



FY 2014-15 PROPOSED BUDGET













California



PROPOSED BUDGET FISCAL YEAR 2014-2015

CHERYL COX MAYOR

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Director of Finance/Treasurer
Fire Chief
Director of Library
Chief of Police
Director of Public Works
Director of Recreation



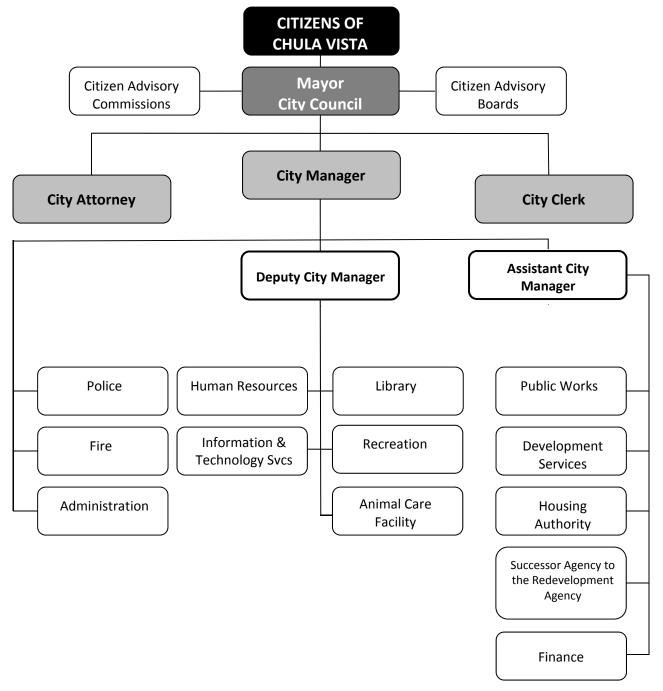


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Document Guide

The budget document is organized in a manner to facilitate a general understanding of the City's fiscal status, to present management's assessment of major issues and, finally, to present the plan for allocating resources to address those issues during the coming fiscal year. The budget document is organized as follows: Budget Message, General Fund Summary, Other Funds, Program Summary, Capital Improvement Program, Summary Tables, and Appendix.

BUDGET MESSAGE

This section provides an executive summary of the City's all funds budget, outlines major fiscal issues confronting the City, summarizes the region's economic outlook, and highlights significant budgetary changes for fiscal year 2013-14. It also highlights the sources and uses of funds and provides information on the General Fund reserves. A summary of staffing changes is provided at the end of this section.

GENERAL FUND

The General Fund budget funds the day-to-day operations of most city services. This section of the document provides an overview of General Fund revenues and expenditures, staffing changes, and budgetary trends. This section is followed by Department Summary reports that include departmental mission statements and operating budgets for each General Fund department.

OTHER FUNDS

In order to facilitate understanding of the different funding sources, this portion of the document has been organized into the following categories: Development Services Fund, Redevelopment, Successor Agency to the Redevelopment Agency, and Housing funds, Sewer Funds, Transit Funds, Fleet Fund, Capital Project Funds, Debt Service Funds, and Other Funds. Detailed descriptions, funding and staffing levels are provided for each fund. Due to various legal restrictions these funds are limited in their uses and generally cannot be applied to fund day-to-day operations such as Police and Fire services.

PROGRAM SUMMARY REPORT

This report is intended to identify key functions in each department and provide a management assessment of

the current level of service, using Continuous Improvement Visual Controls for ease of reference. The visual categories assist the reader in determining the status of the current level of service for each function of the department.

CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT PROGRAM

This section provides an overview of the City's Capital Improvement Program for the coming fiscal year. The Capital Improvement Program accounts for the acquisition, rehabilitation, or construction of major capital facilities, infrastructure, or equipment. More detailed information about each capital project, including project area maps, project status, expenditures to date, current year appropriations, and future funding, can be found in the Capital Improvement Program budget document.

SUMMARY TABLES AND APPENDIX

The summary tables provide a quick way to view budget allocations by department (or fund) and expenditure category, revenues by fund and type, projected fund balances by fund, and Council authorized positions by department. The appendix contains supplementary information on a variety of topics including an overview of the budget development process along with relevant timelines and milestones, fiscal and investment policies, debt administration, and a glossary of finance and budget terms.



GOVERNMENT FINANCE OFFICERS ASSOCIATION

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July 1, 2013

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Executive Director



City of Chula Vista Proposed Budget

BUDGET MESSAGE

Letter from the City Manager

Budget Process

Strategic Plan

Economic Overview

All Funds Summary

Summary of Staffing Changes





OFFICE OF THE CITY MANAGER

May 16, 2014

HONORABLE MAYOR AND MEMBERS OF THE CITY COUNCIL

It is my pleasure to present the operating and capital improvement program budget for fiscal year 2014-15 for the City of Chula Vista. While not fully recovered from the effects of the national recession – the City is beginning to see modest economic growth in major revenue categories. The City's financial condition, while improving, remains fragile as there are many competing priorities with limited resources. The good news is that the General Fund presented in this document is balanced and includes funding for programs supported by the City Council in prior fiscal years.

Over the last few years the City has been challenged to find new ways to continue to deliver quality services with limited resources. Two programs that have helped the City in this endeavor are the Strategic Plan and Continuous Improvement program. In the coming year the City will continue to focus on the implementation of these programs.

Strategic Planning

During fiscal year 2012-13, the City developed a Strategic Plan that took previous long-term planning efforts and synthesized them into five Citywide Goals that aimed at improving service delivery. The plan will be reviewed throughout the year so that it encourages focused, meaningful service delivery to benefit all of Chula Vista. Simply put, the Strategic Plan is a road map that identifies where we want to go and includes steps of how the City will get there.

The Strategic Plan focuses on the following City Goals and Initiatives:

- Operational Excellence
 - o Fiscal Health
 - o Continuously Improve
 - Positive Experience
- Economic Vitality
 - Strong Vibrant City
 - Prosperous Residents and Businesses

- Health Community
 - Environment Fosters Health and Wellness
 - Restore and Protect Natural Resources
 - Assets and Facilities
- Strong and Secure Neighborhoods
 - o Public Infrastructure Maintenance
 - Crime Prevention and Emergency Preparedness
 - o Response and Recovery
- Connected Community
 - o Civic Engagement
 - Enrichment Programming

Continuous Improvement

The Continuous Improvement Program at the City of Chula Vista has significantly affected the City's strategic direction and increased the quality of services to residents and businesses. We made a lot of great strides with our Continuous Improvement program in fiscal year 2013-14. We designed an in-house Lean Enterprise Certificate program which offers training and coaching aimed at driving process improvement within the City. We had seventeen staff members go through the inaugural training. They worked on four project teams implementing positive improvements throughout the City organization. Below is a brief summary of these projects:

- Within the Custodial Division a number of process improvements were put in place that have reduced travel time and increased service hours available using existing staff;
- Simple process changes increased the efficiency and accuracy of the Police Department payroll function freeing up staff capacity to work on other important functions;
- New employee onboarding procedures will increase employee engagement; and
- Countermeasures implemented within the

Development Services Department will improve workloads for staff and responsiveness for citizen public records requests.

These accomplishments only demonstrate a sample of the improvements we made in the last year. Looking ahead, we will continue to advance the program and build upon our successes. Our in-house training program will expand to include an introductory class to provide a primer for many employees. We will again offer the Lean Enterprise Certificate program to train City employees to become process improvement leaders.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

The City of Chula Vista has a bright future. We continue to make positive strides towards the development of the Bayfront, the University Project, and Millenia. These key projects will help strengthen Chula Vista's economic base.

In a recent survey of Chula Vista residents, 87% of respondents shared favorable opinions of the quality of life in Chula Vista. More than four-in-five respondents, or (83%), indicated that they are satisfied with the City's efforts to provide municipal services and facilities. 78% of respondents agree that the City is responsive to

resident's needs. Chula Vista residents surveyed rated City staff high, 94%, on customer service rating.

The General Fund operating budget presented in this document continues to provide the core services most important to our community. I am proud that staff continues to finds way to provide good customer service despite the significant reductions we have made to address the impact the recession had on our revenues. I would like to extend my sincere gratitude to City staff for their steadfast dedication to serving our community.

I would also like to thank the City Council and Executive Team for their continued leadership and support. Finally, I would like to recognize the Finance Department for their outstanding work in preparing the budget.

Respectfully,

James D. Sandoval City Manager

Budget Process

The fiscal year 2014-15 budget cycle began in January 2014 with the development of a preliminary base budget by the Finance Department's Budget and Analysis staff. Finance worked closely with departments through April to refine the base budget and incorporate departmental changes. The process of establishing the base budget accounts for normal operating costs of the City.

As part of the development of the proposed budget, Departments updated the City's Critical Needs List and the Citywide Program Summary. The Critical Needs List reflects crucial one-time expenditure requests that are separate from normal operating costs – these requests generally represent equipment replacement, City infrastructure assessment/restoration needs, and nonroutine building repair. The citywide Program Summary, reflects key functions in each department and provides an assessment of the current level of service using Continuous Improvement Visual Controls.

Through the budget process, Departments were given an opportunity to recommended budget adjustments. Budget adjustments were submitted based on department operational requests and/or one-time funding requests. These requests were based on the items on the Critical Needs List, functions within the Program Summary that were experiencing issues with core service delivery, or items related to the implementation of the goals identified in the Strategic Plan. In future years, these processes will be integrated further with the development of the budget.

During this same time frame, Public Works staff worked to develop and finalize the Capital Improvement Program (CIP) budget. On April 10th, Public Works staff held a Council Workshop on Infrastructure. On May 6th, a public hearing was held for City Council to consider and adopt the TransNet Local Street Improvement Program of projects for fiscal years 2014-15 through 2018-19.

On May 20, 2014, Finance will present the City Council with the City Manager proposed General Fund budget that is balanced and continues to provide core services to the community. Council will further consider the City Manager's Proposed Budget at the May 27th Council

Meeting and set the public hearing prior to the adoption of the budget. The City Council will consider the budget for adoption on June 10th, and a public hearing will be held prior to Council taking action on this item. Copies of the proposed budget will be made available for public review in the Office of the City Clerk, City libraries, and the City's website at least ten days prior to the June public hearing.

As set forth in the City Charter, at any meeting after the adoption of the budget, the City Council may amend or supplement the budget by motion adopted by affirmative votes of at least four members. Throughout the year, the Finance Department provides the City Council with quarterly financial status reports comparing expenditure and revenue projections to budgeted amounts, highlighting any variances and recommending corrective actions as necessary.

BUDGET DEVELOPMENT MILESTONES

- March 11, 2014
 Presentation to City Council of the Five-Year
 Financial Forecast, including an overview of the Fiscal Year 2014-15 preliminary budget
- April 10, 2014
 Infrastructure Workshop
- April 29-30, 2014
 Public workshops to provide overview of the City Manager's Proposed Budget
- May 6, 2014
 Public hearing to adopt TransNet Local Street
 Improvement Program
- May 16, 2014
 Budget Document submitted to City Council

As required by City Charter, the City Manager's proposed budget was submitted to the City Council at least thirty-five days prior to the beginning of the fiscal year. Copies of the proposed budget are available for public review in the Office of the City Clerk, City libraries, as well as on the City's website.

May 20, 2014

Presentation to City Council of the Fiscal Year 2014-2015 City Manager's Proposed Budget and Council Consideration of City Budget (Council may approve budget and set public hearing date)

May 27, 2014 If needed, City Council review and approval of the City Manager's Proposed Budget

• June 10, 2014

A public hearing will be held before the City Council considers the adoption of the budget in order to give residents an additional opportunity to participate in the budget process. In compliance with the City Charter, a notice of this meeting will be published in the local newspaper at least ten days prior to the public hearing. Adoption of the budget requires the affirmative votes of at least three members of the Council.

Strategic Plan

The City of Chula Vista is implementing a Citywide Strategic Plan. This plan is an annual cycle that encourages focused, meaningful service delivery to benefit all of Chula Vista. It is a comprehensive framework that ensures: priorities set by the City Council are clear to all employees, goals are laid out that respond to priorities, objectives are achieved that meet the goals, and that the City government is accountable to meeting community needs.

General Process

Strategic Plan-Begins with a long-range Strategic Plan that identifies where we want to get to. This ensures we are all working in same direction toward clearly defined goals

Annual Plan-Development of a short-term annual plan that identifies Initiatives for the next year in support of achieving the strategic goals. Resources are aligned with annual Initiatives through service levels identified in the budget process. This step is where we align and

link the city's Initiatives and resources in pursuit of goals.

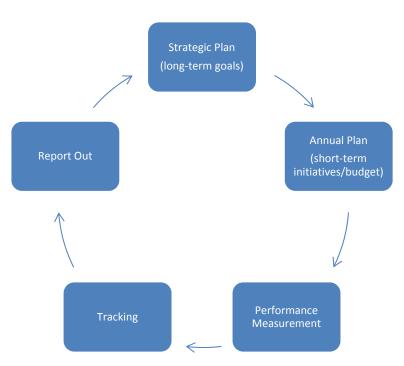
Performance Measurement-Based on the annual plan, performance measurements are created to track achievement toward service levels/Initiatives identified through the annual plan. When implemented at the departmental and individual performance goal levels, everyone understands how they are contributing to City goals.

Tracking- Verify progress towards goals. Constant monitoring allows us to evaluate progress and make any necessary corrections.

Report Out-Reporting out on our progress against identified goals is an essential component of accountability. Evaluation of past performance also helps identify necessary changes in initiatives/resource allocation/measurements.

The following chart reflects the annual Strategic Planning Update Process.

Strategic Plan Process



HOW DID WE GET HERE

A Steering Committee was formed to create the Plan. The Committee was comprised of one person per department that represented ideas and thoughts from their respective departments and various commissions. The Steering Committee met regularly between November and March to refine a draft Plan that includes long-term strategies and annual initiatives. On an annual basis the committee meets quarterly to go over performance measurements and check in on initiatives. The feedback loop is continuous, not a start and stop process.

The Strategic Plan is an operational tool for the City Manager and departments to use. The goals encompass visions the City Council and public have already expressed. Feedback on any potential changes would be solicited when we annually report out on past performance.

Strategic Goals and Initiatives



OPERATIONAL EXCELLENCE

Collaborate with Residents and businesses to provide responsive and responsible public service by implementing effective and efficient operations.

- Uphold a commitment to Fiscal Health
 Establishing a financially resilient City is a long-term goal that can be reached by first stabilizing the City's financial condition, then working towards financially sustainability, and finally establishing an organization that is financially resilient. Financial resiliency better positions the City to withstand future economic downturns with minimal impacts to service levels.
 - Implement the Fiscal Recovery and Progress Plan
- Excel in service delivery by continuously improving
 Cities by their very definition are service delivery
 organizations. Many of these services are critical
 to the well-being of the citizens, but all city
 services enhance residents' "quality of life". The
 City of Chula Vista is committed to maximizing its
 service delivery through continually looking to

eliminate waste in the processes of service delivery and maximizing the value of those services to our customers.

- Implement Continuous Improvement efforts throughout the organization
- Leverage new and emerging technology to provide efficient, effective and secure Information Technology solutions
- Retain and attract quality employees
- Ensure interaction with the City is a positive experience

The City of Chula Vista provides services to a diverse customer base. They rely on the City to perform those services in a cost effective and quality manner. The City of Chula Vista strives to make the interaction of service delivery a positive experience in which our customers can have confidence that they are valued.

- Foster public trust through an open and ethical government
- Provide quality customer service



ECONOMIC VITALITY

Strengthen and diversify the City's economy by: supporting and advancing existing businesses; targeting and attracting new businesses; promoting balanced land use decisions; and engaging the community to reinvest in the city.

- Provide policies, planning, infrastructure, and services that are fundamental to an economically strong, vibrant city
 - A strong, vibrant city relies on a foundation of forward looking decisions and quality infrastructure that support education, high quality jobs, and well-balanced livable communities. The City has made great progress in several long-term major development projects. These significant projects are vital to revitalizing the City.
 - Implement the Bayfront Master Plan
 - Foster opportunities for investment in Western Chula Vista
 - Promote and support development of quality master-planned communities
 - Plan and implement the University Park

and Research Center

Promote an environment for residents and businesses to prosper

The City wants to strengthen and diversify the City's economy by supporting existing local businesses as well as identifying and recruiting new industries and businesses. We want to encourage opportunities for businesses and residents through quality job creation.

- Implement strategies that build prosperity and quality employment opportunities for existing businesses
- Identify and recruit complementary businesses that provide quality employment and expand the goods and services available to residents



HEALTHY COMMUNITY

Protect resources and environmental health for both current residents and future generations. Foster the health of our physical environment through balanced, connected and sustainable land uses.

Support an environment that fosters health & wellness

The City will encourage residents to choose healthy lifestyles by promoting and facilitating healthy options in our community and make it easier for residents to lead healthy lives. The City will promote policies and programs that enhance the well-being of residents. We are also committed to connecting residents in need with critical services that increase their potential for wellness and self-sufficiency.

- Implement policies and programs that support a healthy community
- Develop and implement strategies and programs that restore and protect natural resources and promote sustainability

Promote responsible development and land use decisions that benefit current and future residents. The City is committed to protecting and promoting the sustainability of natural resources through innovative programs and policies. We will continue to show leadership in the area of

climate change.

- Design and implement innovative environmental & conservation programs
- Update and implement the Climate Action Plan
- Provide parks, open spaces, outdoor experiences, libraries and recreational opportunities that residents can enjoy

The City is supporting residents in choosing healthy lifestyles. Essential to a healthy community is the community infrastructure the City implements through libraries, parks, trails, and other recreational areas where residents can be active.

- Plan, construct, maintain, and operate community and neighborhood facilities
- Preserve and restore City Infrastructure through the Asset Management Program (AMP).



STRONG AND SECURE

NEIGHBORHOODS

Create and maintain safe and appealing neighborhoods where people choose to shop, work, play and stay.

- Ensure a sustainable and well maintained infrastructure to provide safe and appealing communities to live, work, and play
 - One of the key functions of city government is to provide citizens and businesses a safe environment to live, work, play and conduct business on a daily basis. As such, the provision and maintenance of public infrastructure is vital to the quality of life for the residents. Ensuring that the homes we live in, the businesses we frequent and the roads we drive on are safe, is key to attracting home buyers, businesses and visitors to our community.
 - Preserve and restore City Infrastructure through the Asset Management Program (AMP).
 - Provide comprehensive plan review and inspection services to ensure safety and code compliance
- Enhance prevention efforts and prepare

communities for natural disasters and other emergencies

Cities provide public safety programs which include various prevention and emergency preparedness efforts. Prevention efforts are designed to help mitigate issues before they become a problem through thorough analysis of problems, enforcement of various codes and laws, and educational efforts to help residents improve their safety. Preparedness efforts are designed to ensure that the City and its residents are ready to respond to, survive and recover from a multitude of emergencies.

- Maintain a responsive Emergency Management Program
- Continue and enhance analysis led policing.
- Increase the public's perception of safety.
- Promote safety and readiness through community education and engagement.
- Ensure adequate emergency response and post emergency recovery services to our community

The citizens of Chula Vista expect that the City's public safety providers will respond to emergency calls for service quickly, with adequately staffed, equipped and trained personnel to carry out the duties for which they are assigned. Additionally, the City wants to provide adequate follow-up services to help recover from emergencies.

- Provide and support an efficient and effective Advanced Life Support Program.
- Restore and enhance public safety service capacity.



CONNECTED COMMUNITY

Promote diverse opportunities that connect community and foster civic pride through comprehensive communication strategies, and cultural, educational & recreational programming.

Encourage residents to engage in civic activities
 A key component to a connected community is to
 have citizens engaged with their government and
 each other. The City will create a communication
 strategic plan to better inform the public and

staff. Additionally, the City wants to create opportunities for residents to be engaged within their community through such mechanisms as volunteer opportunities or serving on a Board or Commission.

- Implement Marketing and Communications Program
- Foster an environment of community engagement
- Provide opportunities that enrich the community's quality of life

The City can contribute to a connected community by having ample opportunities to have citizens to interact with each other. The level of civic pride is also increased when the City can enrich lives with quality programming. Toward that end the City will promote culture, art, and community connections. As much as possible the City will cultivate and promote partnerships that expand and improve services.

Provide services/programs responsive to residents' priorities

Economic Overview

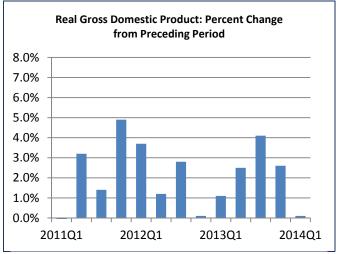
This section of the budget document identifies and outlines economic indicators that impact revenue forecasts at the local level. Several sources are used to forecast City revenues using national, state and local area economic trends. Sources include: the UCLA Anderson Forecast (National and State), U.S. Department of Commerce (National), California Employment Development Department (National, State, and Local), California Department of Finance (State and Local), and the University of San Diego Index of Leading Economic Indicators (San Diego region).

NATIONAL



The outlook for the nation's economy continues to improve as economic activity is expected to rise as the nation works its way past the

harsh weather conditions that slowed the nation's economy during the first quarter of 2014. Increases in automobile sales, factory production and construction that were hampered by harsher than normal weather conditions in the first quarter are projected to provide a boost to the nation's economy beginning in the spring. In the April 2014 report, Senior Economist David Shulman of the UCLA Anderson Forecast predicts that the national economy as measured by Gross Domestic Product (GDP) will grow at 3% signaling increases in job opportunities. In his report, he writes, "We can visualize the economy creating between 200,000-250,000 jobs a month with the unemployment rate dropping to 5.4 percent by late 2016 and total payroll employment surpassing the prior 2007 peak, however the economy will remain well below its pre-Great Recession growth path." Shulman also expects an uptick in inflation, expecting the core consumer price index to increase from 1.8 percent in 2013 to 2.5 percent in 2016. As inflation rises, Shulman anticipates that wages will rise as well. "To be sure, for most Americans, the increase in wages will be most welcome," Shulman says. "But for those wary of inflation, it will be signaling a cautionary yellow light. Specifically, total compensation per hour is forecast to increase by 2.4 percent, 3.5 percent and 4 percent in 2014, 2015 and 2016, respectively, compared to a very low increase of 1.6 percent in 2013." Shulman also says that the Federal Reserve's long experiments with zero interest rates and quantitative easing are slowly coming to an end. He expects that the monthly \$85 billion bond buying program, now at \$55 billion, will be all but wound down by September. The Federal Funds rate is forecast to increase to 3.0% by the end of 2016.



Source: Bureau of Economic Analysis, U.S. Department of Commerce

CALIFORNIA



In the California report of the UCLA Anderson Forecast report, Senior Economist Jerry Nickelsburg examines the impacts that the ongoing drought and dry weather are having on the California economy. Nickelsburg examines the key

economic components of a drought - demand, supply and a forecast of future drought conditions. He notes that in California there are four sources of demand: agriculture, fisheries and the environment, households and industry. Agriculture, by far the largest segment of demand, consumes about 80 percent of all delivered water. On the surface, rainfall and the transpiration of ground water appear to be the major components of 'supply,' but here water authorities may choose to pump more or less reservoir water to meet specific demands. According to Nickelsburg, while the drought negatively affected California's economy, particularly in some agricultural areas, "Overall the state is not likely to be greatly impacted. But given our fragile recovery from the Great Recession, and the potential for this drought to drive industrial and agricultural structural change towards an adaptation to a more arid environment, a prudent incorporation of the drought impact would be to lower the forecast

employment growth rates for the next few years by about 0.2 percent. This is more a recognition that disruptions are not without cost than a significant change in our economic forecast for the Golden State." The latest forecast for California calls for total employment growth (payroll, farm and self-employed) of 1.8 percent in 2014, 2.2 percent in 2015 and 2.1 percent in 2016. Nonfarm payroll employment is expected to grow at 2.2 percent, 2.3 percent and 2.0 percent for the three forecast years. Real personal income growth is forecast to be 3.1 percent in 2014 followed by 3.8 percent and 3.7 percent in 2015 and 2016. The unemployment rate for the three forecast years are expected to be 7.8 percent, 6.9 percent and 6.0 percent respectively, with the rate going as low as 5.7 percent by fourth quarter 2016.

COUNTY



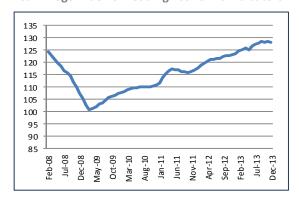
The University of San Diego's Index of Leading Economic Indicators for San Diego County decreased -0.2% in December. This decrease occurred despite previous sharp increases in building permits and the outlook for the national economy that had

outweighed big drops in initial claims unemployment insurance and help wanted advertising pushing the USD Index to a gain in November. Weaker results in the former two components led to a decline in December, the second in three months. Despite the USD Index falling for two of the last three months in 2013, the outlook for the local economy remains positive. Economists usually look for three consecutive changes in a leading index in the opposite direction as a signal of a turning point in the economy, and that has not happened yet. The local economy ended 2013 with a gain of more than 23,000 jobs, which was down from 2012 but still the second best year for job growth since 2012. The forecast for 2014 is for another 25,000 jobs to be added in San Diego County, which would be enough to push the local unemployment rate down to under six percent. Continued solid growth is expected in construction, leisure and hospitality, and heath care. The December report also contained following findings:

 Residential units authorized by building permits ended the year with two very strong months. For 2013, total residential units authorized increased by 46 percent to end at the highest level since 2006. The gain was largely due to permits for multi-family units, which were up almost 64 percent, compared to a 17.6 percent increase in single-family units. This left single-family units authorized at 2,565, down from more than 9,000 a year each year from 1998 to 2004.

- Both of the labor market variables continue to be under downward pressure. Both initial claims for unemployment insurance and help wanted advertising have been down sharply for three straight months. Despite these negative results, the local unemployment rate ended the year at 6.4 percent, down from the 6.9 percent rate of November and the 8.2 percent rate at the end of 2012. After seasonal adjustment taking into account hiring during the holiday season. The unemployment rate is 6.8 percent, the first time it has fallen below 7 percent since October 2008.
- Local stock prices were up during the year, advancing more than 36 percent. That lagged the NASDAQ Composite (up 38.3 percent) but topped the Dow Jones Industrial Average (up 26.5 percent) and the S&P 500 Index (up 29.6 percent).
- The national Index of Leading Economic Indicators was up for the sixth consecutive month, which signals continued growth in the national economy.

San Diego Index of Leading Economic Indicators



CITY



The City of Chula Vista continues to recover from the impacts of the economic recession as the City's finances continue to slowly stabilize with mixed results. In the Third

Quarter Financial Report, the City projected a \$2.2 million surplus. The surplus however was largely due to the recognition of \$3.3 million of Telephone Users' Tax (TUT) revenues. The City is now recognizing these revenues going forward as a result of the settlement of the class action lawsuit challenging the City's collection of TUT from wireless customers. Other major City revenue categories including Sales Taxes, Transfers In and Revenues from Other Agencies were projected lower in the Third Quarter Financial Report thus partially offsetting the increase in TUT revenue.

These same revenue trends are reflected in fiscal year 2014-15. The largest revenue increase reflected in the budget is the recognition of TUT revenues. Sales tax revenues, which represent the General Fund's largest revenue source, are projected to increase by 4% when compared to fiscal year 2013-14 projections, as reported in the Third Quarter Financial Report.

A bright spot in the City's finances is the continuing improvement in the housing market as the year over year median home price within the City increased by 15.4% in 2014. The median home price is projected to further rise by 4.6% in 2015 thus improving City property tax revenue opportunities. This improvement is reflected in fiscal year 2014-15 budgeted property tax revenues that are increasing by 8% over the fiscal year 2013-14 budget. This increase is based on a projected

4% overall increase in the City's assessment roll. A 2% growth rate in assessed valuation of taxable property as legally permitted under Proposition 13 law assuming that there is a commensurate increase in the State's consumer price index (CPI) of 2% or greater. However due to a small increase in the State's CPI, a 0.45% growth rate increase was applied to the base assessed valuations within the City. The projected increase in property tax growth is mainly attributed to upward reassessments of properties that have been re-sold at increased price levels or re-assessments of properties that have taken place under Proposition 8 law. Under Proposition 8, property owners may apply for an assessment appeal and be granted a lower assessed valuation on their property for property tax purposes when their property values decrease. The lower assessed valuations are granted under the stipulation that their property assessments will be re-assessed in the future when property values recover. The table below provides a year over year summary of home price sale improvements that have taken place within the City's zip codes. The improvement in home sales prices will also help to improve the City's property tax base.

Examination of other key demographic factors indicates that the City's unemployment situation remained unchanged as the unemployment rate held steady at 8.1% since June 2013 according to the California Employment Development Department. Additionally, Chula Vista's population remains stable as it continues to maintain its place as the 14th largest incorporated city in the state according to the California Department of Finance. The City's population experienced a 1.7% increase from 2013 to 2014.

Chula Vista Home Sales
February 2013 Compared to February 2014

		Median	Percent	
Zip Code	Locale	2013	2014	Change
91910	North	\$ 310,100	\$ 356,500	15.0%
91911	South	\$ 303,050	\$ 329,025	8.6%
91913	Eastlake	\$ 344,150	\$ 417,750	21.4%
91914	NE	\$ 444,231	\$ 496,385	11.7%
91915	SE	\$ 355,750	\$ 408,000	14.7%

Source Zillow.com/research



All Funds Summary

The following section provides an overview of the combined all funds budget. Detailed descriptions, funding, and staffing levels are provided for each fund under the corresponding fund section in this document. This section is intended to provide a citywide overview of the adopted budget for fiscal year 2014-15.

ALL FUNDS REVENUE SUMMARY

The combined revenue budget for all City funds totals \$269.3 million; \$33.5 million represents inter-fund transfers. Projected revenues for all funds are anticipated to increase by \$8.2 million when compared to the fiscal year 2013-14 adopted budget of \$261.1 million.

The largest change in revenue is occurring in the Other Local Taxes revenue category, which reflects a net increase of \$5.1 million when compared to the prior fiscal year. The majority of this increase is occurring in the General Fund which reflects a net increase of \$4.9 million. \$3.6 million of this increase reflects the recognition of the Telephone Users' Tax that the City is recognizing since the settlement of the class action lawsuit. Other increases in this include Sales Tax (\$0.5 million), Franchise Fees (\$0.4 million), and Transient Occupancy Taxes (\$0.2 million).

The next largest change is reflected in the Development Impact Fees revenue category. This category reflects a decrease of \$2.3 million when compared to the fiscal year 2013-14 budget. The decrease in this revenue category is reflected in the Public Facilities Development Impact Fees (PFDIF) Fund. This fund reflects a decrease of \$2.3 million when compared to the prior year. This adjustment is based on fiscal year 2013-14 development trends, which reflected a slowdown.

The Revenue from Other Agencies category reflects a net increase of \$1.8 million when compared to the prior fiscal year. The largest change in this category is in the Other Transportation Program Fund, which reflects a Federal grant of \$3.3 million. These grant funds will be used to fund the following capital improvement projects – Willow Street Bridge Widening Project (\$1.6 million) and Willow Street Bridge relocation (\$.5 million), Traffic Signal modifications (\$0.7 million), and

expansion of the adaptive traffic signal system (\$0.5 million). This category also reflects the elimination of \$1.8 million in Federal Grant funds in the Home Program that were included in the fiscal year 2013-14 budget for the Landis project.

The Property Tax revenue category reflects an increase of \$2.3 million when compared to the fiscal year 2013-14 adopted budget. This increase reflects the following changes:

- General Fund this fund reflects a net increase of \$2.1 million based on anticipated increases in assessed value and re-assessments of properties that have taken place under Proposition 8 law.
- Redevelopment Obligation Retirement Fund this fund reflects a net increase of \$0.3 million. This change is due to an increase in the Successor Agency's enforceable obligations related to repayment of the Low and Mod loan to the former Redevelopment Agency for payment to the State for the SERAE.

The Transfers In category reflects a net increase of \$1.0 million when compared to the fiscal year 2013-14 budget. Changes in this category reflect the elimination of transfers to the 2002 COP Police Facility Project from the General Fund (\$2.2 million) and the PFDIF (\$1.7 million) and the addition of transfers to the 2014 Refunding COP from the General Fund (\$2.0 million) and the PFDIF (\$1.6 million). These changes reflect the refunding of the Police Facility Project that occurred during fiscal year 2013-14. Other changes in this category include:

- The addition of a \$0.7 million transfer from the PFDIF fund to the Long-Term Advances DSF-City fund to account for a loan repayment to the TDIF.
- The addition of a one-time transfer of \$0.6 million from the TUT Common Fund to the General Fund to reimburse the General Fund for eligible costs under the terms of the settlement agreement.

The Schedule of Revenues report, included in the Summary Tables section, reflects the projected revenues for fiscal year 2014-15 at the fund and revenue type level. The following table reflects a summary of all City revenues by category.

