH (FEET) = 100.00  
UPSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 566.00  
DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 560.00  
ELEVATION DIFFERENCE (FEET) = 6.00

SUBAREA OVERLAND TIME OF FLOW(MIN.) = 7.430  
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 5.102  
SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.36  
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.20 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.36

\*\*\*\*\*  
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 102.00 TO NODE 104.00 IS CODE = 51  
-----

>>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW<<<<<  
>>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT)<<<<<

=====

ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) =	560.00	DOWNSTREAM(FEET) =	520.00
CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET) =	428.20	CHANNEL SLOPE =	0.0934
CHANNEL BASE(FEET) =	15.00	"Z" FACTOR =	5.000
MANNING'S FACTOR =	0.030	MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) =	10.00
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) =	3.808		
*USER SPECIFIED(SUBAREA):			
USER-SPECIFIED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT =	.3500		
S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) =	0		
TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) =	1.04		
TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA BASED ON VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) =	1.67		
AVERAGE FLOW DEPTH(FEET) =	0.04	TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) =	4.26
Tc(MIN.) =	11.69		
SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) =	1.00	SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) =	1.33
AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT =	0.350		
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =	1.20	PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) =	1.60

END OF SUBAREA CHANNEL FLOW HYDRAULICS:  
DEPTH(FEET) = 0.05 FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 2.07  
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 100.00 TO NODE 104.00 = 528.20 FEET.

\*\*\*\*\*  
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 104.00 TO NODE 106.00 IS CODE = 51  
-----

>>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW<<<<<  
>>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT)<<<<<

=====

ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) =	520.00	DOWNSTREAM(FEET) =	500.00
CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET) =	162.20	CHANNEL SLOPE =	0.1233
CHANNEL BASE(FEET) =	12.00	"Z" FACTOR =	5.000
MANNING'S FACTOR =	0.030	MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) =	10.00
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) =	3.627		
*USER SPECIFIED(SUBAREA):			
USER-SPECIFIED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT =	.3500		
S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) =	0		
TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) =	2.68		
TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA BASED ON VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) =	2.95		
AVERAGE FLOW DEPTH(FEET) =	0.07	TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) =	0.92
Tc(MIN.) =	12.61		
SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) =	1.70	SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) =	2.16
AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT =	0.350		
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =	2.90	PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) =	3.68

END OF SUBAREA CHANNEL FLOW HYDRAULICS:  
DEPTH(FEET) = 0.09 FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 3.34  
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 100.00 TO NODE 106.00 = 690.40 FEET.

\*\*\*\*\*  
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 106.00 TO NODE 110.00 IS CODE = 51  
-----

>>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW<<<<<

>>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT)<<<<<

=====

ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 500.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 430.00  
CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET) = 736.50 CHANNEL SLOPE = 0.0950  
CHANNEL BASE(FEET) = 18.00 "Z" FACTOR = 7.000  
MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.030 MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) = 10.00  
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 3.151

\*USER SPECIFIED(SUBAREA):  
USER-SPECIFIED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .3500  
S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 0  
TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) = 10.16  
TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA BASED ON VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 3.99  
AVERAGE FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.13 TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 3.08  
Tc(MIN.) = 15.69  
SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 11.70 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 12.90  
AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.350  
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 14.60 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 16.10

END OF SUBAREA CHANNEL FLOW HYDRAULICS:  
DEPTH(FEET) = 0.18 FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 4.64  
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 100.00 TO NODE 110.00 = 1426.90 FEET.

\*\*\*\*\*  
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 110.00 TO NODE 112.00 IS CODE = 51

-----  
>>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW<<<<<  
>>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT)<<<<<

=====

ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 430.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 384.00  
CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET) = 637.30 CHANNEL SLOPE = 0.0722  
CHANNEL BASE(FEET) = 13.00 "Z" FACTOR = 6.500  
MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.030 MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) = 10.00  
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 2.911

\*USER SPECIFIED(SUBAREA):  
USER-SPECIFIED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .3500  
S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 0  
TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) = 21.35  
TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA BASED ON VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 5.20  
AVERAGE FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.28 TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 2.04  
Tc(MIN.) = 17.73  
SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 10.30 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 10.50  
AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.350  
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 24.90 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 25.37

END OF SUBAREA CHANNEL FLOW HYDRAULICS:  
DEPTH(FEET) = 0.31 FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 5.49  
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 100.00 TO NODE 112.00 = 2064.20 FEET.

=====

END OF STUDY SUMMARY:  
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 24.90 TC(MIN.) = 17.73  
PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 25.37

=====

END OF RATIONAL METHOD ANALYSIS



\*\*\*\*\*

RATIONAL METHOD HYDROLOGY COMPUTER PROGRAM PACKAGE  
Reference: SAN DIEGO COUNTY FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT  
2003,1985,1981 HYDROLOGY MANUAL  
(c) Copyright 1982-2003 Advanced Engineering Software (aes)  
Ver. 1.5A Release Date: 01/01/2003 License ID.1261

Analysis prepared by:

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\*\*\*\*\* DESCRIPTION OF STUDY \*\*\*\*\*  
\* UNIVERSITY PARK AND RESEARCH CENTER (UPRC); J-16693-A \*  
\* BASIN 200; 100-YEAR, 6-HOUR \*  
\* PRE-PROJECT \*  
\*\*\*\*\*

FILE NAME: UP2HE00.RAT  
TIME/DATE OF STUDY: 10:45 12/17/2013

-----  
USER SPECIFIED HYDROLOGY AND HYDRAULIC MODEL INFORMATION:  
-----

2003 SAN DIEGO MANUAL CRITERIA

USER SPECIFIED STORM EVENT (YEAR) = 100.00  
6-HOUR DURATION PRECIPITATION (INCHES) = 2.500  
SPECIFIED MINIMUM PIPE SIZE (INCH) = 18.00  
SPECIFIED PERCENT OF GRADIENTS (DECIMAL) TO USE FOR FRICTION SLOPE = 0.90  
SAN DIEGO HYDROLOGY MANUAL "C"-VALUES USED FOR RATIONAL METHOD  
NOTE: USE MODIFIED RATIONAL METHOD PROCEDURES FOR CONFLUENCE ANALYSIS

\*USER-DEFINED STREET-SECTIONS FOR COUPLED PIPEFLOW AND STREETFLOW MODEL\*

NO.	HALF- WIDTH (FT)	CROWN TO CROSSFALL (FT)	STREET-CROSSFALL: IN- / OUT-/ SIDE / SIDE/ WAY	CURB HEIGHT (FT)	GUTTER-GEOMETRIES: WIDTH (FT)	LIP (FT)	HIKE (FT)	MANNING FACTOR (n)
1	30.0	20.0	0.018/0.018/0.020	0.67	2.00	0.0313	0.167	0.0150

GLOBAL STREET FLOW-DEPTH CONSTRAINTS:  
1. Relative Flow-Depth = 0.00 FEET  
as (Maximum Allowable Street Flow Depth) - (Top-of-Curb)  
2. (Depth)\*(Velocity) Constraint = 6.0 (FT\*FT/S)  
\*SIZE PIPE WITH A FLOW CAPACITY GREATER THAN  
OR EQUAL TO THE UPSTREAM TRIBUTARY PIPE.\*

\*\*\*\*\*  
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 200.00 TO NODE 202.00 IS CODE = 21  
-----

>>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<<

=====

\*USER SPECIFIED (SUBAREA) :  
USER-SPECIFIED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .3500  
S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 0  
INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH (FEET) = 85.20  
UPSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 609.00  
DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 604.00  
ELEVATION DIFFERENCE (FEET) = 5.00

SUBAREA OVERLAND TIME OF FLOW(MIN.) = 6.909  
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 5.347  
SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.37  
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.20 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.37

\*\*\*\*\*  
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 202.00 TO NODE 204.00 IS CODE = 51  
-----

>>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW<<<<<  
>>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT)<<<<<

=====

ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) =	604.00	DOWNSTREAM(FEET) =	480.00
CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET) =	1037.70	CHANNEL SLOPE =	0.1195
CHANNEL BASE(FEET) =	15.00	"Z" FACTOR =	5.000
MANNING'S FACTOR =	0.030	MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) =	10.00
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) =	4.048		
*USER SPECIFIED(SUBAREA):			
USER-SPECIFIED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT =	.3500		
S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) =	0		
TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) =	10.36		
TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA BASED ON VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) =	4.64		
AVERAGE FLOW DEPTH(FEET) =	0.14	TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) =	3.73
Tc(MIN.) =	10.64		
SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) =	13.90	SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) =	19.69
AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT =	0.350		
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =	14.10	PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) =	19.98

END OF SUBAREA CHANNEL FLOW HYDRAULICS:  
DEPTH(FEET) = 0.21 FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 5.90  
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 200.00 TO NODE 204.00 = 1122.90 FEET.

\*\*\*\*\*  
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 204.00 TO NODE 210.00 IS CODE = 51  
-----

>>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW<<<<<  
>>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT)<<<<<

=====

ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) =	480.00	DOWNSTREAM(FEET) =	382.00
CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET) =	1608.60	CHANNEL SLOPE =	0.0609
CHANNEL BASE(FEET) =	18.00	"Z" FACTOR =	6.000
MANNING'S FACTOR =	0.030	MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) =	10.00
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) =	3.164		
*USER SPECIFIED(SUBAREA):			
USER-SPECIFIED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT =	.3500		
S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) =	0		
TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) =	34.92		
TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA BASED ON VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) =	5.42		
AVERAGE FLOW DEPTH(FEET) =	0.32	TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) =	4.95
Tc(MIN.) =	15.58		
SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) =	26.80	SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) =	29.68
AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT =	0.350		
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =	40.90	PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) =	45.29

END OF SUBAREA CHANNEL FLOW HYDRAULICS:  
DEPTH(FEET) = 0.38 FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 5.93  
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 200.00 TO NODE 210.00 = 2731.50 FEET.

\*\*\*\*\*  
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 210.00 TO NODE 210.00 IS CODE = 1  
-----

>>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<<

```
=====
TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2
CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 1 ARE:
TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) = 15.58
RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 3.16
TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 40.90
PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 45.29
```

```
+-----+
| Q(100)=155.3 CFS; A=53.2 AC; TC=8.9 MIN; |
| RUNOFF FROM CEVITA AND VILLAGE 11 (NORTH OF THE PROJECT) |
| FROM HUNSAKER AND REC |
+-----+
```

```
*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 206.00 TO NODE 206.00 IS CODE = 7
-----
```

```
>>>>USER SPECIFIED HYDROLOGY INFORMATION AT NODE<<<<<
```

```
=====
USER-SPECIFIED VALUES ARE AS FOLLOWS:
```

```
TC(MIN) = 8.90 RAIN INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 4.54
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 53.20 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 155.30
```

```
*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 206.00 TO NODE 210.00 IS CODE = 51
-----
```

```
>>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW<<<<<
>>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT)<<<<<
```

```
=====
ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 492.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 382.00
CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET) = 2434.60 CHANNEL SLOPE = 0.0452
CHANNEL BASE(FEET) = 26.00 "Z" FACTOR = 8.000
MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.030 MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) = 10.00
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 3.377
```

```
*USER SPECIFIED(SUBAREA):
```

```
USER-SPECIFIED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .3500
S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 0
TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) = 192.47
TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA BASED ON VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 7.82
AVERAGE FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.77 TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 5.19
Tc(MIN.) = 14.09
SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 61.80 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 73.04
AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.485
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 115.00 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 188.54
```

```
END OF SUBAREA CHANNEL FLOW HYDRAULICS:
```

```
DEPTH(FEET) = 0.76 FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 7.76
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 0.00 TO NODE 210.00 = 2434.60 FEET.
```

```
*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 210.00 TO NODE 210.00 IS CODE = 1
-----
```

```
>>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<<
>>>>AND COMPUTE VARIOUS CONFLUENCED STREAM VALUES<<<<<
```

```
=====
TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2
CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 2 ARE:
TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) = 14.09
RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 3.38
TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 115.00
PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 188.54
```

\*\* CONFLUENCE DATA \*\*

STREAM NUMBER	RUNOFF (CFS)	Tc (MIN.)	INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR)	AREA (ACRE)
1	45.29	15.58	3.164	40.90
2	188.54	14.09	3.377	115.00

RAINFALL INTENSITY AND TIME OF CONCENTRATION RATIO  
CONFLUENCE FORMULA USED FOR 2 STREAMS.

\*\* PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE \*\*

STREAM NUMBER	RUNOFF (CFS)	Tc (MIN.)	INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR)
1	229.47	14.09	3.377
2	221.93	15.58	3.164

COMPUTED CONFLUENCE ESTIMATES ARE AS FOLLOWS:

PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) = 229.47 Tc (MIN.) = 14.09  
TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 155.90  
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 200.00 TO NODE 210.00 = 2731.50 FEET.

\*\*\*\*\*  
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 210.00 TO NODE 212.00 IS CODE = 51

>>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW<<<<<<  
>>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT)<<<<<<

=====

ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM (FEET) = 382.00 DOWNSTREAM (FEET) = 372.00  
CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA (FEET) = 357.70 CHANNEL SLOPE = 0.0280  
CHANNEL BASE (FEET) = 25.00 "Z" FACTOR = 8.000  
MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.030 MAXIMUM DEPTH (FEET) = 10.00  
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 3.254  
\*USER SPECIFIED (SUBAREA):  
USER-SPECIFIED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .3500  
S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 0  
TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW (CFS) = 235.51  
TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA BASED ON VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 7.17  
AVERAGE FLOW DEPTH (FEET) = 1.00 TRAVEL TIME (MIN.) = 0.83  
Tc (MIN.) = 14.92  
SUBAREA AREA (ACRES) = 10.60 SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 12.07  
AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.444  
TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 166.50 PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) = 240.35

END OF SUBAREA CHANNEL FLOW HYDRAULICS:

DEPTH (FEET) = 1.01 FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 7.19  
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 200.00 TO NODE 212.00 = 3089.20 FEET.

=====

END OF STUDY SUMMARY:

TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 166.50 TC (MIN.) = 14.92  
PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) = 240.35

=====

END OF RATIONAL METHOD ANALYSIS

\*\*\*\*\*

RATIONAL METHOD HYDROLOGY COMPUTER PROGRAM PACKAGE  
Reference: SAN DIEGO COUNTY FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT  
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Ver. 1.5A Release Date: 01/01/2003 License ID 1261

Analysis prepared by:

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5620 Friars Road  
San Diego, California 92110  
619-291-0707 Fax 619-291-4165

\*\*\*\*\* DESCRIPTION OF STUDY \*\*\*\*\*  
\* UNIVERSITY PARK AND RESEARCH CENTER (UPRC); J-16693-A \*  
\* BASIN 300; 100-YEAR, 6-HOUR \*  
\* PRE-PROJECT \*  
\*\*\*\*\*

FILE NAME: UP3HE00.RAT  
TIME/DATE OF STUDY: 10:55 12/17/2013

-----  
USER SPECIFIED HYDROLOGY AND HYDRAULIC MODEL INFORMATION:  
-----

2003 SAN DIEGO MANUAL CRITERIA

USER SPECIFIED STORM EVENT (YEAR) = 100.00  
6-HOUR DURATION PRECIPITATION (INCHES) = 2.500  
SPECIFIED MINIMUM PIPE SIZE (INCH) = 18.00  
SPECIFIED PERCENT OF GRADIENTS (DECIMAL) TO USE FOR FRICTION SLOPE = 0.90  
SAN DIEGO HYDROLOGY MANUAL "C"-VALUES USED FOR RATIONAL METHOD  
NOTE: USE MODIFIED RATIONAL METHOD PROCEDURES FOR CONFLUENCE ANALYSIS

\*USER-DEFINED STREET-SECTIONS FOR COUPLED PIPEFLOW AND STREETFLOW MODEL\*

NO.	HALF-CROWN TO CROSSFALL		STREET-CROSSFALL:			CURB GUTTER-GEOMETRIES:				MANNING
	WIDTH (FT)	CROSSFALL (FT)	IN-SIDE	OUT-SIDE	PARK-WAY	HEIGHT (FT)	WIDTH (FT)	LIP (FT)	HIKE (FT)	FACTOR (n)
1	30.0	20.0	0.018	0.018	0.020	0.67	2.00	0.0313	0.167	0.0150

GLOBAL STREET FLOW-DEPTH CONSTRAINTS:  
1. Relative Flow-Depth = 0.00 FEET  
as (Maximum Allowable Street Flow Depth) - (Top-of-Curb)  
2. (Depth)\*(Velocity) Constraint = 6.0 (FT\*FT/S)  
\*SIZE PIPE WITH A FLOW CAPACITY GREATER THAN  
OR EQUAL TO THE UPSTREAM TRIBUTARY PIPE.\*

-----  
| Q(100)=21.4 CFS A=22.5 AC Tc=18.9 MIN  
| RUNOFF FROM HIGH-TECH SCHOOL WESTERN PORTION  
PROVIDED BY THE CITY OF CHULA VISTA, ANALYSIS BY RBF CONSULTING

\*\*\*\*\*  
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 300.00 TO NODE 300.00 IS CODE = 7  
-----

>>>>USER SPECIFIED HYDROLOGY INFORMATION AT NODE<<<<<

=====

USER-SPECIFIED VALUES ARE AS FOLLOWS:

TC(MIN) = 18.90 RAIN INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 2.79  
TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 22.50 TOTAL RUNOFF (CFS) = 21.40

\*\*\*\*\*  
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 300.00 TO NODE 310.00 IS CODE = 51  
-----

>>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW<<<<<  
>>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT)<<<<<

=====

ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM (FEET) =	464.00	DOWNSTREAM (FEET) =	386.00
CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA (FEET) =	1820.20	CHANNEL SLOPE =	0.0429
CHANNEL BASE (FEET) =	11.00	"Z" FACTOR =	7.000
MANNING'S FACTOR =	0.035	MAXIMUM DEPTH (FEET) =	10.00
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) =	2.335		

\*USER SPECIFIED (SUBAREA):

USER-SPECIFIED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT =	.3500		
S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) =	0		
TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW (CFS) =	39.84		
TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA BASED ON VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) =	5.01		
AVERAGE FLOW DEPTH (FEET) =	0.54	TRAVEL TIME (MIN.) =	6.06
Tc (MIN.) =	24.96		
SUBAREA AREA (ACRES) =	45.00	SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) =	36.78
AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT =	0.347		
TOTAL AREA (ACRES) =	67.50	PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) =	54.66

END OF SUBAREA CHANNEL FLOW HYDRAULICS:

DEPTH (FEET) =	0.64	FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) =	5.48
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE	0.00 TO NODE	310.00 =	1820.20 FEET.

\*\*\*\*\*  
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 310.00 TO NODE 310.00 IS CODE = 1  
-----

>>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<<

=====

TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS =	2
CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 1 ARE:	
TIME OF CONCENTRATION (MIN.) =	24.96
RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HR) =	2.33
TOTAL STREAM AREA (ACRES) =	67.50
PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) AT CONFLUENCE =	54.66

\*\*\*\*\*  
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 302.00 TO NODE 304.00 IS CODE = 21  
-----

>>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<<

=====

\*USER SPECIFIED (SUBAREA):

USER-SPECIFIED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT =	.3500		
S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) =	0		
INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH (FEET) =	60.00		
UPSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) =	551.00		
DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) =	550.00		
ELEVATION DIFFERENCE (FEET) =	1.00		
SUBAREA OVERLAND TIME OF FLOW (MIN.) =	8.820		
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) =	4.568		
SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) =	0.32		
TOTAL AREA (ACRES) =	0.20	TOTAL RUNOFF (CFS) =	0.32

\*\*\*\*\*  
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 304.00 TO NODE 306.00 IS CODE = 51  
-----

>>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW<<<<<  
>>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT)<<<<<

=====

ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) =	550.00	DOWNSTREAM(FEET) =	494.00
CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET) =	422.00	CHANNEL SLOPE =	0.1327
CHANNEL BASE(FEET) =	15.00	"Z" FACTOR =	5.000
MANNING'S FACTOR =	0.035	MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) =	10.00
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) =	3.689		
*USER SPECIFIED(SUBAREA):			
USER-SPECIFIED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT =	.3500		
S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) =	0		
TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) =	1.51		
TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA BASED ON VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) =	2.03		
AVERAGE FLOW DEPTH(FEET) =	0.05	TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) =	3.46
Tc(MIN.) =	12.28		
SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) =	1.80	SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) =	2.32
AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT =	0.350		
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =	2.00	PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) =	2.58

END OF SUBAREA CHANNEL FLOW HYDRAULICS:  
DEPTH(FEET) = 0.07    FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 2.56  
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE    302.00 TO NODE    306.00 = 482.00 FEET.

\*\*\*\*\*  
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE    306.00 TO NODE    310.00 IS CODE = 51  
-----

>>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW<<<<<  
>>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT)<<<<<

=====

ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) =	494.00	DOWNSTREAM(FEET) =	386.00
CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET) =	1384.00	CHANNEL SLOPE =	0.0780
CHANNEL BASE(FEET) =	16.00	"Z" FACTOR =	3.000
MANNING'S FACTOR =	0.035	MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) =	10.00
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) =	2.815		
*USER SPECIFIED(SUBAREA):			
USER-SPECIFIED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT =	.3500		
S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) =	0		
TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) =	10.63		
TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA BASED ON VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) =	3.61		
AVERAGE FLOW DEPTH(FEET) =	0.18	TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) =	6.40
Tc(MIN.) =	18.68		
SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) =	16.00	SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) =	15.76
AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT =	0.350		
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =	18.00	PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) =	17.73

END OF SUBAREA CHANNEL FLOW HYDRAULICS:  
DEPTH(FEET) = 0.24    FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 4.43  
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE    302.00 TO NODE    310.00 = 1866.00 FEET.

\*\*\*\*\*  
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE    310.00 TO NODE    310.00 IS CODE = 1  
-----

>>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<<  
>>>>AND COMPUTE VARIOUS CONFLUENCED STREAM VALUES<<<<<

=====

TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS =	2
CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 2 ARE:	
TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) =	18.68
RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) =	2.81
TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) =	18.00
PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE =	17.73

\*\* CONFLUENCE DATA \*\*

STREAM NUMBER	RUNOFF (CFS)	Tc (MIN.)	INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR)	AREA (ACRE)
1	54.66	24.96	2.335	67.50
2	17.73	18.68	2.815	18.00

RAINFALL INTENSITY AND TIME OF CONCENTRATION RATIO  
CONFLUENCE FORMULA USED FOR 2 STREAMS.

\*\* PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE \*\*

STREAM NUMBER	RUNOFF (CFS)	Tc (MIN.)	INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR)
1	58.64	18.68	2.815
2	69.37	24.96	2.335

COMPUTED CONFLUENCE ESTIMATES ARE AS FOLLOWS:

PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) = 69.37 Tc (MIN.) = 24.96  
TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 85.50  
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 302.00 TO NODE 310.00 = 1866.00 FEET.

\*\*\*\*\*  
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 310.00 TO NODE 325.00 IS CODE = 51

>>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW<<<<<  
>>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT)<<<<<

=====  
ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM (FEET) = 386.00 DOWNSTREAM (FEET) = 358.00  
CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA (FEET) = 667.50 CHANNEL SLOPE = 0.0419  
CHANNEL BASE (FEET) = 11.00 "Z" FACTOR = 5.000  
MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.035 MAXIMUM DEPTH (FEET) = 10.00  
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 2.234  
\*USER SPECIFIED (SUBAREA):  
USER-SPECIFIED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .3500  
S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 0  
TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW (CFS) = 73.60  
TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA BASED ON VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 6.30  
AVERAGE FLOW DEPTH (FEET) = 0.78 TRAVEL TIME (MIN.) = 1.77  
Tc (MIN.) = 26.73  
SUBAREA AREA (ACRES) = 10.80 SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 8.45  
AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.348  
TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 96.30 PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) = 74.83

END OF SUBAREA CHANNEL FLOW HYDRAULICS:

DEPTH (FEET) = 0.79 FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 6.33  
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 302.00 TO NODE 325.00 = 2533.50 FEET.

\*\*\*\*\*  
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 325.00 TO NODE 399.00 IS CODE = 51

>>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW<<<<<  
>>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT)<<<<<

=====  
ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM (FEET) = 358.00 DOWNSTREAM (FEET) = 352.00  
CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA (FEET) = 122.80 CHANNEL SLOPE = 0.0489  
CHANNEL BASE (FEET) = 3.00 "Z" FACTOR = 3.000  
MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.035 MAXIMUM DEPTH (FEET) = 10.00  
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 2.221  
\*USER SPECIFIED (SUBAREA):  
USER-SPECIFIED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .3500  
S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 0



TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) = 75.45  
TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA BASED ON VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 8.17  
AVERAGE FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 1.32 TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.25  
Tc(MIN.) = 26.98  
SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 1.60 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 1.24  
AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.348  
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 97.90 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 75.62

END OF SUBAREA CHANNEL FLOW HYDRAULICS:  
DEPTH(FEET) = 1.32 FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 8.19  
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 302.00 TO NODE 399.00 = 2656.30 FEET.

\*\*\*\*\*  
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 399.00 TO NODE 399.00 IS CODE = 81

-----  
>>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<<  
=====

100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 2.221  
\*USER SPECIFIED(SUBAREA):  
USER-SPECIFIED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .3500  
S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 0  
AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.3481  
SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 18.30 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 14.22  
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 116.20 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 89.85  
TC(MIN.) = 26.98  
=====

END OF STUDY SUMMARY:  
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 116.20 TC(MIN.) = 26.98  
PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 89.85  
=====

=====

END OF RATIONAL METHOD ANALYSIS

\*\*\*\*\*

RATIONAL METHOD HYDROLOGY COMPUTER PROGRAM PACKAGE  
Reference: SAN DIEGO COUNTY FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT  
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Ver. 1.5A Release Date: 01/01/2003 License ID 1261

Analysis prepared by:

RICK ENGINEERING COMPANY  
5620 Friars Road  
San Diego, California 92110  
619-291-0707 Fax 619-291-4165

\*\*\*\*\* DESCRIPTION OF STUDY \*\*\*\*\*  
\* UNIVERSITY PARK AND RESEARCH CENTER (UPRC); J-16693-A \*  
\* BASIN 400; 100-YEAR, 6-HOUR \*  
\* PRE-PROJECT \*  
\*\*\*\*\*

FILE NAME: UP4HE00.RAT  
TIME/DATE OF STUDY: 11:12 12/17/2013

-----  
USER SPECIFIED HYDROLOGY AND HYDRAULIC MODEL INFORMATION:  
-----

2003 SAN DIEGO MANUAL CRITERIA

USER SPECIFIED STORM EVENT (YEAR) = 100.00  
6-HOUR DURATION PRECIPITATION (INCHES) = 2.500  
SPECIFIED MINIMUM PIPE SIZE (INCH) = 18.00  
SPECIFIED PERCENT OF GRADIENTS (DECIMAL) TO USE FOR FRICTION SLOPE = 0.90  
SAN DIEGO HYDROLOGY MANUAL "C"-VALUES USED FOR RATIONAL METHOD  
NOTE: USE MODIFIED RATIONAL METHOD PROCEDURES FOR CONFLUENCE ANALYSIS

\*USER-DEFINED STREET-SECTIONS FOR COUPLED PIPEFLOW AND STREETFLOW MODEL\*

NO.	HALF-	CROWN TO	STREET-CROSSFALL:			CURB	GUTTER-GEOMETRIES:			MANNING
	WIDTH	CROSSFALL	IN-	OUT-	PARK-	HEIGHT	WIDTH	LIP	HIKE	FACTOR
	(FT)	(FT)	SIDE	/	SIDE/	(FT)	(FT)	(FT)	(FT)	(n)
1	30.0	20.0	0.018/	0.018/	0.020	0.67	2.00	0.0313	0.167	0.0150

GLOBAL STREET FLOW-DEPTH CONSTRAINTS:  
1. Relative Flow-Depth = 0.00 FEET  
as (Maximum Allowable Street Flow Depth) - (Top-of-Curb)  
2. (Depth)\*(Velocity) Constraint = 6.0 (FT\*FT/S)  
\*SIZE PIPE WITH A FLOW CAPACITY GREATER THAN  
OR EQUAL TO THE UPSTREAM TRIBUTARY PIPE.\*

\*\*\*\*\*  
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 400.00 TO NODE 402.00 IS CODE = 21  
-----

>>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<<

\*\*\*\*\*  
\*USER SPECIFIED (SUBAREA):  
USER-SPECIFIED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .3500  
S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 0  
INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH (FEET) = 100.00  
UPSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 519.50  
DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 510.00  
ELEVATION DIFFERENCE (FEET) = 9.50

SUBAREA OVERLAND TIME OF FLOW(MIN.) = 6.375  
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 5.632  
SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.39  
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.20 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.39

\*\*\*\*\*  
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 402.00 TO NODE 404.00 IS CODE = 51

-----  
>>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW<<<<<  
>>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT)<<<<<

=====

ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) =	510.00	DOWNSTREAM(FEET) =	350.00
CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET) =	1910.00	CHANNEL SLOPE =	0.0838
CHANNEL BASE(FEET) =	10.00	"Z" FACTOR =	5.000
MANNING'S FACTOR =	0.030	MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) =	10.00
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) =	3.801		

\*USER SPECIFIED(SUBAREA):  
USER-SPECIFIED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .3500  
S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 0  
TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) = 20.69  
TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA BASED ON VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 5.95  
AVERAGE FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.30 TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 5.35  
Tc(MIN.) = 11.73  
SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 29.50 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 39.24  
AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.350  
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 29.70 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 39.51

END OF SUBAREA CHANNEL FLOW HYDRAULICS:  
DEPTH(FEET) = 0.44 FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 7.37  
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 400.00 TO NODE 404.00 = 2010.00 FEET.

=====

END OF STUDY SUMMARY:  
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 29.70 TC(MIN.) = 11.73  
PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 39.51

=====

END OF RATIONAL METHOD ANALYSIS

\*\*\*\*\*

RATIONAL METHOD HYDROLOGY COMPUTER PROGRAM PACKAGE
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Analysis prepared by:

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San Diego, California 92110
619-291-0707 Fax 619-291-4165

\*\*\*\*\* DESCRIPTION OF STUDY \*\*\*\*\*
\* UNIVERSITY PARK AND RESEARCH CENTER (UPRC); J-16693-A \*
\* BASIN 500; 100-YEAR, 6-HOUR \*
\* PRE-PROJECT \*
\*\*\*\*\*

FILE NAME: UP5HE00.RAT
TIME/DATE OF STUDY: 11:10 12/17/2013

-----
USER SPECIFIED HYDROLOGY AND HYDRAULIC MODEL INFORMATION:
-----

2003 SAN DIEGO MANUAL CRITERIA

USER SPECIFIED STORM EVENT(YEAR) = 100.00
6-HOUR DURATION PRECIPITATION (INCHES) = 2.500
SPECIFIED MINIMUM PIPE SIZE(INCH) = 18.00
SPECIFIED PERCENT OF GRADIENTS(DECIMAL) TO USE FOR FRICTION SLOPE = 0.90
SAN DIEGO HYDROLOGY MANUAL "C"-VALUES USED FOR RATIONAL METHOD
NOTE: USE MODIFIED RATIONAL METHOD PROCEDURES FOR CONFLUENCE ANALYSIS

\*USER-DEFINED STREET-SECTIONS FOR COUPLED PIPEFLOW AND STREETFLOW MODEL\*

Table with columns: NO., WIDTH (FT), CROWN TO CROSSFALL (FT), STREET-CROSSFALL: IN- / OUT- / PARK- SIDE / SIDE / WAY, CURB HEIGHT (FT), GUTTER WIDTH (FT), LIP (FT), HIKE (FT), GEOMETRIES: MANNING FACTOR (n). Row 1: 1, 30.0, 20.0, 0.018/0.018/0.020, 0.67, 2.00, 0.0313, 0.167, 0.0150

GLOBAL STREET FLOW-DEPTH CONSTRAINTS:
1. Relative Flow-Depth = 0.00 FEET
as (Maximum Allowable Street Flow Depth) - (Top-of-Curb)
2. (Depth)\*(Velocity) Constraint = 6.0 (FT\*FT/S)
\*SIZE PIPE WITH A FLOW CAPACITY GREATER THAN
OR EQUAL TO THE UPSTREAM TRIBUTARY PIPE.\*

\*\*\*\*\*
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 500.00 TO NODE 502.00 IS CODE = 21
-----

>>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<

\*\*\*\*\*
\*USER SPECIFIED(SUBAREA) :
USER-SPECIFIED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .3500
S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 0
INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) = 100.00
UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 524.00
DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 514.00
ELEVATION DIFFERENCE(FEET) = 10.00

SUBAREA OVERLAND TIME OF FLOW(MIN.) = 6.267  
WARNING: THE MAXIMUM OVERLAND FLOW SLOPE, 10.%, IS USED IN Tc CALCULATION!  
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 5.694  
SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.20  
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.10 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.20

\*\*\*\*\*  
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 502.00 TO NODE 504.00 IS CODE = 51  
-----

>>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW<<<<<  
>>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT)<<<<<

=====

ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) =	514.00	DOWNSTREAM(FEET) =	374.00
CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET) =	817.50	CHANNEL SLOPE =	0.1713
CHANNEL BASE(FEET) =	15.00	"Z" FACTOR =	15.000
MANNING'S FACTOR =	0.030	MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) =	10.00
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) =	4.269		
*USER SPECIFIED(SUBAREA):			
USER-SPECIFIED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT =	.3500		
S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) =	0		
TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) =	5.98		
TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA BASED ON VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) =	3.86		
AVERAGE FLOW DEPTH(FEET) =	0.09	TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) =	3.53
Tc(MIN.) =	9.80		
SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) =	7.50	SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) =	11.21
AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT =	0.350		
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =	7.60	PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) =	11.35

END OF SUBAREA CHANNEL FLOW HYDRAULICS:  
DEPTH(FEET) = 0.13 FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 4.96  
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 500.00 TO NODE 504.00 = 917.50 FEET.

=====

END OF STUDY SUMMARY:			
TOTAL AREA(ACRES)	=	7.60	TC(MIN.) = 9.80
PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS)	=	11.35	

=====

END OF RATIONAL METHOD ANALYSIS

\*\*\*\*\*

RATIONAL METHOD HYDROLOGY COMPUTER PROGRAM PACKAGE  
Reference: SAN DIEGO COUNTY FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT  
2003,1985,1981 HYDROLOGY MANUAL  
(c) Copyright 1982-2003 Advanced Engineering Software (aes)  
Ver. 1.5A Release Date: 01/01/2003 License ID 1261

Analysis prepared by:

RICK ENGINEERING COMPANY  
5620 Friars Road  
San Diego, California 92110  
619-291-0707 Fax 619-291-4165

\*\*\*\*\* DESCRIPTION OF STUDY \*\*\*\*\*  
\* UNIVERSITY PARK AND RESEARCH CENTER (UPRC); J-16693-A \*  
\* BASIN 600; 100-YEAR, 6-HOUR \*  
\* PRE-PROJECT \*  
\*\*\*\*\*

FILE NAME: UP6HE00.RAT  
TIME/DATE OF STUDY: 11:13 12/17/2013

-----  
USER SPECIFIED HYDROLOGY AND HYDRAULIC MODEL INFORMATION:  
-----

2003 SAN DIEGO MANUAL CRITERIA

USER SPECIFIED STORM EVENT(YEAR) = 100.00  
6-HOUR DURATION PRECIPITATION (INCHES) = 2.500  
SPECIFIED MINIMUM PIPE SIZE(INCH) = 18.00  
SPECIFIED PERCENT OF GRADIENTS(DECIMAL) TO USE FOR FRICTION SLOPE = 0.90  
SAN DIEGO HYDROLOGY MANUAL "C"-VALUES USED FOR RATIONAL METHOD  
NOTE: USE MODIFIED RATIONAL METHOD PROCEDURES FOR CONFLUENCE ANALYSIS

\*USER-DEFINED STREET-SECTIONS FOR COUPLED PIPEFLOW AND STREETFLOW MODEL\*

NO.	HALF-	CROWN TO	STREET-CROSSFALL:			CURB	GUTTER-GEOMETRIES:			MANNING
	WIDTH	CROSSFALL	IN-	OUT-/PARK-	HEIGHT		WIDTH	LIP	HIKE	
	(FT)	(FT)	SIDE	/ SIDE/	WAY	(FT)	(FT)	(FT)	(FT)	(n)
1	30.0	20.0	0.018/0.018/0.020			0.67	2.00	0.0313	0.167	0.0150

GLOBAL STREET FLOW-DEPTH CONSTRAINTS:

1. Relative Flow-Depth = 0.00 FEET  
as (Maximum Allowable Street Flow Depth) - (Top-of-Curb)
2. (Depth)\*(Velocity) Constraint = 6.0 (FT\*FT/S)

\*SIZE PIPE WITH A FLOW CAPACITY GREATER THAN  
OR EQUAL TO THE UPSTREAM TRIBUTARY PIPE.\*

\*\*\*\*\*  
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 600.00 TO NODE 602.00 IS CODE = 21  
-----

>>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<<

=====

\*USER SPECIFIED(SUBAREA):  
USER-SPECIFIED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .3500  
S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 0  
INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) = 70.00  
UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 528.00  
DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 524.00  
ELEVATION DIFFERENCE(FEET) = 4.00

SUBAREA OVERLAND TIME OF FLOW(MIN.) = 6.318  
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 5.664  
SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.20  
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.10 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.20

\*\*\*\*\*  
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 602.00 TO NODE 604.00 IS CODE = 51  
-----

>>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW<<<<<  
>>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT)<<<<<

=====

ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) =	524.00	DOWNSTREAM(FEET) =	396.00
CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET) =	987.80	CHANNEL SLOPE =	0.1296
CHANNEL BASE(FEET) =	15.00	"Z" FACTOR =	15.000
MANNING'S FACTOR =	0.030	MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) =	10.00
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) =	3.982		

\*USER SPECIFIED(SUBAREA):  
USER-SPECIFIED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .3500  
S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 0  
TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) = 6.05  
TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA BASED ON VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 3.59  
AVERAGE FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.10 TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 4.59  
Tc(MIN.) = 10.91  
SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 8.10 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 11.29  
AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.350  
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 8.20 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 11.43

END OF SUBAREA CHANNEL FLOW HYDRAULICS:  
DEPTH(FEET) = 0.15 FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 4.49  
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 600.00 TO NODE 604.00 = 1057.80 FEET.

=====

END OF STUDY SUMMARY:  
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 8.20 TC(MIN.) = 10.91  
PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 11.43

=====

END OF RATIONAL METHOD ANALYSIS

\*\*\*\*\*

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Analysis prepared by:

RICK ENGINEERING COMPANY  
5620 Friars Road  
San Diego, California 92110  
619-291-0707 Fax 619-291-4165

\*\*\*\*\* DESCRIPTION OF STUDY \*\*\*\*\*  
\* UNIVERSITY PARK AND RESEARCH CENTER (UPRC); J-16693-A \*  
\* BASIN 700; 100-YEAR, 6-HOUR \*  
\* PRE-PROJECT \*  
\*\*\*\*\*

FILE NAME: UP7HE00.RAT  
TIME/DATE OF STUDY: 11:20 12/17/2013

-----  
USER SPECIFIED HYDROLOGY AND HYDRAULIC MODEL INFORMATION:  
-----

2003 SAN DIEGO MANUAL CRITERIA

USER SPECIFIED STORM EVENT (YEAR) = 100.00  
6-HOUR DURATION PRECIPITATION (INCHES) = 2.500  
SPECIFIED MINIMUM PIPE SIZE (INCH) = 18.00  
SPECIFIED PERCENT OF GRADIENTS (DECIMAL) TO USE FOR FRICTION SLOPE = 0.90  
SAN DIEGO HYDROLOGY MANUAL "C"-VALUES USED FOR RATIONAL METHOD  
NOTE: USE MODIFIED RATIONAL METHOD PROCEDURES FOR CONFLUENCE ANALYSIS

\*USER-DEFINED STREET-SECTIONS FOR COUPLED PIPEFLOW AND STREETFLOW MODEL\*

NO.	HALF-	CROWN TO	STREET-CROSSFALL:			CURB	GUTTER-GEOMETRIES:		MANNING	
	WIDTH	CROSSFALL	IN-	OUT-/PARK-	HEIGHT	WIDTH	LIP	HIKE	FACTOR	
	(FT)	(FT)	SIDE /	SIDE/	WAY	(FT)	(FT)	(FT)	(n)	
1	30.0	20.0	0.018/0.018/0.020			0.67	2.00	0.0313	0.167	0.0150

GLOBAL STREET FLOW-DEPTH CONSTRAINTS:

1. Relative Flow-Depth = 0.00 FEET  
as (Maximum Allowable Street Flow Depth) - (Top-of-Curb)
2. (Depth)\*(Velocity) Constraint = 6.0 (FT\*FT/S)

\*SIZE PIPE WITH A FLOW CAPACITY GREATER THAN  
OR EQUAL TO THE UPSTREAM TRIBUTARY PIPE.\*

```

+-----+
| Q(100)=923.4 CFS A=336.0 AC Tc=11.8 MIN [ESTIMATED]
| RUNOFF NORTH OF THE PROJECT FROM VILLAGE 9 (HUNSAKER & A)
| Q(100) IS ESTIMATED FROM Q(50) PROVIDED BY HUNSAKER & A
+-----+

```

\*\*\*\*\*  
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 700.00 TO NODE 700.00 IS CODE = 7  
-----

>>>>USER SPECIFIED HYDROLOGY INFORMATION AT NODE<<<<<

=====

USER-SPECIFIED VALUES ARE AS FOLLOWS:



TC(MIN) = 11.80 RAIN INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 3.79  
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 336.00 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 923.40

\*\*\*\*\*  
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 700.00 TO NODE 710.00 IS CODE = 51  
-----

>>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW<<<<<  
>>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT)<<<<<

=====

ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) =	427.40	DOWNSTREAM(FEET) =	426.00
CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET) =	131.30	CHANNEL SLOPE =	0.0107
CHANNEL BASE(FEET) =	4.00	"Z" FACTOR =	5.000
MANNING'S FACTOR =	0.035	MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) =	10.00
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) =	3.729		

\*USER SPECIFIED(SUBAREA):  
USER-SPECIFIED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .3500  
S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 0  
TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) = 925.68  
TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA BASED ON VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 7.82  
AVERAGE FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 4.48 TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.28  
Tc(MIN.) = 12.08  
SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 3.50 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 4.57  
AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.722  
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 339.50 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 923.40

END OF SUBAREA CHANNEL FLOW HYDRAULICS:  
DEPTH(FEET) = 4.48 FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 7.82  
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 0.00 TO NODE 710.00 = 131.30 FEET.

\*\*\*\*\*  
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 710.00 TO NODE 710.00 IS CODE = 1  
-----

>>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<<

=====

TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS =	2
CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 1 ARE:	
TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) =	12.08
RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) =	3.73
TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) =	339.50
PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE =	923.40

+-----+  
| Q(100)=6.5 CFS A=4.7 AC Tc=13.8 MIN  
| RUNOFF FROM EASTERN PORTION OF HIGH-TECH SCHOOL  
| PROVIDED BY THE CITY OF CHULA VISTA, ANALYSIS BY RBF CONSULTING  
+-----+

\*\*\*\*\*  
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 703.00 TO NODE 703.00 IS CODE = 7  
-----

>>>>USER SPECIFIED HYDROLOGY INFORMATION AT NODE<<<<<

=====

USER-SPECIFIED VALUES ARE AS FOLLOWS:			
TC(MIN) =	13.80	RAIN INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) =	3.42
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =	4.70	TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) =	6.50

\*\*\*\*\*  
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 703.00 TO NODE 706.00 IS CODE = 51  
-----

>>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW<<<<<  
>>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT)<<<<<

```

=====
ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 530.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 450.00
CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET) = 524.00 CHANNEL SLOPE = 0.1527
CHANNEL BASE(FEET) = 5.00 "Z" FACTOR = 5.000
MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.035 MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) = 10.00
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 3.199
*USER SPECIFIED(SUBAREA):
USER-SPECIFIED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .3500
S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 0
TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) = 8.85
TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA BASED ON VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 5.75
AVERAGE FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.25 TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 1.52
Tc(MIN.) = 15.32
SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 4.20 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 4.70
AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.379
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 8.90 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 10.78

```

```

END OF SUBAREA CHANNEL FLOW HYDRAULICS:
DEPTH(FEET) = 0.28 FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 6.08
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 0.00 TO NODE 706.00 = 524.00 FEET.

```

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*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 706.00 TO NODE 710.00 IS CODE = 51

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>>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW<<<<<
>>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT)<<<<<

```

```

=====
ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 520.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 450.00
CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET) = 444.20 CHANNEL SLOPE = 0.1576
CHANNEL BASE(FEET) = 10.00 "Z" FACTOR = 7.000
MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.035 MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) = 10.00
CHANNEL FLOW THRU SUBAREA(CFS) = 10.78
FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 5.13 FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.19
TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 1.44 Tc(MIN.) = 16.76
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 0.00 TO NODE 710.00 = 968.20 FEET.

```

```

*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 710.00 TO NODE 710.00 IS CODE = 1

```

```

>>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<<
>>>>AND COMPUTE VARIOUS CONFLUENCED STREAM VALUES<<<<<

```

```

=====
TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2
CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 2 ARE:
TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) = 16.76
RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 3.02
TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 8.90
PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 10.78

```

\*\* CONFLUENCE DATA \*\*

STREAM NUMBER	RUNOFF (CFS)	Tc (MIN.)	INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR)	AREA (ACRE)
1	923.40	12.08	3.729	339.50
2	10.78	16.76	3.019	8.90