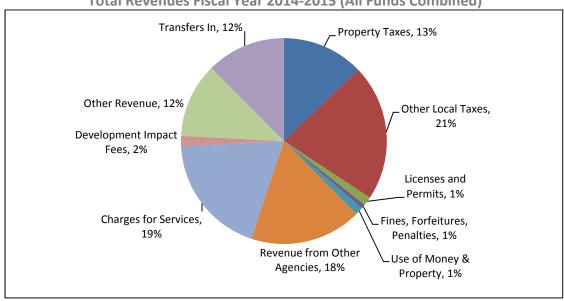
Sources of Funds (All Funds Combined)

Fiscal Year 2012 to Fiscal Year 2015 Revenues

In Thousands (000)

Revenue Category	FY11-12 Actual		FY12-13 Actual		FY 13-14 Adopted		FY 14-15 Proposed		Change (FY14-FY15)	
Property Taxes	\$ 35,706	\$	32,333	\$	32,195	\$	34,538	\$	2,342	
Other Local Taxes	\$ 47,132	\$	54,425	\$	52,654	\$	57,734	\$	5,080	
Licenses and Permits	\$ 2,973	\$	3,877	\$	3,151	\$	3,743	\$	593	
Fines, Forfeitures, Penalties	\$ 2,065	\$	1,640	\$	1,753	\$	1,753	\$	-	
Use of Money & Property	\$ 6,526	\$	3,261	\$	3,117	\$	3,248	\$	132	
Revenue from Other Agencies	\$ 44,243	\$	44,834	\$	45,636	\$	47,401	\$	1,765	
Charges for Services	\$ 56,549	\$	59,144	\$	51,552	\$	51,282	\$	(270)	
Development Impact Fees	\$ 5,619	\$	14,667	\$	6,717	\$	4,457	\$	(2,260)	
Other Revenue	\$ 37,652	\$	36,660	\$	31,887	\$	31,655	\$	(232)	
Transfers In	\$ 82,248	\$	32,027	\$	32,437	\$	33,485	\$	1,049	
Total Revenues	\$ 320,713	\$	282,868	\$	261,099	\$	269,297	\$	8,199	

Total Revenues Fiscal Year 2014-2015 (All Funds Combined)



ALL FUNDS EXPENDITURE SUMMARY

The combined expenditure budget for all City funds totals \$284.5 million; \$33.5 million represents interfund transfers. This amount includes a General Fund operating budget of \$132.8 million and a Capital Improvement Program (CIP) budget of \$20.9 million. The fiscal year 2014-15 budget includes \$97.3 million operating budgets for the non-General Fund funds including Sewer, Successor Agency to the Redevelopment Agency, Development Services, Transit, and Fleet. When compared to the prior year budget, the fiscal year 2014-15 proposed budget reflects an increase of \$15.7 million.

The largest change in expenditures is reflected in the Capital Improvement Projects (CIP) expenditure category. This category reflects a net increase of \$5.5 million. This expenditure category varies from year to year based on the availability of funds and scheduled capital improvement projects. More information on capital improvement projects included in the fiscal year 2014-15 budget can be found in the Capital Improvement Project Summary section of this document or in the Fiscal Year 2014-15 Capital Improvement Project Proposed Budget document.

The next largest change in expenditures is reflected in the Personnel Services category. This category is projected to grow by \$5.1 million when compared to the fiscal year 2013-14 adopted budget. This increase reflects the following changes:

- A net increase of approximately 10 positions citywide that were approved during fiscal year 2013-14 or are recommended as part of the development of the fiscal year 2014-15 budget. These positions changes are reflected in the General Fund, Federal Grants fund, Fleet Management fund, Police Grants fund, Development Services fund, and the Successor Agency to Redevelopment Agency fund.
- Increased costs related to retirement and medical (flex) benefits
- The annualized cost of the salary increases approved for miscellaneous employees during fiscal year 2013-14
- An increase in workers comp charges based on higher expenditure trends in the Workers Comp fund

The Supplies and Services category reflects a net increase of \$2.0 million and reflects changes in various funds. This increase includes the following changes:

- TUT Common Fund this fund reflects an increase of \$1.3 million. This budget accounts for the one-time settlement monies from the settlement of the class action lawsuit related to the application of telephone user's tax for wireless customers. The \$1.3 million includes funding for eligible public safety equipment including fire helmets, ballistic helmets, breathing apparatus, and equipment related to the transition to the County's new regional communications system.
- General Fund this fund reflects a net increase of \$1.0 million in this category. The largest increases are related to a \$0.3 million increase in fleet maintenance costs followed by \$0.2 million in increase in City liability insurance costs. The remaining increase of \$0.4 million reflect net changes in various objects and account for increases in contractual services, software maintenance fees, and program supplies.
- Fleet Maintenance Fund this fund reflects a net increase of \$0.4 million. This decrease largely reflects the transfer of the budget for CNG fuel from Supplies and Services to Utilities.

The Capital expenses category reflects a net increase of \$1.6 million. This increase is largely reflected in the TUT Common Fund which reflects an increase of \$1.3 million. The Capital expenses budget in the TUT Common fund will be used for the purchase of eligible public safety vehicles and communications equipment.

The total number of recommended permanent positions for fiscal year 2014-15 is 959.75, of which 806.25 are included in the General Fund and 153.50 are included in various other funds. The adopted staffing represents a net increase of 9.75 positions when compared to the fiscal year 2013-14 adopted budget. The Authorized Positions by Department report is included in the Summary Tables section of this document; it provides the new staffing by classification and department. A summary of the new staffing changes is also included in the Staffing Changes section.

The following table reflects the expenditures for all funds by expense category.

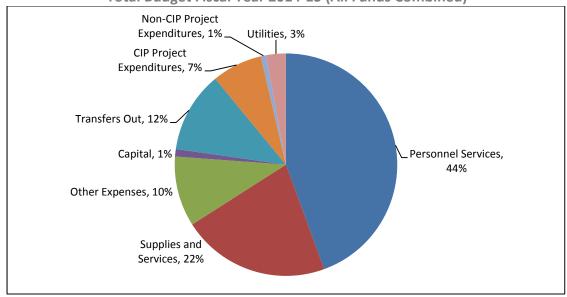
Uses of Funds (All Funds Combined)

Fiscal Year 2012 to Fiscal Year 2015 Expenditures

In Thousands (000)

Expenditure Category	FY11-12 Actual		FY12-13 Actual		FY 13-14 Adopted		FY 14-15 Proposed		Change (FY14-FY15)	
Personnel Services	\$ 113,576	\$	115,792	\$	121,333	\$	126,384	\$	5,051	
Supplies and Services	\$ 52,256	\$	54,214	\$	59,289	\$	61,291	\$	2,002	
Other Expenses	\$ 49,047	\$	41,739	\$	28,824	\$	29,038	\$	214	
Capital	\$ 2,549	\$	1,724	\$	1,476	\$	3,102	\$	1,626	
Transfers Out	\$ 82,248	\$	32,027	\$	32,437	\$	33,485	\$	1,049	
CIP Project Expenditures	\$ 17,486	\$	23,253	\$	15,376	\$	20,878	\$	5,502	
Non-CIP Project Expenditures	\$ 2,036	\$	5,319	\$	2,903	\$	2,194	\$	(709)	
Utilities	\$ 6,325	\$	7,001	\$	7,201	\$	8,152	\$	950	
Total Expenditures	\$ 325,522	\$	281,068	\$	268,838	\$	284,524	\$	15,685	

Total Budget Fiscal Year 2014-15 (All Funds Combined)



PROJECTED CHANGES IN UNDESIGNATED FUND BALANCES

The following table provides a summary by fund type of the projected revenues and expenditures for fiscal year 2014-15 and the projected impact to their respective undesignated fund balance. Undesignated fund balance represents available, expendable financial resources in a governmental fund. Undesignated fund balance is sometimes referred to as available reserves.

As noted in the table below, most funds are anticipated to draw down reserve levels in the coming year.

Summary of Net Impact to Reserves by Fund

In Thousands (000)

	Proj Reserve Bal			ousurius (oo					Pro	oj Reserve Bal
Fund		6/30/14	R	Revenues		Expenditures		Net Impact		6/30/15
TUT Common Fund	\$	4,228	\$	-	\$	4,228	\$	(4,228)	\$	-
Capital Projects Funds	\$	62,411	\$	8,413	\$	12,434	\$	(4,021)	\$	58,390
Other Funds	\$	5,773	\$	9,673	\$	12,651	\$	(2,978)	\$	2,795
Sewer Funds	\$	73,424	\$	33,818	\$	36,019	\$	(2,201)	\$	71,223
Successor Agency and CV										
Housing Authority	\$	(30,029)	\$	12,982	\$	14,606	\$	(1,624)	\$	(31,653)
Public Liability Trust Fund	\$	1,319	\$	744	\$	1,653	\$	(909)	\$	410
Workers Comp Fund	\$	978	\$	2,653	\$	3,381	\$	(728)	\$	250
Gas Tax Fund	\$	3,676	\$	6,159	\$	6,839	\$	(680)	\$	2,996
Environmental Services Fund	\$	912	\$	1,464	\$	1,690	\$	(225)	\$	687
Fleet Management	\$	701	\$	3,654	\$	3,783	\$	(129)	\$	572
General Fund		13,076	\$	134,537	\$	134,537	\$	-	\$	13,076
Development Services Fund	\$	(495)	\$	7,161	\$	7,161	\$	-	\$	(495)
Maint Districts & Open Space	\$	16,391	\$	12,062	\$	12,062	\$	-	\$	16,391
Transit Funds	\$	838	\$	6,793	\$	6,793	\$	-	\$	838
Debt Service Funds	\$	(25,719)	\$	13,561	\$	12,452	\$	1,110	\$	(24,609)
Grant Funds	\$	3,522	\$	15,623	\$	14,234	\$	1,388	\$	4,910
Total All Funds	\$	131,006	\$	269,297	\$	284,524	\$	(15,227)	\$	115,779

Note: The Debt Service Funds and Successor Agency and CV Housing Authority carry a deficit that reflects long-term advances/outstanding debt obligations in Fund 451 and Fund 692.

The net impact to reserves for all funds is a net decrease of \$15.2 million; this change includes the following:

- TUT Common Fund with the settlement of the class action lawsuit related to the telephone user's tax for wireless customers, the fiscal year 2014-15 budget includes \$4.2 million in one-time expenditures which will exhaust the fund balance in this fund. The \$4.2 million will be used for eligible Public Safety, Communications, Recreation, Library and expenditures based on the settlement agreement.
- Capital Project these funds reflect a net decrease
 of \$4.0 million in reserves in fiscal year 2014-15.
 This decrease largely reflects the use of \$4.4 million
 in reserves in the Public Facility DIF funds. These
 funds will be used to pay debt service related to the
 construction of various City facilities and begin
 repayment of a loan from the TDIF to the PFDIF.
- Other Funds this category reflects the use of \$3.0 million in reserves in fiscal year 2014-15. Included in this category are the following funds:
 - Transportation Sales Tax Fund reflects the use of \$1.9 million in reserves. These funds will be used to fund various capital improvement projects in fiscal year 2014-15, including:
 - \$2.5 million for major pavement rehabilitation
 - \$1.3 million for South Broadway Improvements Main Street to Southern Limits Phase II
 - The Traffic Signal Fund reflects the use of \$0.8 million in reserves. These funds will be used to fund various capital improvement projects in fiscal year 2014-15 including:
 - \$270,000 for Traffic Signal modifications at four intersections - Fourth Avenue/"J" Street; Hilltop Drive/"L" Street; and Third Avenue/"H" Street & Third Avenue/"I" Street
 - \$250,000 for the Modification of Traffic Signal and Pedestrian Facilities along Palomar Street between Broadway and Murrell Drive
- Sewer Funds these funds reflect a net decrease of \$2.2 million in reserves in fiscal year 2014-15.
 Included in these funds is the Salt Creek Sewer Basin DIF, which reflects the use of \$1.2 million in reserves. The fiscal year 2014-15 budget includes a \$1.0 million CIP for the North City and Otay Ranch

Preserve Management Program. The Sewer Facility Replacement also reflects the use of \$0.8 million in reserves. The fiscal year 2014-15 budget for this fund includes several capital improvement projects including:

- \$500,000 for sewer rehabilitation
- \$500,000 for manhole rehabilitation
- Successor Agency to the Redevelopment Agency and CV Housing Funds – these funds reflect a net decrease of \$1.6 million. This decrease is largely reflected in the RDA 2008 TARBS Proj Funds –SA fund, which reflects the use of \$1.3 million in reserves. These funds will be used to reimburse the General Fund for costs incurred for the Third Avenue Streetscape Phase II project.
- The Public Liability Trust Fund reflects a budgeted net impact of \$0.9 million. In order to balance the General Fund, the transfer to the Public Liability Trust Fund was reduced by \$0.5 million in fiscal year 2014-15. The actual use of Public Liability Trust Fund reserves will depend on actual expenditures, which can be difficult to predict.
- The Workers Compensation Fund reflects a budgeted net impact of \$0.7 million. The actual impact to reserves will be determined by actual claims paid, which can be difficult to predict.

GENERAL FUND RESERVES

In November 2009, the City Council approved a resolution updating the City's General Fund Reserve Policy. The new reserve policy:

- Provides updated guidelines for the use of reserves
- Sets a new long-term goal for higher General Fund Reserve level, from 8% to 15%
- Includes the establishment of two new reserve funds
 - The Economic Contingency Reserve, and
 - The Catastrophic Event Reserve

Achieving these reserve levels is a multiyear goal but once fully implemented the new General Fund Reserve policy will require higher reserve levels, which will help mitigate the negative impact on revenues from economic fluctuations, position the City to withstand State revenue takeaways, debt service coverage, and provide a resource to fund unforeseen expenditure requirements.

The Third Quarter Financial Report for fiscal year 2013-14 projected that the General Fund would end the fiscal year with a surplus of \$2.2 million. This increase largely reflects the recognition of telephone user's tax revenues related to wireless customers. As mentioned previously, with the settlement of the class action lawsuit, the City has now recognized these revenues.

As reflected on the following table, General Fund reserve levels have not only stabilized but have increased slightly since fiscal year 2009. It is important that the City maintain reserves in order to address the following potential issues:

- Dramatic economic fluctuations
- Debt service coverage
- Development impacts gaps in timing when services will need to be provided to new developments but the development area has not yet generated the revenues needed to fully offset the cost of those services
- Unfunded liabilities deferred building and equipment repairs, equipment replacement, deteriorating infrastructure.

The following chart depicts the General Fund reserves since fiscal year 2008-09.

General Fund Reserves

Fiscal Year 2009 to Fiscal Year 2015 16.0% 14.0% 12.0% 10.0% 8.0% 6.0% 4.0% 2.0% 0.0% FY09 FY10 FY13 FY14 FY11 FY12 FY15 Projected Projected Reserves Reserve Policy (Updated 2009)



Summary of Staffing Changes

The fiscal year 2014-15 budget includes 959.75 positions for all funds. This is a net increase of 9.75 positions when compared to the fiscal year 2013-14 adopted budget that included 950.0 authorized positions. The summary of staffing changes is divided into two sections — the staffing changes that were approved by Council during fiscal year 2013-14 and changes made as part of the development of the fiscal year 2014-15 budget.

POSITION CHANGES AUTHORIZED DURING FISCAL YEAR 2013-14

During fiscal year 2013-14, Council approved the addition of 6.0 FTE citywide as well as several reclassifications to reflect changes in duties. Changes in the General Fund resulted in a net increase of 1.0 FTE and changes to other funds resulted in a net increase of 5.0 FTE. These changes included the following:

- Police 2.0 Community Service Officers were approved in an effort to move forward with implementation of the recommendations included in the Matrix Study. These positions were added to the Patrol Division. 1.0 frozen Peace Officer was eliminated from Patrol; this reduction was offset by the addition of 1.0 Peace Officer in the Police Grants Fund. The Police Department also requested to eliminate a vacant Senior Fiscal Office Specialist position and add two part time positions a Fiscal Office Specialist and a Facility and Supply Specialist.
- Fire the department requested to reclassify 4.0 vacant Firefighter positions to Firefighter/Paramedic as part of the implementation of the Advanced Life Support program.

- Public Works the department requested to reclassify two vacant positions in order to address operational needs. A Land Surveyor was reclassified to a Senior Civil Engineer and a Senior Park Ranger was reclassified to Park Ranger Supervisor.
- Recreation the department requested to reclassify a vacant Recreation Supervisor II to Recreation Supervisor III to address operational needs.
- Police Grants Fund The City serves as the fiscal agent for CBAG and SD LECC. Changes approved for these programs include the addition of a 2.0 FA (Fiscal Agent) Program Assistants, the reclassification of 3.0 FA Public Safety Analyst positions to FA Senior Public Safety Analyst, and the reclassification of a FA Network Manager to FA Information Security Program Manager. The addition of a grant funded Peace Officer was also approved in this
- Central Garage Fund During fiscal year 2014, the department conducted an extensive Continuous Improvement project. As part of the recommended changes, two positions (Equipment Mechanic and Fleet Inventory Control Specialist) were added to the Central Garage in order to improve efficiency.

The following table summarizes the position changes Council authorized during fiscal year 2013-14.

Summary of Fiscal Year 2013-14 Staffing Changes

Approved by City Council

Police (1.0) Fire (0.0) Public Works (0.0) Recreation (0.0)	Program	Position	FTE
	Patrol	Community Service Officer	2.0
Doling	Patroi	Peace Officer	-1.0
Police (1.0) Fire (0.0) Public Works (0.0) Recreation (0.0)		Senior Fiscal Office Specialist	-1.0
(1.0)	Fiscal Operations	Facility and Supplies Specialist	0.5
		Fiscal Office Specialist	0.5
Fire (0.0)	Fire Suppression	Firefighter	-4.0
Fire (0.0)	Fire Suppression	Firefighter/Paramedic	4.0
	Company	Land Surveyor	-1.0
Public Works	Survey	Senior Civil Engineer	1.0
	Dayle Daysay	Senior Park Ranger	-1.0
	Park Ranger	Park Ranger Supervisor	1.0
Decreation (0.0)	Adult Athlatics	Recreation Supervisor III	1.0
Recreation (0.0)	Adult Athletics	Recreation Supervisor II	-1.0
		FA Program Assistant	2.0
		FA Public Safety Analyst	-3.0
	Fiscal Agent (FA) positions	FA Senior Public Safety Analyst	3.0
Police Grants Fund (3.0)	- CBAG and SD LECC	FA Network Manager	-1.0
		FA Information Security Program	1.0
		Manager	1.0
	OTS DUI Enforcement	Peace Officer	1.0
Control Garago Fund (2.0)	Control Carago Operations	Equipment Mechanic	1.0
Central Garage Fulld (2.0)	Central Garage Operations	Fleet Inventory Control Specialist	1.0
Total Citywide			6.0

FISCAL YEAR 2014-15 CHANGES

The fiscal year 2014-15 budget largely reflects a carryover of the services and programs funded in the current fiscal year. In total, the changes result in a net increase of 3.75 FTE when compared to the fiscal year 2013-14 amended budget. These changes include the following changes summarized by department:

- Administration/Economic Development During fiscal year 2013-14 City Council approved additional funding for Economic Development. As part of that effort, the fiscal year 2014-15 budget reflects the addition of a Senior Economic Development Specialist. Under supervision of the Principal Economic Development Specialist, the position will respond to daily direct requests to existing and potential new businesses and assist with the timely, accurate and relevant collection, analysis and presentation of data that help businesses make informed Chula Vista investment decisions.
- Information Technology In order to address operational needs and improve efficiency in the Information Technology Department reorganization the ITS Department is recommended. The reorganization department will allow for enhanced leadership of the department with a focus on implementing Continuous Improvement in the department and in support of other department's projects. Critical projects such as implementing a disaster recovery plan for business continuity during a natural or manmade disaster with a focus on more cloud computing to increase the use of computing and storage power to free up financial resources and maintenance tasks so staff can focus on developing new applications. The reorganization results in the addition of a Director of Information Technology Services, the elimination of the Assistant Director of Information Technology Services position, the addition of an Information Technology Manager, and the elimination of an Information Technology Support Specialist. The reorganization will not require the net addition of any FTEs.
- Finance During fiscal year 2013-14, the department experienced turnover in the Comptroller Division. During the recruitment process it was determined that the Fiscal Operations Manager should be retitled to Finance

- Manager. This change resulted in a title change only.
- Animal Care Facility During fiscal year 2014, the Animal Care Facility worked with Human Resources on a number of classification reviews. As a result, Human Resources is recommending reclassification of several positions, including an Animal Control Officer to Animal Control Officer Supervisor, an Animal Care Assistant to Senior Office Specialist, an Office Specialist to Fiscal Office Specialist, and a Veterinary Assistant to Registered Veterinary Technician. In addition, the department is also recommending the elimination of a vacant Animal Adoption Counselor and the addition of an Animal Care Supervisor. This change will help improve first line supervision. Finally, the fiscal year 2014-15 budget also includes the addition of a part-time Registered Veterinary Technician. This is a no net cost change as this position was previously filled on an hourly basis.
- Development Services (General Fund) The fiscal year 2014-15 budget includes the transfer of the Development Services Director from Development Services Fund to the General Fund. This change does not result in an additional impact to the General Fund as the funding for this position will continue to be split between the General Fund, Development Services Fund and the CV Housing Authority. The budget also reflects the retitle of the Advanced Planning Manager to Planning Manager. This position is also being reduced from a full-time position to a part-time position. Finally, a part-time Associate Planner position is being increased to three-quarter time. In total, these changes result in a net increase of 0.75 FTE.
- Police/Police Grants Fund During fiscal year 2013-14, City Council approved the addition of 2.0 Community Service Officers in an effort to move forward with implementation of the recommendations included in the Matrix Study. The fiscal year 2014-15 includes an additional 0.5 Community Service Officer to the Police Department this change will increase a position that is currently budgeted as part-time to a full-time position. The budget also reflects the transfer of 1.0 Peace Officer from the Police Grants Fund to

the General Fund.

- Fire During fiscal year 2014, the Fire Department worked with Human Resources on a classification review of an Office Specialist position. As a result of the review, Human Resources is recommending the reclassification of the Office Specialist to Senior Office Specialist.
- Public Works During fiscal year 2014, the Public Works Department requested a review of the Public Works Specialist classification series. While the classification series review is still in progress, Human Resources is recommending the reclassification of one Public Works Specialist to Management Analyst at this time. In addition, the department requested to reclassify a vacant Associate Engineer to Assistant Engineer.
- Library With the adoption of the fiscal year 2013-14 budget, City Council approved the addition of the classification of Director of Library and the elimination of the classification Director of Library and Recreation. This change was not reflected in the authorized position count for the Library Department. The recommended change corrects this oversight.
- Federal Grants Fund The Fire Department is recommending the addition of a grant funded Emergency Services Coordinator. The primary focus of this position is to prepare the City for disasters and emergencies. The Emergency Services Coordinator will develop disaster response plans, train other employees to staff the Emergency Operations Center, and coordinate hands-on experience and training to increase local community preparedness. This position was previously filled on a part-time hourly basis.

- Redevelopment Obligation Retirement Fund Staff is recommending the elimination of a vacant Senior Project Coordinator position. Work previously assigned to this position will be reassigned to existing staff and contractual services as needed.
- Development Services Fund As discussed above, the Director of Development Services is being transferred from the Development Services Fund. In addition to this change, the Development Services Fund also reflects the addition of a Development Services Technician (DST) II and Development Services Technician I. The DST II is a no net cost change as the Department has reduced the contract services budget to offset this change. The DST I is being offset by salary savings in fiscal year 2015. These changes result in a net increase of 1.0 FTE in the Development Services Fund. The budget also reflects a title change for the Development Planning Manager to Planning Manager. Finally, after conducting a classification review, the Human Resources Department is recommending the reclassification of 2.0 Landscape Planner II positions to Landscape Architect.

Reclassifications - During the development of the fiscal year 2014-15 budget, departments worked with the Human Resources Department to review positions that are working out of class due to changing job duties resulting from the various budget reductions and reorganizations that have occurred over the last several years. Departments worked with Human Resources to determine the appropriate classification and compensation for these reclassification requests. The recommended staffing changes are based on changes to scope of responsibility.

The following table summarizes the changes reflected in the fiscal year 2014-15 budget.

Summary of Fiscal Year 2014-15 Staffing Changes

Department/Fund	Program	Position	FTE
Administration (1.0)	Economic Development	Senior Economic Development Specialist	1.0
		Director of Information	1.0
Information Technology	ITS Administration	Technology Services	
(0.0)	113 Autilitistration	Assistant Director of Information	-1.0
		Technology Services	

Department/Fund	Program	Position	FTE
		Information Technology Manager	1.0
Finance (0.0) Finance (0.0) Comptroller Division – Retitle Only Reclassifications Animal Care Facility (0.5) Development Services General Fund (0.75) Police (1.5) Fire (0.0) Public Works (0.0) Library (0.0) Fire (0.0) Library (0.0) Police Grants Fund (-1.0) Police Grants Fund to Police Department Reclassification Reclassification Reclassification Fire (0.0) Library Administration – Retitle Only Transfer from Police Grants Fund to Police Department Reclassification Reclassification Reclassification Emergency Management Performance Grant Emergency Management Performance Grant	Information Tech Support	-1.0	
	i ii	Specialist	
Finance (0.0)	•	Fiscal Operations Manager	-1.0
	Retitle Only	Finance Manager	1.0
		Animal Control Officer	-1.0
		Animal Control Officer Supervisor	1.0
		Animal Care Assistant	-1.0
		Senior Office Specialist	1.0
	Reclassifications	Office Specialist	-1.0
		Fiscal Office Specialist	1.0
Animal Care Facility (0.5)		Veterinary Assistant	-1.0
		Registered Veterinarian Technician	1.0
		Registered Veterinarian	0.5
	Animal Care Services	Technician	
		Animal Adoption Counselor	-1.0
		Animal Care Supervisor	1.0
Development Services Development Services Fund to General Fund		Director of Development Services	1.0
Development Services General Fund (0.75) Development Service Fund to General Fund		Advanced Planning Manager	-1.0
	Advance Planning	Planning Manager	0.5
		Associate Planner	0.25
	Grants Fund to Police	Peace Officer	1.0
Police (1.5)		Police Data Specialist	-1.0
	Reclassification	Police Records Specialist	1.0
	Patrol	Community Service Officer	0.5
(5.5)	- 1 10 11	Office Specialist	-1.0
Fire (0.0)	Reclassification	Senior Office Specialist	1.0
	Reclassification	Public Works Specialist	-1.0
Public Works (0.0)	Reclussification	Management Analyst	1.0
(0.0)	Infrastructura Draiosts	Associate Engineer	-1.0
	illiastructure Projects	Assistant Engineer	1.0
Library (0.0)	Library Administration –	Director of Library and Recreation	-1.0
Libialy (0.0)	Retitle Only	Director of Library	1.0
Police Grants Fund (-1.0)	Grants Fund to Police	Peace Officer	-1.0
Federal Grants Fund (1.0)		Emergency Services Coordinator	1.0

Department/Fund	Program	Position	FTE
Successor Agency to the Redevelopment Agency (-1.0)	Successor Agency	Senior Project Coordinator	-1.0
	DSD Administration – transfer from Development Services Fund to General Fund	Director of Development Services	-1.0
Davidson and Comitoes Fund	Reclassification	Landscape Planner II	2.0
Development Services Fund	Reclassification	Landscape Architect	-2.0
(1.0)	Development Services Counter	Development Services Tech II	1.0
	Building Division	Development Services Tech I	1.0
	Development Planning –	Development Planning Manager	-1.0
	Retitle Only	Planning Manager	1.0
Total Citywide			3.75

SUMMARY OF FROZEN POSITIONS

In a prior fiscal year there were a number of positions that were frozen in order to help balance the budget. Due to the continued fiscal constraints, the majority of these positions remain frozen in fiscal year 2014-15. As funding becomes available the status of these positions will be reevaluated; recommended funding changes will be brought to Council for consideration. During fiscal year 2013-14, the following positions were "unfrozen" - Police Captain and Law Office Manager.

During fiscal year 2013-14, the Police Department received authorization for a grant funded officer in the Traffic Unit. This position was added to the Police Grants Fund and a frozen position was simultaneously

eliminated from the General Fund. Due to ongoing officer vacancies and staffing shortages in Patrol, the grant funded position was not filled. The fiscal year 2014-15 budget reflects the elimination of the grant funded position and the addition of the frozen position in the General Fund.

The fiscal year 2014-15 budget reflects 18.0 frozen positions; this is a reduction of 2.0 frozen positions when compared to the prior fiscal year. The frozen positions are summarized by department on the following table.

Summary of Fiscal Year 2014-15 Frozen Positions

Department/Fund	Program	Position	FTE
Fire	Fire Training	Fire Division Chief	1.00
rire	Fire Training	Fire Engineer	1.00
	Community Patrol	Peace Officer	11.00
	Street Crime/Gang	Peace Officer	1.00
	Suppression	Peace Officer	1.00
Police	City Jail	Detention Facility Manager	1.00
		Police Dispatch	2.00
	Police Dispatch	Police Communications Systems	1.00
		Manager	1.00

SUMMARY OF STAFFING CHANGES BY DEPARTMENT AND BARGAINING UNIT

The following tables summarize the staffing changes occurring between the fiscal year 2013-14 adopted

budget and the fiscal year 2014-15 proposed budget, by bargaining unit and by department.