```

RAINFALL INTENSITY AND TIME OF CONCENTRATION RATIO
CONFLUENCE FORMULA USED FOR 2 STREAMS.

```

\*\* PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE \*\*

STREAM NUMBER	RUNOFF (CFS)	Tc (MIN.)	INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR)
---------------	--------------	-----------	-----------------------

1 931.17 12.08 3.729  
2 758.30 16.76 3.019

COMPUTED CONFLUENCE ESTIMATES ARE AS FOLLOWS:

PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) = 931.17 Tc (MIN.) = 12.08  
TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 348.40  
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 0.00 TO NODE 710.00 = 968.20 FEET.

\*\*\*\*\*  
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 710.00 TO NODE 750.00 IS CODE = 51

-----  
>>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW<<<<<  
>>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT)<<<<<

=====

ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM (FEET) = 426.00 DOWNSTREAM (FEET) = 408.00  
CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA (FEET) = 810.00 CHANNEL SLOPE = 0.0222  
CHANNEL BASE (FEET) = 5.00 "Z" FACTOR = 1.500  
MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.035 MAXIMUM DEPTH (FEET) = 10.00  
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 3.535

\*USER SPECIFIED (SUBAREA):  
USER-SPECIFIED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .3500  
S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 0  
TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW (CFS) = 940.88  
TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA BASED ON VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 12.96  
AVERAGE FLOW DEPTH (FEET) = 5.49 TRAVEL TIME (MIN.) = 1.04  
Tc (MIN.) = 13.12  
SUBAREA AREA (ACRES) = 15.70 SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 19.43  
AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.698  
TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 364.10 PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) = 931.17

END OF SUBAREA CHANNEL FLOW HYDRAULICS:  
DEPTH (FEET) = 5.46 FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 12.93  
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 0.00 TO NODE 750.00 = 1778.20 FEET.

\*\*\*\*\*  
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 750.00 TO NODE 750.00 IS CODE = 1

-----  
>>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<<

=====

TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 3  
CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 1 ARE:  
TIME OF CONCENTRATION (MIN.) = 13.12  
RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HR) = 3.54  
TOTAL STREAM AREA (ACRES) = 364.10  
PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 931.17

+-----+  
| Q(100)=39.7 CFS A=9.2 AC TC=7.4 MIN  
| RUNOFF FROM SDGE SITE (BASIN 800A)  
| PRELIMINARY RM PERFORMED BY REC  
+-----+

\*\*\*\*\*  
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 806.00 TO NODE 806.00 IS CODE = 7

-----  
>>>>USER SPECIFIED HYDROLOGY INFORMATION AT NODE<<<<<

=====

USER-SPECIFIED VALUES ARE AS FOLLOWS:  
TC (MIN) = 7.40 RAIN INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 5.12  
TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 9.20 TOTAL RUNOFF (CFS) = 39.70

\*\*\*\*\*  
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 806.00 TO NODE 750.00 IS CODE = 51

-----  
>>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW<<<<<  
>>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT)<<<<<

=====  
ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 432.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 406.00  
CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET) = 293.70 CHANNEL SLOPE = 0.0885  
CHANNEL BASE(FEET) = 6.00 "Z" FACTOR = 7.000  
MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.035 MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) = 10.00  
CHANNEL FLOW THRU SUBAREA(CFS) = 39.70  
FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 6.89 FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.58  
TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.71 Tc(MIN.) = 8.11  
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 0.00 TO NODE 750.00 = 1261.90 FEET.

\*\*\*\*\*  
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 750.00 TO NODE 750.00 IS CODE = 1

-----  
>>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<<

=====  
TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 3  
CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 2 ARE:  
TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) = 8.11  
RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 4.82  
TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 9.20  
PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 39.70

\*\*\*\*\*  
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 716.00 TO NODE 718.00 IS CODE = 21

-----  
>>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<<

=====  
\*USER SPECIFIED(SUBAREA):  
USER-SPECIFIED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .3500  
S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 0  
INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) = 60.00  
UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 551.00  
DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 550.00  
ELEVATION DIFFERENCE(FEET) = 1.00  
SUBAREA OVERLAND TIME OF FLOW(MIN.) = 8.820  
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 4.568  
SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.48  
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.30 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.48

\*\*\*\*\*  
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 718.00 TO NODE 720.00 IS CODE = 51

-----  
>>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW<<<<<  
>>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT)<<<<<

=====  
ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 550.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 434.00  
CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET) = 939.20 CHANNEL SLOPE = 0.1235  
CHANNEL BASE(FEET) = 3.00 "Z" FACTOR = 8.000  
MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.035 MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) = 10.00  
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 3.784  
\*USER SPECIFIED(SUBAREA):  
USER-SPECIFIED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .3500  
S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 0  
TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) = 8.28  
TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA BASED ON VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 5.24  
AVERAGE FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.29 TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 2.99

Tc (MIN.) = 11.81  
 SUBAREA AREA (ACRES) = 11.70 SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 15.50  
 AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.350  
 TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 12.00 PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) = 15.89

END OF SUBAREA CHANNEL FLOW HYDRAULICS:  
 DEPTH (FEET) = 0.41 FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 6.19  
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 716.00 TO NODE 720.00 = 999.20 FEET.

\*\*\*\*\*  
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 720.00 TO NODE 750.00 IS CODE = 51  
 -----

>>>> COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW <<<<<  
 >>>> TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT) <<<<<

=====

ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM (FEET) = 434.00 DOWNSTREAM (FEET) = 406.00  
 CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA (FEET) = 395.00 CHANNEL SLOPE = 0.0709  
 CHANNEL BASE (FEET) = 9.00 "Z" FACTOR = 10.000  
 MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.035 MAXIMUM DEPTH (FEET) = 10.00  
 CHANNEL FLOW THRU SUBAREA (CFS) = 15.89  
 FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 4.37 FLOW DEPTH (FEET) = 0.30  
 TRAVEL TIME (MIN.) = 1.51 Tc (MIN.) = 13.31  
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 716.00 TO NODE 750.00 = 1394.20 FEET.

\*\*\*\*\*  
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 750.00 TO NODE 750.00 IS CODE = 1  
 -----

>>>> DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE <<<<<  
 >>>> AND COMPUTE VARIOUS CONFLUENCED STREAM VALUES <<<<<

=====

TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 3  
 CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 3 ARE:  
 TIME OF CONCENTRATION (MIN.) = 13.31  
 RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HR) = 3.50  
 TOTAL STREAM AREA (ACRES) = 12.00  
 PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 15.89

\*\* CONFLUENCE DATA \*\*

STREAM NUMBER	RUNOFF (CFS)	Tc (MIN.)	INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR)	AREA (ACRE)
1	931.17	13.12	3.535	364.10
2	39.70	8.11	4.821	9.20
3	15.89	13.31	3.503	12.00

RAINFALL INTENSITY AND TIME OF CONCENTRATION RATIO  
 CONFLUENCE FORMULA USED FOR 3 STREAMS.

\*\* PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE \*\*

STREAM NUMBER	RUNOFF (CFS)	Tc (MIN.)	INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR)
1	732.14	8.11	4.821
2	975.95	13.12	3.535
3	967.32	13.31	3.503

COMPUTED CONFLUENCE ESTIMATES ARE AS FOLLOWS:  
 PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) = 975.95 Tc (MIN.) = 13.12  
 TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 385.30  
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 0.00 TO NODE 750.00 = 1778.20 FEET.

\*\*\*\*\*  
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 750.00 TO NODE 795.00 IS CODE = 51  
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-----  
>>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW<<<<<  
>>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT) <<<<<

=====

ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM (FEET) =	406.00	DOWNSTREAM (FEET) =	387.00
CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA (FEET) =	807.70	CHANNEL SLOPE =	0.0235
CHANNEL BASE (FEET) =	4.00	"Z" FACTOR =	6.000
MANNING'S FACTOR =	0.035	MAXIMUM DEPTH (FEET) =	10.00
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) =	3.324		

\*USER SPECIFIED (SUBAREA):

USER-SPECIFIED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT =	.3500		
S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) =	0		
TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW (CFS) =	983.97		
TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA BASED ON VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) =	10.24		
AVERAGE FLOW DEPTH (FEET) =	3.68	TRAVEL TIME (MIN.) =	1.31
Tc (MIN.) =	14.44		
SUBAREA AREA (ACRES) =	13.80	SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) =	16.05
AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT =	0.679		
TOTAL AREA (ACRES) =	399.10	PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) =	975.95

END OF SUBAREA CHANNEL FLOW HYDRAULICS:

DEPTH (FEET) =	3.67	FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) =	10.21
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE	0.00	TO NODE	795.00 = 2585.90 FEET.

\*\*\*\*\*  
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 795.00 TO NODE 795.00 IS CODE = 1

-----  
>>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<<

=====

TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS =	2		
CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 1 ARE:			
TIME OF CONCENTRATION (MIN.) =	14.44		
RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HR) =	3.32		
TOTAL STREAM AREA (ACRES) =	399.10		
PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) AT CONFLUENCE =	975.95		

\*\*\*\*\*  
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 730.00 TO NODE 732.00 IS CODE = 21

-----  
>>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<<

=====

*USER SPECIFIED (SUBAREA):			
USER-SPECIFIED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT =	.3500		
S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) =	0		
INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH (FEET) =	50.00		
UPSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) =	526.00		
DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) =	522.00		
ELEVATION DIFFERENCE (FEET) =	4.00		
SUBAREA OVERLAND TIME OF FLOW (MIN.) =	4.773		
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) =	6.587		
NOTE: RAINFALL INTENSITY IS BASED ON Tc = 5-MINUTE.			
SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) =	0.23		
TOTAL AREA (ACRES) =	0.10	TOTAL RUNOFF (CFS) =	0.23

\*\*\*\*\*  
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 732.00 TO NODE 740.00 IS CODE = 51

-----  
>>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW<<<<<  
>>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT) <<<<<

=====

ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM (FEET) =	522.00	DOWNSTREAM (FEET) =	422.00
-----------------------------------	--------	---------------------	--------

CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA (FEET) = 563.00 CHANNEL SLOPE = 0.1776  
 CHANNEL BASE (FEET) = 8.00 "Z" FACTOR = 3.000  
 MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.035 MAXIMUM DEPTH (FEET) = 10.00  
 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 5.376  
 \*USER SPECIFIED (SUBAREA):  
 USER-SPECIFIED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .3500  
 S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 0  
 TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW (CFS) = 4.80  
 TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA BASED ON VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 4.52  
 AVERAGE FLOW DEPTH (FEET) = 0.13 TRAVEL TIME (MIN.) = 2.08  
 Tc (MIN.) = 6.85  
 SUBAREA AREA (ACRES) = 4.80 SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 9.03  
 AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.350  
 TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 4.90 PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) = 9.22

END OF SUBAREA CHANNEL FLOW HYDRAULICS:  
 DEPTH (FEET) = 0.19 FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 5.73  
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 730.00 TO NODE 740.00 = 613.00 FEET.

\*\*\*\*\*  
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 740.00 TO NODE 795.00 IS CODE = 51  
 -----

>>>> COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW<<<<<  
 >>>> TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT) <<<<<

=====

ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM (FEET) = 422.00 DOWNSTREAM (FEET) = 387.00  
 CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA (FEET) = 408.20 CHANNEL SLOPE = 0.0857  
 CHANNEL BASE (FEET) = 10.00 "Z" FACTOR = 8.000  
 MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.035 MAXIMUM DEPTH (FEET) = 10.00  
 CHANNEL FLOW THRU SUBAREA (CFS) = 9.22  
 FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 3.90 FLOW DEPTH (FEET) = 0.20  
 TRAVEL TIME (MIN.) = 1.74 Tc (MIN.) = 8.59  
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 730.00 TO NODE 795.00 = 1021.20 FEET.

\*\*\*\*\*  
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 795.00 TO NODE 795.00 IS CODE = 1  
 -----

>>>> DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<<  
 >>>> AND COMPUTE VARIOUS CONFLUENCED STREAM VALUES<<<<<

=====

TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2  
 CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 2 ARE:  
 TIME OF CONCENTRATION (MIN.) = 8.59  
 RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HR) = 4.65  
 TOTAL STREAM AREA (ACRES) = 4.90  
 PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 9.22

\*\* CONFLUENCE DATA \*\*

STREAM NUMBER	RUNOFF (CFS)	Tc (MIN.)	INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR)	AREA (ACRE)
1	975.95	14.44	3.324	399.10
2	9.22	8.59	4.645	4.90

RAINFALL INTENSITY AND TIME OF CONCENTRATION RATIO  
 CONFLUENCE FORMULA USED FOR 2 STREAMS.

\*\* PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE \*\*

STREAM NUMBER	RUNOFF (CFS)	Tc (MIN.)	INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR)
1	707.61	8.59	4.645
2	982.54	14.44	3.324

COMPUTED CONFLUENCE ESTIMATES ARE AS FOLLOWS:

PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) = 982.54 Tc (MIN.) = 14.44

TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 404.00

LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 0.00 TO NODE 795.00 = 2585.90 FEET.

=====  
END OF STUDY SUMMARY:

TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 404.00 TC (MIN.) = 14.44

PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) = 982.54  
=====

=====  
END OF RATIONAL METHOD ANALYSIS



\*\*\*\*\*

RATIONAL METHOD HYDROLOGY COMPUTER PROGRAM PACKAGE  
Reference: SAN DIEGO COUNTY FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT  
2003,1985,1981 HYDROLOGY MANUAL  
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Ver. 1.5A Release Date: 01/01/2003 License ID 1261

Analysis prepared by:

RICK ENGINEERING COMPANY  
5620 Friars Road  
San Diego, California 92110  
619-291-0707 Fax 619-291-4165

\*\*\*\*\* DESCRIPTION OF STUDY \*\*\*\*\*  
\* UNIVERSITY PARK AND RESEARCH CENTER (UPRC); J-16693-A \*  
\* BASIN 800A; 100-YEAR, 6-HOUR \*  
\* PRE-PROJECT (RUNOFF FROM THE SDG&E SITE) \*  
\*\*\*\*\*

FILE NAME: UP8HAE00.RAT  
TIME/DATE OF STUDY: 11:23 12/17/2013

-----  
USER SPECIFIED HYDROLOGY AND HYDRAULIC MODEL INFORMATION:  
-----

2003 SAN DIEGO MANUAL CRITERIA

USER SPECIFIED STORM EVENT (YEAR) = 100.00  
6-HOUR DURATION PRECIPITATION (INCHES) = 2.500  
SPECIFIED MINIMUM PIPE SIZE (INCH) = 18.00  
SPECIFIED PERCENT OF GRADIENTS (DECIMAL) TO USE FOR FRICTION SLOPE = 0.90  
SAN DIEGO HYDROLOGY MANUAL "C"-VALUES USED FOR RATIONAL METHOD  
NOTE: USE MODIFIED RATIONAL METHOD PROCEDURES FOR CONFLUENCE ANALYSIS  
\*USER-DEFINED STREET-SECTIONS FOR COUPLED PIPEFLOW AND STREETFLOW MODEL\*

NO.	HALF- WIDTH (FT)	CROWN TO CROSSFALL (FT)	STREET-CROSSFALL: IN- / OUT-/PARK- SIDE / SIDE/ WAY	CURB HEIGHT (FT)	GUTTER-GEOMETRIES: WIDTH (FT)	LIP (FT)	HIKE (FT)	MANNING FACTOR (n)
1	30.0	20.0	0.018/0.018/0.020	0.67	2.00	0.0313	0.167	0.0150

GLOBAL STREET FLOW-DEPTH CONSTRAINTS:  
1. Relative Flow-Depth = 0.00 FEET  
as (Maximum Allowable Street Flow Depth) - (Top-of-Curb)  
2. (Depth)\*(Velocity) Constraint = 6.0 (FT\*FT/S)  
\*SIZE PIPE WITH A FLOW CAPACITY GREATER THAN  
OR EQUAL TO THE UPSTREAM TRIBUTARY PIPE.\*

\*\*\*\*\*  
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 802.00 TO NODE 804.00 IS CODE = 21  
-----

>>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<<

=====

\*USER SPECIFIED (SUBAREA):  
USER-SPECIFIED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .4100  
S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 0  
INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH (FEET) = 80.00  
UPSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 538.00  
DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 530.00  
ELEVATION DIFFERENCE (FEET) = 8.00

SUBAREA OVERLAND TIME OF FLOW(MIN.) = 5.157  
WARNING: THE MAXIMUM OVERLAND FLOW SLOPE, 10.%, IS USED IN Tc CALCULATION!  
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 6.457  
SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.26  
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.10 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.26

\*\*\*\*\*  
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 804.00 TO NODE 806.00 IS CODE = 51  
-----

>>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW<<<<<  
>>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT)<<<<<

=====

ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) =	530.00	DOWNSTREAM(FEET) =	432.00
CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET) =	806.00	CHANNEL SLOPE =	0.1216
CHANNEL BASE(FEET) =	13.00	"Z" FACTOR =	7.000
MANNING'S FACTOR =	0.030	MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) =	10.00
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) =	5.104		

\*USER SPECIFIED(SUBAREA):

USER-SPECIFIED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT =	.8500		
S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) =	0		
TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) =	19.34		
TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA BASED ON VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) =	5.92		
AVERAGE FLOW DEPTH(FEET) =	0.22	TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) =	2.27
Tc(MIN.) =	7.43		
SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) =	9.10	SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) =	39.48
AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT =	0.845		
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =	9.20	PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) =	39.69

END OF SUBAREA CHANNEL FLOW HYDRAULICS:

DEPTH(FEET) =	0.34	FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) =	7.63
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE	802.00	TO NODE	806.00 = 886.00 FEET.

=====

END OF STUDY SUMMARY:

TOTAL AREA(ACRES)	=	9.20	TC(MIN.) =	7.43
PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS)	=	39.69		

=====

END OF RATIONAL METHOD ANALYSIS

\*\*\*\*\*

RATIONAL METHOD HYDROLOGY COMPUTER PROGRAM PACKAGE
Reference: SAN DIEGO COUNTY FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT
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Ver. 1.5A Release Date: 01/01/2003 License ID 1261

Analysis prepared by:

RICK ENGINEERING COMPANY
5620 Friars Road
San Diego, California 92110
619-291-0707 Fax 619-291-4165

\*\*\*\*\* DESCRIPTION OF STUDY \*\*\*\*\*
\* UNIVERSITY PARK AND RESEARCH CENTER (UPRC); J-16693-A \*
\* BASIN 1000; 100-YEAR, 6-HOUR \*
\* PRE-PROJECT \*
\*\*\*\*\*

FILE NAME: UP10HE00.RAT
TIME/DATE OF STUDY: 12:09 02/09/2014

-----
USER SPECIFIED HYDROLOGY AND HYDRAULIC MODEL INFORMATION:
-----

2003 SAN DIEGO MANUAL CRITERIA

USER SPECIFIED STORM EVENT(YEAR) = 100.00
6-HOUR DURATION PRECIPITATION (INCHES) = 2.500
SPECIFIED MINIMUM PIPE SIZE(INCH) = 18.00
SPECIFIED PERCENT OF GRADIENTS(DECIMAL) TO USE FOR FRICTION SLOPE = 0.90
SAN DIEGO HYDROLOGY MANUAL "C"-VALUES USED FOR RATIONAL METHOD
NOTE: USE MODIFIED RATIONAL METHOD PROCEDURES FOR CONFLUENCE ANALYSIS

\*USER-DEFINED STREET-SECTIONS FOR COUPLED PIPEFLOW AND STREETFLOW MODEL\*

Table with columns: NO., WIDTH (FT), CROWN TO CROSSFALL (FT), STREET-CROSSFALL: IN- / OUT- / PARK- SIDE / SIDE / WAY, CURB HEIGHT (FT), GUTTER WIDTH (FT), LIP (FT), HIKE (FT), MANNING FACTOR (n). Row 1: 1, 30.0, 20.0, 0.018/0.018/0.020, 0.67, 2.00, 0.0313, 0.167, 0.0150

GLOBAL STREET FLOW-DEPTH CONSTRAINTS:

- 1. Relative Flow-Depth = 0.00 FEET as (Maximum Allowable Street Flow Depth) - (Top-of-Curb)
2. (Depth)\*(Velocity) Constraint = 6.0 (FT\*FT/S)
\*SIZE PIPE WITH A FLOW CAPACITY GREATER THAN OR EQUAL TO THE UPSTREAM TRIBUTARY PIPE.\*

\*\*\*\*\*
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1002.00 TO NODE 1005.00 IS CODE = 21
-----

>>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<<

\*USER SPECIFIED(SUBAREA) :
USER-SPECIFIED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .3500
S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 0
INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) = 60.00
UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 570.90
DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 570.00
ELEVATION DIFFERENCE(FEET) = 0.90

SUBAREA OVERLAND TIME OF FLOW(MIN.) = 9.135  
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 4.465  
SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.31  
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.20 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.31

\*\*\*\*\*  
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1005.00 TO NODE 1010.00 IS CODE = 51

>>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW<<<<<  
>>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT)<<<<<

=====

ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM( FEET) = 570.00 DOWNSTREAM( FEET) = 510.00  
CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA( FEET) = 455.00 CHANNEL SLOPE = 0.1319  
CHANNEL BASE( FEET) = 5.00 "Z" FACTOR = 5.000  
MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.035 MAXIMUM DEPTH( FEET) = 10.00  
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY( INCH/HOUR) = 3.962  
\*USER SPECIFIED( SUBAREA) :  
USER-SPECIFIED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .3500  
S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 0  
TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW( CFS) = 3.51  
TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA BASED ON VELOCITY( FEET/SEC.) = 4.07  
AVERAGE FLOW DEPTH( FEET) = 0.15 TRAVEL TIME( MIN.) = 1.86  
Tc( MIN.) = 11.00  
SUBAREA AREA( ACRES) = 4.60 SUBAREA RUNOFF( CFS) = 6.38  
AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.350  
TOTAL AREA( ACRES) = 4.80 PEAK FLOW RATE( CFS) = 6.66

END OF SUBAREA CHANNEL FLOW HYDRAULICS:  
DEPTH( FEET) = 0.22 FLOW VELOCITY( FEET/SEC.) = 5.00  
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 1002.00 TO NODE 1010.00 = 515.00 FEET.

\*\*\*\*\*  
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1010.00 TO NODE 1020.00 IS CODE = 31

>>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<  
>>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<<<<<

=====

ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM( FEET) = 510.00 DOWNSTREAM( FEET) = 509.50  
FLOW LENGTH( FEET) = 56.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013  
DEPTH OF FLOW IN 18.0 INCH PIPE IS 11.2 INCHES  
PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY( FEET/SEC.) = 5.78  
ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER( INCH) = 18.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1  
PIPE-FLOW( CFS) = 6.66  
PIPE TRAVEL TIME( MIN.) = 0.16 Tc( MIN.) = 11.16  
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 1002.00 TO NODE 1020.00 = 571.00 FEET.

=====

END OF STUDY SUMMARY:  
TOTAL AREA( ACRES) = 4.80 TC( MIN.) = 11.16  
PEAK FLOW RATE( CFS) = 6.66

=====

END OF RATIONAL METHOD ANALYSIS

\*\*\*\*\*

RATIONAL METHOD HYDROLOGY COMPUTER PROGRAM PACKAGE  
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Ver. 1.5A Release Date: 01/01/2003 License ID 1261

Analysis prepared by:

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\*\*\*\*\* DESCRIPTION OF STUDY \*\*\*\*\*  
\* UNIVERSITY PARK AND RESEARCH CENTER (UPRC); J-16693-A \*  
\* BASIN 1100; 100-YEAR, 6-HOUR \*  
\* PRE-PROJECT \*  
\*\*\*\*\*

FILE NAME: UP11HE00.RAT  
TIME/DATE OF STUDY: 14:25 02/21/2014

-----  
USER SPECIFIED HYDROLOGY AND HYDRAULIC MODEL INFORMATION:  
-----

2003 SAN DIEGO MANUAL CRITERIA

USER SPECIFIED STORM EVENT (YEAR) = 100.00  
6-HOUR DURATION PRECIPITATION (INCHES) = 2.500  
SPECIFIED MINIMUM PIPE SIZE (INCH) = 18.00  
SPECIFIED PERCENT OF GRADIENTS (DECIMAL) TO USE FOR FRICTION SLOPE = 0.90  
SAN DIEGO HYDROLOGY MANUAL "C"-VALUES USED FOR RATIONAL METHOD  
NOTE: USE MODIFIED RATIONAL METHOD PROCEDURES FOR CONFLUENCE ANALYSIS

\*USER-DEFINED STREET-SECTIONS FOR COUPLED PIPEFLOW AND STREETFLOW MODEL\*

NO.	HALF-	CROWN TO	STREET-CROSSFALL:			CURB	GUTTER-GEOMETRIES:		MANNING	
	WIDTH	CROSSFALL	IN-	/	OUT-/PARK-	HEIGHT	WIDTH	LIP	HIKE	FACTOR
	(FT)	(FT)	SIDE	/	SIDE/	WAY	(FT)	(FT)	(FT)	(n)
1	30.0	20.0	0.018/0.018/0.020			0.67	2.00	0.0313	0.167	0.0150

GLOBAL STREET FLOW-DEPTH CONSTRAINTS:  
1. Relative Flow-Depth = 0.00 FEET  
as (Maximum Allowable Street Flow Depth) - (Top-of-Curb)  
2. (Depth)\*(Velocity) Constraint = 6.0 (FT\*FT/S)  
\*SIZE PIPE WITH A FLOW CAPACITY GREATER THAN  
OR EQUAL TO THE UPSTREAM TRIBUTARY PIPE.\*

\*\*\*\*\*  
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1102.00 TO NODE 1105.00 IS CODE = 21  
-----

>>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<<

\*\*\*\*\*  
\*USER SPECIFIED (SUBAREA):  
USER-SPECIFIED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .3500  
S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 0  
INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH (FEET) = 70.00  
UPSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 510.00  
DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 509.00  
ELEVATION DIFFERENCE (FEET) = 1.00

SUBAREA OVERLAND TIME OF FLOW(MIN.) = 10.029  
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 4.204  
SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.88  
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.60 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.88

\*\*\*\*\*  
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1105.00 TO NODE 1110.00 IS CODE = 51  
-----

>>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW<<<<<  
>>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT)<<<<<

=====

ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) =	509.00	DOWNSTREAM(FEET) =	506.00
CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET) =	262.00	CHANNEL SLOPE =	0.0115
CHANNEL BASE(FEET) =	2.00	"Z" FACTOR =	2.000
MANNING'S FACTOR =	0.030	MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) =	10.00
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) =	3.801		

\*USER SPECIFIED(SUBAREA):  
USER-SPECIFIED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .3500  
S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 0  
TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) = 3.62  
TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA BASED ON VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 2.58  
AVERAGE FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.48 TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 1.70  
Tc(MIN.) = 11.72  
SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 4.10 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 5.46  
AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.350  
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 4.70 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 6.25

END OF SUBAREA CHANNEL FLOW HYDRAULICS:  
DEPTH(FEET) = 0.64 FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 3.00  
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 1102.00 TO NODE 1110.00 = 332.00 FEET.

\*\*\*\*\*  
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1110.00 TO NODE 1120.00 IS CODE = 31  
-----

>>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<  
>>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<<<<<

=====

ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) =	506.00	DOWNSTREAM(FEET) =	505.60
FLOW LENGTH(FEET) =	50.00	MANNING'S N =	0.013
DEPTH OF FLOW IN 18.0 INCH PIPE IS	11.1 INCHES		
PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) =	5.46		
ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) =	18.00	NUMBER OF PIPES =	1
PIPE-FLOW(CFS) =	6.25		
PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) =	0.15	Tc(MIN.) =	11.88
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 1102.00 TO NODE 1120.00 =	382.00 FEET.		