Summary of Staffing Changes by Bargaining Unit

Bargaining Unit	FY 13-14 Adopted Staffing	FY 13-14 Mid Year Changes	FY 14-15 Proposed Changes	FY 14-15 Proposed Staffing	% Change
Unrepresented Professionals and Mid Managers	31.00	3.00	-	34.00	9.7%
Executives	15.00	-	1.00	16.00	6.7%
Chula Vista Mid Managers and Professionals Association	64.50	-	2.00	66.50	3.1%
Chula Vista Employee's Association	380.50	4.00	1.25	385.75	1.4%
City Council	5.00	-	-	5.00	0.0%
International Association of Firefighters	125.00	-	-	125.00	0.0%
Peace Officer's Association	233.00	-	-	233.00	0.0%
Western Council of Engineers	27.00	-	-	27.00	0.0%
Senior Managers	37.00	-	(0.50)	36.50	-1.4%
Confidential	32.00	(1.00)	-	31.00	-3.1%
Total	950.00	6.00	3.75	959.75	1.0%

Summary of Staffing Changes by Department

Department/ Fund	FY 13-14 Adopted Staffing	FY 13-14 Mid Year Changes	FY 14-15 Proposed Changes	FY 14-15 Proposed Staffing	% Change
Administration	13.00	-	1.00	14.00	7.7%
Development Services-GF	19.50	-	0.75	20.25	3.8%
Animal Care Facility	20.50	-	0.50	21.00	2.4%
Police	319.00	1.00	1.50	321.50	0.8%
City Attorney	13.00	-	-	13.00	0.0%
City Clerk	5.00	-	-	5.00	0.0%
City Council	14.00	-	-	14.00	0.0%
Finance	28.00	-	-	28.00	0.0%
Fire	136.00	-	-	136.00	0.0%
Human Resources	15.00	-	-	15.00	0.0%
Information Technology Svcs	17.00	-	-	17.00	0.0%
Library	21.50	-	-	21.50	0.0%
Public Works	163.00	-	-	163.00	0.0%
Recreation	17.00	-	-	17.00	0.0%
General Fund Total	801.50	1.00	3.75	806.25	0.6%
Other Funds					
Federal Grants Fund	1.00		1.00	2.00	100.0%
Fleet Management	8.00	2.00	1.00	10.00	0.25
Police Grants Fund	37.00	3.00	(1.00)	39.00	5.4%
Development Services	44.50	3.00	1.00	45.50	2.2%
Advanced Life Support	1.00	_	1.00	1.00	0.0%
CV Housing	4.00	_	_	4.00	0.0%
Environmental Services	5.00	_	_	5.00	0.0%
Sewer	46.00	_	_	46.00	0.0%
Transit	1.00	_	_	1.00	0.0%
Successor Agency to RDA	1.00	_	(1.00)	-	-100.0%
Other Funds Total	148.50	5.00	(1.00)	153.50	3.4%
	1-10.00	5.00		155.50	5.470
CITYWIDE TOTAL	950.00	6.00	3.75	959.75	1.0%

FY 2013-14 FY 2014-15 0.00 455.00 38.50 5.00 13.00 13.00 17.00 15.00 28.00 105.00 20.50 19.50 163.00 203.00 319.00 136.00 17.00 21.50 0.00 101.00 201.75 448.00 21.10 0.00 38.10 13.00 18.00 15.00 26.00 19.25 20.50 0.00 162.00 313.00 135.00 5.00 10.00 FY 2012-13 99.00 0.00 160.50 199.75 134.00 440.50 21.00 0.00 38.00 5.00 12.00 9.00 18.00 15.00 26.00 17.75 21.50 306.50 17.00 CITY STAFF EMPLOYEES FY 2010-11 FY 2011-12 5-Year Position Summary 19.00 16.75 27.00 0.00 192.50 238.75 321.50 135.00 456.50 39.75 0.00 65.75 6.50 11.00 10.00 103.25 27.00 26.00 19.25 TOTAL TOTAL TOTAL TOTAL DEPARTMENT **LEGISLATIVE/ADMINISTRATIVE DEVELOPMENT/MAINTENANCE** Information Technology Services **COMMUNITY SERVICES** Public Works Operations **Development Services** Animal Care Facility City Clerk/Elections PUBLIC SAFETY Human Resources Administration Nature Center City Attorney Engineering **City Council** Recreation Finance Library Police Fire

0.00 163.00 204.25

21.00 20.25

5.00 13.00 14.00 17.00 15.00 28.00 106.00 321.50 136.00 457.50

0.00 38.50

806.25

801.50

788.85

777.25

864.25

GENERAL FUND SUBTOTAL

17.00 21.50

CITY STATE EMPLOYEES 5-Year Position Summary

	TX/ 0000 11	TX7 0044 40	TX7 0040 42	TX7 0042 44	TEV 0014 15
DEFARIMENI	FY 2010-11	FY 2011-12	FY 2012-15	FY 2015-14	FY 2014-15
OTHER FUNDS					
Advanced Life Support	00:00	0.00	0.00	1.00	1.00
Development Services	39.00	39.00	41.50	44.50	45.50
Parking Meters	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Police Grant Funds/California Border Alliance Group (CBAG)	21.00	34.00	34.00	37.00	39.00
UASI	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.00	2.00
American Renewal & Reinvestment Act	6.50	4.50	0.00	0.00	0.00
Environmental Services	4.00	4.00	2.00	2.00	5.00
Housing Authority	7.00	7.00	7.00	4.00	4.00
Successor Agency	0.00	0.00	1.00	1.00	00.00
Fleet Management	10.00	8.00	8.00	8.00	10.00
Transit	3.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Sewer	46.00	46.00	46.00	46.00	46.00
Redevelopment Agency	4.00	4.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	TOTAL 140.50	147.50	143.50	148.50	153.50
GRAND TOTAL (does not include hourly staffing)	1,004.75	924.75	932.35	920.00	959.75

City of Chula Vista Proposed Budget

GENERAL FUND SUMMARY

General Fund Expenditure Summary

General Fund Revenue Summary

General Fund Net Cost

General Fund Five Year Financial Forecast

Department Summary Reports

General Fund Expenditure Summary

in thousands (000) FY 12-13 Actual Expenditures 126,354 FY 13-14 Council Adopted 127,493 FY 14-15 Proposed Budget 132,813 % Change FY 13-14 to FY 14-15 4.2%

The General Fund Proposed Operating Budget for fiscal year 2013-14 totals \$132.8 million, which reflects an increase of \$5.3 million (4.2%) when compared to the Council Adopted Budget for fiscal year 2013-14 and \$6.5 million (5.1%) increase when compared to the fiscal year 2012-13 actual expenditures. The General Fund Proposed CIP Budget for fiscal year 2014-15 is

\$1.7 million, bringing the total General Fund Proposed Budget to \$134.5 million.

The General Fund Proposed Budget is balanced. The City continues to experience positive signs in the local economy as it strives to keep expenditures in line with anticipated revenues. To this end, the fiscal year 2014-15 proposed budget reflects a number of adjustments needed to balance the budget however, no significant reductions in service levels are anticipated from these changes.

A comparison of the fiscal year 2014-15 proposed budget, the fiscal year 2013-14 adopted budget, and the fiscal year 2012-13 actual expenditures are summarized in the following table.

General Fund Expenditure Summary

In Thousands (000)

	FY 2012-13	_	FY 2013-14	FY 2014-15	
Description	Actual		Adopted	Proposed	Change
Personnel Services	\$ 99,234	\$	102,815	\$ 107,154	\$ 4,339
Supplies and Services	\$ 14,309	\$	13,193	\$ 14,161	\$ 967
Other Expenses	\$ 451	\$	464	\$ 517	\$ 53
Capital	\$ 1,569	\$	137	\$ 196	\$ 59
Transfers Out	\$ 6,011	\$	6,263	\$ 5,755	\$ (508)
Non-CIP Project Expenditures	\$ 100	\$	19	\$ 19	\$ -
Utilities	\$ 4,681	\$	4,601	\$ 5,011	\$ 410
Total Operating Budget	\$ 126,354	\$	127,493	\$ 132,813	\$ 5,320
CIP Project Expenditures	\$ 1,173	\$	258	\$ 1,724	\$ 1,466
Total General Fund Budget	\$ 127,527	\$	127,751	\$ 134,537	\$ 6,785

MAJOR EXPENDITURE CHANGES BY CATEGORY

- Personnel Services This category reflects the largest change when compared to the prior year, an increase of \$4.3 million. Reflected in this increase is the following:
 - \$2.0 million in salary costs that includes the annualized costs of salary increases approved in fiscal year 2013-14, the addition of 4.75 positions and scheduled step increases.
 - A \$1.3 million increase for retirement costs based on the October 2013 Annual Valuations report from CalPERS.
 - \$0.7 million for increased flex/insurance costs to account for anticipate increases in health premiums based on the trend for these costs.
 - \$0.5 million in Worker's Comp charges, based on increased costs in the Workers Compensation Fund.
 - \$0.4 million in combined increases to other various personnel costs including hourly personnel, differential pay, overtime, vacationin-lieu expenses, and various employee benefit expenses.

These increases were partially offset by the following:

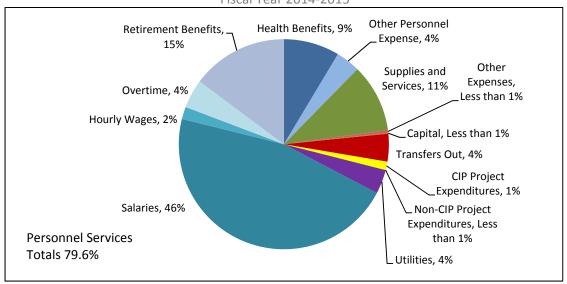
- A \$0.5 million increase in salary savings. Budgeted salary savings in fiscal year 2014-15 total \$1.4 million. In order to realize this level of salary savings, requests to fill positions will be closely evaluated and may result in a slowdown in hiring.
- Transfers-Out This category reflects a decrease of \$0.5 million over the 2013-14 adopted budget. This decrease is reflects a reduction in the transfer to the Public Liability Trust Fund. This reduction was undertaken in order to balance the budget and may need to be restored in future budgets.
- CIP Project Expenditures This category reflects an increase of \$1.5 million when compared to the fiscal year 2013-14 adopted budget. The fiscal year 2014-15 proposed budget totals \$1.7 million and

includes funding for the following projects:

- Third Avenue Streetscape Improvement Phase II (\$1,274,067) (revenue offset).
- Asset Management Studies (\$450,000)
- Supplies and Services The fiscal year 2014-15 proposed budget for the supplies and services expenditure category is increasing by \$1.0 million. This increase is attributed to the following major changes:
 - A \$0.3 million increase in fleet maintenance costs.
 - A \$0.3 million increase in other agencies' permits & fees. This is primarily due to various budget changes within the Police Department's supplies and services budget. This increase was offset by a decrease in contractual services.
 - A \$0.2 million increase in city liability insurance costs.
 - \$0.2 million in combined increases to various other supplies and services costs including software maintenance fees, wireless & data access charges, advertising costs, and program supplies.
 - A \$0.2 million increase in membership dues as result of a transfer from within the Fire Department from the contracted services object account.
- Utilities The fiscal year 2014-15 proposed budget for this category has been increased by \$0.4 million. Utility budgets have been adjusted to reflect projected expenditures for fiscal year 2014-15. The water budget is increasing by \$0.4 million based on usage and anticipated rate increases. The other City utility expenditure budgets for gas and electric and trash collection services experienced minor expenditure adjustments that offset each other.

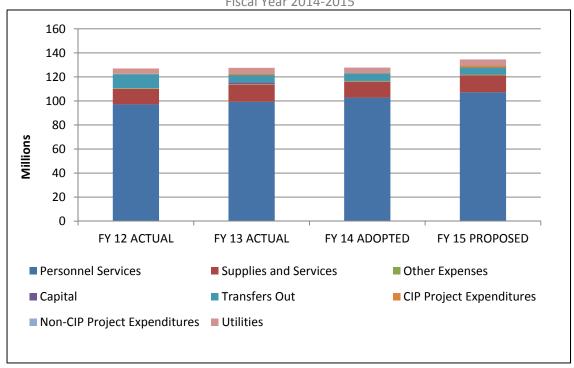
General Fund Expenditures by Category

Fiscal Year 2014-2015

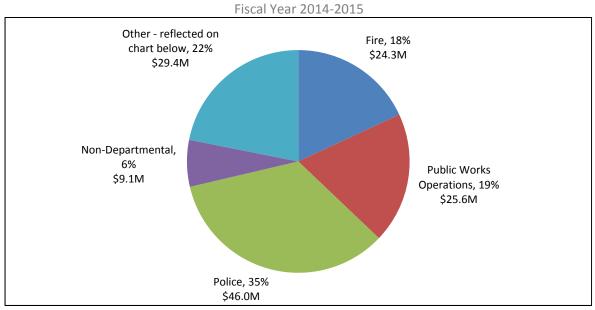


General Fund Expenditures History by Category

Fiscal Year 2014-2015



General Fund Expenditure by Department

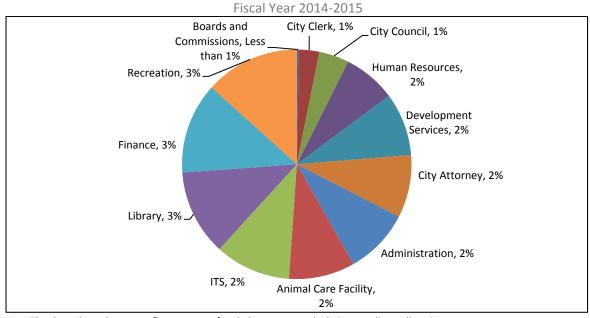


Note: The chart above does not reflect net cost of each department, only their expenditure allocations.

The following chart reflects the "Other" department costs included in the previous chart that includes

the \$29.4 million of the General Fund department budget expenditures.

General Fund Expenditure by Department (Other Department Detail – totals \$29.4 million)



Note: The chart above does not reflect net cost of each department, only their expenditure allocations.

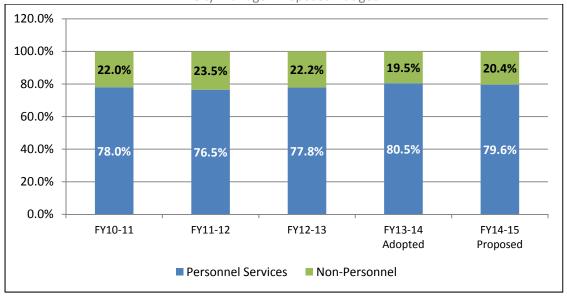
PERSONNEL SERVICES EXPENDITURES AS A PERCENT OF BUDGET

Personnel Services expenditures (employee salaries and benefits) are the largest component of General Fund expenditures. At the beginning of fiscal year 2010-11, personnel services represented 78.0% of the overall general fund budget, compared to the adopted fiscal year 2014-15 level of 79.6%. The reductions in fiscal

year 2012 reflect the major staffing reductions the City was required to make in order to keep expenditures in line with declining revenues. The reduction in the percentage for fiscal year 2014-15 (79.6%) is attributed to a relatively larger Capital Improvement Program (CIP) budget than in the preceding fiscal years.

Personnel and Non-Personnel Service Costs

City Manager Proposed Budget



STAFFING LEVELS

Despite the City's population growing at an average rate of over 1.0% since fiscal year 2010-11 the number of permanent, benefited employees is 4.5% lower than it was during fiscal year 2010-11. The following table summarizes the staffing changes by service category from fiscal year 2010-11 to the fiscal year 2014-15 proposed budget.

Staffing for Community Services and the Development and Maintenance Services categories are down 41.4% and 10.2% respectively from 2010-11. Staffing for the Legislative and Administrative service category has increased slightly (1.2%) primarily due to reorganizations/consolidations that have shifted staff from other service categories. Public Safety staffing

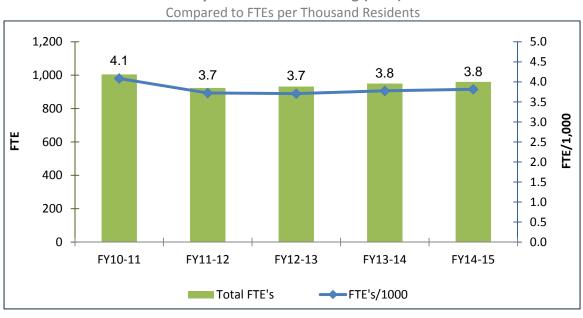
levels have increased (3.5%) – this increase includes the addition of various grant funded positions.

Budget constraints necessitated the net elimination of 331.4 full time equivalent (FTE) positions from the City's peak employment of 1,263.75 FTEs during fiscal year 2006-07. The last major reduction occurred in 2011 and is reflected in the fiscal year 2011-12 budget. As shown in the following graph, the number of FTEs per thousand population has decreased from 4.1 in 2010-11 to 3.7 in fiscal year 2011-12 and 2012-13, and increased slightly to 3.8 in fiscal year 2013-14. The number of estimated employees per thousand residents in fiscal year 2014-15 holds at 3.8.

Staffing Level Fiscal Year 2010-2011 to Fiscal Year 2014-2015

0						
Council Adopted Budget	FY 10-11	FY 11-12	FY 12-13	FY 13-14	FY 14-15	% Chg.
Legislative and Administrative	104.75	100.50	101.00	105.00	106.00	1.2%
Development and Maintenance	351.75	308.75	311.25	312.50	315.75	-10.2%
Public Safety	482.50	477.50	482.00	494.00	499.50	3.5%
Community Services	65.75	38.00	38.10	38.50	38.50	-41.4%
Total City Staff	1,004.75	924.75	932.35	950.00	959.75	-4.5%

City of Chula Vista Staffing (FTEs)



SALARY ADJUSTMENTS

Over the last several years, the City's bargaining groups worked with City management to reach new agreements that reduced personnel costs in an effort to balance the budget. The adjustments to employee compensation included wage concessions and pension reform. Subsequently, the City finances have stabilized and improved to the point where the City has been able to grant salary increases to its employee bargaining groups. The fiscal year 2014-15 budget reflects the continuance of the full annualized costs resulting from the previous agreements reached with the City's bargaining units as well as raises that have been recently granted in the previous fiscal year. The City is currently in negotiations with four of the City's bargaining groups. The City Manager has set aside \$1,000,000 for anticipated salary adjustments. The actual impact of salary adjustments will depend on the final agreements with the bargaining groups. As these agreements are reached, staff will bring forward for Council approval the memorandums of understanding and include the fiscal impact.

RISING RETIREMENT COSTS

The increase in retirement costs driven by rising CalPERS costs is a significant budgetary challenge facing the City. The payments made to the retirement system equal 15.0% of the City's General Fund in the fiscal year 2014-15 proposed budget.

Increases in CalPERS contributions can be attributed to several factors. In the early 2000's the City approved enhanced formula benefits for all City employees. During the recent economic downturn, the City also approved an early retirement incentive to encourage employees to retire thereby reducing the number of layoffs, but increasing the City's payment to CalPERS. During this same time period, CalPERS experienced significant investment losses.

Over the last several years, CalPERS has made a series of changes that have resulted in higher contribution rates. Prior to fiscal year 2005-06, the CalPERS investment pool assumed a rate of return of 8.25% and any market gains (or losses) less than that amount could significantly affect the City's overall contribution rate. In fiscal year 2005-06, CalPERS adjusted their investment return assumption to 7.75%. In 2012, the CalPERS Board of Administration approved a

recommendation to lower the rate investment return assumption from 7.75% to 7.50%.

Additional changes that have been implemented by CalPERS include a change the CalPERS amortization and smoothing policies. With this change, CalPERS has employed an amortization and smoothing policy that will pay for all gains and losses over a fixed 30-year period with the increases or decreases in the rate spread directly over a 5-year period.

More recently, as discussed in the February 2014 circular, CalPERS has focused in on current asset allocations in an effort to stem the volatility of investment returns as it implements its investment strategies to achieve the long-term assumed rate of 7.5% for the retirement fund. In addition the CalPERS board also adopted significant changes to actuarial assumptions with respect to mortality rates after evaluation of a demographic study that covered the years 1997-2011. This study yielded the following conclusions that will impact employer contribution rates:

- Men are living two years longer on average
- Women are living one and half years longer on average
- There are higher rates of service retirement for certain groups including firefighters and police officers
- Lower rates of disability retirements for all groups
- Members with longer service received higher salary increases

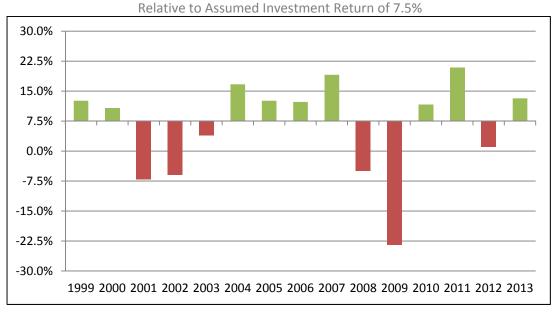
CalPERS is sensitive to the impact mortality improvements are likely to have on employer retirement contribution rates and has subsequently sought input from employer organizations. Most supported the new assumption with respect to mortality improvements but expressed concern with respect to the potential costs impacts. As such, CalPERS adopted the recommendation for local public agencies to first reflect the change in assumptions in fiscal year 2016-17 with the cost spread over twenty years with the increases phased in over the first five years and ramped down over the last five years of the twenty year amortization period. CalPERS is now looking at ways to provide options in the valuation reports for

employers that would like to accelerate funding of their pension benefits.

The budgetary impacts caused by the increased employer contribution rates for retirement costs have been significant and will continue to challenge the City in future years. The impact of these cost increases have been partially offset through negotiations with City's bargaining groups that have resulted in the implementation of pension reform. Under the negotiated pension reform, employees have agreed to pay their share of pension costs thereby reducing the impact of pension cost increases to the City's budget. Miscellaneous employees contribute 8% of their salary and public safety employees contribute 9% of their salary towards pension costs.

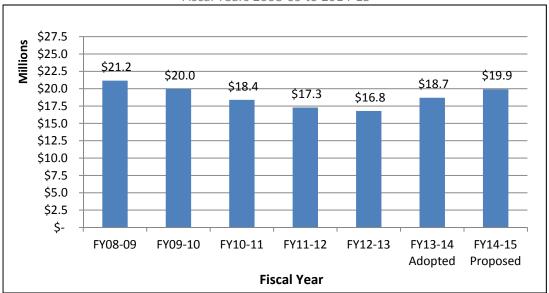
To follow is a series of charts related to pension costs. The first chart depicts the actual market rates of return for the CalPERS investment portfolio relative to the assumed rate of return. The second chart reflects actual CalPERS costs in the General Fund for fiscal years 2008 to 2012 and budgeted costs for fiscal years 2013 and 2014. The final chart reflects historical CalPERS contributions illustrating the employer (City) contribution rates from fiscal years 2003-04 to 2014-15 and projected rates for fiscal years 2015-16 through 2019-20.

CalPERS Historical Market Value Rates of Return



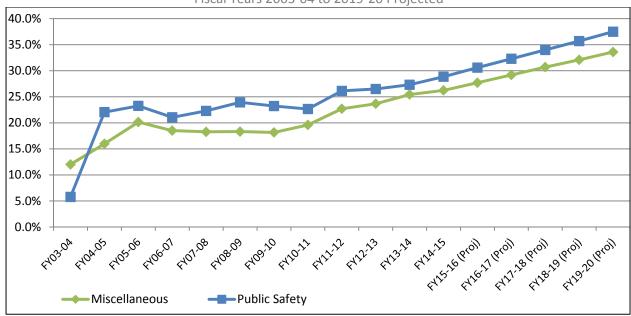
Retirement Costs (General Fund)

Fiscal Years 2008-09 to 2014-15



CalPERS Employer Contribution Rates

Fiscal Years 2003-04 to 2019-20 Projected



Notes:

- 1. Includes Employer Contribution. The actual employer contribution is higher due to Employer Paid Member Contributions (EPMC) ranging from 1.3% to 4.2%, and for applicable years 8% and 9% Employer Paid Member Contribution (Employee Contribution).
- 2. Contribution rates applicable to Tier 1 "Classic" Members.
- 3. Projected rates (FY 2016 through FY 2020), based on CalPERS Actuarial Valuation Report as of June 30, 2012, reflects assumed ROI of 7.5%.

HEALTH CARE COSTS

Flex/Health insurance represents 9.0% of the total fiscal year 2014-15 General Fund expenditure budget and account for the health care costs for permanent employees.

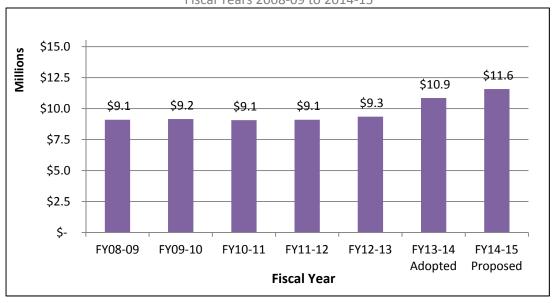
To follow are charts and tables reflecting the increased expenditures related to flex/health insurance. The first chart illustrates the actual Flex/Health insurance costs in the General Fund for fiscal years 2009 to 2013 and budgeted costs for fiscal years 2014 and 2015. It is important to note that the decrease in actuals in fiscal year 2010-11 and fiscal year 2011-12 was due to the reduction in staffing levels over the same period of time and not caused by a decrease in flex/health insurance costs. In actuality,

Flex/Health insurance costs have increased annually. The annually increasing flex/health insurance cost is a challenge that the City will continue to address in future budgets.

The subsequent table displays Flex Allotments by bargaining group from calendar year 2009 to calendar year 2014. Flex Allotments are the amounts provided by the City for employees to use towards the purchase of their health benefits. This allotment is negotiated between the City and each bargaining group. As illustrated by the table, costs to the City in the area of flex/health insurance have gone up significantly since calendar year 2009.

Flex/Health Insurance Costs (General Fund)





Flex Allotment Increases by Bargaining Group

Calendar Year 2009 to Calendar Year 2014

	FLE	X Allot	me	nt Incre	aso	es <mark>by</mark> Ba	rga	aining U	nit				
Bargaining Group		2009		2010		2011		2012		2013	7	2014 ⁽¹⁾	2006-2014 % Change
Confidential	\$	10,176	\$	10,882	\$	11,348	\$	11,936	\$	12,386	\$	13,074	28.5%
Chula Vista Employees Association	\$	9,676	\$	10,382	\$	10,848	\$	11,436	\$	11,886	\$	12,574	30.0%
Executive	\$	13,076	\$	13,782	\$	14,248	\$	14,836	\$	15,162	\$	15,850	21.2%
Mid Managers and Professionals	\$	10,676	\$	11,382	\$	11,848	\$	12,436	\$	12,762	\$	13,450	26.0%
Senior Managers	\$	11,676	\$	12,382	\$	12,848	\$	13,436	\$	13,762	\$	14,450	23.8%
Western Council of Engineers	\$	10,676	\$	11,382	\$	11,848	\$	12,436	\$	12,762	\$	13,450	26.0%
Mayor & Council	\$	13,076	\$	13,782	\$	14,248	\$	14,836	\$	15,162	\$	15,850	21.2%

⁽¹⁾ Flex allotments remain at the 2013 amounts for all Employee Only members within the following bargaining groups: Confidential, Executive, Mid Managers and Professionals, Senior Managers, Western Council of Engineers, and Mayor & Council.

The public safety bargaining group is not included in the preceding table as their negotiated benefits differ from the other bargaining groups.

For the public safety bargaining group the City pays the full premium for Kaiser HMO Health Plan and Cigna DHMO pre-paid dental plan for the employee and any eligible dependents. Employees who choose a non-Kaiser HMO coverage pay a flat annual amount regardless of the number of dependents covered. Employees choosing the Cigna DPPO preferred provider plan are responsible for any additional costs over and above the Cigna DHMO pre-paid plan.

Due to the annual increase of flex/health insurance costs the amount the City has paid in insurance premiums have risen since calendar year 2009. As illustrated in the table below, medical premiums the City pays on behalf of public safety employees have increased an average of 52% since calendar year 2009. Due to a switch in dental care providers, the City has seen dental premiums decrease by an average of 28%.

The following table presents the range of benefits the City provides in medical and dental insurance to public safety employees and their dependents.

City Provided Public Safety Flex Benefit Ranges

Calendar Year 2009 to Calendar Year 2014

		Public	Safety FLEX	Benefit Range	es						
2009-20											
Benefit	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	% Change				
Medical	\$4,308 - \$11,736	\$4,548 - \$13,632	\$4,776 - \$14,772	\$5,352 - \$15,852	\$5,436 - \$16,752	\$5,988 - \$18,180	39% - 55%				
Dental ⁽¹⁾	\$228 - \$552	\$180 - \$444	\$180 - \$444	\$204 - \$492	\$168 - \$396	\$168 - \$396	(26%) - (28%)				

⁽¹⁾Dental insurance for public safety employees is fully compensated for at the DHMO level. Employees may choose PPO and pay the variance between DHMO and PPO.

Insurance Premiums

Kaiser and PacifiCare/AETNA¹ insurance premiums have increased an average of 7.3% per year since the beginning of fiscal year 2008-09. Taking into account the compounding effect of these increases over time, Kaiser premiums have increased 59.2% during this time while PacifiCare/AETNA premiums have increased 65.9% over the same period. The annual budget for flexible spending accounts/medical premiums has increased from \$11.7 million in fiscal year 2008-09 to \$13.7 million in fiscal year 2014-15. This marks a notable increase as the City's workforce has been significantly reduced over the same period of time. Recent discussions with health care

professionals indicate these high trends in health care costs are likely to continue for the foreseeable future. For fiscal year 2014-15, the proposed budget reflects an anticipated premium increase of 10% based on the preliminary information provided by the health care providers.

The following table reflects the changes in health care rate premiums the City has experienced from January 2009 to January 2014. The final rate premium that will be in effect for January 2015 will not be known until late summer or early fall.

Premium Increases by Health Care Provider

(FY 2008-09 to FY 2013-14)

Date of Increase	Kaiser	PacifiCare/ AETNA ¹	Average
January 2009	8.9%	4.0%	6.5%
January 2010	5.6%	15.3%	10.5%
January 2011	5.3%	8.0%	6.7%
January 2012	12.1%	7.0%	9.6%
January 2013	1.6%	5.5%	3.6%
January 2014	10.2%	8.2%	9.2%
Annual Average Premium Increase	7.3%	8.0%	7.7%
Total Increase	39.2%	52.2%	45.7%

Effective January 2009, the City switched from PacifiCare to AETNA

General Fund Revenue Summary

CHULA VISTA GENERAL FUND OPERATING REVENUES in thousands (000)

FY 12-13 Actual 130,351
FY 13-14 Adopted 127,493
FY 14-15 Proposed 133,263
% Change FY 13-14 to FY 14-15 4.5%

*Excludes CIP Revenues

The estimated General Fund revenues for fiscal year 2014-15 General Fund total \$133.3 million excluding CIP related revenues. This reflects an increase of \$5.8 million (4.5%) when compared to the adopted revenues

for FY 2013-14. The increase is largely due to the recognition of wireless TUT funds.

Current economic reports indicate that the nation is showing signs of recovery with positive but slow growth. The estimated revenues for Chula Vista reflect matching indicators - sales tax revenues are projected to increase modestly in the coming fiscal year as are property tax revenues.

The following table compares the fiscal year 2014-15 estimated revenues to the Council Adopted Budget for fiscal year 2013-14. CIP related revenues can vary significantly from year and are reported separately on the table below.

General Fund Revenues

In Thousands (000)

	FY 2012-13 FY 2013-14		FY 2014-15			
Category		Actual	Adopted		Proposed	Change
Sales Tax	\$	28,628	\$ 29,855	\$	30,456	\$ 601
Property Taxes	\$	27,877	\$ 25,953	\$	28,032	\$ 2,080
Motor Vehicle License Fees	\$	16,254	\$ 16,488	\$	17,450	\$ 962
Transfers From Other Funds	\$	9,661	\$ 10,103	\$	10,709	\$ 606
Interfund Reimbursements	\$	10,285	\$ 9,305	\$	9,023	\$ (281)
Franchise Fees	\$	9,267	\$ 8,473	\$	8,903	\$ 430
Utility Users Tax	\$	4,429	\$ 3,512	\$	7,175	\$ 3,663
Charges for Services	\$	7,266	\$ 6,529	\$	6,556	\$ 27
Transient Occupancy Taxes	\$	2,471	\$ 2,365	\$	2,518	\$ 153
Use of Money and Property	\$	2,188	\$ 2,282	\$	2,439	\$ 158
Other Local Taxes	\$	2,386	\$ 2,136	\$	2,178	\$ 42
Other Agency Revenue	\$	2,772	\$ 1,988	\$	2,011	\$ 23
Police Grants	\$	1,086	\$ 1,763	\$	1,430	\$ (333)
Development Revenue	\$	1,290	\$ 1,258	\$	1,268	\$ 10
Licenses and Permits	\$	1,197	\$ 1,135	\$	1,135	\$ -
Fines, Forfeitures & Penalties	\$	1,003	\$ 1,111	\$	1,111	\$ -
Other Revenues	\$	2,291	\$ 3,238	\$	868	\$ (2,370)
Total Operating Budget	\$	130,351	\$ 127,493	\$	133,263	\$ 5,769
Capital Projects	\$	461	\$ 258	\$	1,274	\$ 1,016
Total General Fund	\$	130,812	\$ 127,751	\$	134,537	\$ 6,785

MAJOR REVENUE INCREASES BY CATEGORY

 Sales Tax – This category reflects an increase of \$0.6 million when compared to the fiscal year 2013-14 adopted budget. This increase is based on an anticipated growth in sales tax revenues in fiscal year 2014-15.

Based on the most recent fiscal year 2013-14 quarterly projections, sales taxes are improving. Due to this trend, sales taxes are estimated to grow 4% from the recent 2013-14 projections.

 Property Taxes – This category reflects an increase of \$2.1 million. This increase is based on an estimated improvement in secured, unsecured, unitary, and delinquent property tax revenues from fiscal year 2013-14 adopted budget.

Based on the most recent fiscal year 2013-14 quarterly projections, property taxes are trending slightly higher than anticipated. This trend is anticipated to be continued into fiscal year 2014-15 and projected growth is estimated at a 4% growth in assessed valuation.

- Franchise Fees Franchise fee revenues are estimated to increase by \$0.4 million based City projected growth and the continued administration of City franchise agreements.
- Motor Vehicle License Fees This category reflects an increase of \$1.0 million. This increase is based on an anticipated increase in Motor Vehicle License In-Lieu revenue in fiscal year 2014-15.
- Utility Users Taxes This category reflects an increase of \$3.7 million when compared to fiscal year 2013-14 adopted budget. The increase can be largely attributed to the wireless telephone users' tax revenue projected for fiscal year 2014-15.
- Transient Occupancy Taxes Transient occupancy tax revenues are projected to increase by \$0.2 million from the fiscal year 2013-14 adopted

budget. This increase reflects the continued and upward trend for this revenue source. Transient occupancy tax revenues have been increasing since fiscal year 2009-10 but have not yet recovered to pre-recession levels.

- Use of Money and Property Revenues are projected to increase by \$0.2 million based on fees derived from the rental of City facilities.
- Transfers from Other Funds this category reflects an increase of \$0.6 million. This increase can be attributed to a one-time transfer to the General Fund to offset fleet maintenance in the Fire Department from the TUT Common Fund in accordance with a 2014 settlement agreement.