\*\*\*\*\*  
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1120.00 TO NODE 1190.00 IS CODE = 51  
-----

>>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW<<<<<  
>>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT)<<<<<

=====

ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) =	496.00	DOWNSTREAM(FEET) =	494.00
CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET) =	396.00	CHANNEL SLOPE =	0.0051
CHANNEL BASE(FEET) =	2.00	"Z" FACTOR =	5.000
MANNING'S FACTOR =	0.040	MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) =	10.00
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) =	3.090		

\*USER SPECIFIED(SUBAREA):  
USER-SPECIFIED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .6300  
S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 0  
TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) = 6.64

TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA BASED ON VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 1.54  
AVERAGE FLOW DEPTH (FEET) = 0.75 TRAVEL TIME (MIN.) = 4.29  
Tc (MIN.) = 16.17  
SUBAREA AREA (ACRES) = 0.40 SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 0.78  
AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.372  
TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 5.10 PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) = 6.25

END OF SUBAREA CHANNEL FLOW HYDRAULICS:  
DEPTH (FEET) = 0.73 FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 1.52  
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 1102.00 TO NODE 1190.00 = 778.00 FEET.

\*\*\*\*\*  
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1190.00 TO NODE 1190.00 IS CODE = 10  
-----  
>>>>MAIN-STREAM MEMORY COPIED ONTO MEMORY BANK # 1 <<<<<  
=====

\*\*\*\*\*  
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1135.00 TO NODE 1140.00 IS CODE = 21  
-----  
>>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<<  
=====

\*USER SPECIFIED (SUBAREA):  
USER-SPECIFIED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .3500  
S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 0  
INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH (FEET) = 60.00  
UPSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 516.00  
DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 514.50  
ELEVATION DIFFERENCE (FEET) = 1.50  
SUBAREA OVERLAND TIME OF FLOW (MIN.) = 7.705  
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 4.984  
SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 0.87  
TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 0.50 TOTAL RUNOFF (CFS) = 0.87

\*\*\*\*\*  
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1140.00 TO NODE 1150.00 IS CODE = 51  
-----  
>>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW<<<<<  
>>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT) <<<<<  
=====

ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM (FEET) = 514.50 DOWNSTREAM (FEET) = 504.00  
CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA (FEET) = 500.00 CHANNEL SLOPE = 0.0210  
CHANNEL BASE (FEET) = 2.00 "Z" FACTOR = 3.000  
MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.030 MAXIMUM DEPTH (FEET) = 10.00  
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 4.091  
\*USER SPECIFIED (SUBAREA):  
USER-SPECIFIED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .3500  
S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 0  
TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW (CFS) = 3.68  
TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA BASED ON VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 3.02  
AVERAGE FLOW DEPTH (FEET) = 0.39 TRAVEL TIME (MIN.) = 2.76  
Tc (MIN.) = 10.46  
SUBAREA AREA (ACRES) = 3.90 SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 5.58  
AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.350  
TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 4.40 PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) = 6.30

END OF SUBAREA CHANNEL FLOW HYDRAULICS:  
DEPTH (FEET) = 0.51 FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 3.52  
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 1135.00 TO NODE 1150.00 = 560.00 FEET.

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1150.00 TO NODE 1150.00 IS CODE = 81

>>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<<

=====

100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 4.091  
\*USER SPECIFIED(SUBAREA):  
USER-SPECIFIED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .3500  
S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 0  
AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.3500  
SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 2.80 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 4.01  
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 7.20 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 10.31  
TC(MIN.) = 10.46

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1150.00 TO NODE 1190.00 IS CODE = 31

>>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<  
>>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<<<<<

=====

ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 504.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 503.00  
FLOW LENGTH(FEET) = 75.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013  
DEPTH OF FLOW IN 18.0 INCH PIPE IS 13.3 INCHES  
PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 7.37  
ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 18.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1  
PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 10.31  
PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.17 Tc(MIN.) = 10.63  
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 1135.00 TO NODE 1190.00 = 635.00 FEET.

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1190.00 TO NODE 1190.00 IS CODE = 11

>>>>CONFLUENCE MEMORY BANK # 1 WITH THE MAIN-STREAM MEMORY<<<<<

\*\*\*\*\*

\*\* MAIN STREAM CONFLUENCE DATA \*\*

STREAM NUMBER	RUNOFF (CFS)	Tc (MIN.)	INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR)	AREA (ACRE)
1	10.31	10.63	4.048	7.20

LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 1135.00 TO NODE 1190.00 = 635.00 FEET.

\*\* MEMORY BANK # 1 CONFLUENCE DATA \*\*

STREAM NUMBER	RUNOFF (CFS)	Tc (MIN.)	INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR)	AREA (ACRE)
1	6.25	16.17	3.090	5.10

LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 1102.00 TO NODE 1190.00 = 778.00 FEET.

\*\* PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE \*\*

STREAM NUMBER	RUNOFF (CFS)	Tc (MIN.)	INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR)
1	14.42	10.63	4.048
2	14.12	16.17	3.090

COMPUTED CONFLUENCE ESTIMATES ARE AS FOLLOWS:

PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 14.42 Tc(MIN.) = 10.63  
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 12.30

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1190.00 TO NODE 1190.00 IS CODE = 12

>>>>CLEAR MEMORY BANK # 1 <<<<<



=====  
END OF STUDY SUMMARY:

TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 12.30 TC (MIN.) = 10.63

PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) = 14.42  
=====

=====  
END OF RATIONAL METHOD ANALYSIS

\*\*\*\*\*

RATIONAL METHOD HYDROLOGY COMPUTER PROGRAM PACKAGE  
Reference: SAN DIEGO COUNTY FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT  
2003,1985,1981 HYDROLOGY MANUAL  
(c) Copyright 1982-2003 Advanced Engineering Software (aes)  
Ver. 1.5A Release Date: 01/01/2003 License ID 1261

Analysis prepared by:

RICK ENGINEERING COMPANY  
5620 Friars Road  
San Diego, California 92110  
619-291-0707 Fax 619-291-4165

\*\*\*\*\* DESCRIPTION OF STUDY \*\*\*\*\*  
\* UNIVERSITY PARK AND RESEARCH CENTER (UPRC); J-16693-A \*  
\* BASIN 1200; 100-YEAR, 6-HOUR \*  
\* PRE-PROJECT \*  
\*\*\*\*\*

FILE NAME: UP12HE00.RAT  
TIME/DATE OF STUDY: 14:17 02/21/2014

-----  
USER SPECIFIED HYDROLOGY AND HYDRAULIC MODEL INFORMATION:  
-----

2003 SAN DIEGO MANUAL CRITERIA

USER SPECIFIED STORM EVENT (YEAR) = 100.00  
6-HOUR DURATION PRECIPITATION (INCHES) = 2.500  
SPECIFIED MINIMUM PIPE SIZE (INCH) = 18.00  
SPECIFIED PERCENT OF GRADIENTS (DECIMAL) TO USE FOR FRICTION SLOPE = 0.90  
SAN DIEGO HYDROLOGY MANUAL "C"-VALUES USED FOR RATIONAL METHOD  
NOTE: USE MODIFIED RATIONAL METHOD PROCEDURES FOR CONFLUENCE ANALYSIS

\*USER-DEFINED STREET-SECTIONS FOR COUPLED PIPEFLOW AND STREETFLOW MODEL\*

NO.	HALF-CROWN TO		STREET-CROSSFALL:		CURB	GUTTER-GEOMETRIES:			MANNING
	WIDTH	CROSSFALL	IN-	OUT-/PARK-		HEIGHT	WIDTH	LIP	
	(FT)	(FT)	SIDE	/ SIDE/ WAY	(FT)	(FT)	(FT)	(FT)	(n)
1	30.0	20.0	0.018/0.018/0.020		0.67	2.00	0.0313	0.167	0.0150

GLOBAL STREET FLOW-DEPTH CONSTRAINTS:

1. Relative Flow-Depth = 0.00 FEET  
as (Maximum Allowable Street Flow Depth) - (Top-of-Curb)
2. (Depth)\*(Velocity) Constraint = 6.0 (FT\*FT/S)

\*SIZE PIPE WITH A FLOW CAPACITY GREATER THAN  
OR EQUAL TO THE UPSTREAM TRIBUTARY PIPE.\*

\*\*\*\*\*  
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1202.00 TO NODE 1205.00 IS CODE = 21  
-----

>>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<<

=====

\*USER SPECIFIED (SUBAREA) :  
USER-SPECIFIED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .3500  
S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 0  
INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH (FEET) = 100.00  
UPSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 520.00  
DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 510.00  
ELEVATION DIFFERENCE (FEET) = 10.00

SUBAREA OVERLAND TIME OF FLOW(MIN.) = 6.267  
WARNING: THE MAXIMUM OVERLAND FLOW SLOPE, 10.%, IS USED IN Tc CALCULATION!  
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 5.694  
SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.60  
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.30 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.60

\*\*\*\*\*  
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1205.00 TO NODE 1245.00 IS CODE = 51  
-----

>>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW<<<<<  
>>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT)<<<<<

=====

ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) =	510.00	DOWNSTREAM(FEET) =	506.00
CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET) =	425.00	CHANNEL SLOPE =	0.0094
CHANNEL BASE(FEET) =	2.00	"Z" FACTOR =	3.000
MANNING'S FACTOR =	0.030	MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) =	10.00
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) =	4.344		

\*USER SPECIFIED(SUBAREA):  
USER-SPECIFIED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .3500  
S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 0  
TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) = 3.22  
TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA BASED ON VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 2.17  
AVERAGE FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.45 TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 3.27  
Tc(MIN.) = 9.53  
SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 3.40 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 5.17  
AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.350  
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 3.70 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 5.63

END OF SUBAREA CHANNEL FLOW HYDRAULICS:  
DEPTH(FEET) = 0.58 FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 2.56  
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 1202.00 TO NODE 1245.00 = 525.00 FEET.

\*\*\*\*\*  
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1245.00 TO NODE 1250.00 IS CODE = 51  
-----

>>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW<<<<<  
>>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT)<<<<<

=====

ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) =	506.00	DOWNSTREAM(FEET) =	504.00
CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET) =	120.00	CHANNEL SLOPE =	0.0167
CHANNEL BASE(FEET) =	3.00	"Z" FACTOR =	5.000
MANNING'S FACTOR =	0.040	MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) =	10.00
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) =	4.108		

\*USER SPECIFIED(SUBAREA):  
USER-SPECIFIED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .3500  
S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 0  
TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) = 6.20  
TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA BASED ON VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 2.31  
AVERAGE FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.49 TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.86  
Tc(MIN.) = 10.40  
SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 0.80 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 1.15  
AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.350  
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 4.50 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 6.47

END OF SUBAREA CHANNEL FLOW HYDRAULICS:  
DEPTH(FEET) = 0.50 FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 2.35  
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 1202.00 TO NODE 1250.00 = 645.00 FEET.

\*\*\*\*\*  
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1250.00 TO NODE 1290.00 IS CODE = 31  
-----

>>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<  
>>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW) <<<<<

=====

ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) =	502.00	DOWNSTREAM(FEET) =	494.00
FLOW LENGTH(FEET) =	85.00	MANNING'S N =	0.013
ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) INCREASED TO 18.000			
DEPTH OF FLOW IN 18.0 INCH PIPE IS 5.6 INCHES			
PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) =	13.73		
ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) =	18.00	NUMBER OF PIPES =	1
PIPE-FLOW(CFS) =	6.47		
PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) =	0.10	Tc(MIN.) =	10.50
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE	1202.00	TO NODE	1290.00 = 730.00 FEET.

=====

END OF STUDY SUMMARY:

TOTAL AREA(ACRES)	=	4.50	TC(MIN.) =	10.50
PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS)	=	6.47		

=====

END OF RATIONAL METHOD ANALYSIS

## **APPENDIX B**

**Modified Rational Method Analyses (100-year, 6-hour)**

**[Post-Project]**

\*\*\*\*\*

RATIONAL METHOD HYDROLOGY COMPUTER PROGRAM PACKAGE  
Reference: SAN DIEGO COUNTY FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT  
2003,1985,1981 HYDROLOGY MANUAL  
(c) Copyright 1982-2003 Advanced Engineering Software (aes)  
Ver. 1.5A Release Date: 01/01/2003 License ID 1261

Analysis prepared by:

RICK ENGINEERING COMPANY  
5620 Friars Road  
San Diego, California 92110  
619-291-0707 Fax 619-291-4165

\*\*\*\*\* DESCRIPTION OF STUDY \*\*\*\*\*  
\* UNIVERSITY PARK AND RESEARCH CENTER (UPRC); J-16693-A \*  
\* BASIN 100; 100-YEAR, 6-HOUR \*  
\* POST-PROJECT (PHASE I) \*  
\*\*\*\*\*

FILE NAME: UPIHP00.RAT  
TIME/DATE OF STUDY: 22:38 02/15/2014

-----  
USER SPECIFIED HYDROLOGY AND HYDRAULIC MODEL INFORMATION:  
-----

2003 SAN DIEGO MANUAL CRITERIA

USER SPECIFIED STORM EVENT(YEAR) = 100.00  
6-HOUR DURATION PRECIPITATION (INCHES) = 2.500  
SPECIFIED MINIMUM PIPE SIZE(INCH) = 18.00  
SPECIFIED PERCENT OF GRADIENTS(DECIMAL) TO USE FOR FRICTION SLOPE = 0.90  
SAN DIEGO HYDROLOGY MANUAL "C"-VALUES USED FOR RATIONAL METHOD  
NOTE: USE MODIFIED RATIONAL METHOD PROCEDURES FOR CONFLUENCE ANALYSIS

\*USER-DEFINED STREET-SECTIONS FOR COUPLED PIPEFLOW AND STREETFLOW MODEL\*

NO.	HALF-	CROWN TO	STREET-CROSSFALL:			CURB	GUTTER-GEOMETRIES:			MANNING
	WIDTH	CROSSFALL	IN-	OUT-/PARK-	HEIGHT		WIDTH	LIP	HIKE	
	(FT)	(FT)	SIDE	/ SIDE/	WAY	(FT)	(FT)	(FT)	(n)	
1	30.0	20.0	0.018/0.018/0.020			0.67	2.00	0.0313	0.167	0.0150

GLOBAL STREET FLOW-DEPTH CONSTRAINTS:  
1. Relative Flow-Depth = 0.00 FEET  
as (Maximum Allowable Street Flow Depth) - (Top-of-Curb)  
2. (Depth)\*(Velocity) Constraint = 6.0 (FT\*FT/S)  
\*SIZE PIPE WITH A FLOW CAPACITY GREATER THAN  
OR EQUAL TO THE UPSTREAM TRIBUTARY PIPE.\*

\*\*\*\*\*  
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 100.00 TO NODE 102.00 IS CODE = 21  
-----

>>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<<  
=====

\*USER SPECIFIED(SUBAREA):  
USER-SPECIFIED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8500  
S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 0  
INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) = 90.00  
UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 540.00  
DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 535.00  
ELEVATION DIFFERENCE(FEET) = 5.00

SUBAREA OVERLAND TIME OF FLOW(MIN.) = 2.411  
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 6.587  
NOTE: RAINFALL INTENSITY IS BASED ON Tc = 5-MINUTE.  
SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 3.36  
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.60 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 3.36

\*\*\*\*\*  
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 102.00 TO NODE 111.00 IS CODE = 31  
-----

>>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<  
>>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW) <<<<<

=====

ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) =	529.00	DOWNSTREAM(FEET) =	426.00
FLOW LENGTH(FEET) =	2427.00	MANNING'S N =	0.013
ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) INCREASED TO	18.000		
DEPTH OF FLOW IN 18.0 INCH PIPE IS	4.9 INCHES		
PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) =	8.56		
ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) =	18.00	NUMBER OF PIPES =	1
PIPE-FLOW(CFS) =	3.36		
PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) =	4.73	Tc(MIN.) =	7.14
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE	100.00 TO NODE	111.00 =	2517.00 FEET.

\*\*\*\*\*  
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 111.00 TO NODE 111.00 IS CODE = 81  
-----

>>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<<

=====

100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) =	5.236		
*USER SPECIFIED(SUBAREA):			
USER-SPECIFIED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT =	.8500		
S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) =	0		
AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT =	0.8500		
SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) =	70.70	SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) =	314.68
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =	71.30	TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) =	317.35
TC(MIN.) =	7.14		

\*\*\*\*\*  
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 111.00 TO NODE 112.00 IS CODE = 31  
-----

>>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<  
>>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW) <<<<<

=====

ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) =	426.00	DOWNSTREAM(FEET) =	424.80
FLOW LENGTH(FEET) =	122.60	MANNING'S N =	0.013
DEPTH OF FLOW IN 69.0 INCH PIPE IS	50.9 INCHES		
PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) =	15.45		
ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) =	69.00	NUMBER OF PIPES =	1
PIPE-FLOW(CFS) =	317.35		
PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) =	0.13	Tc(MIN.) =	7.27
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE	100.00 TO NODE	112.00 =	2639.60 FEET.

\*\*\*\*\*  
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 112.00 TO NODE 112.00 IS CODE = 81  
-----

>>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<<

=====

100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) =	5.175		
*USER SPECIFIED(SUBAREA):			
USER-SPECIFIED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT =	.8700		
S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) =	0		
AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT =	0.8511		

SUBAREA AREA (ACRES) = 4.00 SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 18.01  
TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 75.30 TOTAL RUNOFF (CFS) = 331.62  
TC (MIN.) = 7.27

=====

END OF STUDY SUMMARY:

TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 75.30 TC (MIN.) = 7.27  
PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) = 331.62

=====

END OF RATIONAL METHOD ANALYSIS



\*\*\*\*\*

RATIONAL METHOD HYDROLOGY COMPUTER PROGRAM PACKAGE  
Reference: SAN DIEGO COUNTY FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT  
2003,1985,1981 HYDROLOGY MANUAL  
(c) Copyright 1982-2003 Advanced Engineering Software (aes)  
Ver. 1.5A Release Date: 01/01/2003 License ID 1261

Analysis prepared by:

RICK ENGINEERING COMPANY  
5620 Friars Road  
San Diego, California 92110  
619-291-0707 Fax 619-291-4165

\*\*\*\*\* DESCRIPTION OF STUDY \*\*\*\*\*  
\* UNIVERSITY PARK AND RESEARCH CENTER (UPRC); J-16693-A \*  
\* BASIN 200; 100-YEAR, 6-HOUR \*  
\* POST-PROJECT (PHASE II) \*  
\*\*\*\*\*

FILE NAME: UP2HP00.RAT  
TIME/DATE OF STUDY: 22:48 02/15/2014

-----  
USER SPECIFIED HYDROLOGY AND HYDRAULIC MODEL INFORMATION:  
-----

2003 SAN DIEGO MANUAL CRITERIA

USER SPECIFIED STORM EVENT (YEAR) = 100.00  
6-HOUR DURATION PRECIPITATION (INCHES) = 2.500  
SPECIFIED MINIMUM PIPE SIZE (INCH) = 18.00  
SPECIFIED PERCENT OF GRADIENTS (DECIMAL) TO USE FOR FRICTION SLOPE = 0.90  
SAN DIEGO HYDROLOGY MANUAL "C"-VALUES USED FOR RATIONAL METHOD  
NOTE: USE MODIFIED RATIONAL METHOD PROCEDURES FOR CONFLUENCE ANALYSIS

\*USER-DEFINED STREET-SECTIONS FOR COUPLED PIPEFLOW AND STREETFLOW MODEL\*

NO.	HALF-	CROWN TO	STREET-CROSSFALL:			CURB	GUTTER-GEOMETRIES:			MANNING
	WIDTH	CROSSFALL	IN-	OUT-	PARK-	HEIGHT	WIDTH	LIP	HIKE	FACTOR
	(FT)	(FT)	SIDE	/	SIDE/	(FT)	(FT)	(FT)	(FT)	(n)
1	30.0	20.0	0.018	/	0.018/0.020	0.67	2.00	0.0313	0.167	0.0150

GLOBAL STREET FLOW-DEPTH CONSTRAINTS:

1. Relative Flow-Depth = 0.00 FEET  
as (Maximum Allowable Street Flow Depth) - (Top-of-Curb)
2. (Depth)\*(Velocity) Constraint = 6.0 (FT\*FT/S)

\*SIZE PIPE WITH A FLOW CAPACITY GREATER THAN  
OR EQUAL TO THE UPSTREAM TRIBUTARY PIPE.\*

\*\*\*\*\*  
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 200.00 TO NODE 202.00 IS CODE = 21  
-----

>>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<<

\*\*\*\*\*  
\*USER SPECIFIED (SUBAREA):  
USER-SPECIFIED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8500  
S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 0  
INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH (FEET) = 90.00  
UPSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 555.00  
DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 550.00  
ELEVATION DIFFERENCE (FEET) = 5.00

SUBAREA OVERLAND TIME OF FLOW(MIN.) = 2.411  
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 6.587  
NOTE: RAINFALL INTENSITY IS BASED ON Tc = 5-MINUTE.  
SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 1.12  
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.20 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 1.12

\*\*\*\*\*  
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 202.00 TO NODE 206.00 IS CODE = 31  
-----

>>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<  
>>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<<<<<

=====

ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) =	544.00	DOWNSTREAM(FEET) =	399.00
FLOW LENGTH(FEET) =	2580.00	MANNING'S N =	0.013
ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) INCREASED TO	18.000		
DEPTH OF FLOW IN 18.0 INCH PIPE IS	2.7 INCHES		
PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) =	6.88		
ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) =	18.00	NUMBER OF PIPES =	1
PIPE-FLOW(CFS) =	1.12		
PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) =	6.25	Tc(MIN.) =	8.66
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE	200.00 TO NODE	206.00 =	2670.00 FEET.

\*\*\*\*\*  
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 206.00 TO NODE 206.00 IS CODE = 81  
-----

>>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<<

=====

100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) =	4.621		
*USER SPECIFIED(SUBAREA):			
USER-SPECIFIED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT =	.8500		
S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) =	0		
AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT =	0.8500		
SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) =	69.60	SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) =	273.37
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =	69.80	TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) =	274.15
TC(MIN.) =	8.66		

\*\*\*\*\*  
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 206.00 TO NODE 207.00 IS CODE = 31  
-----

>>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<  
>>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<<<<<

=====

ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) =	399.00	DOWNSTREAM(FEET) =	397.20
FLOW LENGTH(FEET) =	179.10	MANNING'S N =	0.013
DEPTH OF FLOW IN 63.0 INCH PIPE IS	50.1 INCHES		
PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) =	14.85		
ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) =	63.00	NUMBER OF PIPES =	1
PIPE-FLOW(CFS) =	274.15		
PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) =	0.20	Tc(MIN.) =	8.86
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE	200.00 TO NODE	207.00 =	2849.10 FEET.

\*\*\*\*\*  
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 207.00 TO NODE 207.00 IS CODE = 1  
-----

>>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<<

=====

TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS =	2
CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 1 ARE:	
TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) =	8.86
RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) =	4.55
TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) =	69.80

PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 274.15

Q(100) = 155 CFS; A = 53.2 AC; TC = 8.9 MIN  
RUNOFF FROM PORTION OF MILLENIA AND PORTION OF OTAY RANCH VILLAGE 11  
PER STUDIES DONE BY RICK ENGINEERING COMPANY AND HUNSAKER & ASSOCIATES

\*\*\*\*\*  
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 203.00 TO NODE 203.00 IS CODE = 7

>>>>USER SPECIFIED HYDROLOGY INFORMATION AT NODE<<<<<

=====

USER-SPECIFIED VALUES ARE AS FOLLOWS:

TC(MIN) = 8.90 RAIN INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 4.54  
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 53.20 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 155.00

\*\*\*\*\*  
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 203.00 TO NODE 207.00 IS CODE = 31

>>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<

>>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<<<<<

=====

ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM( FEET) = 552.00 DOWNSTREAM( FEET) = 397.20  
FLOW LENGTH( FEET) = 2200.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013  
DEPTH OF FLOW IN 36.0 INCH PIPE IS 27.3 INCHES  
PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY( FEET/SEC.) = 26.95  
ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER( INCH) = 36.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1  
PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 155.00  
PIPE TRAVEL TIME( MIN.) = 1.36 Tc( MIN.) = 10.26  
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 0.00 TO NODE 207.00 = 2200.00 FEET.

\*\*\*\*\*  
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 207.00 TO NODE 207.00 IS CODE = 81

>>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<<

=====

100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 4.143  
\*USER SPECIFIED(SUBAREA):  
USER-SPECIFIED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8700  
S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 0  
AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.6623  
SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 5.30 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 19.10  
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 58.50 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 160.51  
TC(MIN.) = 10.26

\*\*\*\*\*  
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 207.00 TO NODE 207.00 IS CODE = 1

>>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<<

>>>>AND COMPUTE VARIOUS CONFLUENCED STREAM VALUES<<<<<

=====

TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2  
CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 2 ARE:  
TIME OF CONCENTRATION( MIN.) = 10.26  
RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 4.14  
TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 58.50  
PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 160.51

\*\* CONFLUENCE DATA \*\*

STREAM	RUNOFF	Tc	INTENSITY	AREA
--------	--------	----	-----------	------

NUMBER	(CFS)	(MIN.)	(INCH/HOUR)	(ACRE)
1	274.15	8.86	4.553	69.80
2	160.51	10.26	4.143	58.50

RAINFALL INTENSITY AND TIME OF CONCENTRATION RATIO  
CONFLUENCE FORMULA USED FOR 2 STREAMS.

\*\* PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE \*\*

STREAM NUMBER	RUNOFF (CFS)	Tc (MIN.)	INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR)
1	412.82	8.86	4.553
2	409.98	10.26	4.143

COMPUTED CONFLUENCE ESTIMATES ARE AS FOLLOWS:

PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) = 412.82 Tc (MIN.) = 8.86  
TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 128.30  
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 200.00 TO NODE 207.00 = 2849.10 FEET.

\*\*\*\*\*  
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 207.00 TO NODE 228.00 IS CODE = 31

>>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<  
>>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW) <<<<<

=====

ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM (FEET) = 397.20 DOWNSTREAM (FEET) = 389.00  
FLOW LENGTH (FEET) = 420.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013  
DEPTH OF FLOW IN 66.0 INCH PIPE IS 50.2 INCHES  
PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 21.28  
ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER (INCH) = 66.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1  
PIPE-FLOW (CFS) = 412.82  
PIPE TRAVEL TIME (MIN.) = 0.33 Tc (MIN.) = 9.19  
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 200.00 TO NODE 228.00 = 3269.10 FEET.

\*\*\*\*\*  
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 228.00 TO NODE 228.00 IS CODE = 81

>>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<<

=====

100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 4.447  
\*USER SPECIFIED (SUBAREA):  
USER-SPECIFIED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8700  
S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 0  
AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.7716  
SUBAREA AREA (ACRES) = 9.40 SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 36.37  
TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 137.70 TOTAL RUNOFF (CFS) = 472.52  
TC (MIN.) = 9.19

=====

END OF STUDY SUMMARY:  
TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 137.70 TC (MIN.) = 9.19  
PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) = 472.52

=====

END OF RATIONAL METHOD ANALYSIS

\*\*\*\*\*

RATIONAL METHOD HYDROLOGY COMPUTER PROGRAM PACKAGE
Reference: SAN DIEGO COUNTY FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT
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Analysis prepared by:

RICK ENGINEERING COMPANY
5620 Friars Road
San Diego, California 92110
619-291-0707 Fax 619-291-4165

\*\*\*\*\* DESCRIPTION OF STUDY \*\*\*\*\*
\* UNIVERSITY PARK AND RESEARCH CENTER (UPRC); J-16693-A \*
\* BASIN 300; 100-YEAR, 6-HOUR \*
\* POST-PROJECT (PHASE III) \*
\*\*\*\*\*

FILE NAME: UP3HP00.RAT
TIME/DATE OF STUDY: 16:29 02/20/2014

-----
USER SPECIFIED HYDROLOGY AND HYDRAULIC MODEL INFORMATION:
-----

2003 SAN DIEGO MANUAL CRITERIA

USER SPECIFIED STORM EVENT(YEAR) = 100.00
6-HOUR DURATION PRECIPITATION (INCHES) = 2.500
SPECIFIED MINIMUM PIPE SIZE(INCH) = 18.00
SPECIFIED PERCENT OF GRADIENTS(DECIMAL) TO USE FOR FRICTION SLOPE = 0.90
SAN DIEGO HYDROLOGY MANUAL "C"-VALUES USED FOR RATIONAL METHOD
NOTE: USE MODIFIED RATIONAL METHOD PROCEDURES FOR CONFLUENCE ANALYSIS

\*USER-DEFINED STREET-SECTIONS FOR COUPLED PIPEFLOW AND STREETFLOW MODEL\*

Table with columns: NO., WIDTH (FT), HALF-CROWN TO CROSSFALL (FT), STREET-CROSSFALL: IN- / OUT- / PARK- SIDE / SIDE / WAY, CURB HEIGHT (FT), GUTTER GEOMETRIES: LIP (FT), HIKE (FT), MANNING FACTOR (n). Row 1: 1, 30.0, 20.0, 0.018/0.018/0.020, 0.67, 2.00, 0.0313, 0.167, 0.0150

GLOBAL STREET FLOW-DEPTH CONSTRAINTS:

- 1. Relative Flow-Depth = 0.00 FEET as (Maximum Allowable Street Flow Depth) - (Top-of-Curb)
2. (Depth)\*(Velocity) Constraint = 6.0 (FT\*FT/S)
\*SIZE PIPE WITH A FLOW CAPACITY GREATER THAN OR EQUAL TO THE UPSTREAM TRIBUTARY PIPE.\*

\*\*\*\*\*
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 301.00 TO NODE 302.00 IS CODE = 21
-----

>>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<<

\*\*\*\*\*
\*USER SPECIFIED(SUBAREA):
USER-SPECIFIED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8500
S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 0
INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) = 50.00
UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 540.00
DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 539.00
ELEVATION DIFFERENCE(FEET) = 1.00

SUBAREA OVERLAND TIME OF FLOW(MIN.) = 2.526  
 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 6.587  
 NOTE: RAINFALL INTENSITY IS BASED ON Tc = 5-MINUTE.  
 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 2.24  
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.40 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 2.24

\*\*\*\*\*  
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 302.00 TO NODE 303.00 IS CODE = 31

>>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<  
 >>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<<<<<

=====

ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM( FEET) = 520.00 DOWNSTREAM( FEET) = 495.00  
 FLOW LENGTH( FEET) = 1200.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013  
 ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER( INCH) INCREASED TO 18.000  
 DEPTH OF FLOW IN 18.0 INCH PIPE IS 4.8 INCHES  
 PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY( FEET/SEC.) = 5.91  
 ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER( INCH) = 18.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1  
 PIPE-FLOW( CFS) = 2.24  
 PIPE TRAVEL TIME( MIN.) = 3.38 Tc( MIN.) = 5.91  
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 301.00 TO NODE 303.00 = 1250.00 FEET.

\*\*\*\*\*  
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 303.00 TO NODE 303.00 IS CODE = 81

>>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<<

=====

100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY( INCH/HOUR) = 5.915  
 \*USER SPECIFIED( SUBAREA) :  
 USER-SPECIFIED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8500  
 S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 0  
 AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.8500  
 SUBAREA AREA( ACRES) = 4.60 SUBAREA RUNOFF( CFS) = 23.13  
 TOTAL AREA( ACRES) = 5.00 TOTAL RUNOFF( CFS) = 25.14  
 TC( MIN.) = 5.91

\*\*\*\*\*  
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 303.00 TO NODE 303.00 IS CODE = 1

>>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<<

=====

TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2  
 CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 1 ARE:  
 TIME OF CONCENTRATION( MIN.) = 5.91  
 RAINFALL INTENSITY( INCH/HR) = 5.91  
 TOTAL STREAM AREA( ACRES) = 5.00  
 PEAK FLOW RATE( CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 25.14

+-----+  
 | Q(100) = 7.4 CFS (+/-); A = 11.0 AC (+/-); TC = 18 MIN (+/-)  
 | RUNOFF ESTIMATED FOR APPROXIMATE 11.0-ACRE HIGH TECH HIGH SITE  
 | BASED ON DRAINAGE STUDY BY RBF CONSULTING  
 +-----+

\*\*\*\*\*  
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 300.00 TO NODE 300.00 IS CODE = 7

>>>>USER SPECIFIED HYDROLOGY INFORMATION AT NODE<<<<<

=====

USER-SPECIFIED VALUES ARE AS FOLLOWS:  
 TC( MIN) = 18.00 RAIN INTENSITY( INCH/HOUR) = 2.88

TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 11.00 TOTAL RUNOFF (CFS) = 7.40

\*\*\*\*\*  
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 303.00 TO NODE 303.00 IS CODE = 1

-----  
>>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<<  
>>>>AND COMPUTE VARIOUS CONFLUENCED STREAM VALUES<<<<<

=====

TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2  
CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 2 ARE:  
TIME OF CONCENTRATION (MIN.) = 18.00  
RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HR) = 2.88  
TOTAL STREAM AREA (ACRES) = 11.00  
PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 7.40

\*\* CONFLUENCE DATA \*\*

STREAM NUMBER	RUNOFF (CFS)	Tc (MIN.)	INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR)	AREA (ACRE)
1	25.14	5.91	5.915	5.00
2	7.40	18.00	2.883	11.00

RAINFALL INTENSITY AND TIME OF CONCENTRATION RATIO  
CONFLUENCE FORMULA USED FOR 2 STREAMS.

\*\* PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE \*\*

STREAM NUMBER	RUNOFF (CFS)	Tc (MIN.)	INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR)
1	27.57	5.91	5.915
2	19.65	18.00	2.883

COMPUTED CONFLUENCE ESTIMATES ARE AS FOLLOWS:  
PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) = 27.57 Tc (MIN.) = 5.91  
TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 16.00  
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 301.00 TO NODE 303.00 = 1250.00 FEET.

\*\*\*\*\*  
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 303.00 TO NODE 315.00 IS CODE = 31

-----  
>>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<  
>>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<<<<<

=====

ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM (FEET) = 495.00 DOWNSTREAM (FEET) = 463.00  
FLOW LENGTH (FEET) = 3070.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013  
DEPTH OF FLOW IN 27.0 INCH PIPE IS 20.4 INCHES  
PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 8.56  
ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER (INCH) = 27.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1  
PIPE-FLOW (CFS) = 27.57  
PIPE TRAVEL TIME (MIN.) = 5.98 Tc (MIN.) = 11.89  
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 301.00 TO NODE 315.00 = 4320.00 FEET.

\*\*\*\*\*  
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 300.00 TO NODE 315.00 IS CODE = 81

-----  
>>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<<

=====

100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 3.768  
\*USER SPECIFIED (SUBAREA):  
USER-SPECIFIED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8500  
S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 0  
AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.7662  
SUBAREA AREA (ACRES) = 64.90 SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 207.86

TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 80.90 TOTAL RUNOFF (CFS) = 233.54  
TC (MIN.) = 11.89

=====  
END OF STUDY SUMMARY:

TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 80.90 TC (MIN.) = 11.89  
PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) = 233.54  
=====

=====  
END OF RATIONAL METHOD ANALYSIS



\*\*\*\*\*

RATIONAL METHOD HYDROLOGY COMPUTER PROGRAM PACKAGE

Reference: SAN DIEGO COUNTY FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT

2003,1985,1981 HYDROLOGY MANUAL

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Analysis prepared by:

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5620 Friars Road
San Diego, California 92110
619-291-0707 Fax 619-291-4165

\*\*\*\*\* DESCRIPTION OF STUDY \*\*\*\*\*

- \* UNIVERSITY PARK AND RESEARCH CENTER (UPRC); J-16693-A
\* BASIN 400; 100-YEAR, 6-HOUR
\* POST-PROJECT (PHASE III)

FILE NAME: UP4HP00.RAT
TIME/DATE OF STUDY: 10:28 12/26/2013

-----
USER SPECIFIED HYDROLOGY AND HYDRAULIC MODEL INFORMATION:
-----

2003 SAN DIEGO MANUAL CRITERIA

USER SPECIFIED STORM EVENT(YEAR) = 100.00
6-HOUR DURATION PRECIPITATION (INCHES) = 2.500
SPECIFIED MINIMUM PIPE SIZE(INCH) = 18.00
SPECIFIED PERCENT OF GRADIENTS(DECIMAL) TO USE FOR FRICTION SLOPE = 0.90
SAN DIEGO HYDROLOGY MANUAL "C"-VALUES USED FOR RATIONAL METHOD
NOTE: USE MODIFIED RATIONAL METHOD PROCEDURES FOR CONFLUENCE ANALYSIS

\*USER-DEFINED STREET-SECTIONS FOR COUPLED PIPEFLOW AND STREETFLOW MODEL\*

Table with columns: NO., HALF-WIDTH (FT), CROWN TO CROSSFALL (FT), STREET-CROSSFALL: IN-SIDE / OUT-SIDE / PARK-WAY, CURB HEIGHT (FT), GUTTER WIDTH (FT), GUTTER LIP (FT), GUTTER HIKE (FT), MANNING FACTOR (n). Row 1: 1, 30.0, 20.0, 0.018/0.018/0.020, 0.67, 2.00, 0.0313, 0.167, 0.0150

GLOBAL STREET FLOW-DEPTH CONSTRAINTS:

- 1. Relative Flow-Depth = 0.00 FEET as (Maximum Allowable Street Flow Depth) - (Top-of-Curb)
2. (Depth)\*(Velocity) Constraint = 6.0 (FT\*FT/S)
\*SIZE PIPE WITH A FLOW CAPACITY GREATER THAN OR EQUAL TO THE UPSTREAM TRIBUTARY PIPE.\*

\*\*\*\*\*
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 400.00 TO NODE 402.00 IS CODE = 21
-----

>>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<<

\*USER SPECIFIED(SUBAREA):
USER-SPECIFIED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8500
S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 0
INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) = 60.00
UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 488.00
DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 487.40
ELEVATION DIFFERENCE(FEET) = 0.60

SUBAREA OVERLAND TIME OF FLOW(MIN.) = 3.486  
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 6.587  
NOTE: RAINFALL INTENSITY IS BASED ON Tc = 5-MINUTE.  
SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.56  
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.10 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.56

\*\*\*\*\*  
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 402.00 TO NODE 410.00 IS CODE = 31  
-----

>>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<  
>>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW) <<<<<

=====

ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) =	481.40	DOWNSTREAM(FEET) =	464.40
FLOW LENGTH(FEET) =	1865.00	MANNING'S N =	0.013
ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) INCREASED TO	18.000		
DEPTH OF FLOW IN 18.0 INCH PIPE IS	3.0 INCHES		
PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) =	2.94		
ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) =	18.00	NUMBER OF PIPES =	1
PIPE-FLOW(CFS) =	0.56		
PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) =	10.57	Tc(MIN.) =	14.05
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 400.00 TO NODE 410.00 =	1925.00 FEET.		

\*\*\*\*\*  
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 402.00 TO NODE 410.00 IS CODE = 81  
-----

>>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<<

=====

100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) =	3.382		
*USER SPECIFIED(SUBAREA):			
USER-SPECIFIED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT =	.8500		
S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) =	0		
AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT =	0.8500		
SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) =	27.50	SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) =	79.06
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =	27.60	TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) =	79.34
TC(MIN.) =	14.05		

=====

END OF STUDY SUMMARY:			
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =	27.60	TC(MIN.) =	14.05
PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) =	79.34		

=====

END OF RATIONAL METHOD ANALYSIS

\*\*\*\*\*

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Analysis prepared by:

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\*\*\*\*\* DESCRIPTION OF STUDY \*\*\*\*\*  
\* UNIVERSITY PARK AND RESEARCH CENTER (UPRC); J-16693-A \*  
\* BASIN 500; 100-YEAR, 6-HOUR \*  
\* POST-PROJECT (PHASE III) \*  
\*\*\*\*\*

FILE NAME: UP5HP00.RAT  
TIME/DATE OF STUDY: 10:31 12/26/2013

-----  
USER SPECIFIED HYDROLOGY AND HYDRAULIC MODEL INFORMATION:  
-----

2003 SAN DIEGO MANUAL CRITERIA

USER SPECIFIED STORM EVENT (YEAR) = 100.00  
6-HOUR DURATION PRECIPITATION (INCHES) = 2.500  
SPECIFIED MINIMUM PIPE SIZE (INCH) = 18.00  
SPECIFIED PERCENT OF GRADIENTS (DECIMAL) TO USE FOR FRICTION SLOPE = 0.90  
SAN DIEGO HYDROLOGY MANUAL "C"-VALUES USED FOR RATIONAL METHOD  
NOTE: USE MODIFIED RATIONAL METHOD PROCEDURES FOR CONFLUENCE ANALYSIS

\*USER-DEFINED STREET-SECTIONS FOR COUPLED PIPEFLOW AND STREETFLOW MODEL\*

NO.	HALF-CROWN TO		STREET-CROSSFALL:		CURB HEIGHT (FT)	GUTTER-GEOMETRIES:			MANNING FACTOR (n)
	WIDTH (FT)	CROSSFALL (FT)	IN-SIDE	OUT-SIDE/PARK-WAY		WIDTH (FT)	LIP (FT)	HIKE (FT)	
1	30.0	20.0	0.018	0.018/0.020	0.67	2.00	0.0313	0.167	0.0150

GLOBAL STREET FLOW-DEPTH CONSTRAINTS:

1. Relative Flow-Depth = 0.00 FEET  
as (Maximum Allowable Street Flow Depth) - (Top-of-Curb)
2. (Depth)\*(Velocity) Constraint = 6.0 (FT\*FT/S)

\*SIZE PIPE WITH A FLOW CAPACITY GREATER THAN  
OR EQUAL TO THE UPSTREAM TRIBUTARY PIPE.\*

\*\*\*\*\*  
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 500.00 TO NODE 502.00 IS CODE = 21  
-----

>>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<<

\*\*\*\*\*  
\*USER SPECIFIED (SUBAREA) :  
USER-SPECIFIED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8500  
S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 0  
INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH (FEET) = 60.00  
UPSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 478.00  
DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 477.10  
ELEVATION DIFFERENCE (FEET) = 0.90

SUBAREA OVERLAND TIME OF FLOW(MIN.) = 3.045  
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 6.587  
NOTE: RAINFALL INTENSITY IS BASED ON Tc = 5-MINUTE.  
SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.56  
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.10 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.56

\*\*\*\*\*  
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 502.00 TO NODE 504.00 IS CODE = 31  
-----

>>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<  
>>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW) <<<<<

=====

ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM( FEET ) =	471.10	DOWNSTREAM( FEET ) =	464.20
FLOW LENGTH( FEET ) =	674.30	MANNING'S N =	0.013
ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER( INCH ) INCREASED TO	18.000		
DEPTH OF FLOW IN 18.0 INCH PIPE IS	2.9 INCHES		
PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY( FEET/SEC. ) =	3.07		
ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER( INCH ) =	18.00	NUMBER OF PIPES =	1
PIPE-FLOW( CFS ) =	0.56		
PIPE TRAVEL TIME( MIN. ) =	3.66	Tc( MIN. ) =	6.70
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE	500.00	TO NODE	504.00 = 734.30 FEET.

\*\*\*\*\*  
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 502.00 TO NODE 504.00 IS CODE = 81  
-----

>>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<<

=====

100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY( INCH/HOUR ) =	5.452		
*USER SPECIFIED( SUBAREA ) :			
USER-SPECIFIED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT =	.8500		
S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) =	0		
AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT =	0.8500		
SUBAREA AREA( ACRES ) =	5.70	SUBAREA RUNOFF( CFS ) =	26.42
TOTAL AREA( ACRES ) =	5.80	TOTAL RUNOFF( CFS ) =	26.88
TC( MIN. ) =	6.70		

=====

END OF STUDY SUMMARY:			
TOTAL AREA( ACRES ) =	5.80	TC( MIN. ) =	6.70
PEAK FLOW RATE( CFS ) =	26.88		

=====

END OF RATIONAL METHOD ANALYSIS

\*\*\*\*\*

RATIONAL METHOD HYDROLOGY COMPUTER PROGRAM PACKAGE

Reference: SAN DIEGO COUNTY FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT

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619-291-0707 Fax 619-291-4165

\*\*\*\*\* DESCRIPTION OF STUDY \*\*\*\*\*

- \* UNIVERSITY PARK AND RESEARCH CENTER (UPRC); J-16693-A
\* BASIN 600; 100-YEAR, 6-HOUR
\* POST-PROJECT (PHASE III)

FILE NAME: UP6HP00.RAT
TIME/DATE OF STUDY: 10:32 12/26/2013

-----
USER SPECIFIED HYDROLOGY AND HYDRAULIC MODEL INFORMATION:
-----

2003 SAN DIEGO MANUAL CRITERIA

USER SPECIFIED STORM EVENT (YEAR) = 100.00
6-HOUR DURATION PRECIPITATION (INCHES) = 2.500
SPECIFIED MINIMUM PIPE SIZE (INCH) = 18.00
SPECIFIED PERCENT OF GRADIENTS (DECIMAL) TO USE FOR FRICTION SLOPE = 0.90
SAN DIEGO HYDROLOGY MANUAL "C"-VALUES USED FOR RATIONAL METHOD
NOTE: USE MODIFIED RATIONAL METHOD PROCEDURES FOR CONFLUENCE ANALYSIS

\*USER-DEFINED STREET-SECTIONS FOR COUPLED PIPEFLOW AND STREETFLOW MODEL\*

Table with 10 columns: NO., HALF-WIDTH (FT), CROWN TO CROSSFALL (FT), STREET-CROSSFALL IN-/OUT-/PARK-SIDE / SIDE/ WAY, CURB HEIGHT (FT), GUTTER WIDTH (FT), LIP (FT), HIKE (FT), GEOMETRIES, MANNING FACTOR (n). Row 1: 1, 30.0, 20.0, 0.018/0.018/0.020, 0.67, 2.00, 0.0313, 0.167, 0.0150

GLOBAL STREET FLOW-DEPTH CONSTRAINTS:

- 1. Relative Flow-Depth = 0.00 FEET as (Maximum Allowable Street Flow Depth) - (Top-of-Curb)
2. (Depth)\*(Velocity) Constraint = 6.0 (FT\*FT/S)
\*SIZE PIPE WITH A FLOW CAPACITY GREATER THAN OR EQUAL TO THE UPSTREAM TRIBUTARY PIPE.\*

\*\*\*\*\*
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 600.00 TO NODE 602.00 IS CODE = 21
-----

>>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<<

\*USER SPECIFIED (SUBAREA) :
USER-SPECIFIED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8500
S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 0
INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH (FEET) = 60.00
UPSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 482.00
DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 481.10
ELEVATION DIFFERENCE (FEET) = 0.90

SUBAREA OVERLAND TIME OF FLOW(MIN.) = 3.045  
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 6.587  
NOTE: RAINFALL INTENSITY IS BASED ON Tc = 5-MINUTE.  
SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.56  
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.10 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.56

\*\*\*\*\*  
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 602.00 TO NODE 690.00 IS CODE = 31  
-----

>>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<  
>>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<<<<<

=====

ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) =	475.10	DOWNSTREAM(FEET) =	463.60
FLOW LENGTH(FEET) =	1087.00	MANNING'S N =	0.013
ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) INCREASED TO	18.000		
DEPTH OF FLOW IN 18.0 INCH PIPE IS	2.8 INCHES		
PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) =	3.12		
ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) =	18.00	NUMBER OF PIPES =	1
PIPE-FLOW(CFS) =	0.56		
PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) =	5.81	Tc(MIN.) =	8.86
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE	600.00	TO NODE	690.00 = 1147.00 FEET.

\*\*\*\*\*  
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 602.00 TO NODE 690.00 IS CODE = 81  
-----

>>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<<

=====

100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) =	4.556		
*USER SPECIFIED(SUBAREA):			
USER-SPECIFIED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT =	.8500		
S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) =	0		
AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT =	0.8500		
SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) =	7.70	SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) =	29.82
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =	7.80	TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) =	30.20
TC(MIN.) =	8.86		

=====

END OF STUDY SUMMARY:			
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =	7.80	TC(MIN.) =	8.86
PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) =	30.20		

=====

END OF RATIONAL METHOD ANALYSIS

\*\*\*\*\*

RATIONAL METHOD HYDROLOGY COMPUTER PROGRAM PACKAGE  
Reference: SAN DIEGO COUNTY FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT  
2003,1985,1981 HYDROLOGY MANUAL  
(c) Copyright 1982-2003 Advanced Engineering Software (aes)  
Ver. 1.5A Release Date: 01/01/2003 License ID 1261

Analysis prepared by:

RICK ENGINEERING COMPANY  
5620 Friars Road  
San Diego, California 92110  
619-291-0707 Fax 619-291-4165

\*\*\*\*\* DESCRIPTION OF STUDY \*\*\*\*\*  
\* UNIVERSITY PARK AND RESEARCH CENTER (UPRC); J-16693-A \*  
\* BASIN 700; 100-YEAR, 6-HOUR \*  
\* POST-PROJECT (PHASE III) \*  
\*\*\*\*\*

FILE NAME: UP7HP00.RAT  
TIME/DATE OF STUDY: 10:35 12/26/2013

-----  
USER SPECIFIED HYDROLOGY AND HYDRAULIC MODEL INFORMATION:  
-----

2003 SAN DIEGO MANUAL CRITERIA

USER SPECIFIED STORM EVENT(YEAR) = 100.00  
6-HOUR DURATION PRECIPITATION (INCHES) = 2.500  
SPECIFIED MINIMUM PIPE SIZE(INCH) = 18.00  
SPECIFIED PERCENT OF GRADIENTS(DECIMAL) TO USE FOR FRICTION SLOPE = 0.90  
SAN DIEGO HYDROLOGY MANUAL "C"-VALUES USED FOR RATIONAL METHOD  
NOTE: USE MODIFIED RATIONAL METHOD PROCEDURES FOR CONFLUENCE ANALYSIS

\*USER-DEFINED STREET-SECTIONS FOR COUPLED PIPEFLOW AND STREETFLOW MODEL\*

NO.	WIDTH		CROSSFALL			STREET-CROSSFALL:		CURB GUTTER-GEOMETRIES:			MANNING FACTOR (n)
	(FT)	(FT)	IN-	OUT-	PARK-	HEIGHT (FT)	WIDTH (FT)	LIP (FT)	HIKE (FT)		
1	30.0	20.0	0.018/	0.018/	0.020	0.67	2.00	0.0313	0.167	0.0150	

GLOBAL STREET FLOW-DEPTH CONSTRAINTS:  
1. Relative Flow-Depth = 0.00 FEET  
as (Maximum Allowable Street Flow Depth) - (Top-of-Curb)  
2. (Depth)\*(Velocity) Constraint = 6.0 (FT\*FT/S)  
\*SIZE PIPE WITH A FLOW CAPACITY GREATER THAN  
OR EQUAL TO THE UPSTREAM TRIBUTARY PIPE.\*

\*\*\*\*\*  
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 701.00 TO NODE 702.00 IS CODE = 21  
-----

>>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<<

=====

\*USER SPECIFIED(SUBAREA) :  
USER-SPECIFIED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8500  
S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 0  
INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) = 100.00  
UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 534.00  
DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 510.00  
ELEVATION DIFFERENCE(FEET) = 24.00

SUBAREA OVERLAND TIME OF FLOW(MIN.) = 2.089  
WARNING: THE MAXIMUM OVERLAND FLOW SLOPE, 10.%, IS USED IN Tc CALCULATION!  
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 6.587  
NOTE: RAINFALL INTENSITY IS BASED ON Tc = 5-MINUTE.  
SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 1.68  
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.30 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 1.68

\*\*\*\*\*  
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 702.00 TO NODE 703.00 IS CODE = 31

-----  
>>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<  
>>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW) <<<<<  
=====

ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 504.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 501.80  
FLOW LENGTH(FEET) = 220.60 MANNING'S N = 0.013  
ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) INCREASED TO 18.000  
DEPTH OF FLOW IN 18.0 INCH PIPE IS 5.0 INCHES  
PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 4.19  
ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 18.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1  
PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 1.68  
PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.88 Tc(MIN.) = 2.97  
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 701.00 TO NODE 703.00 = 320.60 FEET.

\*\*\*\*\*  
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 703.00 TO NODE 754.00 IS CODE = 31

-----  
>>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<  
>>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW) <<<<<  
=====

ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 501.80 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 469.80  
FLOW LENGTH(FEET) = 2469.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013  
ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) INCREASED TO 18.000  
DEPTH OF FLOW IN 18.0 INCH PIPE IS 4.7 INCHES  
PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 4.60  
ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 18.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1  
PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 1.68  
PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 8.95 Tc(MIN.) = 11.91  
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 701.00 TO NODE 754.00 = 2789.60 FEET.

\*\*\*\*\*  
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 703.00 TO NODE 754.00 IS CODE = 81

-----  
>>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<<  
=====

100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 3.763  
\*USER SPECIFIED(SUBAREA):  
USER-SPECIFIED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8500  
S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 0  
AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.8500  
SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 31.20 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 99.78  
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 31.50 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 100.74  
TC(MIN.) = 11.91

-----  
END OF STUDY SUMMARY:  
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 31.50 TC(MIN.) = 11.91  
PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 100.74  
=====

-----  
END OF RATIONAL METHOD ANALYSIS



\*\*\*\*\*

RATIONAL METHOD HYDROLOGY COMPUTER PROGRAM PACKAGE  
Reference: SAN DIEGO COUNTY FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT  
2003,1985,1981 HYDROLOGY MANUAL  
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Ver. 1.5A Release Date: 01/01/2003 License ID 1261

Analysis prepared by:

RICK ENGINEERING COMPANY  
5620 Friars Road  
San Diego, California 92110  
619-291-0707 Fax 619-291-4165

\*\*\*\*\* DESCRIPTION OF STUDY \*\*\*\*\*  
\* UNIVERSITY PARK AND RESEARCH CENTER (UPRC); J-16693-A \*  
\* BASINS 300, 400, 500, 600 AND 700; 100-YR, 6-HOUR \*  
\* POST-PROJECT (PHASE III - COMBINED MAJOR DRAINAGE BASINS 300 THRU 700) \*  
\*\*\*\*\*

FILE NAME: UPPH3P00.RAT  
TIME/DATE OF STUDY: 16:31 02/20/2014

-----  
USER SPECIFIED HYDROLOGY AND HYDRAULIC MODEL INFORMATION:  
-----

2003 SAN DIEGO MANUAL CRITERIA

USER SPECIFIED STORM EVENT (YEAR) = 100.00  
6-HOUR DURATION PRECIPITATION (INCHES) = 2.500  
SPECIFIED MINIMUM PIPE SIZE (INCH) = 18.00  
SPECIFIED PERCENT OF GRADIENTS (DECIMAL) TO USE FOR FRICTION SLOPE = 0.90  
SAN DIEGO HYDROLOGY MANUAL "C"-VALUES USED FOR RATIONAL METHOD  
NOTE: USE MODIFIED RATIONAL METHOD PROCEDURES FOR CONFLUENCE ANALYSIS

\*USER-DEFINED STREET-SECTIONS FOR COUPLED PIPEFLOW AND STREETFLOW MODEL\*

NO.	HALF-	CROWN TO	STREET-CROSSFALL:		CURB	GUTTER-GEOMETRIES:		MANNING	
	WIDTH	CROSSFALL	IN-	OUT-/PARK-	HEIGHT	WIDTH	LIP	HIKE	
	(FT)	(FT)	SIDE	/ SIDE/ WAY	(FT)	(FT)	(FT)	(n)	
1	30.0	20.0	0.018/0.018/0.020		0.67	2.00	0.0313	0.167	0.0150

GLOBAL STREET FLOW-DEPTH CONSTRAINTS:

1. Relative Flow-Depth = 0.00 FEET  
as (Maximum Allowable Street Flow Depth) - (Top-of-Curb)
2. (Depth)\*(Velocity) Constraint = 6.0 (FT\*FT/S)

\*SIZE PIPE WITH A FLOW CAPACITY GREATER THAN  
OR EQUAL TO THE UPSTREAM TRIBUTARY PIPE.\*

+-----+  
| RUNOFF FROM BASIN 300 |  
+-----+

\*\*\*\*\*  
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 315.00 TO NODE 315.00 IS CODE = 7  
-----

>>>>USER SPECIFIED HYDROLOGY INFORMATION AT NODE<<<<<

=====

USER-SPECIFIED VALUES ARE AS FOLLOWS:

TC(MIN) = 11.90 RAIN INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 3.77  
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 80.90 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 233.50

\*\*\*\*\*  
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 315.00 TO NODE 315.00 IS CODE = 1

>>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<<

=====

TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 5  
CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 1 ARE:  
TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) = 11.90  
RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 3.77  
TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 80.90  
PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 233.50

+-----+  
| RUNOFF FROM BASIN 700 |  
+-----+

\*\*\*\*\*  
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 701.00 TO NODE 315.00 IS CODE = 7

>>>>USER SPECIFIED HYDROLOGY INFORMATION AT NODE<<<<<

=====

USER-SPECIFIED VALUES ARE AS FOLLOWS:  
TC(MIN) = 11.90 RAIN INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 3.77  
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 31.50 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 100.70

\*\*\*\*\*  
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 315.00 TO NODE 315.00 IS CODE = 1

>>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<<

=====

TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 5  
CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 2 ARE:  
TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) = 11.90  
RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 3.77  
TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 31.50  
PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 100.70

+-----+  
| RUNOFF FROM BASIN 400 |  
+-----+

\*\*\*\*\*  
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 400.00 TO NODE 315.00 IS CODE = 7

>>>>USER SPECIFIED HYDROLOGY INFORMATION AT NODE<<<<<

=====

USER-SPECIFIED VALUES ARE AS FOLLOWS:  
TC(MIN) = 14.10 RAIN INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 3.37  
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 27.60 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 79.30

\*\*\*\*\*  
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 315.00 TO NODE 315.00 IS CODE = 1

>>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<<