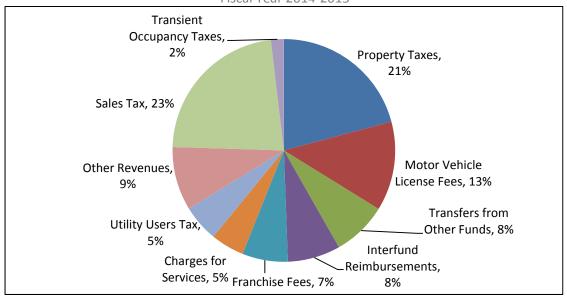
These revenue increases are partially offset by the decreases in the following revenue categories:

- Other Revenues This category reflects a decrease of \$2.3 million reflecting the elimination of the Economic Contingency Reserves that was budgeted as a one-time use in fiscal year 2013-14. The use of these funds were needed to balance the General Fund and helped avoid service level impacts.
- Police Grants Police Grants are decreasing by \$0.3 million from fiscal year 2013-14 adopted budget as result of decreased federal grant revenue.
- Inter-fund Reimbursements This category reflects a decrease of \$0.3 million when compared to fiscal year 2013-14 adopted budget. This decrease can be attributed to lower reimbursements from the Development Impact Fee and Other reimbursement revenue.

The following charts provide a summary view of the major General Fund revenue sources.

General Fund Revenues by Category

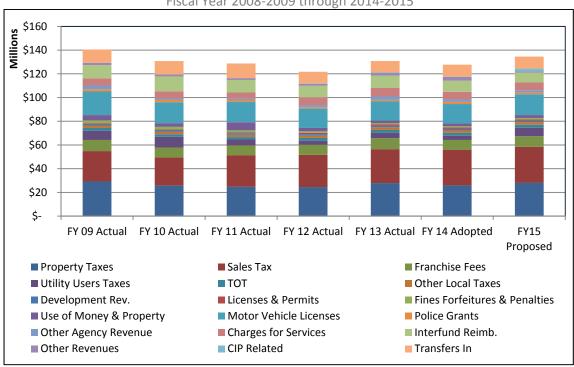
Fiscal Year 2014-2015



Note: Other Revenues include the following categories: Development Revenue, Other Agency Revenue, Other Local Taxes, Other Revenues, Use of Money & Property, Licenses and Permits, Police Grants, and Fines, Forfeitures & Penalties, and Other Revenue.

Historical and Estimated General Fund Revenue Sources

Fiscal Year 2008-2009 through 2014-2015



MAJOR REVENUE SOURCES

The following is a description of the City's major revenue sources along with a brief discussion of the trends impacting these revenues for the fiscal year 2014-15.

Sales Tax

Prior to fiscal year 2004-05, the City received 1% of sales tax revenue applied to all taxable retail sales occurring within the City limits. Beginning in fiscal year 2004-05, the State reduced the local allocation by 0.25% and applied these funds as security for the State's Economic Recovery Bonds. The State committed to replacing the 0.25% sales tax revenues dollar for dollar in local property taxes from the County Educational Revenue Augmentation Fund (ERAF). For forecasting and comparison purposes, sales tax revenues are projected at the full 1% rate.

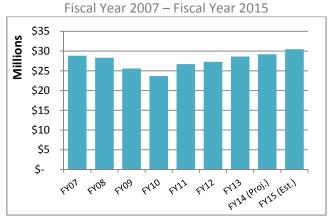
Sales tax revenues are collected by the State at a rate of 8.00% for the City of Chula Vista. The sales tax revenues are then allocated based on the following rates:

General Fund (includes 4.1875% State 12/Community Colleges) State Fiscal Recovery Fund (Triple Flip) (City Share) 0.2500% Local Jurisdiction (City or County of place sale/use) (City Share) 0.7500% Public Safety (Prop 172) 0.5000% County Realignment (Mental Health/Welfare/Public Safety) 1.5625% Countywide Transportation Fund 0.2500% San Diego County Regional Transportation Commission (SDTC) 0.5000% Total Sales Tax Rate – Chula Vista 1 8.0000%

Sales tax revenue is highly sensitive to economic conditions, and reflects the factors that drive taxable sales, including the levels of unemployment, consumer confidence, per-capita income, and business investment. Sales tax revenue is the City's largest discretionary revenue source, accounting for

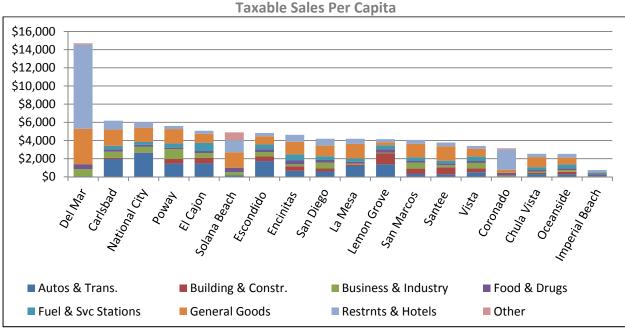
22.6% of total revenue for the General Fund in the fiscal year 2014-15 proposed budget. Consumer spending decreased significantly nationwide due to the economic recession. However, recent trends show that sales tax revenues are beginning to increase due to improvement in local economic indicators. The positive trend is expected to continue in fiscal year 2014-15 and is reflected in the projections with an increase of approximately \$0.6 million from the fiscal year 2013-14 adopted budget. The graph below illustrates the decrease in Sales tax revenue, due to the economic recession, and the slow ascent to pre-recession levels.

City of Chula Vista Sales Tax Revenues



Chula Vista continues to be challenged in the generation of taxable sales per capita when compared to other County cities. As noted on the following chart, taxable sales per capita for the City is only \$2,538 while Del Mar has the highest taxable sales per capita at a rate of \$14,696. This comparison indicates that the City's residents spend a high percentage of their retail dollars elsewhere. The City is continuing its efforts on developing the retail business base by focusing on projects such as the expansion of the auto park, the Millenia project and development of its bayfront in order to improve the City's long-term fiscal health.

¹ Total sales tax rates will vary by City due to local sales tax initiatives. For example, National City's sales tax rate is 9.00% due to voter approved increase of 1% funding public services.



Notes:

- 1. Based on 3rd Quarter 2013 Taxable Sales
- 2. Chula Vista Ranks 16th out of 18 cities in San Diego County.
- 3. Prior budget documents reflected Sales Tax Per Capita information, which changes the scale of the presentation presented above but does not change the City's standing when compared to other cities.

In an effort to boost sales tax receipts, the City of Chula Vista launched the "Shop Chula Vista Now" campaign. The Shop Chula Vista Now campaign promotes purchases by Chula Vista residents, visitors, and employees at Chula Vista businesses. The program seeks to educate residents, public officials, businesses and community leaders about how buying goods and services locally translates into more money for Chula Vista services, improves the success of local businesses, creates employment, and benefits the local economy and future of the city.



The "Shop Chula Vista Now" program is continually expanding. Todate, more than 100,000 Shop Chula

Vista Now incentive cards have been distributed to those who live, work, shop, and visit in Chula Vista. More than 120 Chula Vista stores, restaurants, hotels, beauty salons, gas stations, attractions, and other businesses are offering special "Shop Chula Vista Now" discounts to incentive card holders. The City is actively promoting the program at member businesses, on ShopChulaVistaNow.com, Facebook and Twitter, as well

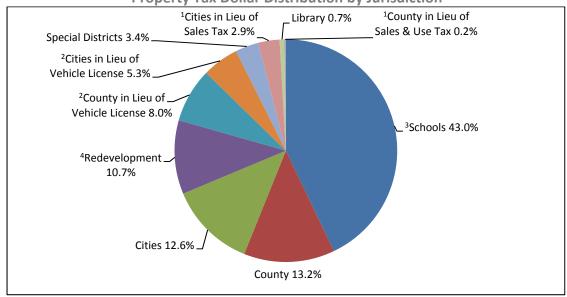
as other communications vehicles.

In fiscal year 2014-15, expanded efforts will include updating the website, adding a mobile/smart phone feature, advertising in targeted media, more partnerships and additional cross-promotional efforts with local businesses as well as with Third Avenue Village Association and Chula Vista Chamber of Commerce.

Property Tax

Property tax revenues represent a major funding source for the City of Chula Vista as well as other local jurisdictions. The distribution of property tax funding has changed over time as the State legislature and voter approved initiatives have altered property tax allocations among local jurisdictions. As a result, the City currently receives property tax in-lieu revenues and property tax in-lieu of vehicle license fee revenues. These revenues were meant to replace the state-wide reallocation of sales tax and vehicle license fee revenues but do not increase the City's revenue base. Currently, the City of Chula Vista and other cities receive approximately 12.6% of each property tax dollar. The distribution of the property tax dollar among the other local jurisdictions is depicted in the following graph:



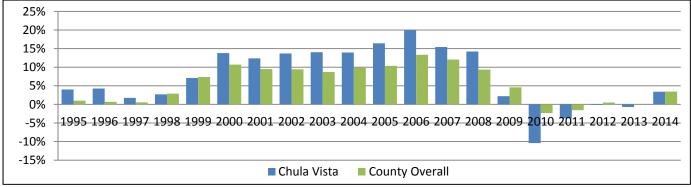


Represents the exchange of Property Tax for Cities and County Sales and Use Tax as authorized under Assembly Bill 1766, chaptered August 2, 2003.

Property tax revenues fell throughout the economic recession with Chula Vista being one of the hardest hit areas. The large number of foreclosures depressed housing values, and the significant drop in home resale prices dramatically reduced supplemental property tax revenues. Supplemental property taxes are calculated based on the difference between the current value of a property and the resale value of the property. Typically, property values increase as a property is resold. Since 1995 Chula Vista kept pace or exceeded the County average assessed valuation growth as result of new development and increasing property values. Over the last few years, the current housing crisis has caused most home resale values to drop resulting in a large reduction in supplemental property tax revenue. This history is depicted in the following graph.

Historical Change in Assessed Value

City of Chula Vista and Countywide Comparison



Source: County of San Diego Assessors Office.

² Represents the exchange of Property Tax for Cities and County Vehicle License Fees as authorized under Senate Bill 1096, chaptered August 5, 2004.

 $^{^3}$ Revenue for Schools has been reduced by the ERAF deficit as authorized under Senate Bill 1096, chaptered August 5, 2004.

 $^{^4}$ Effective February 1, 2012 Redevelopment Agencies were dissolved and related revenue is allocated as provided by Health &Safety Code, Division 24, Part 1.85.

Property tax revenues comprise the City's second largest discretionary revenue source and accounts for 20.8% of the total revenue for the General Fund. This revenue source is estimated at \$28.0 million in the fiscal year 2014-15 proposed budget and represents a \$2.1 million increase from the fiscal year 2013-14 adopted budget. When compared to the most recent fiscal year 2013-14 projections, Property Tax revenues are projected to grow by 4%.

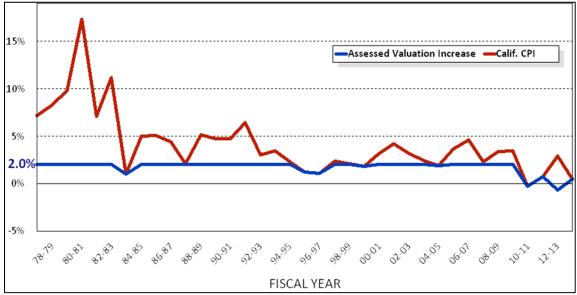
Property Tax revenues are based on a 1.0% levy on the assessed value of all real property. Under the terms of Proposition 13, which was approved in California in 1978, annual increases in the assessed value are capped at a maximum of 2% per year unless there is a change in ownership or new construction. Annual increases in assessed value are limited by either the California Consumer Price Index (CPI) or the 2% cap, whichever is less.

The recent recession resulted in decreases in assessed valuations due to lower prices from home re-sales.

Also, some years experienced little inflation or negative inflation (deflation) that precluded the County Assessor from applying the normal increase of up to 2% to the assessment roll as permitted under the terms of Proposition 13. As recently as fiscal year 2012-13, assessed values decreased by 0.7% based on data from the County of San Diego Assessor's Office. The reductions in assessed valuations and the less than full application of the 2% growth factor to the assessment roll resulted in little or no growth in property tax revenues for the City during the recession.

The City depends on property tax as a stable revenue source that consistently increases on a yearly basis in order to compensate for other revenue fluctuations. A recently improved housing market and a modest increase in the CPI may signal the beginning of a recovery for the City's property tax base. As such, the estimated property tax revenues in the fiscal year 2014-15 proposed budget have been increased to reflect a projected 0.454% growth factor to the assessment roll.



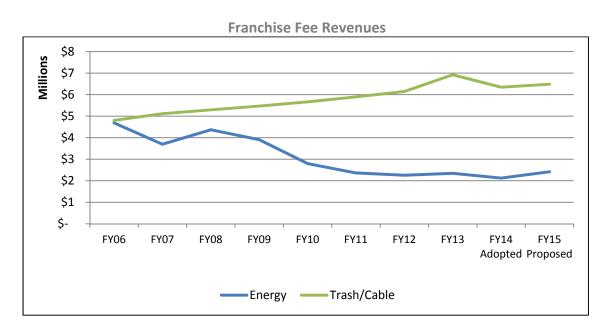


Franchise Fees

Franchise fee revenues are generated from public utility sources such as San Diego Gas & Electric (SDG&E) (2% on gas and 1.25% on electricity), trash collection franchises (9.05% fee), and cable franchises (5% fee) conducting business within City limits. SDG&E is the single largest generator of franchise fees. SDG&E collects the franchise fee from Chula Vista customers which can vary due to usage trends. Trash franchise fees and cable fees are more predictable due to the fixed rates charged and the monthly and quarterly

receipt of the revenues respectively. Revenue growth is projected based on population and inflation factors.

The following chart illustrates the historic and projected revenue trends for the City's Franchise Fee revenue. Overall, fiscal year 2014-15 proposed budget franchise fee revenues are increasing by \$0.4 million or 5.1% over the 2013-14 adopted budget.



Motor Vehicle License Fees

With the State Budget Act of 2004, the allocation of VLF revenues to cities and counties was substantially changed. Since 2005-06 the majority of VLF revenues for each city grew essentially in proportion to the growth in the change in gross assessed valuation. Due to the new formula by the State, 96% of the City's VLF revenues fluctuated with changes in assessed values within the City.

The other 4% of VLF revenues received by the City were based on a per capita formula but has since been shifted per SB89. Provisions in SB89 shifted hundreds of millions of Vehicle License Fee revenues to fund the state law enforcement grants. Statewide, SB89 took \$130 million of city general revenue and shifted it to save state law enforcement grant programs. This change applied to the 4% of VLF revenues that were based on a per capita formula. The City of Chula Vista lost approximately \$700,000 annually due to the State take away. Only \$100,000 is reflected in the City's fiscal year 2014-15 proposed budget of VLF revenues.

In total the proposed fiscal year 2014-15 VLF revenues are projected to increase by 5.8% when compared to the fiscal year 2013-14 adopted budget. This revenue is estimated to increase in accordance with projected increases in assessed values at 4%.

Utility Users Tax

The City adopted its Utility Users Tax (UUT) in 1970. The City of Chula Vista imposes a UUT on the use of telecom at a rate of 4.75% of gross receipts. For natural gas services UUT is applied at a rate of \$0.00919 per

therm and \$0.00250 per kilowatt on electricity services, which equates to approximately a 1% tax. Fiscal year 2014-15 energy related UUT is budgeted at \$3.5 million.

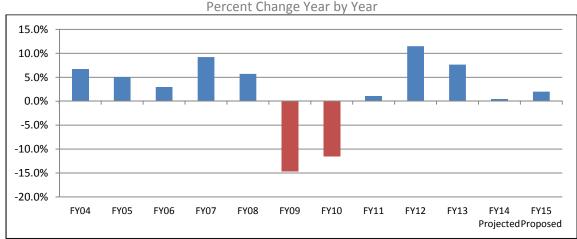
On April 12, 2013 the City approved a settlement agreement that resolved a class action lawsuit challenging the City's collection of the wireless telecom portion of the UUT from customers. The settlement received final approval of the court and became fully effective as of February 11, 2014. Wireless telephone users' tax funds are budgeted at \$3.6 million in the fiscal year 2014-15 proposed budget.

Transient Occupancy Tax (TOT)

The City of Chula Vista imposes a Transient Occupancy Tax (TOT) upon all hotel stays within the City boundaries. The TOT tax rate in the City is 10%. The potential for significant revenue growth is feasible provided additional hotels are built capturing the market created by the growth in the eastern section of the City. Several potential new hotel developments are being proposed in the City primarily in the Millenia project and the Bayfront.

During the economic recession, TOT revenue dropped due to the lack of discretionary spending by consumers. However, the trend for city TOT revenues has been improving since 2010 as actual TOT revenue has increased on a yearly basis. Fiscal year 2013-14 TOT revenues are projected to exceed the budget by 4.4%. Reflecting the improving trend, fiscal year 2014-15 TOT revenues have been increased by 2.0% over the estimated TOT revenues for fiscal year 2013-14.

TOT Revenues



Other Revenue

Revenue projections are continually reviewed and updated by City staff. As described above, major general revenues, such as property taxes, sales taxes, franchise fees, utility users tax, transient occupancy tax and motor vehicle license fees, are projected by the Finance Department based on prior history, growth and inflation projections, and economic climate. Additional assistance in the projection of revenues is provided by subject-matter experts such as the City's sales and property tax consultants, the County Assessor and by reviewing regional and local economic forecasts provided by the UCLA Anderson Forecast and the University of San Diego's Index of Leading Economic Indicators for San Diego County, respectively.

General Fund Net Cost

The fiscal year 2014-15 General Fund budget of \$134.5 million is based on funding from estimated program revenues totaling \$31.2 million and discretionary revenues totaling \$103.4 million. Program revenues are broadly defined as those revenues generated by a given activity (e.g. grant revenues, charges for services, licenses, permits). General revenues, or "discretionary revenues," are broadly defined as those revenues that are generated not by any given activity, but by general or specific taxing authority such as property taxes and sales tax.

Departments that generate small amounts of revenue relative to their size generally have higher net costs. Departments that generate large amounts of revenue relative to their size generally have lower net costs. The majority of discretionary revenue is allocated to public safety services, with Police at 41.2% followed by Fire at 23.0%. The next highest portion was allocated to Public Works at 12.0%.

The following chart depicts the net costs of each department, excluding Non-Departmental, based on the Fiscal Year 2014-15 Proposed Budget.

General Fund Net Cost by Department

Fiscal Year 2014-2015 Police, 41% Finance, 3% City Attorney, 3% ITS, 3% Administration, 3% Other, 24% Library, 3% Human Resources, 2% Boards/ Recreation, 2% Commissions, Less than 1% Fire, 23% .Development Public Works, 12% Services, 0.8% Animal Care Facility, 2% City Council, 1% City Clerk, 1%



General Fund Department Summary

The General Fund budget funds the day-to-day operations of most City services. For fiscal year 2014-2015 the General Fund operating budget (excluding capital improvement projects) totals \$132.8 million. This funds the following departments:

- Mayor and City Council
- Boards and Commissions
- City Clerk
- City Attorney
- Administration
- Information and Technology Services
- Human Resources
- Finance

- Non-Departmental
- Animal Care Facility
- Development Services
- Police
- Fire
- Public Works
- Recreation
- Library

To follow is a series of summary reports that reflect the anticipated revenues, expenditures, and staffing information for each of the General Fund departments.





CITY COUNCIL

MISSION STATEMENT

The City Council is comprised of a fulltime Mayor and four part-time Councilmembers. The Mayor and City Council are elected at-large, and each holds office for a four-year term. The City Council reviews and approves the budget, enacts ordinances, authorizes public improvements, adopts traffic regulations, approves contracts, sits as the Housing Authority, and oversees the Successor Agency to the Redevelopment Agency.

BUDGET CATEGORY	FY 2011-12 ACTUAL	FY 2012-13 ACTUAL	FY 2013-14 ADOPTED	FY 2014-15 PROPOSED
EXPENDITURES				
Personnel Expenses				
Salaries	612,544	600,298	741,978	707,426
Hourly Wages	128,854	157,428	7,448	5,904
Health Benefits	135,614	141,499	194,536	191,522
Retirement Benefits	181,589	191,621	220,180	216,048
Other Personnel Expense	54,925	59,290	(57,130)	46,255
Personnel Expenses Subtotal	1,113,526	1,150,136	1,107,012	1,167,155
Non-Personnel Expenses				
Supplies and Services	105,884	46,641	76,943	76,577
Capital	0	0	0	1,190
Utilities	1,382	1,614	1,520	1,520
Non-Personnel Expenses Subtotal	107,266	48,255	78,463	79,287
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$1,220,792	\$1,198,391	\$1,185,475	\$1,246,442
REVENUES				
Revenue from Other Agencies	107,908	39,144	0	0
Charges for Services	0	39,118	0	0
Other Revenue	4,088	4,525	0	0
TOTAL REVENUES	\$111,996	\$82,787	\$0	\$0
REVENUE RECOVERY %	9%	7%	N/A	N/A
AUTHORIZED FULL TIME POSITIONS	14.00	14.00	14.00	14.00

BOARDS & COMMISSIONS

MISSION STATEMENT

The process of establishing boards and commissions is one that began with the City Charter as a method to give citizens a greater voice in the determination of policies at all levels of government. Four commissions were established by the Charter- the Planning Commission, the Board of Library Trustees, Civil Service Commission, and the Parks & Recreation Commission. All other boards and commissions have been established through an ordinance or resolution since that time in order to meet a specific need of the City Council. The members for Chartered commissions are appointed by a majority vote of the City Council, with applications for these appointments accepted throughout the year from all interested residents.

BUDGET CATEGORY	FY 2011-12 ACTUAL	FY 2012-13 ACTUAL	FY 2013-14 ADOPTED	FY 2014-15 PROPOSED
EXPENDITURES				
Non-Personnel Expenses				
Supplies and Services	4,314	7,210	10,076	85,076
Non-Personnel Expenses Subtotal	4,314	7,210	10,076	85,076
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$4,314	\$7,210	\$10,076	\$85,076
REVENUES				
Other Revenue	0	260	0	0
TOTAL REVENUES	\$0	\$260	\$0	\$0
REVENUE RECOVERY %	N/A	4%	N/A	N/A
AUTHORIZED FULL TIME POSITIONS	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

CITY CLERK/ELECTIONS

MISSION STATEMENT

The City Clerk's Office is committed to accurately recording and preserving the actions of the City Council; safeguarding all vital, historic and permanent records of the City; providing information and support to the City Council, City staff, and the public in a timely, courteous and fiscally responsible manner; and administering open and free elections in accordance with statutory requirements.

BUDGET CATEGORY	FY 2011-12 ACTUAL	FY 2012-13 ACTUAL	FY 2013-14 ADOPTED	FY 2014-15 PROPOSED
EXPENDITURES	RC1 ORL	MCTORL	ADOLIED	TROTOSED
Personnel Expenses				
Salaries	416,799	381,069	402,048	414,839
Overtime	0	133	0	0
Health Benefits	64,431	66,087	71,990	75,628
Retirement Benefits	114,448	111,005	125,474	132,831
Other Personnel Expense	19,793	23,642	16,864	23,388
Personnel Expenses Subtotal	615,471	581,936	616,376	646,686
Non-Personnel Expenses				
Supplies and Services	267,346	192,759	264,821	189,171
Capital	0	0	0	8,950
Utilities	467	454	514	750
Non-Personnel Expenses Subtotal	267,813	193,213	265,335	198,871
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$883,284	\$775,149	\$881,711	\$845,557
REVENUES				
Charges for Services	23,455	21,122	21,600	21,600
Other Revenue	6,600	18,231	0	0
TOTAL REVENUES	\$30,055	\$39,353	\$21,600	\$21,600
REVENUE RECOVERY %	3%	5%	2%	3%
AUTHORIZED FULL TIME POSITIONS	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00

CITY ATTORNEY

MISSION STATEMENT

The mission of the City Attorney's Office is to provide high quality legal services to the City in order for the City to operate in a lawful and effective manner, safeguard taxpayer resources and to improve quality of life for City residents.

BUDGET CATEGORY	FY 2011-12 ACTUAL	FY 2012-13 ACTUAL	FY 2013-14 ADOPTED	FY 2014-15 PROPOSED
EXPENDITURES				
Personnel Expenses				
Salaries	1,231,687	1,389,582	1,443,446	1,547,002
Hourly Wages	0	0	1,780	1,780
Health Benefits	138,988	162,199	178,253	199,082
Retirement Benefits	327,775	381,220	427,092	471,061
Other Personnel Expense	45,187	47,983	39,916	13,826
Personnel Expenses Subtotal	1,743,637	1,980,984	2,090,487	2,232,751
Non-Personnel Expenses				
Supplies and Services	276,862	492,282	352,658	365,457
Capital	0	0	0	3,348
Utilities	1,800	1,974	1,980	1,850
Non-Personnel Expenses Subtotal	278,662	494,256	354,638	370,655
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$2,022,299	\$2,475,240	\$2,445,125	\$2,603,406
REVENUES				
Charges for Services	22,231	45,599	73,694	73,694
Other Revenue	116,441	110,110	43,270	95,126
Transfers In	8,163	8,163	8,163	0
TOTAL REVENUES	\$146,835	\$163,872	\$125,127	\$168,820
REVENUE RECOVERY %	7%	7%	5%	6%
AUTHORIZED FULL TIME POSITIONS	12.00	13.00	13.00	13.00

ADMINISTRATION

MISSION STATEMENT

The mission of the Administration Department is to provide the leadership necessary for the implementation of City Council policies, administration of the organization and delivery of services to our community.

	FY 2011-12	FY 2012-13	FY 2013-14	FY 2014-15
BUDGET CATEGORY	ACTUAL	ACTUAL	ADOPTED	PROPOSED
EXPENDITURES				
Personnel Expenses				
Salaries	1,009,283	1,176,180	1,512,949	1,633,998
Hourly Wages	112,790	122,006	39,420	17,398
Health Benefits	113,895	133,607	193,496	217,873
Retirement Benefits	286,485	355,523	483,327	532,866
Other Personnel Expense	51,010	53,380	57,345	76,376
Personnel Expenses Subtotal	1,573,463	1,840,696	2,286,537	2,478,511
Non-Personnel Expenses				
Supplies and Services	120,488	131,249	185,402	230,486
Other Expenses	1,000	131,249	105,402	230,400
Capital	1,000	0	0	3,416
Utilities	1,205	1,205	1,326	1,320
Non-Personnel Expenses Subtotal	122,693	132,454	186,728	235,222
Non-Fersonner Expenses Subtotal	122,093	132,434	100,720	255,222
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$1,696,156	\$1,973,150	\$2,473,265	\$2,713,733
REVENUES				
Charges for Services	57,470	5,411	50,000	5,000
Other Revenue	93,797	136,260	71,000	116,000
Transfers In	0	0	77,210	77,210
	4.5.	***	****	4.00.040
TOTAL REVENUES	\$151,267	\$141,671	\$198,210	\$198,210
REVENUE RECOVERY %	9%	7%	8%	7%
AUTHORIZED FULL TIME POSITIONS	9.00	10.00	13.00	14.00

INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY SERVICES

MISSION STATEMENT

The mission of the Information Technology Services Department is to provide technology, planning, development support and management to City employees and departments so they can perform their jobs effectively and meet their strategic goals for the City.

	FY 2011-12	FY 2012-13	FY 2013-14	FY 2014-15
BUDGET CATEGORY	ACTUAL	ACTUAL	ADOPTED	PROPOSED
EXPENDITURES				
Personnel Expenses				
Salaries	1,452,536	1,482,928	1,427,893	1,519,923
Hourly Wages	3,110	0	0	0
Health Benefits	220,388	230,732	233,833	249,083
Retirement Benefits	398,772	408,137	422,520	462,828
Other Personnel Expense	77,911	84,317	63,248	75,732
Personnel Expenses Subtotal	2,152,717	2,206,114	2,147,494	2,307,566
Non-Personnel Expenses				
Supplies and Services	582,453	583,841	606,637	696,934
Capital	86,710	63,901	88,500	88,500
Utilities	43,488	43,649	47,837	47,045
Non-Personnel Expenses Subtotal	712,651	691,391	742,974	832,479
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$2,865,368	\$2,897,505	\$2,890,468	\$3,140,045
REVENUES				
Use of Money & Property	1,001	13	2,000	2,000
Charges for Services	11,193	4,742	15,000	15,000
Other Revenue	8,749	5,488	20,000	20,000
Transfers In	2,212	11,680	8,900	8,900
TOTAL REVENUES	\$23,155	\$21,923	\$45,900	\$45,900
REVENUE RECOVERY %	1%	1%	2%	1%
AUTHORIZED FULL TIME POSITIONS	18.00	18.00	17.00	17.00

HUMAN RESOURCES

MISSION STATEMENT

The mission of the Human Resources Department is to provide superior services to employees, departments, and the public to ensure an informed, quality work force and community, while treating everyone with fairness, dignity, and respect.

	FY 2011-12	FY 2012-13	FY 2013-14	FY 2014-15
BUDGET CATEGORY	ACTUAL	ACTUAL	ADOPTED	PROPOSED
EXPENDITURES				
Personnel Expenses				
Salaries	1,230,806	1,202,205	1,162,192	1,216,994
Hourly Wages	12,885	25,138	15,264	16,380
Overtime	210	0	200	200
Health Benefits	180,778	172,884	207,389	218,826
Retirement Benefits	331,240	331,863	344,408	371,141
Other Personnel Expense	62,484	68,607	52,846	64,734
Personnel Expenses Subtotal	1,818,403	1,800,697	1,782,299	1,888,275
Non-Personnel Expenses				
Supplies and Services	256,712	250,617	279,343	289,023
Other Expenses	647	7,609	0	0
Capital	0	0	0	8,920
Utilities	1,524	1,613	1,676	1,530
Non-Personnel Expenses Subtotal	258,883	259,839	281,019	299,473
Hon-i croomici Expenses oubtotai	250,005	255,055	201,013	200,410
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$2,077,286	\$2,060,536	\$2,063,318	\$2,187,748
REVENUES				
Charges for Services	37,404	82,285	65,000	65,000
Other Revenue	88,820	156,735	73,675	73,675
Transfers In	325,609	40,653	124,450	35,000
	 .	.		
TOTAL REVENUES	\$451,833	\$279,673	\$263,125	\$173,675
REVENUE RECOVERY %	22%	14%	13%	8%
AUTHORIZED FULL TIME POSITIONS	15.00	15.00	15.00	15.00

FINANCE

MISSION STATEMENT

The Chula Vista Finance Department is dedicated to supporting the long-term financial stability of the City and enhancing public and organizational trust through integrity of financial reporting and sound financial practices.

	FY 2011-12	FY 2012-13	FY 2013-14	FY 2014-15
BUDGET CATEGORY	ACTUAL	ACTUAL	ADOPTED	PROPOSED
EXPENDITURES				
Personnel Expenses				
Salaries	1,898,486	1,994,549	2,160,428	2,270,598
Hourly Wages	101,848	101,994	76,192	80,536
Health Benefits	315,710	314,933	374,094	402,271
Retirement Benefits	539,038	559,652	645,609	697,490
Other Personnel Expense	119,872	118,569	100,460	122,465
Personnel Expenses Subtotal	2,974,954	3,089,697	3,356,783	3,573,360
Non-Personnel Expenses				
Supplies and Services	175,356	160,623	197,429	190,030
Other Expenses	400	34	0	0
Capital	0	0	0	10,999
Utilities	2,295	2,334	2,525	2,500
Non-Personnel Expenses Subtotal	178,051	162,991	199,954	203,529
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$3,153,005	\$3,252,688	\$3,556,737	\$3,776,889
TOTAL EXI ENDITORES	ψ3,133,003	ψ3,232,000	ψ5,550,757	ψ3,110,003
REVENUES				
Other Local Taxes	36,674	61,038	40,000	40,000
Fines, Forfeitures, Penalties	37,536	25,054	50,000	50,000
Use of Money & Property	106,714	106,284	108,364	108,364
Charges for Services	57,541	66,798	72,750	57,750
Other Revenue	651,091	688,288	594,543	631,400
Transfers In	320,283	326,744	348,500	348,500
TOTAL REVENUES	\$1,209,839	\$1,274,206	\$1,214,157	\$1,236,014
REVENUE RECOVERY %	38%	39%	34%	33%
AUTHORIZED FULL TIME POSITIONS	26.00	26.00	28.00	28.00

NON-DEPARTMENTAL

MISSION STATEMENT

The Non-Departmental budget reflects expenditures and expenditure savings that are not directly related to any single department. The budget includes such items as insurance, interest expense, transfers out to the Public Liability fund, and transfers out to various Debt Service Funds for the General Fund's debt service obligations. This budget also includes all General Fund discretionary revenues.

BUDGET CATEGORY	FY 2011-12 ACTUAL	FY 2012-13 ACTUAL	FY 2013-14 ADOPTED	FY 2014-15 PROPOSED
EXPENDITURES				
Personnel Expenses				
Salaries	143,532	0	415,778	1,000,000
Hourly Wages	30,136	6,850	0	0
Health Benefits	18,981	(6,014)	9,104	0
Retirement Benefits	2,523	143	130,391	0
Professional Enrichment	71,604	85,624	180,420	209,800
Other Personnel Expense	(2,462)	0	(869,560)	(1,376,409)
Personnel Expenses Subtotal	264,314	86,603	(133,867)	(166,609)
Non-Personnel Expenses				
Supplies and Services	1,722,266	2,530,471	1,591,344	2,039,008
Other Expenses	207,937	211,459	187,000	224,500
Capital	(57,439)	1,430,222	0	0
Utilities	0	778	0	12,000
Transfers Out	11,647,308	5,499,121	5,825,899	5,303,970
CIP Project Expenditures	280,627	1,172,734	258,350	1,724,067
Non-Personnel Expenses Subtotal	13,800,699	10,844,785	7,862,593	9,303,545
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$14,065,013	\$10,931,388	\$7,728,726	\$9,136,936
REVENUES				
Property Taxes	24,518,260	27,876,534	25,952,576	28,032,214
Other Local Taxes	43,349,356	47,119,435	46,300,937	51,190,495
Use of Money & Property	1,878,147	1,107,626	1,178,663	1,367,978
Revenue from Other Agencies	17,248,916	18,009,284	17,632,236	18,488,461
Charges for Services	27,180	24,379	0	0
Other Revenue	2,111,715	2,465,916	3,202,094	1,786,003
Transfers In	2,102,813	1,901,130	1,903,845	2,511,130
TOTAL REVENUES	\$91,236,387	\$98,504,304	\$96,170,351	\$103,376,281
REVENUE RECOVERY %	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
AUTHORIZED FULL TIME POSITIONS	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

ANIMAL CARE FACILITY

MISSION STATEMENT

The mission of the Chula Vista Animal Care Facility is to ensure the health and safety of animals and citizens in Chula Vista, Imperial Beach, National City and Lemon Grove.

	FY 2011-12	FY 2012-13	FY 2013-14	FY 2014-15
BUDGET CATEGORY	ACTUAL	ACTUAL	ADOPTED	PROPOSED
EXPENDITURES				
Personnel Expenses				
Salaries	862,081	968,728	1,065,253	1,159,711
Hourly Wages	183,960	183,534	146,973	170,292
Overtime	46,331	54,154	39,125	52,125
Health Benefits	202,775	227,328	262,427	284,085
Retirement Benefits	301,165	295,664	326,839	379,148
Other Personnel Expense	86,584	85,461	76,385	89,700
Personnel Expenses Subtotal	1,682,896	1,814,869	1,917,002	2,135,061
Non-Personnel Expenses				
Supplies and Services	524,724	519,357	546,170	561,555
Other Expenses	2,474	2,962	2,500	4,500
Capital	_, 0	0	0	6,282
Utilities	40,520	42,548	45,538	41,046
Non-Personnel Expenses Subtotal	567,718	564,867	594,208	613,383
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TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$2,250,614	\$2,379,736	\$2,511,210	\$2,748,444
REVENUES				
Licenses and Permits	138,016	143,871	132,600	132,600
Fines, Forfeitures, Penalties	0	300	0	0
Use of Money & Property	70	112	0	0
Charges for Services	193,401	305,916	252,600	252,600
Other Revenue	766,184	763,949	837,785	905,785
TOTAL REVENUES	\$1,097,671	\$1,214,148	\$1,222,985	\$1,290,985
REVENUE RECOVERY %	49%	51%	49%	47%
AUTHORIZED FULL TIME POSITIONS	17.75	19.25	20.50	21.00

DEVELOPMENT SERVICES

MISSION STATEMENT

The mission of the Development Services Department is to guide the physical development of the City through the implementation of the General Plan and building Codes. We are committed to enhancing the quality of life in our community by planning for sound infrastructure and public services, protection of the environment, and promotion of high quality social and economic growth.

	FY 2011-12	FY 2012-13	FY 2013-14	FY 2014-15
BUDGET CATEGORY	ACTUAL	ACTUAL	ADOPTED	PROPOSED
EXPENDITURES				
Personnel Expenses				
Salaries	1,554,883	1,515,396	1,421,243	1,608,473
Hourly Wages	183,089	96,491	925	0
Overtime	253	0	2,400	1,900
Health Benefits	254,946	247,156	256,127	283,558
Retirement Benefits	485,019	435,017	423,455	492,069
Other Personnel Expense	82,489	79,187	58,752	72,073
Personnel Expenses Subtotal	2,560,679	2,373,247	2,162,902	2,458,073
Non-Personnel Expenses				
Supplies and Services	153,790	138,831	147,808	137,851
Other Expenses	0	10,915	10,915	10,915
Utilities	1,732	1,840	1,905	2,200
Non-Personnel Expenses Subtotal	155,522	151,586	160,628	150,966
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$2,716,201	\$2,524,833	\$2,323,530	\$2,609,039
REVENUES				
Licenses and Permits	396,546	388,123	339,328	339,328
Fines, Forfeitures, Penalties	618,106	322,563	387,100	387,100
Charges for Services	322,942	400,466	294,636	319,285
Other Revenue	293,589	443,801	366,815	392,661
Transfers In	429,308	332,061	204,408	418,486
TOTAL REVENUES	\$2,060,491	\$1,887,014	\$1,592,287	\$1,856,860
REVENUE RECOVERY %	76%	75%	69%	71%
AUTHORIZED FULL TIME POSITIONS	21.50	20.50	19.50	20.25

POLICE

MISSION STATEMENT

The mission of the Chula Vista Police Department is to enhance the quality of life in the City of Chula Vista by:

- Providing a proactive and professional level of police service ensuring safety through commitment, integrity and trust
- Managing resources effectively
- Treating all persons with fairness, respect and dignity
- Maintaining a partnership with the community to meet contemporary and future challenges

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BUDGET CATEGORY	FY 2011-12 ACTUAL	FY 2012-13 ACTUAL	FY 2013-14 ADOPTED	FY 2014-15 PROPOSED
BUDGET CATEGORT	ACTUAL	ACTUAL	ADOFTED	PROPOSED
EXPENDITURES				
Personnel Expenses				
Salaries	22,129,380	22,593,757	24,216,064	24,444,699
Hourly Wages	414,644	404,362	217,777	225,422
Overtime	2,437,003	2,606,094	2,442,947	2,457,195
Health Benefits	3,484,741	3,595,903	4,229,439	4,535,877
Retirement Benefits	7,908,106	7,439,191	8,090,049	8,567,293
Other Personnel Expense	2,504,310	2,586,528	2,043,843	2,123,804
Personnel Expenses Subtotal	38,878,184	39,225,835	41,240,119	42,354,290
Non-Personnel Expenses				
Supplies and Services	2,680,975	2,798,583	3,043,073	3,161,375
Other Expenses	94,490	83,300	122,800	122,800
Utilities	339,239	373,144	372,458	405,877
Transfers Out	0	175,000	0	0
Non-Personnel Expenses Subtotal	3,114,704	3,430,027	3,538,331	3,690,052
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TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$41,992,888	\$42,655,862	\$44,778,450	\$46,044,342
REVENUES				
Licenses and Permits	248,875	256,465	250,000	250,000
Fines, Forfeitures, Penalties	571,593	479,410	473,700	473,700
Use of Money & Property	12,960	0	8,000	8,000
Revenue from Other Agencies	1,403,814	1,360,671	2,093,930	1,730,824
Charges for Services	4,200,932	4,413,008	4,178,751	4,205,168
Other Revenue	194,776	32,065	30,398	36,253
Transfers In	659,445	617,974	524,445	524,445
TOTAL REVENUES	\$7,292,395	\$7,159,593	\$7,559,224	\$7,228,390
REVENUE RECOVERY %	17%	17%	17%	16%
AUTHORIZED FULL TIME POSITIONS	306.50	313.00	319.00	321.50

FIRE

MISSION STATEMENT

Our mission is to integrate quality individuals with training, equipment, and technology in a responsive, effective team environment; enabling us to provide superior services to our community.

BUDGET CATEGORY	FY 2011-12 ACTUAL	FY 2012-13 ACTUAL	FY 2013-14 ADOPTED	FY 2014-15 PROPOSED
	ACTUAL	ACTUAL	ADOLLED	I ROI OSED
EXPENDITURES				
Personnel Expenses				
Salaries	10,367,583	10,375,315	11,020,023	11,046,891
Hourly Wages	23,233	47,529	25,396	26,498
Overtime	3,741,244	4,647,268	3,166,323	3,239,277
Health Benefits	1,632,333	1,705,896	2,021,024	2,150,770
Retirement Benefits	3,519,497	3,555,077	4,013,406	4,250,312
Other Personnel Expense	1,015,748	1,007,694	1,367,079	1,497,545
Personnel Expenses Subtotal	20,299,638	21,338,779	21,613,251	22,211,293
Non-Personnel Expenses				
Supplies and Services	1,923,191	1,918,363	1,781,269	1,859,057
Other Expenses	0	450	0	0
Utilities	156,861	169,843	172,056	210,513
Transfers Out	52,226	152,226	52,226	60,230
Non-Personnel Expenses Subtotal	2,132,278	2,240,882	2,005,551	2,129,800
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$22,431,916	\$23,579,661	\$23,618,802	\$24,341,093
REVENUES				
Licenses and Permits	403,903	530,069	552,519	552,519
Use of Money & Property	0	7,800	15,600	15,600
Revenue from Other Agencies	498,305	664,407	664,000	664,000
Charges for Services	600,708	584,631	438,889	442,906
Other Revenue	234,800	514,475	112,157	92,157
Transfers In	0	50,000	617,557	722,471
TOTAL REVENUES	\$1,737,716	\$2,351,382	\$2,400,722	\$2,489,653
REVENUE RECOVERY %	8%	10%	10%	10%
AUTHORIZED FULL TIME POSITIONS	134.00	135.00	136.00	136.00

PUBLIC WORKS

MISSION STATEMENT

The mission of the Public Works Department is to provide and manage the City's infrastructure, parks and open space through high quality operations, maintenance and construction in order to optimize mobility, public and environmental health and safety.

BUDGET CATEGORY	FY 2011-12 ACTUAL	FY 2012-13 ACTUAL	FY 2013-14 ADOPTED	FY 2014-15 PROPOSED
BUDGET CATEGORY	ACTUAL	ACTUAL	ADOFTED	PROPUSED
EXPENDITURES				
Personnel Expenses				
Salaries	10,236,274	10,393,670	10,641,126	10,955,529
Hourly Wages	275,646	336,803	297,725	360,714
Overtime	165,445	166,741	203,075	203,075
Health Benefits	1,873,409	1,916,863	2,118,027	2,235,543
Retirement Benefits	2,996,576	2,915,293	3,182,752	3,393,781
Other Personnel Expense	763,896	791,324	569,956	765,090
Personnel Expenses Subtotal	16,311,246	16,520,694	17,012,661	17,913,732
Non-Personnel Expenses				
Supplies and Services	3,339,977	3,391,045	3,381,466	3,519,203
Other Expenses	111,824	118,063	128,000	128,000
Capital	64,579	41,784	48,300	61,921
Utilities	3,141,377	3,463,601	3,224,218	3,549,619
Transfers Out	0	184,936	385,321	390,802
Non-CIP Project Expenditures	0	99,525	18,700	18,700
Non-Personnel Expenses Subtotal	6,657,757	7,298,954	7,186,005	7,668,245
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$22,969,003	\$23,819,648	\$24,198,666	\$25,581,977
REVENUES				
Licenses and Permits	35,429	76,991	35,000	35,000
Use of Money & Property	251,093	241,084	247,700	247,700
Revenue from Other Agencies	3,989	32,344	0	0
Charges for Services	824,286	911,050	661,374	661,374
Other Revenue	6,838,259	7,530,368	7,218,653	6,949,933
Transfers In	5,977,510	6,373,042	6,285,487	6,062,637
TOTAL REVENUES	\$13,930,566	\$15,164,879	\$14,448,214	\$13,956,644
REVENUE RECOVERY %	61%	64%	60%	55%
AUTHORIZED FULL TIME POSITIONS	160.50	162.00	163.00	163.00

RECREATION

MISSION STATEMENT

The mission of the Recreation Department is to enrich our community through recreational opportunities and services.

BUDGET CATEGORY	FY 2011-12 ACTUAL	FY 2012-13 ACTUAL	FY 2013-14 ADOPTED	FY 2014-15 PROPOSED
EXPENDITURES				
Personnel Expenses				
Salaries	1,174,638	1,038,618	1,152,452	1,169,823
Hourly Wages	634,867	825,536	979,870	999,950
Overtime	8,338	4,253	5,000	5,000
Health Benefits	204,891	183,892	223,735	235,862
Retirement Benefits	384,939	349,075	433,542	466,213
Other Personnel Expense	87,732	81,770	77,551	81,205
Personnel Expenses Subtotal	2,495,405	2,483,144	2,872,150	2,958,053
Non-Personnel Expenses				
Supplies and Services	395,517	549,502	525,268	555,969
Other Expenses	10,513	16,055	12,670	26,000
Capital	0	0	0	2,523
Utilities	342,850	313,857	373,125	375,903
Non-Personnel Expenses Subtotal	748,880	879,414	911,063	960,395
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$3,244,285	\$3,362,558	\$3,783,213	\$3,918,448
REVENUES				
Use of Money & Property	622,574	698,906	663,763	632,054
Revenue from Other Agencies	13,512	4,331	7,755	5,330
Charges for Services	1,116,393	1,372,499	1,403,572	1,415,142
Other Revenue	90,794	72,457	58,673	57,773
TOTAL REVENUES	\$1,843,273	\$2,148,193	\$2,133,763	\$2,110,299
REVENUE RECOVERY %	57%	64%	56%	54%
AUTHORIZED FULL TIME POSITIONS	17.00	17.00	17.00	17.00

LIBRARY

MISSION STATEMENT

The mission of the Chula Vista Public Library is to increase knowledge and enrich lives within the community. We accomplish this by connecting people equitably to responsive programs, services and resources in a manner that reflect the ideals of a democratic society.

	FY 2011-12	FY 2012-13	FY 2013-14	FY 2014-15
BUDGET CATEGORY	ACTUAL	ACTUAL	ADOPTED	PROPOSED
EXPENDITURES				
Personnel Expenses				
Salaries	1,336,767	1,336,308	1,374,980	1,420,394
Hourly Wages	518,448	533,010	561,228	651,761
Health Benefits	254,236	250,375	281,718	297,284
Retirement Benefits	457,169	440,987	436,052	528,528
Other Personnel Expense	103,380	102,460	89,912	97,975
Personnel Expenses Subtotal	2,670,000	2,663,140	2,743,890	2,995,942
Non-Personnel Expenses				
Supplies and Services	375,100	256,597	203,792	203,852
Other Expenses	360	360	400	400
Capital	34,779	0	0	0
Utilities	355,085	262,386	354,279	357,375
Non-Personnel Expenses Subtotal	765,324	519,343	558,471	561,627
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$3,435,324	\$3,182,483	\$3,302,361	\$3,557,569
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REVENUES	400 =04	4== 000	222.222	222.222
Fines, Forfeitures, Penalties	128,534	175,620	200,000	200,000
Use of Money & Property	44,075	39,665	57,550	57,550
Revenue from Other Agencies	2,000	2,000	2,000	2,000
Charges for Services	85,846	80,484	85,013	115,013
Other Revenue	87,767	80,751	10,904	8,850
Transfers In	25,000	0	0	0
TOTAL REVENUES	\$373,222	\$378,520	\$355,467	\$383,413
REVENUE RECOVERY %	11%	12%	11%	11%
AUTHORIZED FULL TIME POSITIONS	21.00	21.10	21.50	21.50

City of Chula Vista Proposed Budget

DEVELOPMENT SERVICES FUND

The Development Services fund accounts for revenues and expenditures related to the processing of development plans and permits. The fund is comprised of three divisions, Planning, Building, and Engineering, which provide direct services to property owners, developers, and the City as required for the entitlement and/or improvement of property. The services provided encompass most development activities, including land use entitlements; public infrastructure, open space, and landscape planning; public infrastructure construction, grading and building permits.

Historically, the staff involved in the processing of development plans and permits were reflected in the City's General Fund. Beginning in fiscal year 2008-09, all the staff involved in the processing of development plans and permits were budgeted directly in the Development Services Fund. Consolidating all development service cost centers in a single fund clearly delineates development related costs and revenues from General Fund supported services; thereby making the nexus between development related activities, costs, fees, and revenues more transparent. This also allows operating expenses to be adjusted to coincide with changes in demand for development services. This adjustment of operating expenses aids in avoiding impacts to the General Fund when revenue fluctuations occur as result of changes in development activity.

Beginning in fiscal year 2011-12, the Development Services fund was accounted for as an enterprise fund.

Development Services Fund

REVENUES

The adopted fiscal year 2014-15 budget reflects the continued effort of balancing development related resources with development related services demand. The fiscal year 2014-15 Development Services budget reflects an overall increase of 1% in projected revenues. Revenues are projected to be sufficient to support projected expenditures and this fund is balanced in fiscal year 2014-15. However, based on the most recent fiscal year 2013-14 quarterly projections, revenues are projected to be short of budget. It is anticipated that this fund will end the current fiscal year with a \$500,000 deficit. Staff will continue to monitor revenue trends and may need to make adjustments accordingly. Staff recognizes it may require modification to its existing composition of staff to remain responsive to work being received.

Development related revenues consist of two categories: development processing fee revenues and deposit based revenues. Development processing fee revenues include building permits, planning fees, other building department fees, and engineering fees. Deposit based revenues are generated through staff time reimbursements related to specific projects. The table below provides a comparison of the adopted revenues for fiscal year 2013-14 compared to the estimated fiscal year 2014-15 revenues. The City is anticipating that the following major projects will continue to move forward in fiscal year 2014-15:

- Bayfront Redevelopment Project
- Millenia Project
- Otay Ranch Villages
- University Land Entitlement Projects

Development Services Fund Revenues

Fiscal Years 2013 to 2015

	F	Y 2012-13	FY 2013-14		FY 2014-15			
Category		Actual	Adopted		Proposed	Proposed Chan		%Change
Other Local Taxes	\$	6,796	\$ -	\$	7,000	\$	7,000	-
Licenses and Permits	\$	2,399,259	\$ 1,753,433	\$	2,335,000	\$	581,567	33%
Charges for Services	\$	3,502,059	\$ 3,892,280	\$	3,746,169	\$	(146,111)	-4%
Other Revenue	\$	746,222	\$ 1,153,343	\$	624,530	\$	(528,813)	-46%
Transfers In	\$	439,238	\$ 298,137	\$	448,137	\$	150,000	50%
Total Revenues	\$	7,093,574	\$ 7,097,193	\$	7,160,836	\$	63,643	1%

Projections for fiscal year 2014-15 revenues were based on a trend analysis of fiscal year 2012-13 actual revenues and fiscal year 2013-14 projections. A summary of the notable changes by category are listed below:

- Licenses and Permits The increase in this category of \$581,567 reflects the projected increase in development activity and the adjustment in development work composition moving from processing of large master planned communities to processing of improvement and development plans.
- Charges for Service The decrease in this category of \$146,111 reflects the change in nature or composition of development activity. The largest decrease in this category is in staff time reimbursements from deposit accounts, but is partially offset by an estimated increase in plan checking fees.
- Other Revenue The proposed fiscal year 2014-15 budget reflects a net decrease of \$528,813 from the fiscal year 2013-14 adopted budget. This net decrease is due to the transfer of the Development Services Director to the General Fund and decreases in anticipated staff time reimbursement revenue from other funds.
- Transfers In The fiscal year 2014-15 proposed budget reflects a change of \$150,000 in projected transfers from the General Fund. The Transfers-In from the General Fund is intended to compensate for plumbing, mechanical, electrical and photovoltaic permits that are subsidized by the General Fund and for staff work that is completed on behalf of projects benefiting the City's General Fund.
- Other Local Taxes The increase in this category of \$7,000 reflects the budgeting of SB1186 revenues collected on business licenses. A state fee of \$1 on any applicant for a local business license or renewal thereof, for purposes of increasing disability access

and compliance with construction-related accessibility requirements and developing educational resources for businesses to facilitate compliance with federal and state disability laws. Local jurisdictions retain 70% and transfer the remaining 30% to the Division of the State Architect. Of the 70% retained by the local jurisdiction, up to 5 percent may be used for related administrative costs and the remaining moneys shall be used to fund increased certified access specialist services in the jurisdiction for the public and to facilitate compliance with construction-related accessibility requirements.

EXPENDITURES

The fiscal year 2014-15 proposed budget includes funding for 45.5 positions in the Development Services Fund. This reflects a net increase of 1.0 position when compared to the fiscal year 2013-14 Council adopted budget. These changes are a result of the following personnel changes:

- The addition of 1.0 Development Services Technician I (DST I)
- The addition of 1.0 Development Services Technician II (DST II)
- The transfer of 1.0 Development Services Director from the Development Services Fund to the General Fund.
- The reclassification of 2.0 Landscape Planner II positions to Landscape Architect

As illustrated in the following table, Personnel Services expenditures in the Development Services fund are the largest component of the Fund's expenditures, much the same as the City's General Fund budget. The transfers out expenditure category reimburses the General Fund for citywide and departmental overhead. Reimbursed citywide overhead includes support costs associated with Finance, Human Resources, Information Technology Services, Custodial Services, and City Attorney.

Development Services Fund Expenditures Fiscal Year 2013 to 2015

	F	Y 2012-13	ا	FY 2013-14		FY 2014-15				
Category		Actual		Adopted		Proposed	Change		%Change	
Personnel Services	\$	5,214,558	\$	5,498,965	\$	5,544,500	\$	45,535	1%	
Supplies and Services	\$	405,599	\$	369,665	\$	216,925	\$	(152,740)	-41%	
Other Expenses	\$	92,205	\$	78,812	\$	58,812	\$	(20,000)	-25%	
Capital	\$	-	\$	-	\$	7,300	\$	7,300	-	
Transfers Out	\$	1,175,724	\$	1,143,811	\$	1,328,299	\$	184,488	16%	
Utilities	\$	4,951	\$	5,940	\$	5,000	\$	(940)	-16%	
Total Expenditures	\$	6,893,037	\$	7,097,193	\$	7,160,836	\$	204,156	3%	

A summary of the notable changes between the fiscal year 2013-14 Council Adopted budget to the fiscal year 2014-15 proposed budget by category are listed as follows:

Personnel Services – This category reflects a net increase of \$45,535. The increase can be attributed to the annualized costs of salary increases approved by Council in fiscal year 2013-14, the reclassification of 2.0 Landscape Planner II positions to Landscape Architect, the addition of 1.0 DST I and 1.0 DST II, and increases to various personnel costs including PERS, flex/insurance, Worker's Comp charges, and vacation in-lieu expenses.

These increases were partially offset by a reduction of hourly wages, the transfer of the Development Services Director from the Development Services Fund to the General Fund, and an increase in salary savings to offset the addition of the DST I.

- Supplies and Services The adopted budget reflects a decrease of \$152,740 in this category. This decrease is largely due to the decrease in contractual services that will be used to offset the addition of the new DST II.
- Other Expenses The Other Expenses category reflects a net decrease of \$20,000. This decrease is due to a reduced volume of credit card transaction fees charged to the City for customers who choose to pay fees using a credit card.
- Capital The Capital category reflects a net increase of \$7,300 when compared to the fiscal year 2013-14 adopted budget. This increase is due

to the transfer of copier leases from Supplies and Services to the Capital category.

- Transfers Out The transfers out expenditure category reflects a net increase of \$184,488 when compared to the prior year adopted budget. This transfer reflects the reimbursement amount from the Development Services Fund to the General Fund for department and citywide overhead costs. This increase is due to the transfer of the Development Services Director from the Development Services Fund to the General Fund. The \$184,488 reflects the amount allocated to the Development Services Fund for this position.
- Utilities The utilities category reflects the projected amounts necessary for fiscal year 2014-15 projected utility expenses and is \$940 less than the fiscal year 2013-14 Adopted Budget. This change is consistent with the projected costs for fiscal year 2013-14.



FUND SUMMARY

BUDGET CATEGORY	FY 2011-12 ACTUAL	FY 2012-13 ACTUAL	FY 2013-14 ADOPTED	FY 2014-15 PROPOSED
EXPENDITURES				
Transfers Out	182,119	0	0	0
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$182,119	\$0	\$0	\$0
NET FUND ACTIVITY	(\$182,119)	\$0	\$0	\$0

Note: This fund was closed and reestablished as an Enterprise Fund (Fund 408).

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DEVELOPMENT SERVICES FUND

FUND SUMMARY

	FY 2011-12	FY 2012-13	FY 2013-14	FY 2014-15
BUDGET CATEGORY	ACTUAL	ACTUAL	ADOPTED	PROPOSED
EXPENDITURES				
Personnel Services	4,570,172	5,214,558	5,498,965	5,544,500
Supplies and Services	126,230	405,599	369,665	216,925
Other Expenses	28,725	92,205	78,812	58,812
Capital	0	0	0	7,300
Utilities	5,469	4,951	5,940	5,000
Transfers Out	1,268,393	1,175,724	1,143,811	1,328,299
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$5,998,989	\$6,893,037	\$7,097,193	\$7,160,836
REVENUES				
Other Local Taxes	0	6,796	0	7,000
Licenses and Permits	1,710,314	2,399,259	1,753,433	2,335,000
Charges for Services	3,367,163	3,502,059	3,892,280	3,746,169
Other Revenue	838,423	746,222	1,153,343	624,530
Transfers In	485,989	439,238	298,137	448,137
TOTAL REVENUES	\$6,401,889	\$7,093,574	\$7,097,193	\$7,160,836
NET FUND ACTIVITY	\$402,900	\$200,537	\$0	\$0

DEVELOPMENT SERVICES FUND

STAFFING SUMMARY - 408

	FY 2013-14 DOPTED	FY 2013-14 MIDYEAR	FY 2014-15 CHANGES	FY 2014-15 PROPOSED
ASSOC ENGINEER	3.00	_	_	3.00
ASSOCIATE PLANNER	4.00	_	-	4.00
BUILDING INSPECTOR II	4.00	_	-	4.00
BUILDING INSPECTOR III	1.00	_	-	1.00
BUILDING OFF/CODE ENF MGR	1.00	_	-	1.00
DEV PLANNING MGR	1.00	_	(1.00)	-
DEVELOPMENT SERVICES TECH I	-	-	1.00	1.00
DEVELOPMENT SERVICES TECH II	-	-	1.00	1.00
DEVELOPMENT SVCS DEPT DIRECTOR	1.00	-	(1.00)	-
DEVELOPMENT SVCS TECH II	3.00	-	-	3.00
DEVELOPMENT SVCS TECH III	2.00	-	-	2.00
DEVLPMT SVCS COUNTER MGR	1.00	-	-	1.00
ENGINEERING TECH II	1.00	-	-	1.00
LANDSCAPE ARCHITECT	0.50	-	2.00	2.50
LANDSCAPE PLANNER II	3.00	-	(2.00)	1.00
PLAN CHECK SUPERVISOR	1.00	-	-	1.00
PLANNING MANAGER	-	-	1.00	1.00
PLANS EXAMINER	3.00	-	-	3.00
PRINCIPAL CIVIL ENGINEER	1.00	-	-	1.00
PRINCIPAL PLANNER	2.00	-	-	2.00
SECRETARY	1.00	-	-	1.00
SR BUILDING INSPECTOR	1.00	-	-	1.00
SR ENGINEERING TECHNICIAN	1.00	-	-	1.00
SR OFFICE SPECIALIST	2.00	-	-	2.00
SR PLANNER	4.00	-	-	4.00
SR PROJECT COORDINATOR	1.00	-	-	1.00
SR SECRETARY	1.00	-	-	1.00
TRANSPORTATION ENGINEER W/CERT	1.00	-	-	1.00
TOTAL AUTHORIZED POSITIONS	44.50	-	1.00	45.50



FY2015

City of Chula Vista Proposed Budget

SUCCESSOR AGENCY AND HOUSING FUNDS

Successor Agency Funds

Housing Authority Funds

Successor Agency Funds

On December 29, 2011, the California Supreme Court upheld AB x1 26 dissolving California redevelopment agencies. Effective February 1, 2012, all redevelopment agencies were dissolved and the City of Chula Vista assumed the role of Successor Agency (resolution 2011-164).

The Successor Agency is responsible for the wind down of the former Redevelopment Agency activities and obligations. The act of winding down the former Redevelopment Agency is significant. The Successor Agency will continue to oversee and implement all legally obligated contracted work, projects and programs as well as dispose of the former Redevelopment Agency assets. Since approximately 68% of the former Redevelopment Agency-owned land (24 acres of 35.24 acres) is contaminated there are clean up requirements as well as remediation that will be necessary to dispose of these properties. Significant administrative obligations will continue to exist in the preparation of budgets and documentation to be submitted to and reviewed by the Successor Agency, Oversight Board, County of San Diego and the State Department of Finance.

As required by AB x1 26, an Oversight Board, composed of affected taxing entities within the City, was created. The primary responsibility of the Oversight Board is reviewing and approving the Recognized Obligation Payment Schedule and serving in a fiduciary role to the taxing entities that the Oversight Board represents. Some historical information follows regarding the former Redevelopment Agency.

The Chula Vista Redevelopment Agency was created on October 24, 1972 by City Council Ordinance. The goals of the former Redevelopment Agency were to reduce blight and to encourage new development, reconstruction, and rehabilitation of residential, commercial, industrial, and retail uses. Since the Agency's creation, the City adopted and amended six project areas to encompass a total of approximately 3,563 acres of City territory. Land uses within these areas are mostly commercial and industrial, but also includes some residential and public uses (e.g., governmental administrative centers, corporation yards, streets, etc.).

FUND DESCRIPTIONS

The Successor Agency budget is organized into Redevelopment Obligation Retirement Fund (RORF) and debt service funds. The RORF accounts for the staffing and other expenditures required in winding down activities of the former Redevelopment Agency. The Debt Service funds are used to pay for the former Redevelopment Agency's debt service on its outstanding Tax Allocation Bonds, loans and other debt of the former Redevelopment Agency.

Several funds were eliminated as a result of the dissolution of the Redevelopment Agency. The eliminated funds are former operating funds 317, 611, 651 and pass-through funds 671-675. In addition the debt service funds listed below replace funds 691 and 693-697.

Operating Funds

 Fund 318: Redevelopment Obligation Retirement Fund (RORF)

The RORF will serve as the primary operating funds in the winding down of the former Redevelopment Agency. This fund will be used to pay the documented enforceable obligations of the former redevelopment agency that have been approved by the Successor Agency Oversight Board and the State Department of Finance.

Fund 319: Successor Agency Housing Fund
 The City's Housing Authority became the Successor Housing Agency. This fund accounts for all assets (everything but fund balance) originally held by the Low and Moderate Income Housing fund and will account for activities similar to the Low and Moderate Income Housing program. The fund revenues are not discretionary and must be used for the production of affordable housing.

Debt Service Funds

The Debt Service funds are used to pay for former Redevelopment Agency debt service on its outstanding Tax Allocation Bonds, loans and other debt of the former Redevelopment Agency.

Fund 692: Long Term Advances Debt Service Fund – Redevelopment Agency

This fund was established to account for Redevelopment Agency interfund loans.

Fund 661: 2005 Taxable Revenue Bonds Series A CRA/ERAF Loan Program

In April 2005, the Agency entered into a Loan Agreement with the California Statewide Communities Development Authority to borrow the amount of \$765,000. This amount was used to pay the Agency's portion of the 2005 Educational Revenue Augmentation Fund (ERAF) to the County of San Diego pursuant to Section 33681.12 of the California Health and Safety Code.

Fund 662: 2006 Taxable Revenue Bonds Series A CRA/ERAF Loan Program

In April 2006, the Agency entered into a Loan Agreement with the California Statewide Communities Development Authority to borrow the amount of \$930,000. This amount was used to pay the Agency's portion of the 2006 Educational Revenue Augmentation Fund (ERAF) to the County of San Diego pursuant to Section 33681.12 of the California Health and Safety Code.

Fund 663: 2006 Senior Tax Allocation Refunding Bonds, Series A

In July 2006, the Redevelopment Agency issued the 2006 Senior Tax Allocation Bonds, Series A in the amount of \$13,435,000 to refinance the Agency's outstanding Bayfront/Town Centre Redevelopment Project 1994 Senior Tax Allocation Refunding Bonds Series A (the "1994 A Bonds). The original bonds were issued to finance improvements in the Bayfront/Town Centre Project Areas. The Annual Debt Service is paid from property tax increment generated in the project areas. The term of the bonds runs through 2027.

• Fund 664: 2006 Subordinate Tax Allocation Refunding Bonds, Series B

In July 2006, the Redevelopment Agency issued the 2006 Subordinate Tax Allocation Bonds,

Series B in the amount of \$12,325,000 to refinance the Agency's outstanding Bayfront/Town Centre Redevelopment Project 1994 Senior Tax Allocation Refunding Bonds Series D (the "1994 D Bonds) and the 1994 Subordinate Tax Allocation Refunding Bonds, Series C (the 1994 C Bonds) The original bonds were issued to finance improvements in the Bayfront/Town Centre Project Areas. The Annual Debt Service is paid from property tax increment generated in the project areas. The term of the bonds runs through 2021.