```
=====
TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 5
CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 3 ARE:
TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) = 14.10
RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 3.37
TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 27.60
PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 79.30
=====
```

```
+-----+
| RUNOFF FROM BASIN 600 |
+-----+
```

```
*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 600.00 TO NODE 315.00 IS CODE = 7
-----
```

```
>>>>USER SPECIFIED HYDROLOGY INFORMATION AT NODE<<<<<
```

```
=====
USER-SPECIFIED VALUES ARE AS FOLLOWS:
TC(MIN) = 8.90 RAIN INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 4.54
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 7.80 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 30.20
=====
```

```
*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 315.00 TO NODE 315.00 IS CODE = 1
-----
```

```
>>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<<
```

```
=====
TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 5
CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 4 ARE:
TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) = 8.90
RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 4.54
TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 7.80
PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 30.20
=====
```

```
+-----+
| RUNOFF FROM BASIN 500 |
+-----+
```

```
*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 500.00 TO NODE 315.00 IS CODE = 7
-----
```

```
>>>>USER SPECIFIED HYDROLOGY INFORMATION AT NODE<<<<<
```

```
=====
USER-SPECIFIED VALUES ARE AS FOLLOWS:
TC(MIN) = 6.70 RAIN INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 5.45
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 5.80 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 26.90
=====
```

```
*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 315.00 TO NODE 315.00 IS CODE = 1
-----
```