Fund 665: RDA 2008 Tax Allocation Refunding Bonds (TARBs)

This fund was established to account for the debt service payments for the refunding of the Redevelopment Agency 2000 Tax Allocation Bonds (Merged Redevelopment Project) in the amount of \$21,625,000. The Merged Redevelopment Project was created on August 22, 2000, pursuant to an amendment to the redevelopment plans for three of the Agency's four existing redevelopment projects, the Town Centre II Project Area, the Otay Valley Project Area and the Southwest Project Area. The Merged Project Area was amended in 2004 adding 494 acres. The Bonds were issued to provide funds for the repayment of certain obligations of the Merged Redevelopment Project and other interfund loans, and for general redevelopment purposes. The term of the bonds is through the year 2036.

REVENUES

A summary of the notable changes by category are listed below:

 Property Taxes – The increase in this category is due to the dissolution of the Redevelopment Agency. Property tax increment revenues are now received by the County of San Diego and will be distributed to the Successor Agency based on documented enforceable obligations that have been approved by both the Successor Agency Oversight Board and the State Department of Finance. Transfers In – The decrease is due to the Low and Moderate Income Housing Program no longer receiving property tax increment revenues due to the dissolution of the redevelopment agency. The table below provides a comparison of the projected revenues for fiscal year 2013-14 to the estimated fiscal year 2014-15 revenues. The table does not reflect the revenue budget of the debt service funds which are reflected in the debt service section of the budget document.

Redevelopment/Successor Agency Operating Fund Revenues

Fiscal Years 2013 to 2015

Category	Funds 318/319 FY 2012-13 Actual	Funds 318/319 FY 2013-14 Adopted	Funds 318/319 FY 2014-15 Proposed	Change
Property Taxes	\$ 4,456,770	\$ 6,242,818	\$ 6,505,446	\$ 262,628
Use of Money & Property	\$ 647,063	\$ 17,885	\$ 17,885	\$ -
Charges for Services	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Revenue from Other Agencies	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Other Revenue	\$ 90,774	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Transfers In	\$ 879,285	\$ 2,070,291	\$ 1,927,748	\$ (142,543)
Total Revenues	\$ 6,073,892	\$ 8,330,994	\$ 8,451,079	\$ 120,085

EXPENDITURES

Expenditures for fiscal year 2014-15 are for winding down the former Redevelopment Agency and Low and Moderate Income Housing activities and documented enforceable obligations.

- Personnel Services The decrease in the fiscal year 2014-15 proposed budget is due to the elimination of the Senior Project Coordinator position.
- Services and Supplies The budget has been increased due to project related consultant services.
- Other Expenses The slight increase in this category reflects an increase in the amount of reimbursable staff time for the Low and Moderate Income Housing related activities.
- Capital The increase of \$6,040 is due to the transfer of copier leases from Supplies and Services to the Capital category.

- Transfers Out The transfers out expenditure category has increased due to the first payment towards the SERAF loan. The former Low and Moderate Income Housing fund loaned the former Redevelopment Agency \$5.0 million so that the Agency could pay the State its SERAF obligation for fiscal years 2010 and 2011. The loan payment is in the amount of \$1.9 million from the Successor Agency (fund 318) to the Successor Agency Housing fund (fund 319).
- Utilities The utilities category reflects the projected amounts necessary for fiscal year 2014-15 projected utility expenses.

The table below provides a comparison of the projected budgeted expenditures for fiscal year 2014-15 to the proposed fiscal year 2014-15 expenditures. The table does not reflect the debt service expenditure budget which is discussed in the debt service section of this document.

Redevelopment/Successor Agency Operating Fund Expenditures Fiscal Year 2013 to 2014

	Funds 318/319 FY 2012-13		Funds 318/319 FY 2013-14		Funds 318/319 FY 2014-15		
Category		Actual	Adopted		Proposed		Change
Personnel Services	\$	92,044	\$ 134,203	\$	-	\$	(134,203)
Supplies and Services	\$	110,753	\$ 121,580	\$	143,770	\$	22,190
Other Expenses	\$	2,373,029	\$ 894,972	\$	897,972	\$	3,000
Capital	\$	4,241	\$ 6,000	\$	12,040	\$	6,040
Transfers Out	\$	9,185,742	\$ 5,276,493	\$	5,698,895	\$	422,402
CIP Project Expenditures	\$	641,835	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-
Non-CIP Project Expenditures	\$	4,000,000	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-
Utilities	\$	382	\$ 1,570	\$	1,700	\$	130
Total Expenditures	\$	16,408,026	\$ 6,434,818	\$	6,754,377	\$	319,559

REDV OBLIGATION RETIREMENT FUND

FUND SUMMARY

BUDGET CATEGORY	FY 2011-12 ACTUAL	FY 2012-13 ACTUAL	FY 2013-14 ADOPTED	FY 2014-15 PROPOSED
EXPENDITURES				
Personnel Services	221,258	92,044	134,203	0
Supplies and Services	39,440	79,810	85,480	80,270
Other Expenses	5,878,509	2,296,468	745,072	718,540
Capital	0	0	0	6,040
Utilities	346	382	1,570	1,700
Transfers Out	1,051,440	9,156,742	5,276,493	5,698,895
CIP Project Expenditures	235,529	641,835	0	0
Non-CIP Project Expenditures	0	4,000,000	0	0
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$7,426,522	\$16,267,281	\$6,242,818	\$6,505,445
REVENUES				
Property Taxes	3,233,347	4,456,770	6,242,818	6,505,446
Use of Money & Property	80,514	(23,899)	0	0
Other Revenue	2,608,350	322	0	0
Transfers In	11,030,351	641,835	0	0
TOTAL REVENUES	\$16,952,562	\$5,075,028	\$6,242,818	\$6,505,446
NET FUND ACTIVITY	\$9,526,040	(\$11,192,253)	\$0	\$1

REDV OBLIGATION RETIREMENT FUND

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STAFFING SUMMARY - 318

BUDGET CATEGORY	FY 2013-14 ADOPTED	FY 2013-14 MIDYEAR	FY 2014-15 CHANGES	FY 2014-15 PROPOSED
SR PROJECT COORDINATOR	1.00	-	(1.00)	-
TOTAL AUTHORIZED POSITIONS	1.00)	(1.00)	

BUDGET CATEGORY	FY 2011-12 ACTUAL	FY 2012-13 ACTUAL	FY 2013-14 ADOPTED	FY 2014-15 PROPOSED
EXPENDITURES				
Supplies and Services	0	30,943	36,100	63,500
Other Expenses	35	76,561	149,900	179,432
Capital	1,607	4,241	6,000	6,000
Transfers Out	0	29,000	0	0
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$1,642	\$140,745	\$192,000	\$248,932
REVENUES				
Use of Money & Property	5,033	670,962	17,885	17,885
Charges for Services	25	0	0	0
Other Revenue	0	90,452	0	0
Transfers In	0	237,450	2,070,291	1,927,748
TOTAL REVENUES	\$5,058	\$998,864	\$2,088,176	\$1,945,633
NET FUND ACTIVITY	\$3,416	\$858,119	\$1,896,176	\$1,696,701

REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY FUND

FUND SUMMARY

BUDGET CATEGORY	FY 2011-12 ACTUAL	FY 2012-13 ACTUAL	FY 2013-14 ADOPTED	FY 2014-15 PROPOSED
EXPENDITURES				
Personnel Services	342,968	0	0	0
Supplies and Services	188,117	0	0	0
Other Expenses	0	0	0	1,274,067
Other Expenses	558,469	0	0	0
Other Expenses	59,058	0	0	0
Capital	2,277	0	0	0
Utilities	1,025	0	0	0
Transfers Out	20,165,508	0	0	0
Transfers Out	0	641,835	0	0
CIP Project Expenditures	297,109	0	0	0
Non-CIP Project Expenditures	23,040	0	0	0
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$21,637,571	\$641,835	\$0	\$1,274,067
REVENUES				
Property Taxes	7,954,428	0	0	0
Use of Money & Property	201	(147)	0	0
Use of Money & Property	315	0	0	0
Use of Money & Property	542,338	0	0	0
Charges for Services	50	0	0	0
Other Revenue	53,383	0	0	0
Transfers In	2,129,352	0	0	0
Transfers In	8,862,933	0	0	0
TOTAL REVENUES	\$19,543,000	(\$147)	\$0	\$0
NET FUND ACTIVITY	(\$2,094,571)	(\$641,982)	\$0	(\$1,274,067)

FUND	# FUND DESCRIPTION	FY 2011-12 ACTUAL	FY 2012-13 ACTUAL	FY 2013-14 ADOPTED	FY 2014-15 PROPOSED
EXPEN	DITURES				
317	RDA Low & Mod Income Housing	10,882,060	0	0	0
611	Redev Bayfront/Town Centre I	3,165,932	0	0	0
641	Redev Fine Arts	59,058	0	0	0
651	So West/Twn Ctr II/Oty Vly	7,530,521	0	0	0
654	RDA 2008 TARBS ProjFund - SA	0	641,835	0	1,274,067
TOTAL	EXPENDITURES	\$21,637,571	\$641,835	\$0	\$1,274,067
REVEN	UES				
317	RDA Low & Mod Income Housing	5,852,668	0	0	0
611	Redev Bayfront/Town Centre I	5,518,776	0	0	0

REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY FUND					600
641	Redev Fine Arts	315	0	0	0
651	So West/Twn Ctr II/Oty Vly	6,041,688	0	0	0
654	RDA 2008 TARBS ProjFund - SA	2,129,553	(147)	0	0
TOTAL	REVENUES	\$19,543,000	(\$147)	\$0	\$0
NET FU	ND ACTIVITY	(\$2,094,571)	(\$641,982)	\$0	(\$1,274,067)

BUDGET CATEGORY	FY 2011-12 ACTUAL	FY 2012-13 ACTUAL	FY 2013-14 ADOPTED	FY 2014-15 PROPOSED
EXPENDITURES				
Supplies and Services	3,543	8,192	9,450	10,600
Other Expenses	1,316,191	3,515,315	3,595,606	4,110,547
Transfers Out	18,622,925	0	2,070,291	1,927,748
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$19,942,659	\$3,523,507	\$5,675,347	\$6,048,895
REVENUES				
Use of Money & Property	51,801	101,938	0	0
Other Revenue	0	22	0	0
Transfers In	4,630,791	8,917,421	5,271,993	5,698,895
TOTAL REVENUES	\$4,682,592	\$9,019,381	\$5,271,993	\$5,698,895
NET FUND ACTIVITY	(\$15,260,067)	\$5,495,874	(\$403,354)	(\$350,000)

FUND # FUND DESCRIPTION	FY 2011-12 ACTUAL	FY 2012-13 ACTUAL	FY 2013-14 ADOPTED	FY 2014-15 PROPOSED
EXPENDITURES				
661 05 ERAF - SA	49,178	99,528	100,358	100,883
662 06 ERAF - SA	63,026	125,784	125,191	129,285
663 06 TABs Series A - SA	244,754	1,017,893	1,043,491	1,017,345
664 06 TABs Series B - SA	261,698	993,006	1,018,730	992,297
665 08 TABs - SA	482,999	966,158	967,286	1,531,337
692 Successor Agency Long-term Deb	18,841,004	321,138	2,420,291	2,277,748
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$19,942,659	\$3,523,507	\$5,675,347	\$6,048,895
REVENUES				
661 05 ERAF - SA	50,307	99,463	100,358	100,883
662 06 ERAF - SA	64,436	125,696	125,191	129,285
663 06 TABs Series A - SA	1,272,699	1,017,861	1,018,033	1,017,345
664 06 TABs Series B - SA	1,266,547	992,637	990,834	992,297
665 08 TABs - SA	2,028,603	966,122	967,286	1,531,337
692 Successor Agency Long-term Deb	0	5,817,602	2,070,291	1,927,748
TOTAL REVENUES	\$4,682,592	\$9,019,381	\$5,271,993	\$5,698,895
NET FUND ACTIVITY	(\$15,260,067)	\$5,495,874	(\$403,354)	(\$350,000)

BUDGET CATEGORY	FY 2011-12 ACTUAL	FY 2012-13 ACTUAL	FY 2013-14 ADOPTED	FY 2014-15 PROPOSED
EXPENDITURES				
Other Expenses	645,603	0	0	0
Transfers Out	460,063	0	0	0
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$1,105,666	\$0	\$0	\$0
REVENUES				
Use of Money & Property	9,234	0	0	0
Transfers In	744,919	0	0	0
TOTAL REVENUES	\$754,153	\$0	\$0	\$0
NET FUND ACTIVITY	(\$351,513)	\$0	\$0	\$0

FUND # FUND DESCRIPTION	FY 2011-12 ACTUAL	FY 2012-13 ACTUAL	FY 2013-14 ADOPTED	FY 2014-15 PROPOSED
EXPENDITURES	ACTORE	ACTORL	ADOI 12D	1 ROI OSED
671 SW Area Tax Agmt-SUHSD	175,895	0	0	0
672 SW Area Tax Agmt-C.O.E.	19,773	0	0	0
S .	•	-		-
673 SW Area Tax Agmt-CV Elem SD	213,512	0	0	0
674 SW Area Tax Agmt-SW CC Dist	37,618	0	0	0
675 SW Area Tax Agmt-County SD	658,868	0	0	0
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$1,105,666	\$0	\$0	\$0
REVENUES				
671 SW Area Tax Agmt-SUHSD	140,462	0	0	0
672 SW Area Tax Agmt-C.O.E.	19,625	0	0	0
673 SW Area Tax Agmt-CV Elem SD	212,841	0	0	0
674 SW Area Tax Agmt-SW CC Dist	37,450	0	0	0
675 SW Area Tax Agmt-County SD	343,775	0	0	0
TOTAL REVENUES	\$754,153	\$0	\$0	\$0
NET FUND ACTIVITY	(\$351,513)	\$0	\$0	\$0

DEBT SERV - REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY FUND 680

FUND SUMMARY

DID OFF OAFF OADY	FY 2011-12	FY 2012-13	FY 2013-14	FY 2014-15
BUDGET CATEGORY	ACTUAL	ACTUAL	ADOPTED	PROPOSED
EXPENDITURES				
Supplies and Services	4,742	0	0	0
Other Expenses	338,307	0	0	0
Other Expenses	2,098,861	0	0	0
Transfers Out	6,280,732	0	0	0
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$8,722,642	\$0	\$0	\$0
REVENUES				
Use of Money & Property	47,471	0	0	0
Other Revenue	20	0	0	0
Transfers In	22,694,954	0	0	0
Transfers In	2,056,569	0	0	0
TOTAL REVENUES	\$24,799,014	\$0	\$0	\$0
NET FUND ACTIVITY	\$16,076,372	\$0	\$0	\$0

		FY 2011-12	FY 2012-13	FY 2013-14	FY 2014-15
FUND	# FUND DESCRIPTION	ACTUAL	ACTUAL	ADOPTED	PROPOSED
EXPEN	DITURES				
653	RDA 2008 TARBS Project Fund	2,701,381	0	0	0
691	Long-term Advances DSF - RDA	338,307	0	0	0
693	05 Tax Rev (ERAF)	50,276	0	0	0
694	06 Tax Rev Bnd A (CRA/ERAF Ln	64,408	0	0	0
695	06 Sr TABS Ser A	1,802,353	0	0	0
696	06 Sr TABS Ser B	1,736,775	0	0	0
697	08 Tax Allocation Refunding Bond	2,029,142	0	0	0
TOTAL	EXPENDITURES	\$8,722,642	\$0	\$0	\$0
REVEN	UES				
653	RDA 2008 TARBS Project Fund	401	0	0	0
691	Long-term Advances DSF - RDA	22,694,954	0	0	0
693	05 Tax Rev (ERAF)	49,199	0	0	0
694	06 Tax Rev Bnd A (CRA/ERAF Ln	63,029	0	0	0
695	06 Sr TABS Ser A	774,004	0	0	0
696	06 Sr TABS Ser B	731,604	0	0	0
697	08 Tax Allocation Refunding Bond	485,823	0	0	0
TOTAL	REVENUES	\$24,799,014	\$0	\$0	\$0
IOIAL		. , ,			

The Housing Authority was formed in 1993. A Housing Authority can provide tax-exempt bond financing, own and operate housing, and operate various housing programs. The Chula Vista Housing Authority does not own or operate housing, and the Section 8 rental assistance programs including Public Housing are operated in Chula Vista by the County of San Diego Housing Authority. The staff of the Housing Authority provides comprehensive housing services for the City. In addition, with the elimination of the City's redevelopment agency, the Housing Authority will assume the housing functions of the former Redevelopment Agency, becoming a "Successor Housing Agency".

The Chula Vista Housing Authority fund is the clearinghouse for all housing related staff activity. Included in this fund are personnel expenses which are reimbursed by various funding sources such as Federal Housing and Urban Development Grant Funds. The Housing Fund will receive \$0.7 million in staff time reimbursements for administering the City's Housing, CDBG, HOME and other grants and for monitoring of bond covenants for affordable housing bonds issued by the City's Housing Authority. The Housing Authority focuses on the development of sustainable neighborhoods through a variety of investments such as:

- Production of affordable housing
- Expand home ownership
- Oversee social service contracts for low income households
- Oversee policies and programs related to affordable housing

FUND DESCRIPTIONS

Fund 313: Chula Vista Housing Authority
 The Chula Vista Housing Authority Fund accounts for all housing related activities not considered eligible for reimbursement by other sources.

Housing Authority Funds



The Landings Project, pictured above, is an example of the type of project developed with Housing Funds. The Landings consists of 92 three-bedroom townhome units. Each unit includes an enclosed 2-car garage, in-unit washer and dryer, balcony, and full sized appliances. Project amenities include a pool, spa, clubhouse, and a tot lot



HOUSING PROGRAM FUND

FUND SUMMARY

BUDGET CATEGORY	FY 2011-12 ACTUAL	FY 2012-13 ACTUAL	FY 2013-14 ADOPTED	FY 2014-15 PROPOSED
EXPENDITURES				
Personnel Services	834,651	767,659	537,661	561,926
Supplies and Services	22,039	5,649	38,300	38,300
Utilities	0	184	500	500
Transfers Out	4,460,227	166,085	147,555	177,145
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$5,316,917	\$939,577	\$724,016	\$777,871
REVENUES				
Use of Money & Property	30,003	(5,868)	0	0
Charges for Services	71,092	230,513	71,000	71,000
Other Revenue	622,058	456,505	661,240	706,871
Transfers In	143,882	97,000	0	0
TOTAL REVENUES	\$867,035	\$778,150	\$732,240	\$777,871
NET FUND ACTIVITY	(\$4,449,882)	(\$161,427)	\$8,224	\$0

HOUSING PROGRAM FUND

STAFFING SUMMARY - 313

BUDGET CATEGORY	FY 2013-14 ADOPTED	FY 2013-14 MIDYEAR	FY 2014-15 CHANGES	FY 2014-15 PROPOSED
HOUSING MANAGER	1.00	-	-	1.00
PROJECT COORDINATOR II	2.00	-	-	2.00
SR PROJECT COORDINATOR	1.00	-	-	1.00
TOTAL AUTHORIZED POSITIONS	4.00			4.00

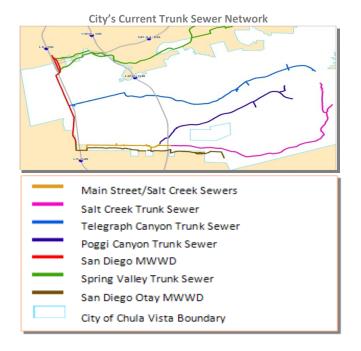
City of Chula Vista Proposed Budget

SEWER FUNDS

Sewer Funds

The Sewer enterprise funds account for revenues and expenditures related to the City's Sewer programs, including maintenance and expansion of the City's conveyance system and payment of San Diego Metro wastewater treatment costs.

The City of Chula Vista provides wastewater conveyance and treatment services to approximately 46,969 billing accounts, including residential and nonresidential uses. The wastewater generated by Chula Vista customers is collected and sent to treatment facilities in the South Bay and Point Loma through the City's extensive sewer collection system, which consists of 11 pump stations and over 500 miles of sewer pipe. The San Diego Metropolitan Wastewater System provides wastewater treatment services to the City of Chula Vista on a contract basis (\$19.4 million in fiscal year 2013-14). The City is currently analyzing options to secure sufficient treatment capacity to see the City through build out. Per the 2005 Wastewater Master Plan, the City will need approximately 26.2 MGD at build out. This treatment capacity may be provided by either purchasing additional treatment capacity in the San Diego Metro Wastewater System or construction of a wastewater reclamation plant in Chula Vista. The following figure illustrates the City's current trunk sewer network, which conveys flows to the San Diego Metro trunk sewer (shown in red).



REVENUES

The Sewer Fund derives the majority of its revenue from various service charges that are collected from system users. This fund also derives revenues from other sources such as permit fees for new connections to the sewer system, interest earnings from investments, development impact fees, transfers from other funds designated to support Sewer fund operations and other revenues that include revenue reimbursements from other city funds and various service charges. Sewer revenues are projected to increase by \$40,000 in the fiscal year 2014-15 proposed budget due to increased revenues from service and past due service charges.

Sewer Fund Revenues

	FY 2012-13	FY 13-14	FY 14-15		
Category	Actual	Adopted	Proposed	Change	% Change
Licenses and Permits	40,500	40,000	40,000	\$ -	0.0%
Use of Money & Property	314,191	301,726	301,726	\$ -	0.0%
Charges for Services	34,382,920	32,881,199	32,881,199	\$ -	0.0%
Other Revenue	592,175	285,000	325,000	\$ 40,000	14.0%
Transfers In	3,578	150,000	150,000	\$ -	0.0%
Total	\$ 35,333,364	\$ 33,657,925	\$ 33,697,925	\$ 40,000	0.1%

Note: Revenue amounts include Sewer Operating Funds: 411, 412, 413, 414, and 428.

EXPENDITURES

Sewer fund operations and capital programming contains no General Fund contribution. Sewer fund operations and capital programming costs are offset by fees paid by residential and non-residential users. In addition, other revenue sources generated within the Sewer fund through normal operations that fund 46 permanent positions that are contained in the fiscal year 2014-15 proposed budget. Changes to the Sewer Fund budget for fiscal year 2014-15 are as follows:

- Personnel Services Personnel services in the fiscal year 2014-15 are increasing by \$205,540.
 This increase represents the annualized salary and benefit increases, including salary increases approved by the City Council during fiscal year 2013-14.
- Supplies and Services Supplies and services costs are increasing by \$163,383. This change is primarily due to increased fleet maintenance charges of \$93,500. The balance of the increase is for other agency permit fees, computer and meter equipment, and necessary travel expenses for the certification of personnel assigned to this fund.
- Other Expenses- Other expenses are increasing by \$2,900 for credit card processing fees.
- Capital Capital expenses are increasing by \$56,100 due vehicle replacement expenditures.
- CIP Project Expenditures CIP Projected Expenditures are decreasing by \$1,660,000. This decrease reflects normal funding levels for the rehabilitation effort on pipes, manholes, access roads and pump stations. Several studies are under way to define the scope of future CIP projects that will be funded by the Trunk Sewer Capital Reserve Fund to upsize sewer pipe capacity within the City.
- Utilities Utility expenses have been reduced by \$200 to align with previous fiscal year actual expenses.

The City continues to focus on its Annual Sewer Rehabilitation Program, which expends approximately \$1.0 million to \$2.0 million annually for the replacement and rehabilitation of sewer pipes,



Pictured above: Point Loma Treatment Facility

connections between sewer mains and laterals, access roads, and access covers. The City also utilizes standardized evaluation and ranking criteria in televising and evaluating the condition of sewers in order to ensure that the most critically impacted sewer infrastructure is replaced or rehabilitated first. To date, the funds collected from City's rate payers have been sufficient to maintain and operate the City's wastewater collection system as well as to pay for the treatment of the wastewater. In order to ensure the future adequacy of the sewer funds, City Council has adopted an updated sewer rate case study that set the sewer rates for the next five years effective July 2014. One of the issues considered of significantly impact to the sewer rates for the City is the Point Loma Treatment Plant (PLTP) Secondary Treatment Waiver. In 2010, the City of San Diego was successful in obtaining a five-year waiver that allowed the continued operation of the PLTP at an advance primary level of sewer treatment before discharging into the ocean. A regional effort, led by the City of San Diego is in progress to prepare the application for the next waiver. The application for the next waiver will be submitted in 2015. Expensive infrastructure investments are expected as a condition of the next waiver. The 2014 City of Chula Vista sewer rate adjustment will help pay for said infrastructure investments or the upgrade of the PLTP to secondary.

In fiscal year 2007-08 the City transitioned its Sewer funds from 'special revenue' funds to 'enterprise' funds. Enterprise funds may be used to report any activity for which a fee is charged to external users for goods or services, and are appropriate in situations wherein there is either a legal requirement or policy decision to recover costs of providing services for an

activity. This change complies with the GFOA recommended accounting structure, should the City decide to issue bonds for capital improvements solely guaranteed by sewer fees and charges in the future.

City staff expenditures incurred supporting wastewater system maintenance and operations are funded by the Sewer Service fund through a combination of direct expenditures and inter-fund transfers. Positions 100% funded by Sewer funds (wastewater maintenance and wastewater engineering) are budgeted directly in the Sewer fund (\$4.4 million in fiscal year 2014-15). The remaining support staff is budgeted in either the General or Development Services funds. These positions are partially offset via inter-fund transfers (\$3.2 million in fiscal year 2014-15). All supplies and services, capital, and utilities budgets associated with supporting the wastewater system is also budgeted in the Sewer Service fund in fiscal year 2014-15.

PROPOSED CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT PROJECTS

The second highest commitment of CIP funding is for the Wastewater Management System (WMS). The appropriation for Wastewater projects is \$3,150,000, which represents 15% of the adopted CIP budget. The single project type within the WMS is Sewer. However, the discussion below is divided into the following two categories: Sewer Rehabilitation and Specific Sewer Improvements, and Sewer Pump Stations and Access Roads.

Sewer Rehabilitation and Specific Sewer Improvements

The following projects are included in fiscal year 2014-15 budget:

- \$1.0 million for the annual Sewer Rehabilitation project for citywide work
- \$950,000 for improvements required to mitigate capacity constraints in the Telegraph Canyon Basin located between Fifth Avenue and the I-5 Freeway
- \$450,000 for the inspection of sewer manholes
- \$100,000 for a sewer study to identify capacity constraints in the vicinity of J Street and Bay Boulevard junction box
- \$100,000 for the upsizing of the sewer pipe on Moss Street due to special permit requirements. This project will commit \$100,000 so that Growth Management Oversight Commission (GMOC) threshold standards are not exceeded. The GMOC threshold on East "H" Street between I-805 and Del Rey Boulevard is currently being analyzed. The study of the area is necessary to determine the actual depth of flow and the limits of the impacted pipes, before committing to a major \$1.5 million project.

Sewer Pump Stations and Access Roads

The pump station at Agua Vista will be rehabilitated, at an estimated cost of \$450,000. Sewer access roads at various locations will be rehabilitated, at a cost of \$200,000.

Sewer Fund Expenditures

	FY 2012-13 FY 13-14 FY 14-15						
Category	Actual		Adopted		Proposed	Change	% Change
Personnel Services	\$ 4,058,923	\$	4,192,537	\$	4,398,077	\$ 205,540	4.9%
Supplies and Services	\$ 19,689,382	\$	22,657,438	\$	22,821,121	\$ 163,683	0.7%
Other Expenses	\$ 5,515,363	\$	242,100	\$	245,000	\$ 2,900	1.2%
Capital	\$ 42,926	\$	738,400	\$	794,500	\$ 56,100	7.6%
Transfers Out	\$ 2,843,760	\$	3,196,098	\$	3,196,098	\$ -	0.0%
CIP Project Expenditures	\$ 1,466,947	\$	2,804,300	\$	3,150,000	\$ 345,700	12.3%
Utilities	\$ 172	\$	515	\$	315	\$ (200)	-38.8%
Total	\$ 33,617,473	\$	33,831,388	\$	34,605,111	\$ 773,723	2.3%

FUND DESCRIPTIONS

Fund 411: Sewer Income Fund

This fund is used to account for all revenues collected to recover the City's costs incurred constructing the public wastewater system. The funds are collected from new properties receiving a permit to connect to the City's wastewater collection system. The owner or person making the application for connection pays fees to the City as designated in the master fee schedule. All funds received may be used only for the acquisition, construction, reconstruction, maintenance and operation of sanitation or sewerage facilities, or to reimburse a subdivider or any person who has constructed sewer facilities benefiting other properties. The fund may also be used to reimburse the City for any expense incurred in connection with the construction and installation of any sewer facility including engineering work and acquisition of rights-of-way.

• Fund 412: Special Sewer Fund

The Special Sewer Fund is used to account for the sale of the City's excess Metropolitan Sewerage capacity. On December 17, 2013 Council approved closing this fund and transferring the available fund balance to the Trunk Sewer Capital Reserve Fund (Fund 413).

Fund 413: Trunk Sewer Capital Reserve Fund

The Trunk Sewer Capital Reserve Fund is used to account for sewerage facility participation fees received from the owner or person applying for a permit to develop or modify the use of any residential, commercial, industrial or other property, which is projected to increase the volume of flow in the City's sewer system, as determined by the City Engineer. All revenue derived from the sewerage facility participation fee shall be used solely for:

- Paying the cost and expense to repair, replace or enlarge trunk sewer facilities of the City so as to enhance efficiency of utilization and/or adequacy of capacity to serve the needs of the City, or;
- Paying the cost and expense to plan and/or evaluate any future proposals for area-wide sewage treatment and/or water reclamation systems or facilities.

The City Council can appropriate the funds for another purpose, provided such purpose shall be for the planning, design, construction, maintenance or operations of sewage collection or treatment or water reclamation purposes.

Fund 414: Sewer Service Revenue Fund

The Sewer Service Revenue Fund is used to account for all monies collected from the monthly sewer service charge. Monies in this fund may be used for any and all sewer related activities. The primary use of these funds is the payment of the City's annual San Diego Metropolitan Sewer Capacity and Maintenance fees and to pay the operational costs of the 'in-city' sewer collection system.

Fund 428: Sewer Facility Replacement Fund

A portion of the revenues derived from the monthly sewer service charge is deposited into the Sewerage Facilities Replacement Fund. Monies in this fund are used solely for the purpose of paying the cost of refurbishment and/or replacement of structurally deficient sewerage facilities including related evaluation, engineering, and utility modification costs.

The City Council can appropriate the funds for another purpose provided such purpose is for the construction, maintenance, or operation of sewers or incidental thereto, including any charge for its collection.

• Funds 431, 432, 433: Sewer Development Impact Fee Funds

These fees are levied against new development in specific areas of the City, based upon the sewer facility their project will impact. The monies collected are used to fund construction of public improvements designed to increase the capacity of the subject facilities, allowing the City to maintain service levels with increased demand. Included DIF programs are the Telegraph Canyon Sewer Basin DIF, the Poggi Canyon Sewer Basin DIF, and the Salt Creek Sewer Basin DIF.

BUDGET CATEGORY	FY 2011-12 ACTUAL	FY 2012-13 ACTUAL	FY 2013-14 ADOPTED	FY 2014-15 PROPOSED
EXPENDITURES				
Personnel Services	4,045,121	4,058,923	4,192,537	4,398,077
Supplies and Services	19,669,407	19,689,382	22,657,438	22,821,121
Other Expenses	5,712,635	5,515,363	242,100	245,000
Capital	29,583	42,926	738,400	794,500
Utilities	310	172	515	315
Transfers Out	3,280,159	2,843,760	3,196,098	3,196,098
CIP Project Expenditures	1,067,800	1,466,947	2,804,300	3,150,000
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$33,805,015	\$33,617,473	\$33,831,388	\$34,605,111
REVENUES				
Licenses and Permits	9,160	40,500	40,000	40,000
Use of Money & Property	1,182,093	314,191	301,726	301,726
Charges for Services	32,582,871	34,382,920	32,881,199	32,881,199
Other Revenue	450,653	592,175	285,000	325,000
Transfers In	122,824	3,578	150,000	150,000
TOTAL REVENUES	\$34,347,601	\$35,333,364	\$33,657,925	\$33,697,925
NET FUND ACTIVITY	\$542,586	\$1,715,891	(\$173,463)	(\$907,186)

	FY 2011-12	FY 2012-13	FY 2013-14	FY 2014-15
FUND # FUND DESCRIPTION	ACTUAL	ACTUAL	ADOPTED	PROPOSED
EXPENDITURES				
413 Trunk Sewer Capital Reserve	5,346,533	5,398,948	300,000	1,250,000
414 Sewer Service Revenue	27,391,196	27,036,771	30,681,388	31,105,111
428 Sewer Facility Replacement	1,067,286	1,181,754	2,850,000	2,250,000
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$33,805,015	\$33,617,473	\$33,831,388	\$34,605,111
REVENUES				
411 Sewer Income	18,885	(10,033)	0	0
412 Special Sewer	4,287	(2,431)	0	0
413 Trunk Sewer Capital Reserve	2,904,037	3,879,455	1,250,000	1,250,000
414 Sewer Service Revenue	29,579,676	29,653,340	30,951,199	30,991,199
428 Sewer Facility Replacement	1,840,716	1,813,033	1,456,726	1,456,726
TOTAL REVENUES	\$34,347,601	\$35,333,364	\$33,657,925	\$33,697,925
NET FUND ACTIVITY	\$542,586	\$1,715,891	(\$173,463)	(\$907,186)

SEWER FUND 410

STAFFING SUMMARY - 414

BUDGET CATEGORY	FY 2013-14 ADOPTED	FY 2013-14 MIDYEAR	FY 2014-15 CHANGES	FY 2014-15 PROPOSED
ASSOC ENGINEER	2.00	-	-	2.00
ENGINEERING TECH II	2.00	-	-	2.00
EQUIPMENT OPERATOR	3.00	-	-	3.00
MAINTENANCE WORKER II	18.00	-	-	18.00
PUB WORKS SPECIALIST	1.00	-	-	1.00
PUBLIC WORKS SUPERVISOR	4.00	-	-	4.00
SR CIVIL ENGINEER	1.00	-	-	1.00
SR FISCAL OFFICE SPECIALIST	1.00	-	-	1.00
SR MAINTENANCE WORKER	14.00	-	-	14.00
TOTAL AUTHORIZED POSITIONS	46.00			46.00

BUDGET CATEGORY	FY 2011-12 ACTUAL	FY 2012-13 ACTUAL	FY 2013-14 ADOPTED	FY 2014-15 PROPOSED
EXPENDITURES				
Other Expenses	129,352	122,927	164,091	164,091
Transfers Out	250,000	250,000	250,000	250,000
CIP Project Expenditures	0	0	300,000	1,000,000
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$379,352	\$372,927	\$714,091	\$1,414,091
REVENUES				
Use of Money & Property	85,053	(48,615)	0	0
Development Impact Fees	174,667	645,015	120,000	120,000
TOTAL REVENUES	\$259,720	\$596,400	\$120,000	\$120,000
NET FUND ACTIVITY	(\$119,632)	\$223,473	(\$594,091)	(\$1,294,091)

	FY 2011-12	FY 2012-13	FY 2013-14	FY 2014-15
FUND # FUND DESCRIPTION	ACTUAL	ACTUAL	ADOPTED	PROPOSED
EXPENDITURES				
431 Tel Cyn Sewer Basin Plan DIF	60,000	60,000	35,000	35,000
432 Poggi Cyn Sewer Basin DIF	0	0	310,000	10,000
433 Salt Creek Sewer Basin DIF	319,352	312,927	369,091	1,369,091
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$379,352	\$372,927	\$714,091	\$1,414,091
REVENUES				
431 Tel Cyn Sewer Basin Plan DIF	10,517	(5,932)	0	0
432 Poggi Cyn Sewer Basin DIF	76,710	45,755	20,000	20,000
433 Salt Creek Sewer Basin DIF	172,493	556,577	100,000	100,000
TOTAL REVENUES	\$259,720	\$596,400	\$120,000	\$120,000
NET FUND ACTIVITY	(\$119,632)	\$223,473	(\$594,091)	(\$1,294,091)



City of Chula Vista Proposed Budget

TRANSIT FUNDS

Transit Fund

The MTS - Chula Vista Transit (CVT) is an independent municipal transit system with the Chula Vista City Council as its governing board. CVT forms part of the Metropolitan Transit System (MTS), which is a network of local and regional transit operators. The MTS provides a seamless transit system composed of local, regional, and ADA paratransit services. MTS coordinates fares, transfers, routes and information services to the region. Transit staff also works closely with the San Diego Association of Governments (SANDAG) – the region's transit funding, planning and policy setting agency.

REVENUES

Chula Vista Transit operating funds come from a combination of State Transportation Development Act (TDA) funds (a ¼ of 1 percent of the State Sales Taxes) and passenger fares, which are used for operations and for capital programming. Prior to July 2001, the City received a direct allocation of its TDA funds, but in 2001 regional transit funds were consolidated under the Metropolitan Transit Development Board (MTDB), now the MTS.

The funding consolidation allows the City to participate in available Federal Transit Administration (FTA) capital funds programs. The City has received significant capital project funding from MTS over the last few years, that



has allowed Transit to purchase equipment, vehicles, and parts to keep the transit system operational. These funds have also been used to make improvements to transit centers and bus stops in order to keep both internal and external customers happy.

Transit's goal is to maximize the effectiveness of transit funds while recognizing the revenue constraints facing the region. Since the funding consolidation, Transit staff actively participates in the SANDAG/MTS budget process. Along with the region's other Transit agencies, City Transit staff presents its proposed operating budgets. Various budget meetings are held and budgets are adjusted according to the available funds and SANDAG/MTS Board funding policies. Fiscal year 2014-15 proposed budget transit revenues reflect a net decrease of \$2,495 based on approved state grant, TDA revenue, anticipated bus fare revenues and transfers from other city funds.

Chula Vista Transit Revenues

	FY 12-13	FY 13-14		FY 14-15			
Category	Actual		Adopted	ı	Proposed	Inc/Dec	%Inc/Dec
Use of Money & Property	\$ (4,223)	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	0.0%
Revenue From Other Agencies	\$ 3,095,626	\$	1,937,251	\$	1,938,816	\$ 1,565	0.1%
Charges for Services	\$ 2,841,619	\$	4,834,175	\$	4,853,816	\$ 19,641	0.4%
Other Revenue	\$ 303,698	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	0.0%
Transfers In	\$ -	\$	23,701	\$	-	\$ (23,701)	0.0%
Total	\$ 6,236,720	\$	6,795,127	\$	6,792,632	\$ (2,495)	0.0%

EXPENDITURES

CVT operations and capital programming contains no General Fund contribution. The CVT's operating and capital programming costs are funded by SANDAG/MTS Consolidated TDA Article 4.0 funds and Federal Transit Administration 5307 funds. All City Staff costs are reimbursed by the SANDAG/MTS funds. Other than personnel and staff time reimbursements, the majority of CVT's expenses are fleet maintenance costs, which includes fuel costs.

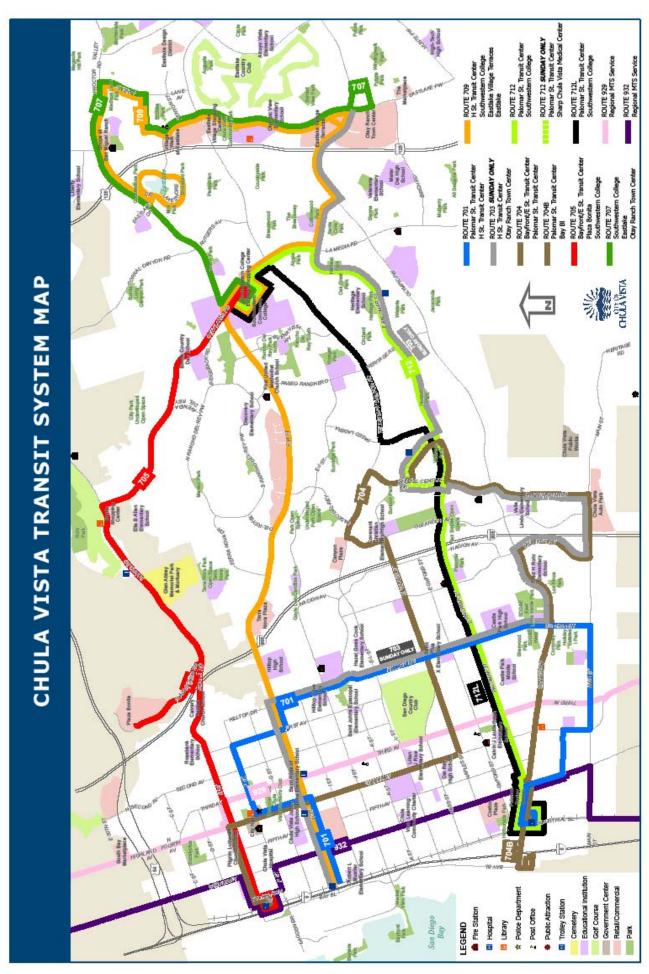
The fiscal year 2014-15 proposed budget includes funding for 1.0 position. The personnel services expenditure category has been amended to reflect the necessary changes in staffing costs for fiscal year 2014-15. Overall, the proposed budget is relatively unchanged from the fiscal year 2013-14 adopted budget. The proposed budget for fiscal year 2014-15 is increasing in total by \$21,192. This increase includes anticipated increases for employee salaries and utility costs.

Chula Vista Transit Expenditures

			FY 13-14	FY 14-15				
Category	FY	12-13 Actual	Adopted		Proposed	posed I		% Inc/Dec
Personnel Services	\$	154,480	\$ 157,498	\$	166,164	\$	8,666	5.5%
Supplies and Services	\$	5,632,377	\$ 5,954,031	\$	5,954,031	\$	-	0.0%
Other Expenses	\$	1,159,823	\$ 463,496	\$	463,496	\$	-	0.0%
Transfers Out	\$	34,750	\$ 34,750	\$	34,750	\$	-	0.0%
CIP Project Expenditures	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	0.0%
Utilities	\$	143,652	\$ 161,651	\$	174,177	\$	12,526	7.7%
Total	\$	7,125,082	\$ 6,771,426	\$	6,792,618	\$	21,192	0.3%

STATISTICS

Operated by	City of Chula Vista via MTS contract with private bus contractor
Routes	8
Service	Six local routes most within Chula Vista city limits, with some service in unincorporated areas of the County (Bonita). One Sunday route operated by MTS from their South Bay Division
Square Miles Served	48
Fiscal Year 2012 Total Passengers	3,532,034
Fleet Size	38 Buses (32) 40-foot, CNG New Flyers (6) 30-foot CNG El Dorado Nationals





BUDGET CATEGORY	FY 2011-12 ACTUAL	FY 2012-13 ACTUAL	FY 2013-14 ADOPTED	FY 2014-15 PROPOSED
EXPENDITURES				
Personnel Services	151,616	154,480	157,498	166,164
Supplies and Services	5,681,016	5,632,377	5,954,031	5,954,031
Other Expenses	1,174,723	1,159,823	463,496	463,496
Utilities	135,259	143,652	161,651	174,177
Transfers Out	62,599	34,750	34,750	34,750
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$7,205,213	\$7,125,082	\$6,771,426	\$6,792,618
REVENUES				
Use of Money & Property	6,543	(4,223)	0	0
Revenue from Other Agencies	3,524,426	3,095,626	1,937,251	1,938,816
Charges for Services	2,671,538	2,841,619	4,834,175	4,853,816
Other Revenue	124,554	303,968	0	0
Transfers In	57,147	0	23,701	0
TOTAL REVENUES	\$6,384,208	\$6,236,990	\$6,795,127	\$6,792,632
NET FUND ACTIVITY	(\$821,005)	(\$888,092)	\$23,701	\$14

	FY 2011 12	EV 2012 12	EV 2012 14	EV 2014 15
	FY 2011-12	FY 2012-13	FY 2013-14	FY 2014-15
FUND # FUND DESCRIPTION	ACTUAL	ACTUAL	ADOPTED	PROPOSED
EXPENDITURES				
401 Bayfront Trolley Station TDA	91,942	92,843	107,988	109,553
402 Transit CVT	7,071,170	6,775,587	6,663,438	6,683,065
403 Transit Capital Projects	42,101	256,652	0	0
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$7,205,213	\$7,125,082	\$6,771,426	\$6,792,618
REVENUES				
401 Bayfront Trolley Station TDA	91,942	92,843	107,988	109,553
402 Transit CVT	6,228,856	6,143,717	6,663,438	6,683,079
403 Transit Capital Projects	63,410	430	23,701	0
TOTAL REVENUES	\$6,384,208	\$6,236,990	\$6,795,127	\$6,792,632
NET FUND ACTIVITY	(\$821,005)	(\$888,092)	\$23,701	\$14

TRANSIT FUND

400

STAFFING SUMMARY - 402

BUDGET CATEGORY	FY 2013-14 ADOPTED	FY 2013-14 MIDYEAR	FY 2014-15 CHANGES	FY 2014-15 PROPOSED
TRANSIT MANAGER	1.00	-	-	1.00
TOTAL AUTHORIZED POSITIONS	1.00	-		1.00

City of Chula Vista Proposed Budget

FLEET FUND

Fleet Fund

The Fleet Fund is an internal service fund which like other internal service funds is used to finance and account for goods, special activities, and services performed by one City department for other City departments on a cost reimbursement basis. The Fleet Management fund consists of two functions, Central Garage Operations and Equipment Replacement. Funds are collected on an annual basis through each affected department's operating budget and deposited in the Fleet Management Fund.

The Central Garage Operations function maintains the City's fleet of vehicles, both through City equipment mechanics and through contracts with local vendors for more specialized maintenance work, such as major transmission and air conditioning repairs. All City vehicles are maintained by the Central Garage, these vehicles include those associated with safety services, streets and sewers, parks and open space, building and housing and the library. Services provided include maintenance of the vehicles, vehicle fuel, and other specialized services not directly related to any single vehicle.

REVENUES

Revenues in the Fleet Fund come directly from affected departments within the City through vehicle maintenance charges. These charges are based on the actual vehicles that reside within a department and

include costs ranging from routine (oil changes, preventive maintenance) to major (transmission repair) as well as fuel costs. Vehicle replacement costs also used to be charged in a similar manner. However, due to continuing economic constraints, the City has discontinued this practice and has transitioned to pay as you go for the replacement of vehicles depending on the availability of funds.

For fiscal year 2014-15, the proposed revenue budget for the Fleet Fund is \$3.7 million. This represents a net increase of \$203,604 over the fiscal year 2013-14 year-adopted budget. The major revenue changes are as follows:

- The \$407,604 increase in the Other Revenue category is due to an updated fleet maintenance charges schedule that has been applied to all city maintained vehicles and reflects the revenue that will be earned as a result of maintaining the City's fleet in fiscal year 2014-15.
- A \$204,000 decrease in the Transfers In revenue category due to a one-time transfer from the Equipment Replacement Fund that was budgeted in the prior fiscal year but not carried forward in the fiscal year 2014-15 budget.

Fleet Fund Revenues

	FY 12-13		FY 13-14		FY 14-15			
Category	Actual		l Adopted		Proposed		Inc/Dec	
Use of Money & Property	\$	(7,250)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Charges for Services	\$	26,203	\$	20,000	\$	20,000	\$	-
Other Revenue	\$	3,508,232	\$	3,226,061	\$	3,633,665	\$	407,604
Transfers In	\$	404,000	\$	204,000	\$	-	\$	(204,000)
Total	\$	3,931,185	\$	3,450,061	\$	3,653,665	\$	203,604

EXPENDITURES

The Fleet fund's expenditures include costs to repair and replace equipment (motor vehicles, mowers, generators, equipment trailers, etc.) throughout the City. As discussed in the revenue summary above, these costs are then allocated back to the affected departments based on several factors such as the number of vehicles/equipment, repair history, and fuel usage.

The proposed budget for fiscal year 2014-15 for Fleet Management is \$3.8 million. This amount includes funding for the necessary resources that will be required to sustain operations for service, repairs, and to fuel the City's fleet in fiscal year 2014-15.

- The Personnel Services category is increasing by \$202,706 over the fiscal year 2013-14 budgeted personnel services costs. This change is largely due to the addition of an equipment mechanic and a fleet inventory specialist. These two positions were added to improve efficiency as result of an extensive Continuous Improvement project conducted by the department.
- The Supplies and Services category is decreasing by \$384,348 over the adopted fiscal year 2013-14

- supplies and services costs. This decrease due to the transfer of the CNG Fuel budget costs from the Supplies and Services expenditure category to the Utilities expense category.
- Capital expenditures are decreasing by \$360,900 due to one-time vehicle replacement costs that were budgeted in fiscal year 2013-14 but are not being carried forward in the fiscal year 2014-15 budget.
- The Utilities expense category is increasing by \$384,101 as result of the transfer of \$384,348 of CNG fuel appropriations from the supplies and services category. The Utilities budget also includes a \$227 decrease due to telephone costs that were updated to reflect actual expenditures.
- The Transfers Out expenditure category reflects a decrease \$227,701. This is due to a \$204,000 decrease in the transfer out from the Vehicle Equipment Replacement Fund to the Central Garage Fund and a \$23,701 decrease in the transfer out from the Vehicle Equipment Replacement Fund to the Transit Capital Fund.

Fleet Fund Expenditures

1100011 01101 21101101101								
		FY 12-13		FY 13-14		FY 14-15		
Category		Actual		Adopted		Proposed		Inc/Dec
Personnel Services	\$	797,796	\$	803,411	\$	1,006,117	\$	202,706
Supplies and Services	\$	2,775,188	\$	2,645,603	\$	2,261,255	\$	(384,348)
Other Expenses	\$	384,629	\$	400	\$	400	\$	-
Capital	\$	85,358	\$	490,900	\$	130,000	\$	(360,900)
Utilities	\$	598	\$	647	\$	384,748	\$	384,101
Transfers out	\$	104,000	\$	227,701	\$	-	\$	(227,701)
Total	\$	4,147,569	\$	4,168,662	\$	3,782,520	\$	(386,142)

FLEET MANAGEMENT

FUND SUMMARY

FY 2011-12 ACTUAL	FY 2012-13 ACTUAL	FY 2013-14 ADOPTED	FY 2014-15 PROPOSED
768,604	797,796	803,411	1,006,117
2,770,313	2,775,188	2,645,603	2,261,255
565,981	384,629	400	400
78,166	85,358	490,900	130,000
588	598	647	384,748
57,147	104,000	227,701	0
\$4,240,799	\$4,147,569	\$4,168,662	\$3,782,520
41,461	(7,250)	0	0
17,810	26,203	20,000	20,000
3,492,335	3,508,232	3,226,061	3,633,665
0	404,000	204,000	0
\$3,551,606	\$3,931,185	\$3,450,061	\$3,653,665
(\$689,193)	(\$216,384)	(\$718,601)	(\$128,855)
	768,604 2,770,313 565,981 78,166 588 57,147 \$4,240,799 41,461 17,810 3,492,335 0 \$3,551,606	ACTUAL ACTUAL 768,604 797,796 2,770,313 2,775,188 565,981 384,629 78,166 85,358 588 598 57,147 104,000 \$4,240,799 \$4,147,569 41,461 (7,250) 17,810 26,203 3,492,335 3,508,232 0 404,000 \$3,551,606 \$3,931,185	ACTUAL ACTUAL ADOPTED 768,604 797,796 803,411 2,770,313 2,775,188 2,645,603 565,981 384,629 400 78,166 85,358 490,900 588 598 647 57,147 104,000 227,701 \$4,240,799 \$4,147,569 \$4,168,662 41,461 (7,250) 0 17,810 26,203 20,000 3,492,335 3,508,232 3,226,061 0 404,000 204,000 \$3,551,606 \$3,931,185 \$3,450,061

	FY 2011-12	FY 2012-13	FY 2013-14	FY 2014-15
FUND # FUND DESCRIPTION	ACTUAL	ACTUAL	ADOPTED	PROPOSED
EXPENDITURES				
391 Central Garage	3,617,671	3,573,582	3,450,061	3,652,520
392 Equipment Replacement	623,128	573,987	718,601	130,000
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$4,240,799	\$4,147,569	\$4,168,662	\$3,782,520
REVENUES				
391 Central Garage	3,507,007	3,873,425	3,450,061	3,653,665
392 Equipment Replacement	44,599	57,760	0	0
TOTAL REVENUES	\$3,551,606	\$3,931,185	\$3,450,061	\$3,653,665
NET FUND ACTIVITY	(\$689,193)	(\$216,384)	(\$718,601)	(\$128,855)

FLEET MANAGEMENT FUND

STAFFING SUMMARY - 391

BUDGET CATEGORY	FY 2013-14 ADOPTED	FY 2013-14 MIDYEAR	FY 2014-15 CHANGES	FY 2014-15 PROPOSED
EQUIPMENT MECHANIC	3.00	1.00	-	4.00
FIRE APPARATUS MECH	2.00	-	-	2.00
FISCAL OFFICE SPECIALIST	1.00	-	-	1.00
FLEET INVENTORY CONTROL SPEC	-	1.00	-	1.00
FLEET MANAGER	1.00	-	-	1.00
SR EQUIPMENT MECHANIC	1.00	-	-	1.00
TOTAL AUTHORIZED POSITIONS	8.00	2.00		10.00

CAPITAL EQUIPMENT BUDGET

Funding Summary by Purchase Type

FUND	DEPT	EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION	PROJECTED MILEAGE*	FY 2014-15 PROPOSED	
TUT Common Fund	Fire	2002 Chevrolet Tahoe	165,000	\$70,000	
TUT Common Fund	Fire	2004 Chevrolet Suburban	117,672	\$75,000	
TUT Common Fund	Fire	2005 Chevrolet Suburban	124,415	\$75,000	
TUT Common Fund	Fire	2007 Chevrolet Tahoe	144,647	\$70,000	
TUT Common Fund	Police	2005 Ford Crown Victoria	137,000	\$30,000	
TUT Common Fund	Police	2008 Ford Crown Victoria	126,814	\$60,000	
TUT Common Fund	Police	2009 Ford Crown Victoria	129,414	\$60,000	
TUT Common Fund	Police	2009 Ford Crown Victoria	115,178	\$60,000	
TUT Common Fund	Police	2010 Ford Crown Victoria	124,636	\$60,000	
TUT Common Fund	Police	2010 Ford Crown Victoria	127,534	\$60,000	
TUT Common Fund	Police	2010 Ford Crown Victoria	130,495	\$60,000	
TUT Common Fund	Police	2010 Ford Crown Victoria	126,536	\$60,000	
TUT Common Fund	Police	2010 Ford Crown Victoria	125,299	\$60,000	
TUT Common Fund	Police	2010 Ford Crown Victoria	118,739	\$60,000	
TUT Common Fund	Police	2010 Ford Crown Victoria	117,970	\$60,000	
TUT Common Fund	Police	2010 Ford Crown Victoria	109,101	\$60,000	
TUT Common Fund	Police	2011 Ford Crown Victoria	108,396	\$60,000	
TUT Common Fund	Police	2011 Ford Crown Victoria	108,097	\$60,000	
Sewer	Sewer	2003 Ford F450 w/Service Body	72,244	\$50,000	
Sewer	Sewer	2008 International Sewer Vactor		\$347,000	
Sewer	Sewer	2008 International Sewer Vactor		\$300,000	
TUT Common Fund	Various	Vehicle Outfitting Costs		\$25,000	
Vehicle Replacement Fund	Vehicle Replace ment Fund	TBD - Emergency Vehicle Replacement		\$130,000	
TOTAL					
GRAN	ID TOTAL	- ALL EQUIPMENT		\$1,952,000	

^{*}Projected Mileage for June 2015.



City of Chula Vista Proposed Budget

CAPITAL PROJECT FUNDS

Capital Project Funds

Capital Projects Funds account for resources used for the acquisition and construction of capital facilities by the City, with the exception of those assets financed by proprietary funds.

ASSESSMENT DISTRICT IMPROVEMENT FUNDS

These funds were established as depositories for monies received from issuance of bonds for various assessment districts. The monies are used to finance the construction of public works improvements in the related districts. Included in this group are funds 501 through 518.

DEVELOPMENT IMPACT FEES (DIF)

These funds were established as depositories for various development impact fees. The fees are levied against all new development in the City in order to pay for the construction or improvement of public facilities as a result of City growth. Included in this group are the following funds:

• <u>Fund 542: Telegraph Canyon Drainage</u> Development Impact Fee

This fee is levied against new development in specific areas of the City, based upon the drainage facility their project will generate an impact on. The monies collected are used to fund construction of public improvements designed to increase the capacity of the subject facilities, allowing the City to maintain service levels with increased demand.

• <u>Funds 567-582: Public Facilities Development</u> <u>Impact Fees</u>

The Public Facilities Development Impact Fee (PFDIF) is levied against new development throughout the City to mitigate the impacts of growth on the City's public services. The monies collected are used in the construction of new, and renovation of existing, public facilities.

• Fund 587: Otay Ranch Pedestrian Bridge DIF

The Otay Ranch Pedestrian Bridge DIF is levied against all new development in Otay Ranch Villages 1, 2, 5, and 6 to fund the construction of pedestrian bridge improvements, as necessitated by growth in these villages.

<u>Fund 588: Otay Ranch Village 11 Pedestrian Bridge</u>
 DIF

The Otay Ranch Village 11 Pedestrian Bridge DIF is levied against all new development in Otay Ranch Village 11 to fund the construction of pedestrian bridge improvements, as necessitated by growth in this village.

- Fund 591: Transportation Development Impact Fee
 The Transportation Development Impact Fee (TDIF) is levied against all new development in the City east of I-805 to fund the construction of transportation improvements, as necessitated by growth in the eastern portion of the City.
- <u>Fund 593: Western Transportation Development</u>
 Impact Fee

The Western Transportation Development Impact Fee (W-TDIF) is levied against all new development in the City west of I-805 to fund the construction of transportation improvements, as necessitated by growth in the western portion of the City.

OTHER TRANSPORTATION FUNDS

Included as a part of this group are the following:

• Fund 723: Bicycle Facilities

This fund is a depository for local Transportation Development Act funds, Article 3.0, received from the County for the purpose of bicycle related programs.

• Fund 735: Transportation Partnership

This fund is a depository for the revenues received from the State and Local Transportation Partnership Program. Funds must be spent on street purposes.

• Fund 736: Other Transportation Programs

This fund accounts for other miscellaneous Federal and State transportation grants received by the City.

Fund 737: Transportation Equity Act 21

This fund is a depository for revenues received from the federal government under the Transportation Equity Act of the 21st Century. Funds must be spent on street purposes.

Fund 739: Traffic Congestion Relief

This fund is a depository for revenues allocated to the City under Streets and Highways Code Section 2182 and Revenue and Taxation Code Section 7104. Funds must be expended for maintenance or reconstruction of public streets and roads no later than the end of the fiscal year following the fiscal year in which the allocation is received. Any funds not expended within that period must be returned to the State Controller.

• Fund 741: Proposition 1B Highway Safety

This fund is a depository for revenues received from the State government under Proposition 1B (The Highway Safety, Traffic Reduction, Air Quality, and Port Security Act), as approved by voters in the November 2006 general election. Funds must be spent on street purposes.

MISCELLANEOUS CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT PROGRAM FUNDS

Included as part of this group are the following:

Fund 715: Park Acquisition and Development (East) This fund is a depository for fees collected from subdividers for the purpose of providing park and recreational facilities directly benefiting and serving the residents of the regulated subdivision east of the 805. These funds are collected pursuant to Chapter 17.10 of the Chula Vista Municipal Code, in accordance with authority granted by Section 66477 of the California Government Code.

<u>Fund 716: Park Acquisition and Development</u> (West)

This fund is a depository for fees collected from subdividers for the purpose of providing park and recreational facilities directly benefiting and serving the residents of the regulated subdivision west of the 805. These funds are collected pursuant to Chapter 17.10 of the Chula Vista Municipal Code, in accordance with authority granted by Section 66477 of the California Government Code.

Fund 717: Residential Construction Tax

This fund is a depository for fees levied for the construction, replacement, or conversion of all dwelling units within the City including hotels and motels, collected pursuant to Chapter 3.32 of the Chula Vista Municipal Code.

• Fund 725: Industrial Development Authority

The Industrial Development Authority (IDA) is a conduit-issuer of bonds, formed in February 1982 (Ordinance 1970) by the City of Chula Vista City Council. The IDA enables bonds to be issued with a tax-exempt status, but does not pledge City funds to repay the bond issues. The City is able to issue and sell bonds to provide financial assistance that has a public benefit for the acquisition, construction and installation of facilities for industrial, commercial, business or public utility purposes.