```
>>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<<
>>>>AND COMPUTE VARIOUS CONFLUENCED STREAM VALUES<<<<<
```

```
=====
TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 5
CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 5 ARE:
TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) = 6.70
RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 5.45
TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 5.80
=====
```

PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 26.90

\*\* CONFLUENCE DATA \*\*

STREAM NUMBER	RUNOFF (CFS)	Tc (MIN.)	INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR)	AREA (ACRE)
1	233.50	11.90	3.765	80.90
2	100.70	11.90	3.765	31.50
3	79.30	14.10	3.375	27.60
4	30.20	8.90	4.541	7.80
5	26.90	6.70	5.454	5.80

RAINFALL INTENSITY AND TIME OF CONCENTRATION RATIO  
CONFLUENCE FORMULA USED FOR 5 STREAMS.

\*\* PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE \*\*

STREAM NUMBER	RUNOFF (CFS)	Tc (MIN.)	INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR)
1	275.48	6.70	5.454
2	352.60	8.90	4.541
3	444.74	11.90	3.765
4	444.74	11.90	3.765
5	417.95	14.10	3.375

COMPUTED CONFLUENCE ESTIMATES ARE AS FOLLOWS:

PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 444.74 Tc(MIN.) = 11.90

TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 153.60

LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 301.00 TO NODE 315.00 = 0.00 FEET.

=====  
END OF STUDY SUMMARY:

TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 153.60 TC(MIN.) = 11.90

PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 444.74  
=====

=====  
END OF RATIONAL METHOD ANALYSIS

\*\*\*\*\*

RATIONAL METHOD HYDROLOGY COMPUTER PROGRAM PACKAGE

Reference: SAN DIEGO COUNTY FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT

2003,1985,1981 HYDROLOGY MANUAL

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Ver. 1.5A Release Date: 01/01/2003 License ID 1261

Analysis prepared by:

RICK ENGINEERING COMPANY
5620 Friars Road
San Diego, California 92110
619-291-0707 Fax 619-291-4165

\*\*\*\*\* DESCRIPTION OF STUDY \*\*\*\*\*
\* UNIVERSITY PARK AND RESEARCH CENTER (UPRC); J-16693-A \*
\* BASIN 1000; 100-YEAR, 6-HOUR \*
\* POST-PROJECT (PHASE IV) \*
\*\*\*\*\*

FILE NAME: UP10HP00.RAT
TIME/DATE OF STUDY: 13:26 02/09/2014

-----
USER SPECIFIED HYDROLOGY AND HYDRAULIC MODEL INFORMATION:
-----

2003 SAN DIEGO MANUAL CRITERIA

USER SPECIFIED STORM EVENT (YEAR) = 100.00
6-HOUR DURATION PRECIPITATION (INCHES) = 2.500
SPECIFIED MINIMUM PIPE SIZE (INCH) = 18.00
SPECIFIED PERCENT OF GRADIENTS (DECIMAL) TO USE FOR FRICTION SLOPE = 0.90
SAN DIEGO HYDROLOGY MANUAL "C"-VALUES USED FOR RATIONAL METHOD
NOTE: USE MODIFIED RATIONAL METHOD PROCEDURES FOR CONFLUENCE ANALYSIS

\*USER-DEFINED STREET-SECTIONS FOR COUPLED PIPEFLOW AND STREETFLOW MODEL\*

Table with 9 columns: NO., HALF-WIDTH (FT), CROWN TO CROSSFALL (FT), STREET-CROSSFALL IN-/OUT-/PARK-SIDE / SIDE/ WAY, CURB HEIGHT (FT), GUTTER WIDTH (FT), GUTTER LIP (FT), GUTTER HIKE (FT), MANNING FACTOR (n). Row 1: 1, 30.0, 20.0, 0.018/0.018/0.020, 0.67, 2.00, 0.0313, 0.167, 0.0150

GLOBAL STREET FLOW-DEPTH CONSTRAINTS:

- 1. Relative Flow-Depth = 0.00 FEET as (Maximum Allowable Street Flow Depth) - (Top-of-Curb)
2. (Depth)\*(Velocity) Constraint = 6.0 (FT\*FT/S)

\*SIZE PIPE WITH A FLOW CAPACITY GREATER THAN OR EQUAL TO THE UPSTREAM TRIBUTARY PIPE.\*

\*\*\*\*\*
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1001.00 TO NODE 1005.00 IS CODE = 21
-----

>>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<<
=====

\*USER SPECIFIED (SUBAREA) :
USER-SPECIFIED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8500
S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 0
INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH (FEET) = 50.00
UPSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 510.00
DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 509.50
ELEVATION DIFFERENCE (FEET) = 0.50

SUBAREA OVERLAND TIME OF FLOW(MIN.) = 3.182  
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 6.587  
NOTE: RAINFALL INTENSITY IS BASED ON Tc = 5-MINUTE.  
SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 2.24  
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.40 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 2.24

\*\*\*\*\*  
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1005.00 TO NODE 1010.00 IS CODE = 31  
-----

>>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<  
>>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<<<<<

=====

ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) =	509.50	DOWNSTREAM(FEET) =	508.50
FLOW LENGTH(FEET) =	400.00	MANNING'S N =	0.019
DEPTH OF FLOW IN 18.0 INCH PIPE IS	10.7 INCHES		
PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) =	2.06		
ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) =	18.00	NUMBER OF PIPES =	1
PIPE-FLOW(CFS) =	2.24		
PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) =	3.24	Tc(MIN.) =	6.42
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 1001.00 TO NODE 1010.00 =	450.00 FEET.		

\*\*\*\*\*  
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1010.00 TO NODE 1010.00 IS CODE = 81  
-----

>>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<<

=====

100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) =	5.603		
*USER SPECIFIED(SUBAREA):			
USER-SPECIFIED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT =	.3500		
S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) =	0		
AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT =	0.4676		
SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) =	1.30	SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) =	2.55
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =	1.70	TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) =	4.45
TC(MIN.) =	6.42		

\*\*\*\*\*  
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1010.00 TO NODE 1020.00 IS CODE = 31  
-----

>>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<  
>>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<<<<<

=====

ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) =	508.50	DOWNSTREAM(FEET) =	507.00
FLOW LENGTH(FEET) =	58.00	MANNING'S N =	0.013
ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) INCREASED TO	18.000		
DEPTH OF FLOW IN 18.0 INCH PIPE IS	6.5 INCHES		
PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) =	7.76		
ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) =	18.00	NUMBER OF PIPES =	1
PIPE-FLOW(CFS) =	4.45		
PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) =	0.12	Tc(MIN.) =	6.55
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 1001.00 TO NODE 1020.00 =	508.00 FEET.		

=====

END OF STUDY SUMMARY:

TOTAL AREA(ACRES)	=	1.70	TC(MIN.) =	6.55
PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS)	=	4.45		

=====

END OF RATIONAL METHOD ANALYSIS

\*\*\*\*\*

RATIONAL METHOD HYDROLOGY COMPUTER PROGRAM PACKAGE  
Reference: SAN DIEGO COUNTY FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT  
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Ver. 1.5A Release Date: 01/01/2003 License ID 1261

Analysis prepared by:

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\*\*\*\*\* DESCRIPTION OF STUDY \*\*\*\*\*  
\* UNIVERSITY PARK AND RESEARCH CENTER (UPRC); J-16693-A \*  
\* BASIN 1100; 100-YEAR, 6-HOUR \*  
\* POST-PROJECT (PHASE IV) \*  
\*\*\*\*\*

FILE NAME: UP11HP00.RAT  
TIME/DATE OF STUDY: 14:07 02/09/2014

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USER SPECIFIED HYDROLOGY AND HYDRAULIC MODEL INFORMATION:  
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2003 SAN DIEGO MANUAL CRITERIA

USER SPECIFIED STORM EVENT (YEAR) = 100.00  
6-HOUR DURATION PRECIPITATION (INCHES) = 2.500  
SPECIFIED MINIMUM PIPE SIZE (INCH) = 18.00  
SPECIFIED PERCENT OF GRADIENTS (DECIMAL) TO USE FOR FRICTION SLOPE = 0.90  
SAN DIEGO HYDROLOGY MANUAL "C"-VALUES USED FOR RATIONAL METHOD  
NOTE: USE MODIFIED RATIONAL METHOD PROCEDURES FOR CONFLUENCE ANALYSIS

\*USER-DEFINED STREET-SECTIONS FOR COUPLED PIPEFLOW AND STREETFLOW MODEL\*

NO.	HALF-	CROWN TO	STREET-CROSSFALL:			CURB	GUTTER-GEOMETRIES:		MANNING
	WIDTH	CROSSFALL	IN-	OUT-/PARK-	HEIGHT	WIDTH	LIP HIKE	FACTOR	
	(FT)	(FT)	SIDE /	SIDE/ WAY	(FT)	(FT)	(FT)	(FT)	(n)
1	30.0	20.0	0.018/0.018/0.020		0.67	2.00	0.0313	0.167	0.0150

GLOBAL STREET FLOW-DEPTH CONSTRAINTS:

1. Relative Flow-Depth = 0.00 FEET  
as (Maximum Allowable Street Flow Depth) - (Top-of-Curb)
  2. (Depth)\*(Velocity) Constraint = 6.0 (FT\*FT/S)
- \*SIZE PIPE WITH A FLOW CAPACITY GREATER THAN  
OR EQUAL TO THE UPSTREAM TRIBUTARY PIPE.\*

\*\*\*\*\*  
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1101.00 TO NODE 1105.00 IS CODE = 21  
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>>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<<

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\*USER SPECIFIED (SUBAREA):  
USER-SPECIFIED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8500  
S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 0  
INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH (FEET) = 60.00  
UPSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 570.00  
DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 568.80  
ELEVATION DIFFERENCE (FEET) = 1.20

SUBAREA OVERLAND TIME OF FLOW(MIN.) = 2.767  
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 6.587  
NOTE: RAINFALL INTENSITY IS BASED ON Tc = 5-MINUTE.  
SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 2.24  
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.40 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 2.24

\*\*\*\*\*  
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1105.00 TO NODE 1110.00 IS CODE = 31  
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>>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<  
>>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<<<<<

=====

ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 566.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 557.00  
FLOW LENGTH(FEET) = 450.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013  
ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) INCREASED TO 18.000  
DEPTH OF FLOW IN 18.0 INCH PIPE IS 4.9 INCHES  
PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 5.82  
ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 18.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1  
PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 2.24  
PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 1.29 Tc(MIN.) = 4.05  
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 1101.00 TO NODE 1110.00 = 510.00 FEET.

\*\*\*\*\*  
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1110.00 TO NODE 1110.00 IS CODE = 81  
-----

>>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<<

=====

100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 6.587  
NOTE: RAINFALL INTENSITY IS BASED ON Tc = 5-MINUTE.  
\*USER SPECIFIED(SUBAREA):  
USER-SPECIFIED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8500  
S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 0  
AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.8500  
SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 1.80 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 10.08  
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 2.20 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 12.32  
TC(MIN.) = 4.05

\*\*\*\*\*  
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1110.00 TO NODE 1115.00 IS CODE = 31  
-----

>>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<  
>>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<<<<<

=====

ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 557.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 513.00  
FLOW LENGTH(FEET) = 660.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013  
ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) INCREASED TO 18.000  
DEPTH OF FLOW IN 18.0 INCH PIPE IS 8.8 INCHES  
PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 14.40  
ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 18.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1  
PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 12.32  
PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.76 Tc(MIN.) = 4.82  
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 1101.00 TO NODE 1115.00 = 1170.00 FEET.

\*\*\*\*\*  
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1115.00 TO NODE 1115.00 IS CODE = 81  
-----

>>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<<

=====

100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 6.587  
NOTE: RAINFALL INTENSITY IS BASED ON Tc = 5-MINUTE.  
\*USER SPECIFIED(SUBAREA):



USER-SPECIFIED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8500  
S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 0  
AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.8500  
SUBAREA AREA (ACRES) = 0.50 SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 2.80  
TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 2.70 TOTAL RUNOFF (CFS) = 15.12  
TC (MIN.) = 4.82

\*\*\*\*\*  
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1115.00 TO NODE 1115.00 IS CODE = 81  
-----

>>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<<

=====

100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 6.587  
NOTE: RAINFALL INTENSITY IS BASED ON Tc = 5-MINUTE.  
\*USER SPECIFIED (SUBAREA):  
USER-SPECIFIED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .3500  
S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 0  
AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.6435  
SUBAREA AREA (ACRES) = 1.90 SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 4.38  
TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 4.60 TOTAL RUNOFF (CFS) = 19.50  
TC (MIN.) = 4.82

\*\*\*\*\*  
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1115.00 TO NODE 1130.00 IS CODE = 31  
-----

>>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<  
>>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW) <<<<<

=====

ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM (FEET) = 513.00 DOWNSTREAM (FEET) = 508.00  
FLOW LENGTH (FEET) = 33.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013  
ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER (INCH) INCREASED TO 18.000  
DEPTH OF FLOW IN 18.0 INCH PIPE IS 9.0 INCHES  
PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 21.98  
ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER (INCH) = 18.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1  
PIPE-FLOW (CFS) = 19.50  
PIPE TRAVEL TIME (MIN.) = 0.03 Tc (MIN.) = 4.84  
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 1101.00 TO NODE 1130.00 = 1203.00 FEET.

\*\*\*\*\*  
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1130.00 TO NODE 1150.00 IS CODE = 51  
-----

>>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW<<<<<  
>>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT) <<<<<

=====

ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM (FEET) = 508.00 DOWNSTREAM (FEET) = 504.00  
CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA (FEET) = 90.00 CHANNEL SLOPE = 0.0444  
CHANNEL BASE (FEET) = 3.00 "Z" FACTOR = 4.000  
MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.035 MAXIMUM DEPTH (FEET) = 10.00  
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 6.479  
\*USER SPECIFIED (SUBAREA):  
USER-SPECIFIED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .3500  
S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 0  
TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW (CFS) = 20.18  
TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA BASED ON VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 5.25  
AVERAGE FLOW DEPTH (FEET) = 0.67 TRAVEL TIME (MIN.) = 0.29  
Tc (MIN.) = 5.13  
SUBAREA AREA (ACRES) = 0.60 SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 1.36  
AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.610  
TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 5.20 PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) = 20.54

END OF SUBAREA CHANNEL FLOW HYDRAULICS:

DEPTH (FEET) = 0.68 FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 5.26  
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 1101.00 TO NODE 1150.00 = 1293.00 FEET.

\*\*\*\*\*  
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1150.00 TO NODE 1150.00 IS CODE = 1

-----  
>>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<<

=====

TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2  
CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 1 ARE:  
TIME OF CONCENTRATION (MIN.) = 5.13  
RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HR) = 6.48  
TOTAL STREAM AREA (ACRES) = 5.20  
PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 20.54

\*\*\*\*\*  
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1135.00 TO NODE 1140.00 IS CODE = 21

-----  
>>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<<

=====

\*USER SPECIFIED (SUBAREA):  
USER-SPECIFIED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .3500  
S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 0  
INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH (FEET) = 100.00  
UPSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 508.00  
DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 506.00  
ELEVATION DIFFERENCE (FEET) = 2.00  
SUBAREA OVERLAND TIME OF FLOW (MIN.) = 8.965  
WARNING: INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW PATH LENGTH IS GREATER THAN  
THE MAXIMUM OVERLAND FLOW LENGTH = 70.00  
(Reference: Table 3-1B of Hydrology Manual)  
THE MAXIMUM OVERLAND FLOW LENGTH IS USED IN Tc CALCULATION!  
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 4.520  
SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 1.27  
TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 0.80 TOTAL RUNOFF (CFS) = 1.27

\*\*\*\*\*  
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1140.00 TO NODE 1150.00 IS CODE = 51

-----  
>>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW<<<<<  
>>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT)<<<<<

=====

ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM (FEET) = 506.00 DOWNSTREAM (FEET) = 504.00  
CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA (FEET) = 210.00 CHANNEL SLOPE = 0.0095  
CHANNEL BASE (FEET) = 3.00 "Z" FACTOR = 4.000  
MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.035 MAXIMUM DEPTH (FEET) = 10.00  
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 3.943  
\*USER SPECIFIED (SUBAREA):  
USER-SPECIFIED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .3500  
S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 0  
TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW (CFS) = 2.44  
TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA BASED ON VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 1.66  
AVERAGE FLOW DEPTH (FEET) = 0.34 TRAVEL TIME (MIN.) = 2.11  
Tc (MIN.) = 11.08  
SUBAREA AREA (ACRES) = 1.70 SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 2.35  
AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.350  
TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 2.50 PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) = 3.45

END OF SUBAREA CHANNEL FLOW HYDRAULICS:  
DEPTH (FEET) = 0.41 FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 1.83  
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 1135.00 TO NODE 1150.00 = 310.00 FEET.

\*\*\*\*\*  
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1150.00 TO NODE 1150.00 IS CODE = 1  
-----

>>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<<  
>>>>AND COMPUTE VARIOUS CONFLUENCED STREAM VALUES<<<<<

=====

TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2  
CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 2 ARE:  
TIME OF CONCENTRATION (MIN.) = 11.08  
RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HR) = 3.94  
TOTAL STREAM AREA (ACRES) = 2.50  
PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 3.45

\*\* CONFLUENCE DATA \*\*

STREAM NUMBER	RUNOFF (CFS)	Tc (MIN.)	INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR)	AREA (ACRE)
1	20.54	5.13	6.479	5.20
2	3.45	11.08	3.943	2.50

RAINFALL INTENSITY AND TIME OF CONCENTRATION RATIO  
CONFLUENCE FORMULA USED FOR 2 STREAMS.

\*\* PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE \*\*

STREAM NUMBER	RUNOFF (CFS)	Tc (MIN.)	INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR)
1	22.14	5.13	6.479
2	15.95	11.08	3.943

COMPUTED CONFLUENCE ESTIMATES ARE AS FOLLOWS:

PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) = 22.14 Tc (MIN.) = 5.13  
TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 7.70  
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 1101.00 TO NODE 1150.00 = 1293.00 FEET.

\*\*\*\*\*  
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1150.00 TO NODE 1190.00 IS CODE = 31  
-----

>>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<  
>>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW) <<<<<

=====

ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM (FEET) = 504.00 DOWNSTREAM (FEET) = 494.00  
FLOW LENGTH (FEET) = 60.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013  
ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER (INCH) INCREASED TO 18.000  
DEPTH OF FLOW IN 18.0 INCH PIPE IS 9.5 INCHES  
PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 23.51  
ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER (INCH) = 18.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1  
PIPE-FLOW (CFS) = 22.14  
PIPE TRAVEL TIME (MIN.) = 0.04 Tc (MIN.) = 5.17  
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 1101.00 TO NODE 1190.00 = 1353.00 FEET.

\*\*\*\*\*  
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1190.00 TO NODE 1190.00 IS CODE = 1  
-----

>>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<<

=====

TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2  
CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 1 ARE:  
TIME OF CONCENTRATION (MIN.) = 5.17  
RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HR) = 6.45  
TOTAL STREAM AREA (ACRES) = 7.70  
PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 22.14

\*\*\*\*\*  
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1151.00 TO NODE 1155.00 IS CODE = 21  
-----

>>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<<

=====

\*USER SPECIFIED(SUBAREA):

USER-SPECIFIED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .3500

S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 0

INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) = 90.00

UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 508.00

DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 506.00

ELEVATION DIFFERENCE(FEET) = 2.00

SUBAREA OVERLAND TIME OF FLOW(MIN.) = 8.792

WARNING: INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW PATH LENGTH IS GREATER THAN

THE MAXIMUM OVERLAND FLOW LENGTH = 72.22

(Reference: Table 3-1B of Hydrology Manual)

THE MAXIMUM OVERLAND FLOW LENGTH IS USED IN Tc CALCULATION!

100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 4.577

SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 2.08

TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 1.30 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 2.08

\*\*\*\*\*  
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1155.00 TO NODE 1160.00 IS CODE = 31  
-----

>>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<

>>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<<<<<

=====

ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 506.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 494.00

FLOW LENGTH(FEET) = 70.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013

ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) INCREASED TO 18.000

DEPTH OF FLOW IN 18.0 INCH PIPE IS 2.7 INCHES

PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 12.22

ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 18.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1

PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 2.08

PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.10 Tc(MIN.) = 8.89

LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 1151.00 TO NODE 1160.00 = 160.00 FEET.

\*\*\*\*\*  
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1160.00 TO NODE 1190.00 IS CODE = 51  
-----

>>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW<<<<<

>>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT)<<<<<

=====

ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 494.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 493.00

CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET) = 395.00 CHANNEL SLOPE = 0.0025

CHANNEL BASE(FEET) = 2.00 "Z" FACTOR = 3.000

MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.040 MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) = 10.00

100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 3.190

\*USER SPECIFIED(SUBAREA):

USER-SPECIFIED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .6300

S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 0

TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) = 2.38

TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA BASED ON VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 1.01

AVERAGE FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.61 TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 6.50

Tc(MIN.) = 15.39

SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 0.30 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.60

AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.402

TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 1.60 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 2.08

END OF SUBAREA CHANNEL FLOW HYDRAULICS:

DEPTH (FEET) = 0.58 FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 0.97  
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 1151.00 TO NODE 1190.00 = 555.00 FEET.

\*\*\*\*\*  
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1190.00 TO NODE 1190.00 IS CODE = 1

-----  
>>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<<  
>>>>AND COMPUTE VARIOUS CONFLUENCED STREAM VALUES<<<<<

=====

TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2  
CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 2 ARE:  
TIME OF CONCENTRATION (MIN.) = 15.39  
RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HR) = 3.19  
TOTAL STREAM AREA (ACRES) = 1.60  
PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 2.08

\*\* CONFLUENCE DATA \*\*

STREAM NUMBER	RUNOFF (CFS)	Tc (MIN.)	INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR)	AREA (ACRE)
1	22.14	5.17	6.445	7.70
2	2.08	15.39	3.190	1.60

RAINFALL INTENSITY AND TIME OF CONCENTRATION RATIO  
CONFLUENCE FORMULA USED FOR 2 STREAMS.

\*\* PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE \*\*

STREAM NUMBER	RUNOFF (CFS)	Tc (MIN.)	INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR)
1	22.84	5.17	6.445
2	13.04	15.39	3.190

COMPUTED CONFLUENCE ESTIMATES ARE AS FOLLOWS:

PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) = 22.84 Tc (MIN.) = 5.17  
TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 9.30  
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 1101.00 TO NODE 1190.00 = 1353.00 FEET.

=====

END OF STUDY SUMMARY:

TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 9.30 TC (MIN.) = 5.17  
PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) = 22.84

=====

END OF RATIONAL METHOD ANALYSIS

\*\*\*\*\*

RATIONAL METHOD HYDROLOGY COMPUTER PROGRAM PACKAGE
Reference: SAN DIEGO COUNTY FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT
2003,1985,1981 HYDROLOGY MANUAL
(c) Copyright 1982-2003 Advanced Engineering Software (aes)
Ver. 1.5A Release Date: 01/01/2003 License ID 1261

Analysis prepared by:

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\*\*\*\*\* DESCRIPTION OF STUDY \*\*\*\*\*
\* UNIVERSITY PARK AND RESEARCH CENTER (UPRC); J-16693-A \*
\* BASIN 1200; 100-YEAR, 6-HOUR \*
\* POST-PROJECT (PHASE IV) \*
\*\*\*\*\*

FILE NAME: UP12HP00.RAT
TIME/DATE OF STUDY: 23:00 02/15/2014

-----
USER SPECIFIED HYDROLOGY AND HYDRAULIC MODEL INFORMATION:
-----

2003 SAN DIEGO MANUAL CRITERIA

USER SPECIFIED STORM EVENT (YEAR) = 100.00
6-HOUR DURATION PRECIPITATION (INCHES) = 2.500
SPECIFIED MINIMUM PIPE SIZE (INCH) = 18.00
SPECIFIED PERCENT OF GRADIENTS (DECIMAL) TO USE FOR FRICTION SLOPE = 0.90
SAN DIEGO HYDROLOGY MANUAL "C"-VALUES USED FOR RATIONAL METHOD
NOTE: USE MODIFIED RATIONAL METHOD PROCEDURES FOR CONFLUENCE ANALYSIS

\*USER-DEFINED STREET-SECTIONS FOR COUPLED PIPEFLOW AND STREETFLOW MODEL\*
Table with 10 columns: NO., HALF WIDTH (FT), CROWN TO CROSSFALL (FT), STREET-CROSSFALL: IN-SIDE / OUT-SIDE / PARK-WAY, CURB HEIGHT (FT), GUTTER WIDTH (FT), GUTTER LIP (FT), GUTTER HIKE (FT), GEOMETRIES: MANNING FACTOR (n). Row 1: 1, 30.0, 20.0, 0.018/0.018/0.020, 0.67, 2.00, 0.0313, 0.167, 0.0150

GLOBAL STREET FLOW-DEPTH CONSTRAINTS:
1. Relative Flow-Depth = 0.00 FEET
as (Maximum Allowable Street Flow Depth) - (Top-of-Curb)
2. (Depth)\*(Velocity) Constraint = 6.0 (FT\*FT/S)
\*SIZE PIPE WITH A FLOW CAPACITY GREATER THAN
OR EQUAL TO THE UPSTREAM TRIBUTARY PIPE.\*

\*\*\*\*\*
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1201.00 TO NODE 1205.00 IS CODE = 21
-----

>>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<<
=====

\*USER SPECIFIED (SUBAREA):
USER-SPECIFIED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8500
S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 0
INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH (FEET) = 70.00
UPSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 570.00
DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 568.60
ELEVATION DIFFERENCE (FEET) = 1.40

SUBAREA OVERLAND TIME OF FLOW(MIN.) = 2.988  
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 6.587  
NOTE: RAINFALL INTENSITY IS BASED ON Tc = 5-MINUTE.  
SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 3.36  
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.60 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 3.36

\*\*\*\*\*  
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1205.00 TO NODE 1210.00 IS CODE = 31  
-----

>>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<  
>>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<<<<<

=====

ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) =	565.00	DOWNSTREAM(FEET) =	555.00
FLOW LENGTH(FEET) =	500.00	MANNING'S N =	0.013
ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) INCREASED TO	18.000		
DEPTH OF FLOW IN 18.0 INCH PIPE IS	6.0 INCHES		
PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) =	6.55		
ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) =	18.00	NUMBER OF PIPES =	1
PIPE-FLOW(CFS) =	3.36		
PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) =	1.27	Tc(MIN.) =	4.26
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 1201.00 TO NODE 1210.00 =	570.00 FEET.		

\*\*\*\*\*  
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1210.00 TO NODE 1210.00 IS CODE = 81  
-----

>>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<<

=====

100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) =	6.587		
NOTE: RAINFALL INTENSITY IS BASED ON Tc = 5-MINUTE.			
*USER SPECIFIED(SUBAREA):			
USER-SPECIFIED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT =	.8500		
S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) =	0		
AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT =	0.8500		
SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) =	2.30	SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) =	12.88
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =	2.90	TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) =	16.24
TC(MIN.) =	4.26		

\*\*\*\*\*  
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1210.00 TO NODE 1230.00 IS CODE = 31  
-----

>>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<  
>>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<<<<<

=====

ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) =	555.00	DOWNSTREAM(FEET) =	505.00
FLOW LENGTH(FEET) =	570.00	MANNING'S N =	0.013
ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) INCREASED TO	18.000		
DEPTH OF FLOW IN 18.0 INCH PIPE IS	9.5 INCHES		
PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) =	17.10		
ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) =	18.00	NUMBER OF PIPES =	1
PIPE-FLOW(CFS) =	16.24		
PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) =	0.56	Tc(MIN.) =	4.82
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 1201.00 TO NODE 1230.00 =	1140.00 FEET.		

\*\*\*\*\*  
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1220.00 TO NODE 1230.00 IS CODE = 81  
-----

>>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<<

=====

100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) =	6.587		
NOTE: RAINFALL INTENSITY IS BASED ON Tc = 5-MINUTE.			
*USER SPECIFIED(SUBAREA):			

USER-SPECIFIED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8700  
S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 0  
AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.8513  
SUBAREA AREA (ACRES) = 0.20 SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 1.15  
TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 3.10 TOTAL RUNOFF (CFS) = 17.38  
TC (MIN.) = 4.82

\*\*\*\*\*  
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1225.00 TO NODE 1230.00 IS CODE = 81  
-----

>>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<<

=====

100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 6.587  
NOTE: RAINFALL INTENSITY IS BASED ON Tc = 5-MINUTE.  
\*USER SPECIFIED (SUBAREA):  
USER-SPECIFIED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8700  
S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 0  
AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.8524  
SUBAREA AREA (ACRES) = 0.20 SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 1.15  
TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 3.30 TOTAL RUNOFF (CFS) = 18.53  
TC (MIN.) = 4.82

\*\*\*\*\*  
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1215.00 TO NODE 1230.00 IS CODE = 81  
-----

>>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<<

=====

100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 6.587  
NOTE: RAINFALL INTENSITY IS BASED ON Tc = 5-MINUTE.  
\*USER SPECIFIED (SUBAREA):  
USER-SPECIFIED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .3500  
S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 0  
AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.6515  
SUBAREA AREA (ACRES) = 2.20 SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 5.07  
TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 5.50 TOTAL RUNOFF (CFS) = 23.60  
TC (MIN.) = 4.82

\*\*\*\*\*  
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1230.00 TO NODE 1250.00 IS CODE = 31  
-----

>>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<

>>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW) <<<<<

=====

ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM (FEET) = 505.00 DOWNSTREAM (FEET) = 504.50  
FLOW LENGTH (FEET) = 70.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013  
DEPTH OF FLOW IN 27.0 INCH PIPE IS 21.0 INCHES  
PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 7.11  
ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER (INCH) = 27.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1  
PIPE-FLOW (CFS) = 23.60  
PIPE TRAVEL TIME (MIN.) = 0.16 Tc (MIN.) = 4.98  
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 1201.00 TO NODE 1250.00 = 1210.00 FEET.

\*\*\*\*\*  
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1250.00 TO NODE 1255.00 IS CODE = 51  
-----

>>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW<<<<<

>>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT) <<<<<

=====

ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM (FEET) = 504.50 DOWNSTREAM (FEET) = 504.40  
CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA (FEET) = 120.00 CHANNEL SLOPE = 0.0008  
CHANNEL BASE (FEET) = 3.00 "Z" FACTOR = 4.000



MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.035    MAXIMUM DEPTH (FEET) = 10.00  
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 5.537  
\*USER SPECIFIED (SUBAREA):  
USER-SPECIFIED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .3500  
S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 0  
TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW (CFS) = 25.16  
TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA BASED ON VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 1.28  
AVERAGE FLOW DEPTH (FEET) = 1.87    TRAVEL TIME (MIN.) = 1.56  
Tc (MIN.) = 6.54  
SUBAREA AREA (ACRES) = 1.60    SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 3.10  
AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.584  
TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 7.10    PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) = 23.60

END OF SUBAREA CHANNEL FLOW HYDRAULICS:  
DEPTH (FEET) = 1.82    FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 1.26  
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 1201.00 TO NODE 1255.00 = 1330.00 FEET.

\*\*\*\*\*  
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1255.00 TO NODE 1260.00 IS CODE = 51  
-----

>>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW<<<<<  
>>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT)<<<<<

=====

ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM (FEET) = 504.00    DOWNSTREAM (FEET) = 502.00  
CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA (FEET) = 65.00    CHANNEL SLOPE = 0.0308  
CHANNEL BASE (FEET) = 3.00    "Z" FACTOR = 5.000  
MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.040    MAXIMUM DEPTH (FEET) = 10.00  
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 5.400  
\*USER SPECIFIED (SUBAREA):  
USER-SPECIFIED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .3500  
S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 0  
TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW (CFS) = 24.36  
TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA BASED ON VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 4.17  
AVERAGE FLOW DEPTH (FEET) = 0.82    TRAVEL TIME (MIN.) = 0.26  
Tc (MIN.) = 6.80  
SUBAREA AREA (ACRES) = 0.80    SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 1.51  
AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.560  
TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 7.90    PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) = 23.88

END OF SUBAREA CHANNEL FLOW HYDRAULICS:  
DEPTH (FEET) = 0.81    FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 4.15  
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 1201.00 TO NODE 1260.00 = 1395.00 FEET.

\*\*\*\*\*  
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1260.00 TO NODE 1290.00 IS CODE = 31  
-----

>>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<  
>>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<<<<<

=====

ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM (FEET) = 502.00    DOWNSTREAM (FEET) = 493.00  
FLOW LENGTH (FEET) = 70.00    MANNING'S N = 0.013  
DEPTH OF FLOW IN 18.0 INCH PIPE IS 10.8 INCHES  
PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 21.66  
ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER (INCH) = 18.00    NUMBER OF PIPES = 1  
PIPE-FLOW (CFS) = 23.88  
PIPE TRAVEL TIME (MIN.) = 0.05    Tc (MIN.) = 6.86  
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 1201.00 TO NODE 1290.00 = 1465.00 FEET.

=====

END OF STUDY SUMMARY:  
TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 7.90    TC (MIN.) = 6.86  
PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) = 23.88

=====  
=====  
END OF RATIONAL METHOD ANALYSIS  
=====

## **APPENDIX C**

### **Hydrologic Supporting Materials**

**Table 3-1  
RUNOFF COEFFICIENTS FOR URBAN AREAS**

Land Use		Runoff Coefficient "C"				
NRCS Elements	County Elements	% IMPER.	Soil Type			
			A	B	C	D
Undisturbed Natural Terrain (Natural)	Permanent Open Space	0*	0.20	0.25	0.30	0.35
Low Density Residential (LDR)	Residential, 1.0 DU/A or less	10	0.27	0.32	0.36	0.41
Low Density Residential (LDR)	Residential, 2.0 DU/A or less	20	0.34	0.38	0.42	0.46
Low Density Residential (LDR)	Residential, 2.9 DU/A or less	25	0.38	0.41	0.45	0.49
Medium Density Residential (MDR)	Residential, 4.3 DU/A or less	30	0.41	0.45	0.48	0.52
Medium Density Residential (MDR)	Residential, 7.3 DU/A or less	40	0.48	0.51	0.54	0.57
Medium Density Residential (MDR)	Residential, 10.9 DU/A or less	45	0.52	0.54	0.57	0.60
Medium Density Residential (MDR)	Residential, 14.5 DU/A or less	50	0.55	0.58	0.60	0.63
High Density Residential (HDR)	Residential, 24.0 DU/A or less	65	0.66	0.67	0.69	0.71
High Density Residential (HDR)	Residential, 43.0 DU/A or less	80	0.76	0.77	0.78	0.79
Commercial/Industrial (N. Com)	Neighborhood Commercial	80	0.76	0.77	0.78	0.79
Commercial/Industrial (G. Com)	General Commercial	85	0.80	0.80	0.81	0.82
Commercial/Industrial (O.P. Com)	Office Professional/Commercial	90	0.83	0.84	0.84	0.85
Commercial/Industrial (Limited I.)	Limited Industrial	90	0.83	0.84	0.84	0.85
Commercial/Industrial (General I.)	General Industrial	95	0.87	0.87	0.87	0.87

\*The values associated with 0% impervious may be used for direct calculation of the runoff coefficient as described in Section 3.1.2 (representing the pervious runoff coefficient,  $C_p$ , for the soil type), or for areas that will remain undisturbed in perpetuity. Justification must be given that the area will remain natural forever (e.g., the area is located in Cleveland National Forest).

DU/A = dwelling units per acre

NRCS = National Resources Conservation Service

3-203.1 **Previously Approved Reports** - Runoff quantities; as set forth or derived from the report prepared by Lawrence, Fogg, Florer and Smith titled "A Special Study of Storm Drain Facilities" on file in the office of the City Engineer may be used in the design of drainage facilities in Chula Vista. A hydrologic study prepared and approved at General Development Plan (GDP) or Specific Planning Area (SPA) plan may be used as determined by the City Engineer.

3-203.2 For local drainage basins, storm discharge flow may be estimated based on the Rational Method or the Modified Rational Method. For all lateral and major drainage basins the SCS method, U.S. Army Corps of Engineers HEC-1 computer method or other tabular or computer method may be used upon City Engineer approval.

3-203.3 **Rational and Modified Rational Methods**

- (1) The rational method equation relates storm rainfall intensity (I), a selected runoff coefficient (C) and drainage area (A) to the peak runoff rate (Q):

$$Q = CIA \text{ (Empirical Units)}$$

where:

- Q = Peak runoff in cubic feet per second
- C = Runoff coefficient
- I = Intensity, inches per hours
- A = Drainage basin area in acres

Or

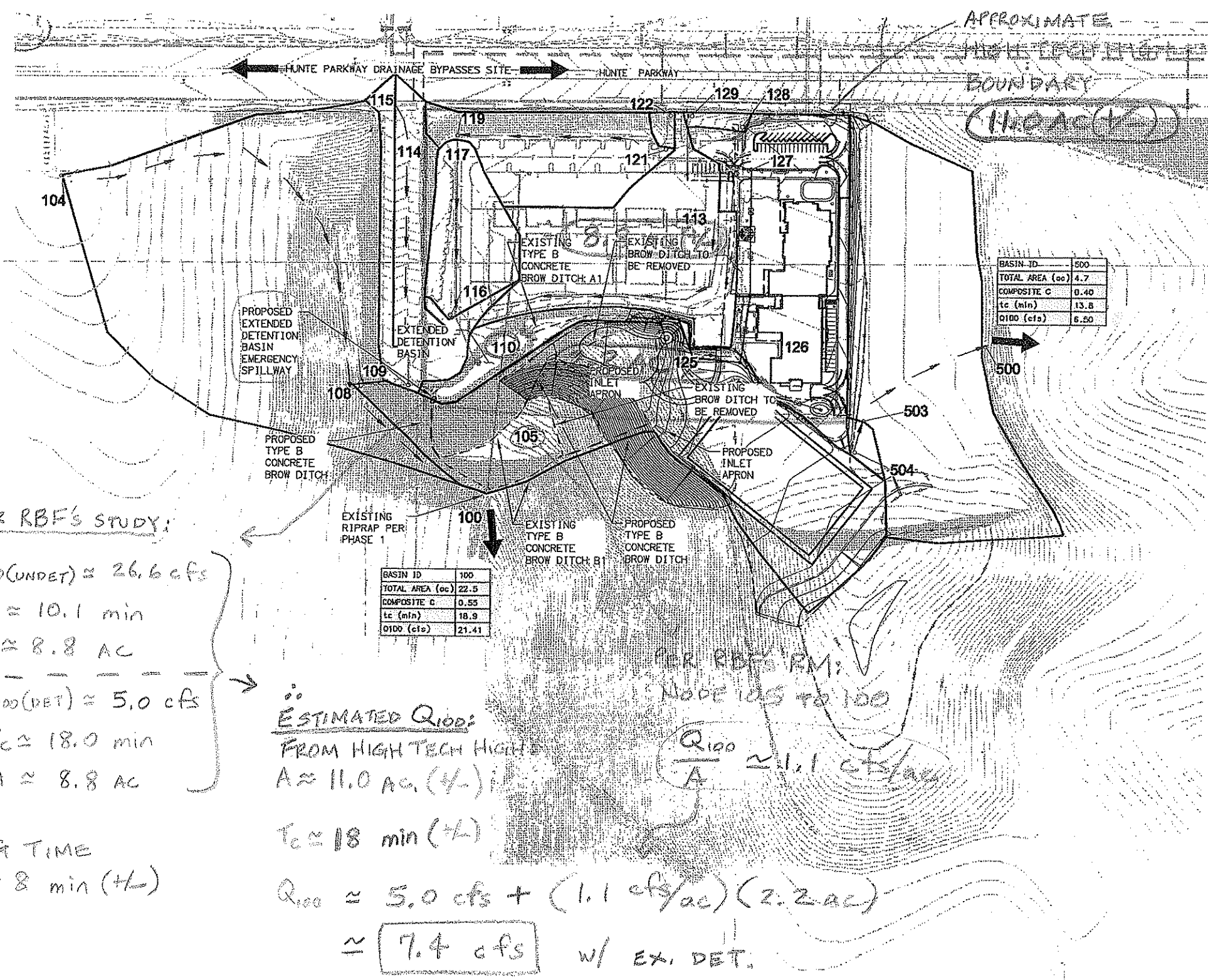
$$Q=0.278CIA \text{ (Metric Units)}$$

where:

- Q = Peak runoff in cubic meters per second
- C = Runoff coefficient
- I = Intensity in millimeters per second
- A = Drainage area in square kilometers

- (2) Coefficient of Runoff: Consider probable development. Use highest number of the following values:

a)	Paved Surface	0.90
b)	Commercial Area	0.85
c)	Dense Residential (R2, R3)	0.75
d)	Normal Residential (R1)	0.65
e)	Suburban Property (RE)	0.55
f)	Barren Slopes Steep	0.80
g)	Barren Slopes Hilly	0.75
h)	" " Rolling	0.70
i)	" " Flat	0.65
j)	Vegetated Slopes Steep	0.60
k)	" " Hilly	0.55
l)	" " Rolling	0.50
m)	" " Flat	0.45



**LEGEND:**

BASIN HYDROLOGIC RESULTS	
BASIN ID	300
TOTAL AREA (ac)	0.3
COMPOSITE C	0.85
tc (min)	6.0
Q100 (cfs)	1.1

100	NODE ID
(Wavy line)	LIMIT OF WORK
(Solid line)	BASIN LIMIT
(Arrow)	DIRECTION OF FLOW
(Thick Arrow)	ULTIMATE OUTFALL
(Dashed line)	BROW DITCH

BASIN ID	500
TOTAL AREA (ac)	4.7
COMPOSITE C	0.40
tc (min)	13.8
Q100 (cfs)	6.50

BASIN ID	100
TOTAL AREA (ac)	22.5
COMPOSITE C	0.55
tc (min)	18.9
Q100 (cfs)	21.41

PER RBF'S STUDY:

$Q_{100}(UNDET) \approx 26.6 \text{ cfs}$   
 $T_c \approx 10.1 \text{ min}$   
 $A \approx 8.8 \text{ AC}$

---

$Q_{100}(DET) \approx 5.0 \text{ cfs}$   
 $T_c \approx 18.0 \text{ min}$   
 $A \approx 8.8 \text{ AC}$

PER RBF'S RM:

NODE 105 TO 100  
 $\frac{Q_{100}}{A} \approx 1.1 \text{ cfs/ac}$

**ESTIMATED  $Q_{100}$ :**  
 FROM HIGH TECH HIGH  
 $A \approx 11.0 \text{ AC (4-)}$   
 $T_c \approx 18 \text{ min (+/-)}$   
 $Q_{100} \approx 5.0 \text{ cfs} + (1.1 \text{ cfs/ac})(2.2 \text{ AC})$   
 $\approx \boxed{7.4 \text{ cfs}}$  w/ EX. DET.

BACKUP INFO TO  
 ESTIMATE  $Q_{100}$   
 FROM HIGH TECH  
 HIGH  
 FOR UNIVERSITY  
 PARK AND INNOVATION  
 DISTRICT

**HIGH TECH HIGH - PHASE 2**  
 DRAINAGE DESIGN ANALYSIS  
 PROPOSED CONDITION HYDROLOGY MAP

## **APPENDIX D**

### **Storm Drain Design**

UNIVERSITY PARK AND RESEARCH CENTER  
J-16693-A  
FEBRUARY 14, 2013

PHASE III - CONCEPTUAL STORM DRAIN SIZING FOR PROPOSED 72-INCH PIPE  
(RUNOFF FROM BASINS 300, 400, 500, 600 & 700 COMBINED)

NOTE: THE SLOPE FOR THE PHASE III PROPOSED GRADING IS ANTICIPATED TO RANGE FROM APPROXIMATELY 1.5% TO 2.0%. THEREFORE, THE FOLLOWING CALCULATION FOR PHASE III IS BASED ON STORM DRAIN SLOPE = 1.5%.

NORMAL DEPTH FOR CIRCULAR PIPES  
COPYRIGHT 1992 RICK ENGINEERING COMPANY  
PIPE PHASE III - PROPOSED 72-INCH RCP (BASINS 300, 400, 500, 600 & 700)

DISCHARGE IS =	444.70	CFS	SLOPE IS =	0.0150	FT/FT
DIAMETER IS =	6.00	FT	MANNING'S N =	0.013	
NORMAL DEPTH IS =	4.28	FT	CAPACITY IS =	518.69	CFS
VELOCITY IS =	20.62	FPS	FROUDE NUMBER IS =	1.82	
AREA IS =	21.57	SQ FT	VELOCITY HEAD IS =	6.60	FT
HYDRAULIC RADIUS =	1.79	FT	CRITICAL DEPTH =	5.52	FT
WETTED PERIMETER =	12.07	FT	CRITICAL VELOCITY =	16.36	FPS
TOP WIDTH IS =	5.43	FT			

PHASE IV - CONCEPTUAL STORM DRAIN SIZING @ OUTFALL TO BIORETENTION BASIN

NOTE: THE FOLLOWING CALCULATIONS FOR IS BASED ON STORM DRAIN SLOPE = 1.0%.

NORMAL DEPTH FOR CIRCULAR PIPES  
COPYRIGHT 1992 RICK ENGINEERING COMPANY  
PIPE PHASE IV - PROPOSED 24-INCH RCP FOR BASIN 1100

DISCHARGE IS =	19.50	CFS	SLOPE IS =	0.0100	FT/FT
DIAMETER IS =	2.00	FT	MANNING'S N =	0.013	
NORMAL DEPTH IS =	1.43	FT	CAPACITY IS =	22.62	CFS
VELOCITY IS =	8.10	FPS	FROUDE NUMBER IS =	1.24	
AREA IS =	2.41	SQ FT	VELOCITY HEAD IS =	1.02	FT
HYDRAULIC RADIUS =	0.60	FT	CRITICAL DEPTH =	1.59	FT
WETTED PERIMETER =	4.04	FT	CRITICAL VELOCITY =	7.29	FPS
TOP WIDTH IS =	1.80	FT			

NORMAL DEPTH FOR CIRCULAR PIPES  
COPYRIGHT 1992 RICK ENGINEERING COMPANY  
PIPE PHASE IV - PROPOSED 30-INCH RCP FOR BASIN 1200

DISCHARGE IS =	30.80	CFS	SLOPE IS =	0.0100	FT/FT
DIAMETER IS =	2.50	FT	MANNING'S N =	0.013	
NORMAL DEPTH IS =	1.62	FT	CAPACITY IS =	41.02	CFS
VELOCITY IS =	9.17	FPS	FROUDE NUMBER IS =	1.36	
AREA IS =	3.36	SQ FT	VELOCITY HEAD IS =	1.31	FT
HYDRAULIC RADIUS =	0.72	FT	CRITICAL DEPTH =	1.89	FT
WETTED PERIMETER =	4.67	FT	CRITICAL VELOCITY =	7.73	FPS
TOP WIDTH IS =	2.39	FT			



## **APPENDIX E**

### **Riprap Design**

**Conceptual Riprap Design Summary**

Outfall @ Bioretention Basin	Pipe Size <sup>1</sup> (in)	Estimated Peak Flow Rate (cfs <sup>2</sup> )	Velocity @ exit <sup>3</sup> (ft/sec)	Anticipated Rock Size <sup>3</sup> (ton)	Anticipated Riprap Length (ft)	Riprap Width (ft)	Riprap Thickness (ft)
Phase III (Basins 300, 400, 500, 600 & 700)	72	422.0	17	2	35	48	5.4
Phase IV (Basin 1100)	24	19.5	12	1/4	20	16	2.7
Phase IV (Basin 1200)	30	30.8	13	1/2	20	20	3.5

Note:

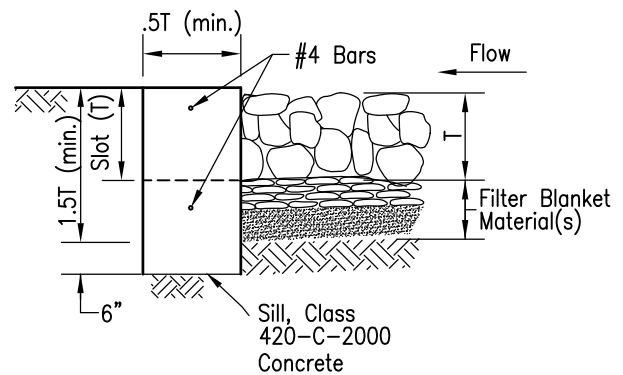
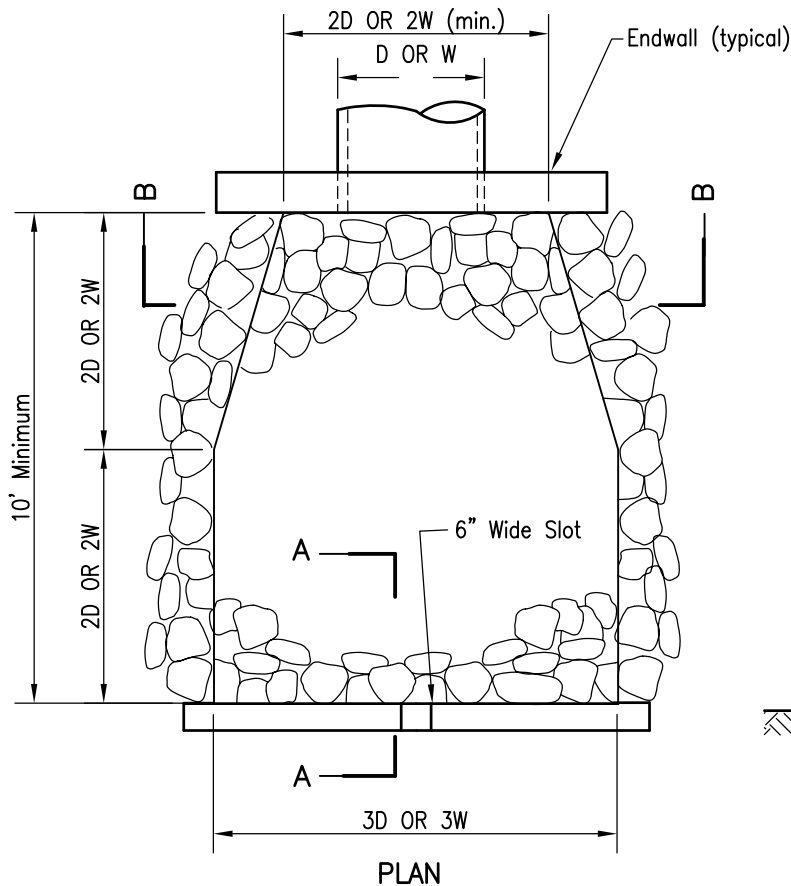
1. Preliminary pipe sizes were determined based on normal depth calculations. Detailed hydraulic calculations are anticipated during final engineering.
2. "cfs" = cubic feet per second
3. At the conceptual level, the exit velocity at each outfall was assumed as shown above based on peak flow rate and assumed slopes of 1.0% for Phase III and 2.5% for both Phase IV Basins. It is anticipated that the storm drain outfalls will be designed such that the exit velocity will not exceed these values. The proposed storm drain outfalls will be designed to dissipate energy and minimize potential erosion. Detailed calculations are anticipated during final engineering.

Table 7-1 (below) per July 2005  
San Diego County Drainage Design Manual

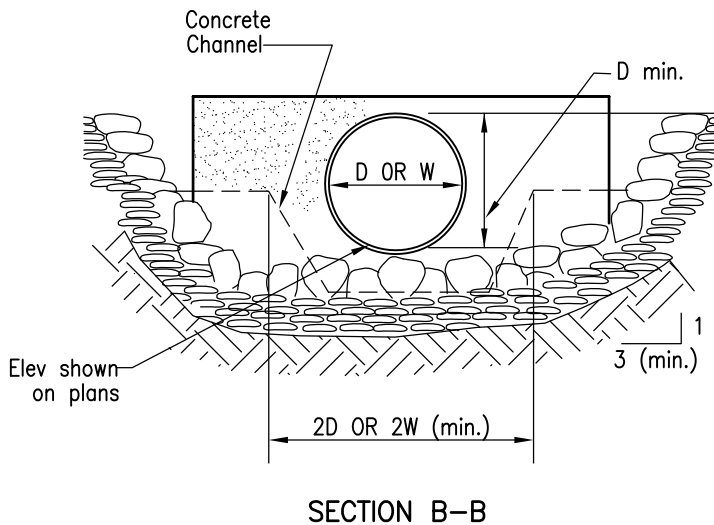
Design Velocity ft/sec*	Rock Class	Rip-Rap Thickness "T" (min)
6-10	No. 2 backing	1.1ft
10-12	1/4 ton	2.7ft
12-14	1/2 ton	3.5ft
14-16	1 ton	4.4ft
16-18	2 ton	5.4ft

\*over 20 ft/sec requires special design

D = Pipe Diameter  
W = Bottom Width of Channel



SECTION A-A



SECTION B-B

NOTES

- Plans shall specify:  
(A) Rock Class and rip-rap thickness (T). T shall be at least 1.5 times the nominal equivalent diameter of stone ( $d_{50}$ ) of the specified rip-rap.  
(B) Filter blanket material, number of layers and thickness.
- Rip rap shall be either quarry stone or broken concrete (if shown on the plans). Cobbles are not acceptable.
- Rip rap shall be placed over filter blanket material, which may be either granular material or non-woven geotextile filter fabric; material at weight specified in plans or specifications.
- See Table 200-1.7 in San Diego Regional Supplement to Greenbook for selection of filter blanket.
- Rip rap energy dissipaters shall be designated as either Type 1 or Type 2. Type 1 shall be with concrete sill; Type 2 shall be without sill.

Revision	By	Approved	Date
ORIGINAL		Kercheval	12/75
Add Metric		T. Stanton	03/03
Add Rip Rap Table		S. Brady	04/06
Edited		T. Stanton	02/09
Edited	S.S.	T. Regello	03/11

SAN DIEGO REGIONAL STANDARD DRAWING

RIP RAP  
ENERGY DISSIPATER

RECOMMENDED BY THE SAN DIEGO REGIONAL STANDARDS COMMITTEE

*T. Stanton* 7/26/2012

Chairperson R.C.E. 19246 Date

DRAWING NUMBER **D-40**

# Hydraulic Analysis Report

## Project Data

Project Title: UNIVERSITY AND INNOVATIONS DISTRICT (UID)

Designer: HC

Project Date: Thursday, September 17, 2015

Project Units: U.S. Customary Units

Notes: NORMAL DEPTH CALCULATIONS

## Channel Analysis: PHASE III

Notes: (BASINS 300, 400, 500, 600, & 700)

## Input Parameters

Channel Type: Circular

Pipe Diameter: 6.0000 (ft)

Longitudinal Slope: 0.0100 (ft/ft)

Manning's n: 0.0130

Flow: 422.0000 (cfs)

## Result Parameters

Depth: 4.8984 (ft)

Area of Flow: 24.7136 (ft<sup>2</sup>)

Wetted Perimeter: 13.5358 (ft)

Average Velocity: 17.0756 (ft/s)

Top Width: 4.6459 (ft)

Froude Number: 1.3047

Critical Depth: 5.4287 (ft)

Critical Velocity: 15.6848 (ft/s)

Critical Slope: 0.0087 (ft/ft)

Critical Top Width: 3.5221 (ft)

Calculated Max Shear Stress: 3.0566 (lb/ft<sup>2</sup>)

Calculated Avg Shear Stress: 1.1393 (lb/ft<sup>2</sup>)

## Channel Analysis: PHASE IV (BASIN 1100)

Notes: (BASIN 1100)

### Input Parameters

Channel Type: Circular  
Pipe Diameter: 2.0000 (ft)  
Longitudinal Slope: 0.0250 (ft/ft)  
Manning's n: 0.0130  
Flow: 19.5000 (cfs)

### Result Parameters

Depth: 1.0529 (ft)  
Area of Flow: 1.6766 (ft<sup>2</sup>)  
Wetted Perimeter: 3.2475 (ft)  
Average Velocity: 11.6309 (ft/s)  
Top Width: 1.9972 (ft)  
Froude Number: 2.2371  
Critical Depth: 1.5879 (ft)  
Critical Velocity: 7.2902 (ft/s)  
Critical Slope: 0.0079 (ft/ft)  
Critical Top Width: 1.6179 (ft)  
Calculated Max Shear Stress: 1.6425 (lb/ft<sup>2</sup>)  
Calculated Avg Shear Stress: 0.8054 (lb/ft<sup>2</sup>)

## Channel Analysis: PHASE IV (BASIN 1200)

Notes: (BASIN 1200)

### Input Parameters

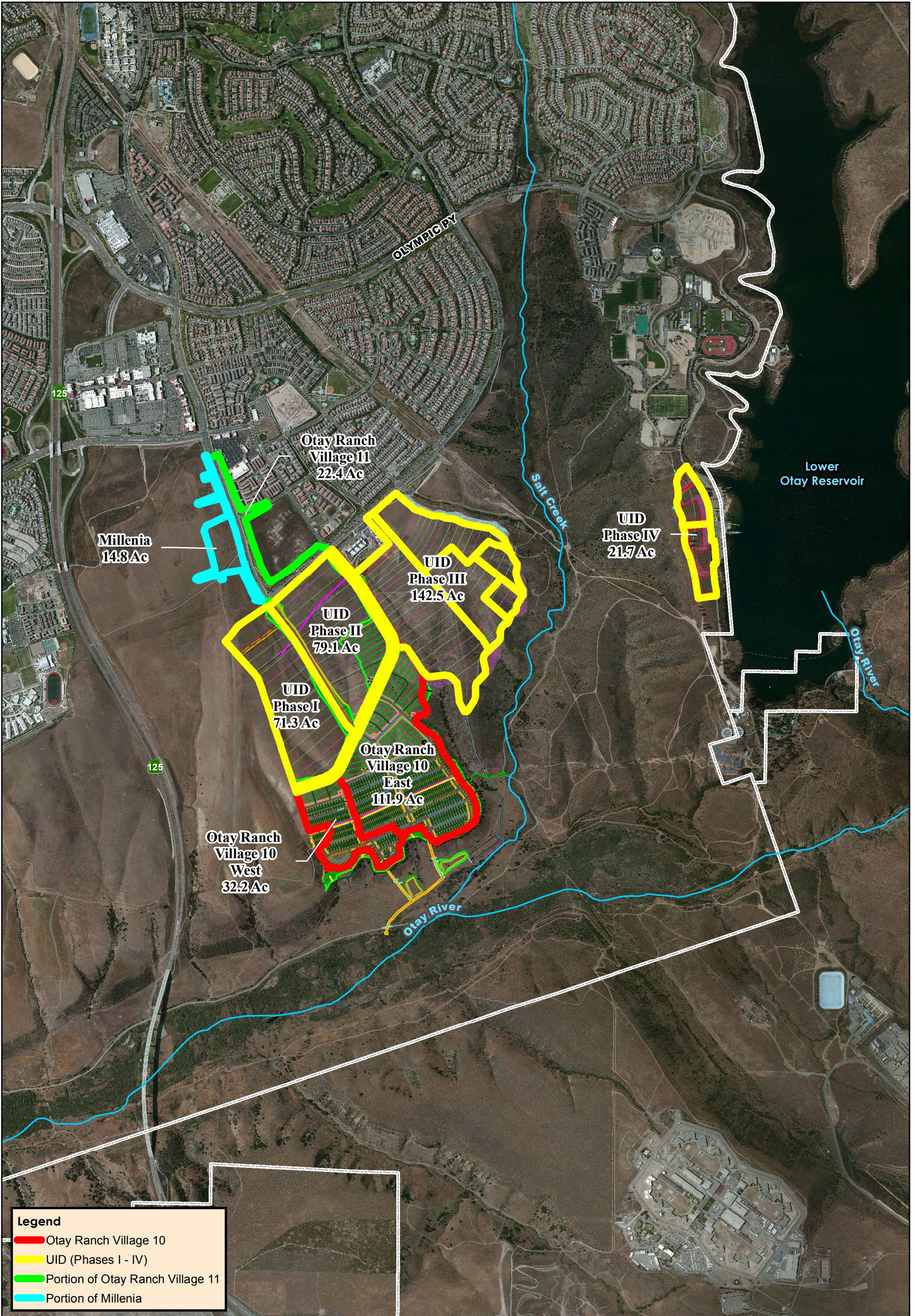
Channel Type: Circular  
Pipe Diameter: 2.5000 (ft)  
Longitudinal Slope: 0.0250 (ft/ft)  
Manning's n: 0.0130  
Flow: 30.8000 (cfs)

### Result Parameters

Depth: 1.2129 (ft)  
Area of Flow: 2.3616 (ft<sup>2</sup>)  
Wetted Perimeter: 3.8528 (ft)  
Average Velocity: 13.0419 (ft/s)

**APPENDIX F**

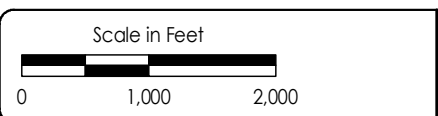
**University and Innovation District:  
Relative Project Location Exhibit**



**Legend**

- █ Otay Ranch Village 10
- █ UID (Phases I - IV)
- █ Portion of Otay Ranch Village 11
- █ Portion of Millenia

Path: J:\16693\_UPRC\GIS\16693\_ProjectLocation.mxd



J-16693 A  
 Date of Exhibit: 09.17.2013  
 Eagle Aerial Image: 05.2012

**UNIVERSITY PARK AND RESEARCH CENTER**  
 University and Innovation District: Relative Project Location Exhibit  
 (Village 10, UID Phase 1, UID Phase 2, UID Phase 3, UID Phase 4,  
 Portion of Village 11, Portion of Millenia)

**MAP POCKET 1**

**Drainage Study Map**

**For**

**University and Innovation District (UID)**

**[Pre-Project]**



**DRAINAGE LEGEND**

- MAJOR DRAINAGE BASIN BOUNDARY
- SUB BASIN BOUNDARY
- (XX.X AC.) DRAINAGE AREA
- XXX DRAINAGE NODE NUMBER
- POINT OF INTEREST (POI)
- FLOW PATH

HYDROLOGIC INFORMATION PER DRAINAGE STUDY PREPARED BY HUNSAKER & ASSOCIATES:  
 Q100 = 923 CFS (+/-);  
 A = 336.0 AC;  
 TC = 11.8 MIN

HYDROLOGIC INFORMATION PER DRAINAGE STUDY PREPARED BY RBF CONSULTING:  
 Q100 = 7 CFS (+/-);  
 A = 4.7 AC;  
 TC = 13.8 MIN

HYDROLOGIC INFORMATION PER DRAINAGE STUDY PREPARED BY RBF CONSULTING:  
 Q100 = 21 CFS (+/-);  
 A = 22.5 AC;  
 TC = 18.9 MIN

MILLENNIA (EUC) CURRENTLY UNDER CONSTRUCTION

HYDROLOGIC INFORMATION PER DRAINAGE STUDY PREPARED BY HUNSAKER & ASSOCIATES (INCLUDES A PORTION OF MILLENNIA BY RICK ENGINEERING COMPANY):  
 Q100 = 155 CFS (+/-);  
 A = 53.2 AC;  
 TC = 8.9 MIN

FUTURE OTAY RANCH VILLAGE 9

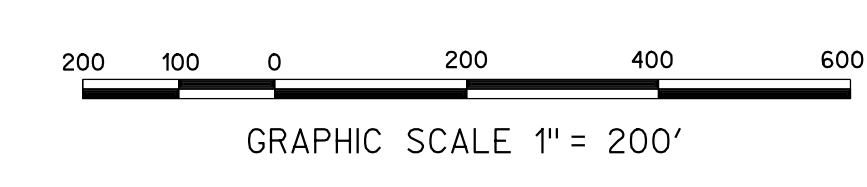
FUTURE OTAY RANCH VILLAGE 10

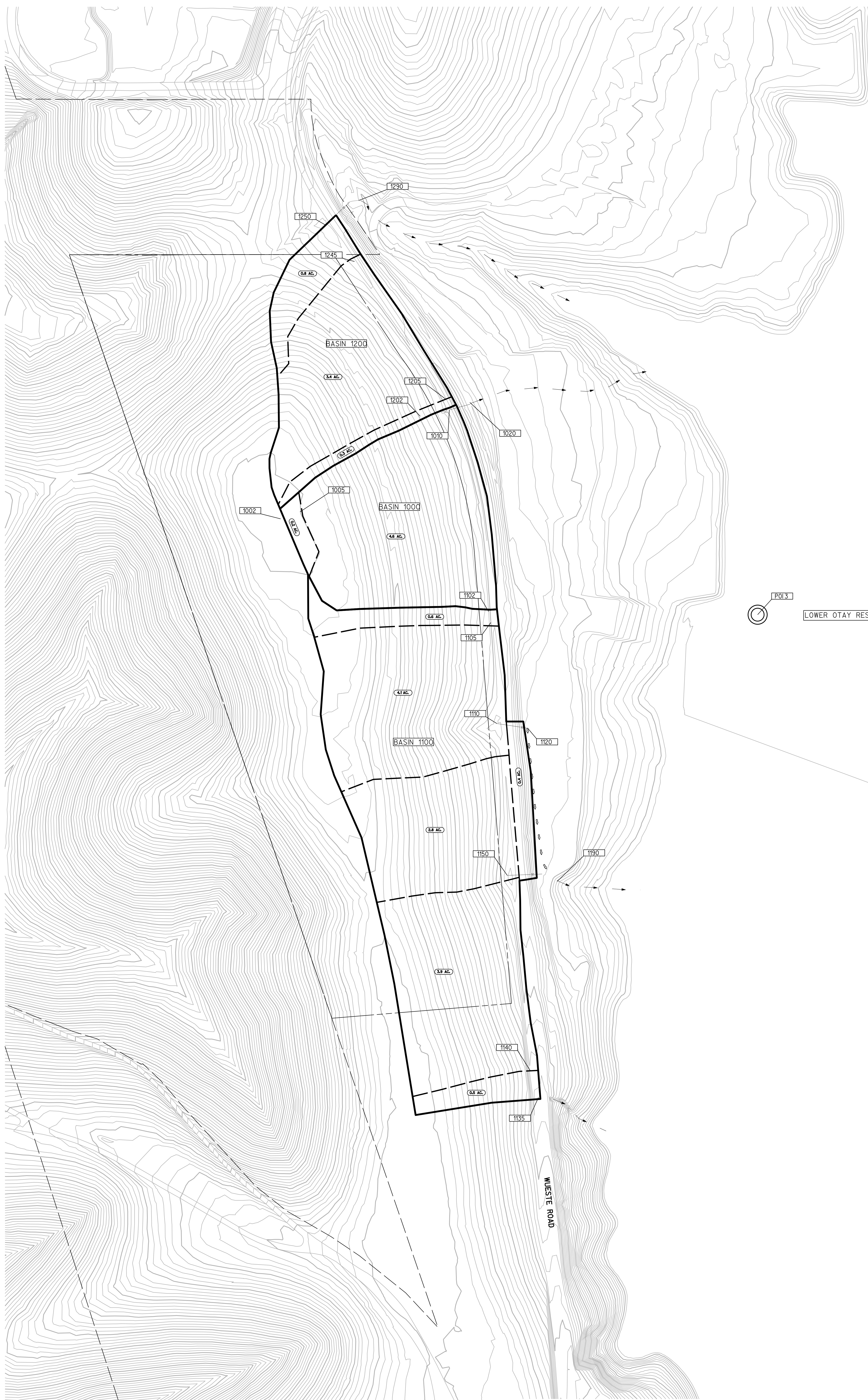
SALT CREEK 100-YEAR FLOODPLAIN (ZONE 'A')

OTAY RIVER 100-YEAR FLOODPLAIN (ZONE 'A')

OTAY RIVER 100-YEAR FLOODWAY

**CONCEPTUAL DRAINAGE STUDY MAP FOR UNIVERSITY AND INNOVATION DISTRICT [PRE-PROJECT]**

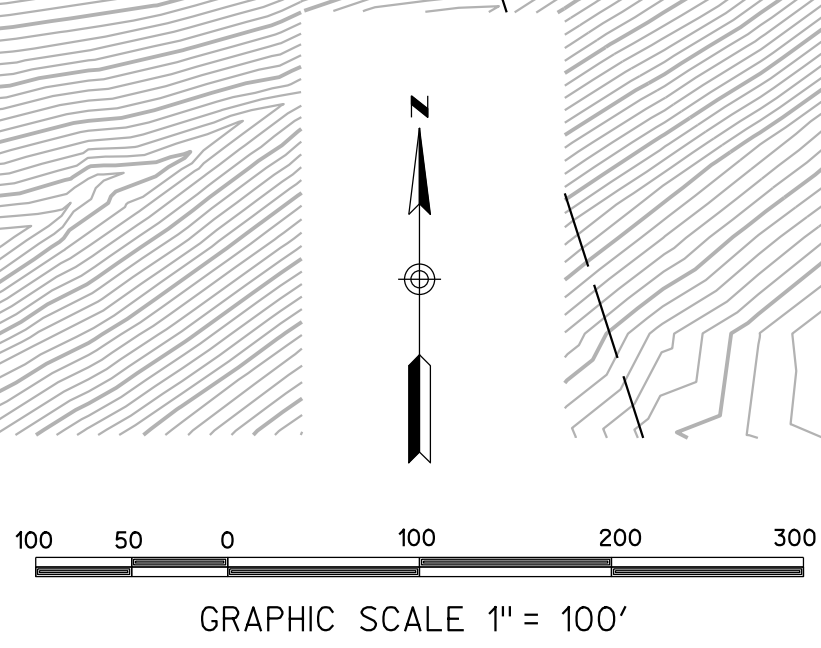




POI 3  
LOWER OTAY RESERVOIR

**DRAINAGE LEGEND**

- MAJOR DRAINAGE BASIN BOUNDARY
- - - - SUB BASIN BOUNDARY
- XX.X AC. DRAINAGE AREA
- XXX DRAINAGE NODE NUMBER
- POINT OF INTEREST (POI)
- → → FLOW PATH
- - - - EXISTING COBBLE DITCH



**CONCEPTUAL  
DRAINAGE STUDY MAP  
FOR  
UNIVERSITY AND INNOVATION DISTRICT  
[PRE-PROJECT]**

SEPTEMBER 17, 2015

SHEET 2 OF 2

**MAP POCKET 2**

**Drainage Study Map**

**For**

**University and Innovation District (UID)**

**[Post-Project]**

**DRAINAGE LEGEND**

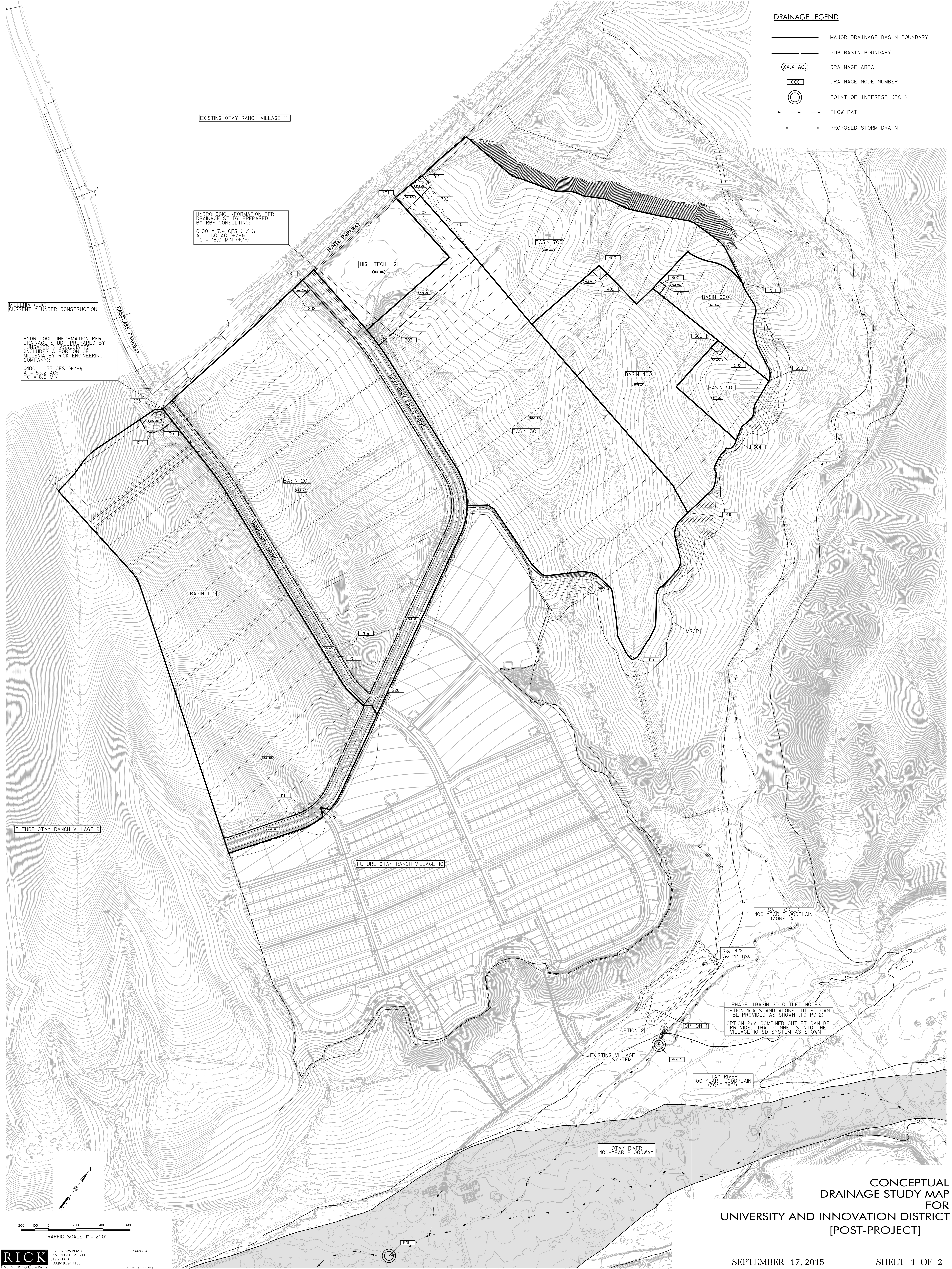
- MAJOR DRAINAGE BASIN BOUNDARY
- SUB BASIN BOUNDARY
- ⊞ XX.X AC. DRAINAGE AREA
- ⊞ XXX DRAINAGE NODE NUMBER
- ⊙ POINT OF INTEREST (POI)
- FLOW PATH
- PROPOSED STORM DRAIN

EXISTING OTAY RANCH VILLAGE 11

HYDROLOGIC INFORMATION PER DRAINAGE STUDY PREPARED BY RBF CONSULTING:  
 Q100 = 7.4 CFS (+/-);  
 A = 11.0 AC (+/-);  
 TC = 18.0 MIN (+/-)

MILLENA (EUC) CURRENTLY UNDER CONSTRUCTION

HYDROLOGIC INFORMATION PER DRAINAGE STUDY PREPARED BY HUNSAKER & ASSOCIATES (INCLUDES A PORTION OF MILLENA BY RICK ENGINEERING COMPANY):  
 Q100 = 155 CFS (+/-);  
 A = 53.2 AC (+/-);  
 TC = 8.9 MIN



SALT CREEK 100-YEAR FLOODPLAIN (ZONE 'A')

Q<sub>100</sub> = 422 cfs  
 V<sub>100</sub> = 17 fps

PHASE II BASIN SD OUTLET NOTES  
 OPTION 1: A STAND ALONE OUTLET CAN BE PROVIDED AS SHOWN (TO POI2)  
 OPTION 2: A COMBINED OUTLET CAN BE PROVIDED THAT CONNECTS INTO THE VILLAGE 10 SD SYSTEM AS SHOWN

OTAY RIVER 100-YEAR FLOODPLAIN (ZONE 'A')

OTAY RIVER 100-YEAR FLOODWAY

**CONCEPTUAL DRAINAGE STUDY MAP FOR UNIVERSITY AND INNOVATION DISTRICT [POST-PROJECT]**



POI 3  
LOWER OTAY RESERVOIR

WUESTE ROAD

$Q_{100} = 19.5$  cfs  
 $V_{100} = 12$  fps

$Q_{100} = 30.8$  cfs  
 $V_{100} = 13$  fps

**DRAINAGE LEGEND**

- MAJOR DRAINAGE BASIN BOUNDARY
- SUB BASIN BOUNDARY
- XX.X AC. DRAINAGE AREA
- XXX DRAINAGE NODE NUMBER
- POINT OF INTEREST (POI)
- → → FLOW PATH
- — — — — EXISTING COBBLE DITCH
- PROPOSED STORM DRAIN

**CONCEPTUAL DRAINAGE STUDY MAP FOR UNIVERSITY AND INNOVATION DISTRICT [POST-PROJECT]**