ASSESS DIST IMPROVEMENTS FUND

FUND SUMMARY

BUDGET CATEGORY	FY 2011-12 ACTUAL	FY 2012-13 ACTUAL	FY 2013-14 ADOPTED	FY 2014-15 PROPOSED
EXPENDITURES				
Supplies and Services	2,914	7,765	0	0
Other Expenses	520	0	0	0
Transfers Out	0	27,538	89,000	54,760
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$3,434	\$35,303	\$89,000	\$54,760
REVENUES				
Use of Money & Property	21,290	(12,228)	0	0
Other Revenue	19,646	18,836	19,045	19,045
TOTAL REVENUES	\$40,936	\$6,608	\$19,045	\$19,045
NET FUND ACTIVITY	\$37,502	(\$28,695)	(\$69,955)	(\$35,715)

FUND	# FUND DESCRIPTION	FY 2011-12 ACTUAL	FY 2012-13 ACTUAL	FY 2013-14 ADOPTED	FY 2014-15 PROPOSED
EXPEN	DITURES				
507	Otay Valley Rd AD 90-2 Improv	2,914	7,765	0	0
515	Twin Oaks Ave AD 96-1 Improv	520	0	0	0
517	AD2004-1 Dixon Drive	0	27,538	0	30,981
518	AD2005-1 Tobias Drive	0	0	89,000	23,779
TOTAL	EXPENDITURES	\$3,434	\$35,303	\$89,000	\$54,760
REVEN	UES				
507	Otay Valley Rd AD 90-2 Improv	901	(498)	0	0
511	Otay Vly Rd Fee Recovery Dist	8,685	(4,916)	0	0
512	EL Greens II AD 94-1 Improv	10,731	(6,062)	0	0
515	Twin Oaks Ave AD 96-1 Improv	208	(117)	0	0
516	Oxford St AD 97-1 Improv	58	(24)	0	0
517	AD2004-1 Dixon Drive	9,943	9,253	9,358	9,358
518	AD2005-1 Tobias Drive	10,410	8,972	9,687	9,687
TOTAL	REVENUES	\$40,936	\$6,608	\$19,045	\$19,045
NET FU	IND ACTIVITY	\$37,502	(\$28,695)	(\$69,955)	(\$35,715)

TELEGRAPH CANYON DRAINAGE DIF FUND

542

FUND SUMMARY

BUDGET CATEGORY	FY 2011-12 ACTUAL	FY 2012-13 ACTUAL	FY 2013-14 ADOPTED	FY 2014-15 PROPOSED
EXPENDITURES				
CIP Project Expenditures	10,507	14,045	0	0
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$10,507	\$14,045	\$0	\$0
REVENUES				
Use of Money & Property	57,952	(32,730)	0	0
TOTAL REVENUES	\$57,952	(\$32,730)	\$0	\$0
NET FUND ACTIVITY	\$47,445	(\$46,775)	\$0	\$0

PUBLIC FACILITIES DIF

FUND SUMMARY

BUDGET CATEGORY	FY 2011-12 ACTUAL	FY 2012-13 ACTUAL	FY 2013-14 ADOPTED	FY 2014-15 PROPOSED
EXPENDITURES				
Supplies and Services	600	490	55,300	55,300
Other Expenses	0	232,517	300,000	300,000
Transfers Out	51,041	4,221,342	6,387,280	6,910,316
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$51,641	\$4,454,349	\$6,742,580	\$7,265,616
REVENUES				
Use of Money & Property	130,523	(220,306)	0	0
Development Impact Fees	3,122,331	6,808,865	5,110,000	2,850,000
Other Revenue	238,238	0	0	0
TOTAL REVENUES	\$3,491,092	\$6,588,559	\$5,110,000	\$2,850,000
NET FUND ACTIVITY	\$3,439,451	\$2,134,210	(\$1,632,580)	(\$4,415,616)

DEPT	# DEPT DESCRIPTION	FY 2011-12 ACTUAL	FY 2012-13 ACTUAL	FY 2013-14 ADOPTED	FY 2014-15 PROPOSED
EXPEN	DITURES				
567	DIF-Adamo Property Acquisition	51,041	52,575	35,744	0
571	General Administration	600	233,007	358,015	1,065,196
572	Civic Center Expansion	0	2,385,939	3,333,414	3,323,662
573	Police Facilities Remodel	0	1,723,283	1,739,206	1,601,035
574	Corporation Yard Relocation	0	0	845,273	844,795
575	Library for Eastern Territory	0	59,545	0	0
576	Fire Suppression Sys Expansion	0	0	430,928	430,928
TOTAL	EXPENDITURES	\$51,641	\$4,454,349	\$6,742,580	\$7,265,616
REVEN	UES				
567	DIF-Adamo Property Acquisition	2,745	(1,420)	0	0
571	General Administration	650,456	548,557	410,000	300,000
572	Civic Center Expansion	676,713	1,137,555	1,000,000	600,000
573	Police Facilities Remodel	357,592	1,242,685	900,000	400,000
574	Corporation Yard Relocation	134,650	317,502	250,000	100,000
575	Library for Eastern Territory	675,736	1,294,730	1,000,000	500,000
576	Fire Suppression Sys Expansion	497,124	1,006,193	750,000	500,000
582	Recreation Facilities	496,076	1,042,757	800,000	450,000
TOTAL	REVENUES	\$3,491,092	\$6,588,559	\$5,110,000	\$2,850,000
NET FU	IND ACTIVITY	\$3,439,451	\$2,134,210	(\$1,632,580)	(\$4,415,616)

PEDESTRIAN BRIDGE DIF FUND

FUND SUMMARY

BUDGET CATEGORY	FY 2011-12 ACTUAL	FY 2012-13 ACTUAL	FY 2013-14 ADOPTED	FY 2014-15 PROPOSED
EXPENDITURES				
Other Expenses	37,256	0	43,200	6,200
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$37,256	\$0	\$43,200	\$6,200
REVENUES				
Use of Money & Property	31,790	(18,213)	0	0
Development Impact Fees	267,302	251,872	90,000	90,000
TOTAL REVENUES	\$299,092	\$233,659	\$90,000	\$90,000
NET FUND ACTIVITY	\$261,836	\$233,659	\$46,800	\$83,800

FUND # FUND DESCRIPTION	FY 2011-12 ACTUAL	FY 2012-13 ACTUAL	FY 2013-14 ADOPTED	FY 2014-15 PROPOSED
EXPENDITURES				
587 DIF-OR Village Pedestrian Ramp	37,256	0	40,000	3,000
588 OR Vlg11 Pedestrian Bridge DIF	0	0	3,200	3,200
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$37,256	\$0	\$43,200	\$6,200
REVENUES				
587 DIF-OR Village Pedestrian Ramp	141,751	194,064	40,000	40,000
588 OR Vlg11 Pedestrian Bridge DIF	157,341	39,595	50,000	50,000
TOTAL REVENUES	\$299,092	\$233,659	\$90,000	\$90,000
NET FUND ACTIVITY	\$261,836	\$233,659	\$46,800	\$83,800

TRANSPORTATION DIF FUND

FUND SUMMARY

	FY 2011-12	FY 2012-13	FY 2013-14	FY 2014-15
BUDGET CATEGORY	ACTUAL	ACTUAL	ADOPTED	PROPOSED
EXPENDITURES				
Supplies and Services	11,468	0	211,000	211,000
Other Expenses	152,984	182,819	580,916	580,916
Transfers Out	152,894	0	36,851	0
CIP Project Expenditures	2,403,352	2,635,057	1,398,245	278,341
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$2,720,698	\$2,817,876	\$2,227,012	\$1,070,257
REVENUES				
Use of Money & Property	143,385	(79,286)	119,290	119,290
Development Impact Fees	1,348,766	2,527,830	772,477	772,477
Other Revenue	3,286	71,902	0	0
Transfers In	241,006	0	36,851	0
TOTAL REVENUES	\$1,736,443	\$2,520,446	\$928,618	\$891,767
NET FUND ACTIVITY	(\$984,255)	(\$297,430)	(\$1,298,394)	(\$178,490)

	FY 2011-12	FY 2012-13	FY 2013-14	FY 2014-15
FUND # FUND DESCRIPTION	ACTUAL	ACTUAL	ADOPTED	PROPOSED
	110101111	110101111		1 ROI COLD
EXPENDITURES				
591 Transportation DIF	2,561,101	2,817,876	2,190,161	1,070,257
593 Western Transportation DIF Fund	159,597	0	36,851	0
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$2,720,698	\$2,817,876	\$2,227,012	\$1,070,257
REVENUES				
591 Transportation DIF	1,694,559	2,453,265	906,141	869,290
593 Western Transportation DIF Fund	41,884	67,181	22,477	22,477
TOTAL REVENUES	\$1,736,443	\$2,520,446	\$928,618	\$891,767
NET FUND ACTIVITY	(\$984,255)	(\$297,430)	(\$1,298,394)	(\$178,490)

MISC CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

FUND SUMMARY

BUDGET CATEGORY	FY 2011-12 ACTUAL	FY 2012-13 ACTUAL	FY 2013-14 ADOPTED	FY 2014-15 PROPOSED
EXPENDITURES				
Supplies and Services	0	0	50,000	50,000
Other Expenses	(3,510)	0	50,000	50,000
Capital	943,338	0	0	0
Transfers Out	1,258,158	687,941	679,513	677,336
CIP Project Expenditures	56,620	3,616	0	0
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$2,254,606	\$691,557	\$779,513	\$777,336
REVENUES				
Other Local Taxes	261,252	413,552	275,000	374,557
Use of Money & Property	219,787	(130,310)	0	0
Development Impact Fees	705,759	4,433,468	625,000	625,000
			•	0
Other Revenue	60,000	0	0	0
Other Revenue Transfers In	60,000 1,125,985	0 100,001	264,000	302,779
	·			ū

FUND # FUND DESCRIPTION	FY 2011-12 ACTUAL	FY 2012-13 ACTUAL	FY 2013-14 ADOPTED	FY 2014-15 PROPOSED
EXPENDITURES				
715 PAD Fund - Eastern	669,095	3,616	75,000	75,000
716 PAD Fund - Western	943,338	0	25,000	25,000
717 Resid. Construction/Conversion	642,173	677,319	679,513	677,336
725 Indust. Development Authority	0	10,622	0	0
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$2,254,606	\$691,557	\$779,513	\$777,336
REVENUES				
715 PAD Fund - Eastern	636,078	4,217,838	600,000	600,000
716 PAD Fund - Western	1,208,562	87,645	25,000	25,000
717 Resid. Construction/Conversion	528,039	511,274	539,000	677,336
725 Indust. Development Authority	104	(46)	0	0
TOTAL REVENUES	\$2,372,783	\$4,816,711	\$1,164,000	\$1,302,336
NET FUND ACTIVITY	\$118,177	\$4,125,154	\$384,487	\$525,000

OTHER TRANSPORTATION PROGRAMS FUND 730

FUND SUMMARY

BUDGET CATEGORY	FY 2011-12 ACTUAL	FY 2012-13 ACTUAL	FY 2013-14 ADOPTED	FY 2014-15 PROPOSED
EXPENDITURES				
Other Expenses	69,633	7,607	0	0
Transfers Out	836,619	0	0	0
CIP Project Expenditures	3,608,181	2,292,368	345,267	3,260,037
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$4,514,433	\$2,299,975	\$345,267	\$3,260,037
REVENUES				
Use of Money & Property	37,415	(4,664)	0	0
Revenue from Other Agencies	4,075,054	2,224,650	345,267	3,260,037
Transfers In	69,639	79,838	0	0
TOTAL REVENUES	\$4,182,108	\$2,299,824	\$345,267	\$3,260,037
NET FUND ACTIVITY	(\$332,325)	(\$151)	\$0	\$0

		EX. 2012 12	EX. 2042 44	EX. 2044 45
	FY 2011-12	FY 2012-13	FY 2013-14	FY 2014-15
FUND # FUND DESCRIPTION	ACTUAL	ACTUAL	ADOPTED	PROPOSED
EXPENDITURES				
723 Bicycle Facilities	30,506	7,607	0	0
736 Other Transportation Program	1,847,456	2,166,128	345,267	3,260,037
737 Trans Equity Act - 21	43,977	0	0	0
739 Traffic Congestion Relief Fund	1,084,425	0	0	0
741 Prop 1B Hwy Safety	1,508,069	126,240	0	0
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$4,514,433	\$2,299,975	\$345,267	\$3,260,037
REVENUES				
723 Bicycle Facilities	30,506	7,607	0	0
735 Transportation Partnership	270	(151)	0	0
736 Other Transportation Program	1,514,861	2,166,128	345,267	3,260,037
737 Trans Equity Act - 21	43,977	0	0	0
739 Traffic Congestion Relief Fund	1,084,425	0	0	0
741 Prop 1B Hwy Safety	1,508,069	126,240	0	0
TOTAL REVENUES	\$4,182,108	\$2,299,824	\$345,267	\$3,260,037
NET FUND ACTIVITY	(\$332,325)	(\$151)	\$0	\$0



City of Chula Vista Proposed Budget

DEBT SERVICE FUNDS

Debt Service Funds

The debt service requirement for the City and Public Financing Authority is \$13.4 million for fiscal year 2014-15. Successor Agency to the Redevelopment Agency debt is reported in the "Successor Agency & Housing Authority Funds" section of the budget. The \$13.4 million are the required payments for the debt per the amortization schedules however, the amounts budgeted or actually paid are usually less due to funds available with the trustee as a result of interest earnings or excess cash in the various debt service funds that reduce the required cash outlay budgeted for the annual payment of the debt.

Debt service payments are made from various City and Funds in accordance with the legal documents governing each borrowing. Present debt is in the form of Certificates of Participation, Long Term Notes and Lease-Purchase Obligations. Debt has been issued by the City to finance a wide variety of projects, including the construction of the new Public Works Center and the new Police Facility, parking facilities, refurbishment of the Chula Vista Shopping Mall, property acquisitions, building remodeling, and equipment and software acquisition.

Annual debt service costs are funded by the General Fund and Public Facilities Development Impact Fee Fund.

DEBT SERVICE - CITY FUND

Debt Service for City Fund accounts for the activities of the City's bonds (not issued by the CV Public Financing Authority), notes and capital leases. Debt service expenditures for the City Fund are approximately \$3.6 million offset by corresponding revenues of \$3.6 million. To follow is a brief description of the City Fund - debt service funds.

• Fund 442: CDBG Section 108 Loan

In June of 2008, the City received a loan of \$9.5 million from the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD), under the Section 108 program. These funds will be repaid with a portion of the City's annual CDBG allocation, over the next 20 years. The funds will be used for the 'Castle Park Infrastructure Project'. The Section 108 loan is an 'advance' of future CDBG entitlement funds,

and, as such, is repaid with a portion of the City's annual entitlement.

• Fund 446: Notes Payable Adamo

A January 1994 note payable for \$370,000 to Mr. and Mrs. Adamo as part of the purchase price for property located adjacent to the Civic Center. The term of the note is twenty years. The final payment on this note was made in fiscal year 2013-14.

Fund 449: San Diego County Regional Communication Systems

On March 7, 2000, the Chula Vista City Council authorized the City to join the San Diego County Regional Communications Systems (RCS). The City's portion of the infrastructure is \$2,809,405 plus financing costs. This amount is payable over a period of 14 years commencing on January 1, 2001 through January 1, 2014. The final payment was made in fiscal year 2013-14.

<u>Fund 451: Long Term Advances DSF – City</u> This fund was established to account for inter-fund loans.

Fund 452: Capital Leases

This fund was established to account for the lease/purchase of the Fire Department's defibrillator equipment and Energy Conservation equipment.

• Fund 453: CEC Loan Repayment

This fund accumulates payment of principal and interest on a loan obtained through the California Energy Commission to fund various energy conservation capital projects.

DEBT SERVICE – CHULA VISTA PUBLIC FINANCING AUTHORITY

The Chula Vista Public Financing Authority (PFA) formed in April 1995 to provide for financing of acquisition, construction and improvement of public capital improvements. The PFA has been used to issue Certificates of Participation on behalf of the City.

Debt service expenditures for the PFA are approximately \$9.8 million with offsetting revenues of \$9.8 million. To follow is a brief description of the Chula Vista PFA - debt service funds.

<u>Fund 450: 2002 Certificates of Participation – Police</u> Facility Project

In June 2002, the Public Financing Authority issued the 2002 COP in the amount of \$60,145,000 to finance the construction of the City's new Police Headquarters. The source of repayment of the certificates is the lease payments to be made by the General Fund and PFDIF to the Public Financing Authority In March 2014, the 2002 COP was refunded and final payment for the 2002 COP was made in fiscal year 2013-14.

• <u>Fund 471: 2003 Refunding Certificates of</u> Participation

In August 2004, the Public Financing Authority issued the 2003 COP in the amount of \$11,320,000 to prepay the outstanding \$7,215,000 principal balance of the 1993 Refunding Certificates of Participation and the outstanding \$2,140,000 principal balance of the 1993 Certifications of Participation. The source of repayment of the certificates is the lease payments to be made by the City to the Public Financing Authority and reimbursed by the Redevelopment Agency based on existing repayment agreements approved at the time of bond issuance. The term of the certificates is through the year 2013. The final payment was made in fiscal year 2013-14.

<u>Fund 472: 2004 Certificates of Participation – Civic</u> Center Project – Phase I

In August 2004, the Public Financing Authority issued the 2004 COP in the amount of \$37,240,000 to finance the construction and equipping of certain improvements to the Civic Center complex and to provide funds for infrastructure improvements in western Chula Vista. The source

of repayment of the certificates is the lease payments to be made by the General Fund and PFDIF to the Public Financing Authority. The term of the certificates is through the year 2034.

Fund 473: 2006 Certificates of Participation – Civic Center Project – Phase II

In March 2006, the Public Financing Authority issued the 2006 COP in the amount of \$20,325,000 to finance the construction and equipping of additional improvements to the Civic Center complex and for the renovation of the City's Nature Center.

Fund 474: 2010 COP Refinance – Corporation Yard and Civic Center Phase III)

In February 2010, the Public Financing Authority issued the 2010 COP in the amount of \$29,355,000 to prepay the outstanding \$15,640,000 principal balance of the 2000 Certificate of Participation and to finance certain capital improvement projects. The source of repayment of the certificates is the lease payments to be made by the General Fund and PFDIF to the Public Financing Authority. The term of the certificates is through the year 2033.

Fund 475: 2014 Refunding Certificates of Participation

In March 2014, the Public Financing Authority issued the 2014 COP in the amount of \$45,920,000 to prepay the outstanding principal balance of the 2002 Certificates of Participation. The source of repayment of the certificates is the lease payments to be made by the General Fund and PFDIF to the Public Financing Authority. The term of the certificates is through calendar year 2032.

BUDGET CATEGORY	FY 2011-12 ACTUAL	FY 2012-13 ACTUAL	FY 2013-14 ADOPTED	FY 2014-15 PROPOSED
EXPENDITURES				
Other Expenses	5,116,507	1,817,640	2,859,715	2,668,817
Transfers Out	310,000	0	36,851	0
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$5,426,507	\$1,817,640	\$2,896,566	\$2,668,817
REVENUES				
Use of Money & Property	80	(679)	0	0
Revenue from Other Agencies	0	1,149	0	0
Other Revenue	0	0	98,308	183,262
Transfers In	4,928,153	2,164,114	2,679,186	3,613,757
TOTAL REVENUES	\$4,928,233	\$2,164,584	\$2,777,494	\$3,797,019
NET FUND ACTIVITY	(\$498,274)	\$346,944	(\$119,072)	\$1,128,202

FILLID	II DINID DECORDERION	FY 2011-12	FY 2012-13	FY 2013-14	FY 2014-15
FUND	# FUND DESCRIPTION	ACTUAL	ACTUAL	ADOPTED	PROPOSED
EXPEN	DITURES				
441	1994 Pension Obligation Bond	2,762,859	0	0	0
442	CDBG Section 108 Loan	745,866	749,073	752,752	756,715
446	Notes Payable Adamo Property	51,043	52,575	35,744	0
449	SD Co Regional Comm Systems	295,734	295,734	295,729	0
451	Long-term Advances DSF - City	1,208,867	0	936,851	750,000
452	Equipment Lease Fund	172,216	143,513	298,743	352,177
453	Energy Loan Repayments	189,922	576,745	576,747	809,925
TOTAL	EXPENDITURES	\$5,426,507	\$1,817,640	\$2,896,566	\$2,668,817
REVEN	UES				
441	1994 Pension Obligation Bond	2,762,834	0	0	0
442	CDBG Section 108 Loan	745,866	749,073	752,752	756,715
446	Notes Payable Adamo Property	51,041	52,575	35,744	0
449	SD Co Regional Comm Systems	295,819	295,643	295,729	0
451	Long-term Advances DSF - City	502,894	350,000	817,779	1,878,202
452	Equipment Lease Fund	172,215	418,516	298,743	352,177
453	Energy Loan Repayments	397,564	298,777	576,747	809,925
TOTAL	REVENUES	\$4,928,233	\$2,164,584	\$2,777,494	\$3,797,019
NET FU	ND ACTIVITY	(\$498,274)	\$346,944	(\$119,072)	\$1,128,202

DS - CV PUBLIC FINANCING AUTHORITY FUND 470

FUND SUMMARY

BUDGET CATEGORY	FY 2011-12 ACTUAL	FY 2012-13 ACTUAL	FY 2013-14 ADOPTED	FY 2014-15 PROPOSED
EXPENDITURES				
Supplies and Services	17,288	15,056	19,500	18,500
Other Expenses	10,099,255	10,114,463	10,295,065	9,764,365
Transfers Out	3,150,106	0	0	0
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$13,266,649	\$10,129,519	\$10,314,565	\$9,782,865
REVENUES				
Use of Money & Property	286,417	276,668	0	0
Transfers In	8,244,395	7,769,142	10,094,215	9,764,400
TOTAL REVENUES	\$8,530,812	\$8,045,810	\$10,094,215	\$9,764,400
NET FUND ACTIVITY	(\$4,735,837)	(\$2,083,709)	(\$220,350)	(\$18,465)

	FY 2011-12	FY 2012-13	FY 2013-14	FY 2014-15
FUND # FUND DESCRIPTION	ACTUAL	ACTUAL	ADOPTED	PROPOSED
EXPENDITURES				
450 2002 COP Police Facility Proj	3,918,969	3,919,532	3,921,546	0
471 2003 Refunding Cert of Part	1,049,066	1,065,416	224,850	0
472 2004 COP Civ Ctr Proj Phase I	2,395,458	2,394,846	2,397,074	2,396,449
473 2006 COP Civ Ctr Proj Phase 2	1,273,775	1,271,308	1,276,389	1,277,309
474 2010 Refunding COP	4,629,381	1,478,417	2,494,706	2,494,107
475 2014 Refunding COP	0	0	0	3,615,000
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$13,266,649	\$10,129,519	\$10,314,565	\$9,782,865
REVENUES				
450 2002 COP Police Facility Proj	3,213,423	3,953,149	3,921,546	0
471 2003 Refunding Cert of Part	1,047,354	29,311	4,500	0
472 2004 COP Civ Ctr Proj Phase I	2,359,190	2,516,041	2,397,074	2,391,449
473 2006 COP Civ Ctr Proj Phase 2	1,211,629	1,331,717	1,276,389	1,271,309
474 2010 Refunding COP	699,216	215,592	2,494,706	2,491,607
475 2014 Refunding COP	0	0	0	3,610,035
TOTAL REVENUES	\$8,530,812	\$8,045,810	\$10,094,215	\$9,764,400
NET FUND ACTIVITY	(\$4,735,837)	(\$2,083,709)	(\$220,350)	(\$18,465)

City of Chula Vista Proposed Budget

OTHER FUNDS

Other Funds

The funds included in this section include miscellaneous Special Revenue and Internal Service funds. Special Revenue Funds are used to account for proceeds derived from specific revenue sources, which are legally restricted to expenditures for special purposes. Internal Service Funds are used to finance and account for goods, special activities, and services performed by one City department for other City departments on a cost reimbursement basis. Internal Service Funds account for the activities of worker's compensation, insurance, and technology replacement.

To follow is a brief description of special revenue funds.

TRANSPORTATION FUNDS

Included in this group are the following funds:

• Fund 221: Gas Tax

This fund accounts for the receipt and expenditure of all monies received from the State under Street and Highway Code Sections 2106, 2107, 2107.5. The allocations must be spent for street maintenance or construction and a limited amount for engineering. Historically, these monies were deemed highly restrictive insofar as expenditure, but with adoption of AB1502 effective January 1, 1978 most of the money can be used for any street purpose.

Fund 225: Traffic Signal Fee

This fund accounts for the receipt and expenditure of fees collected from private developers for financing and / or installation of new traffic signals, as required by City of Chula Vista Council Policy 478-01.

Fund 227: Transportation Sales Tax

This fund was established to account for the receipt and disbursement of all transportation sales tax (TransNet) revenues for the City. In November 1987, San Diego County voters first approved the Transportation Program (TransNet). In November of 2004, voters approved a 40-year extension of the program, which funds transportation improvements throughout the region via a half-cent local sales tax. The City's allocation of regional funds is based upon population and the number of local street and road miles maintained by the City.

PARKING FUNDS

Included as part of this group are the following funds:

• Fund 241:Parking Meter

Parking Meter Fund revenues are generated through two sources: coin deposits from parking meters located in the downtown area, and parking citation payments for expired meter violations. These funds pay for the coin collection and maintenance of the meters, the parking enforcement staff that monitors the downtown area, and general upkeep and signage of the downtown parking lots.

Fund 243: Town Center I Parking

This fund is used to account for revenues from an in-lieu parking fee. This in-lieu parking fee applies to any developer of a new commercial building or addition to an existing commercial building within the Downtown Parking District. Use of monies in this fund is restricted to the purchase or development of parking sites.

PUBLIC SAFETY FUNDS

Included in this group are the following funds:

• Fund 245: Traffic Safety

This fund is a depository for all monies derived from vehicle code fines, excluding parking violations. The fines are collected through the County court system and remitted to the City monthly. These monies may be expended only for traffic control devices and equipment and maintenance thereof or for the maintenance, improvement or construction of public streets.

<u>Fund 251: Supplemental Law Enforcement Services</u> This fund accounts for the Supplemental Law Enforcement grant funds awarded to the Police Department; these funds can be used to supplement general fund appropriations for Police related personnel, overtime, and equipment expenditures.

Fund 252: Police Department Grants

This fund includes the California Border Alliance Group (CBAG) and miscellaneous police grants. CBAG is funded with federal funds. While CBAG employees are technically City of Chula Vista employees they do not work in the City of Chula Vista nor do they provide direct services for the City of Chula Vista; the City serves only as a fiscal agent for CBAG.

• Fund 253: Inmate Welfare Fund

This fund is a depository for monies collected from pay phones commissions and operation of a commissary, in accordance with the Sheriff's Penal Code section 4025. Monies in this fund shall be expended for the benefit, education, and welfare of the inmates.

Fund 254: Local Law Enforcement Block Grant Funds

This fund accounts for federal Justice Assistance Grant funds awarded to the Police Department; these funds can be used to supplement general fund appropriations for Police related personnel, overtime, and equipment expenditures.

Fund 256: Asset Seizure

This fund is a depository for assets seized under Federal statutes through the process of "equitable sharing" of drug money and real property. By law these funds may only be used for law enforcement purposes and are intended to supplement, not supplant, existing funds.

LIBRARY/CULTURAL ARTS FUNDS

Included in this group are the following funds:

• Fund 261: California Library Service Act

The California Library Services Act (CLSA) helps public libraries provide coordinated reference services and provides reimbursement for interlibrary loans of materials and loans to nonresident borrowers through the Transaction Based Reimbursement program, also known as the Direct Loan program. The Chula Vista Public Library participates in the Universal Borrowing provision of CLSA that reimburses the City for any over-the-counter loan service to the residents of all other California public library jurisdictions (Direct Loan). The Interlibrary Loan program reimburses the City for handling costs when books are lent to other

California libraries.

• Fund 262: Public Library Foundation Fund

The Public Library Foundation Act (PLF) is a funding formula under which the State contributes funding for basic local library services, under specified conditions, to assure the availability to every resident of the state an adequate level of public library service regardless of the taxable wealth of the local jurisdiction providing the service. The legislation provides that to every library jurisdiction which allocates to its public library at least as much local funding as it had the previous year, the state will award a dollar amount equal to the proportional share of the total amount allocated for the Public Library Foundation program based on the population of the library's service area as certified by the State Librarian for that fiscal year. annual funding is dependent upon appropriations made by the legislature and the Governor.

Fund 267: McCandliss Awards

The Gayle McCandliss Fund was established in 1991 shortly after she passed away. Consistent with her wishes, it was established as a perpetual fund to recognize and provide monetary support or recognition to individuals or groups who make substantial contribution to the arts in the City of Chula Vista.

SUNDRY GRANT FUNDS

Included as part of this group are the following funds:

• Fund 268: State Recreation Grants

This fund was established to account for the receipt and disbursement of all State Recreation Grants received by the City.

Fund 269: Other Grant Fund

The Other Grants Fund was established to account for all grants other than Federal and State grants such as: San Diego Neighborhood Reinvestment Program and Be the Change grants.

Fund 272: Federal Grants Fund

This fund was established to account for the receipt and disbursement of all Federal Grants received by the City.

Fund 273: State Grants Fund

This fund was established to account for the receipt and disbursement of all State Grants received by the City (excluding Recreation related grants).

Fund 274: ARRA Fund

This fund was established to account for the receipt and disbursement of federal grant funds received by the City, authorized by the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009.

ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES AND CONSERVATION FUNDS

Included as part of this group are the following funds:

Fund 281: Waste Management and Recycling Revenue for the Waste Management fund is generated by a variety of grants which are used to implement, operate and educate the public on waste diversion, recycling, environmental actions and impacts. Current grant programs include litter reduction and bottle and can recycling programs; a regional used motor oil and oil filter recycling program; regional household hazardous waste program, regional universal waste program, and a regional needles and sharps disposal program.

• Fund 282: Environmental Services

The Environmental Services fund is a depository for revenue that is generated primarily by a 5% surcharge (AB 939 fees) applied to the refuse rates for residential and commercial customers. The surcharge is authorized by the State to recover the costs of developing and implementing source reduction, recycling, and composting programs that are implemented to meet the State mandate to divert 50% of all waste generated annually in the City from landfills. The fund also includes two annual flat fees paid by the franchise hauler under the franchise agreement to cover litter container costs and to support the programs public education and enforcement service costs.

• Fund 285: Energy Conservation Fund

Revenue for the Energy Conservation fund is generated by grants and inter-agency agreements for specific energy conservation projects. The energy conservation fund reflects the budget for the SDG&E energy conservation grant. This grant funds energy conservation programs for local residents, businesses, and City operations that

reduce the amount of natural gas and electricity consumed.

STORM DRAIN FUND

Storm Drain Revenue (Fund 301) – In accordance with Chapter 14.16 of the Chula Vista Municipal Code all proceeds of the storm drain fee are deposited into the Storm Drain Revenue Fund. Monies in this fund may only be used for storm drain purposes. The monthly storm drain service charge is included on the sewer bill.

COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT BLOCK GRANT FUNDS

These funds are depositories of grant entitlement monies received from the Department of Housing and Urban Development including funds 311, 314, 321, 325, and 333. The purpose of these monies is for community development projects; eligible activities include those that:

- Benefit low and moderate income people.
- Eliminate slums and blight.
- Alleviate conditions posing a serious health and/or safety hazard.

OPEN SPACE DISTRICT FUNDS

These funds are a depository for all monies received for all flat rate property tax assessments levied against benefiting property owners for all maintenance of open space areas. Included in this group are funds 342 through 389.

The total assessment amount for each Open Space District is calculated each year based upon the cost of providing services within the district. This assessment rate is limited to the prior year's amount, increased by the lesser of two local indexes. In recent years the indexed increases were not effectively keeping pace with the actual costs of providing these services to the property owners. In fiscal year 2007-08 staff went through the Proposition 218 process on seven districts/zones, in order to bring revenues in line with actual maintenance costs. Only one of the seven districts was approved for an increase in assessment. As a result a concentrated effort has been made to reduce expenditures to within available resources.

MISCELLANEOUS SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Included in this grouping are the following funds:

<u>Fund 223: Telephone Users Tax (TUT) Common</u>
 Fund

This fund is used to account for funds in accordance with a 2014 settlement agreement that resolved a class action lawsuit challenging the City's collection of Telephone Users' Taxes from wireless customers.

- Fund 270: Mobile Home Rent Review Program Fund
 This fund is a depository for monies collected for
 the Mobile Home Administrative Fee. This fee was
 established in July 2011 to ensure a consistent
 funding source for administration and
 implementation of Chula Vista Municipal Code 9.50
 Mobile Home Park Space Rent Review.
- <u>Fund 316: Public Educational & Government Fee</u>
 Fund

This fund accounts for funds received through State Video Franchise Fees to support Public, Education, and Governmental (PEG) access channel facilities. These funds are restricted. In fiscal year 2013-14 they will be used to replace presentation and broadcasting equipment for Council Chambers and the Police Department Community Room.

INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

Included as part of this group are the following funds:

- <u>Fund 232: Flexible Spending Account</u>
 This fund is used to account for employee health, medical and dependent care benefits. In fiscal year 2011-12 this fund was transitioned to a trust and agency type fund.
- Fund 234: Advanced Life Support (ALS) Fund
 This fund accounts for the receipt of pass-through revenue from ambulance services to fund First Responder Advanced Life Support program.
- Fund 235: Legislative Counsel Fund

This fund accounts for the expenditures and revenues used to fund outside legal counsel services as necessary to implement Proposition C.

• Fund 341: Public Liability Trust Fund

This fund is a depository for contributions made from the General Fund to provide an appropriate reserve level to pay for uninsured and deductibles for public liability losses. The City is self-insured for amounts up to \$250,000 per claim.

• Fund 393: Technology Replacement Fund

The Technology Replacement Fund is an internal service function that provides for the replacement of computers and related technology equipment. Funds from departments' operating budgets are transferred to the Technology Replacement Fund for future replacement of equipment included in the program. Due to economic reasons, the program has not been funded for several years. Computer replacement has been included in various funds based on available resources.

• Fund 398: Workers Compensation

This fund is a depository for contributions made from the General Fund to pay for annual costs related to workers' compensation liabilities including the provision of an appropriate reserve to pay uninsured claims costs. The City is self-insured for amounts up to \$1.0 million per claim. The amount of the reserve and the required annual transfer is determined by the Director of Finance, based on experience and consultation with the Risk Manager. In fiscal year 2010-11 the Workers Compensation Fund was moved from Fund 231 to Fund 398, this change is necessary to change the fund type from General Fund to internal service.

BUDGET CATEGORY	FY 2011-12 ACTUAL	FY 2012-13 ACTUAL	FY 2013-14 ADOPTED	FY 2014-15 PROPOSED
EXPENDITURES				
Other Expenses	2,117	1,960	15,000	15,000
Transfers Out	3,561,418	4,518,652	4,259,428	4,259,428
CIP Project Expenditures	5,328,926	9,319,294	9,794,973	10,825,000
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$8,892,461	\$13,839,906	\$14,069,401	\$15,099,428
REVENUES				
Other Local Taxes	3,485,185	6,196,036	5,738,000	5,522,000
Use of Money & Property	34,166	(36,887)	0	0
Revenue from Other Agencies	4,557,759	7,249,106	6,458,412	6,159,431
Charges for Services	145,470	240,397	175,000	0
Other Revenue	118,614	30,692	0	0
Transfers In	27,543	0	0	0
TOTAL REVENUES	\$8,368,737	\$13,679,344	\$12,371,412	\$11,681,431
NET FUND ACTIVITY	(\$523,724)	(\$160,562)	(\$1,697,989)	(\$3,417,997)

FUND # FUND DESCRIPTION	FY 2011-12 ACTUAL	FY 2012-13 ACTUAL	FY 2013-14 ADOPTED	FY 2014-15 PROPOSED
EXPENDITURES				
221 Gas Tax	3,561,418	6,266,602	6,518,428	6,839,428
225 Traffic Signal	864,868	948,417	115,000	815,000
227 Transportation Sales Tax	4,466,175	6,624,887	7,435,973	7,445,000
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$8,892,461	\$13,839,906	\$14,069,401	\$15,099,428
REVENUES				
221 Gas Tax	3,570,361	5,651,471	6,158,431	6,159,431
225 Traffic Signal	201,272	251,405	175,000	0
227 Transportation Sales Tax	4,597,104	7,776,468	6,037,981	5,522,000
TOTAL REVENUES	\$8,368,737	\$13,679,344	\$12,371,412	\$11,681,431
NET FUND ACTIVITY	(\$523,724)	(\$160,562)	(\$1,697,989)	(\$3,417,997)

BUDGET CATEGORY	FY 2011-12 ACTUAL	FY 2012-13 ACTUAL	FY 2013-14 ADOPTED	FY 2014-15 PROPOSED
EXPENDITURES				
Personnel Services	0	40,000	0	0
Supplies and Services	175,048	175,157	215,300	220,300
Other Expenses	178,853	135,684	162,400	166,400
Utilities	10,161	10,715	11,069	11,855
CIP Project Expenditures	650	2,125	100,000	100,000
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$364,712	\$363,681	\$488,769	\$498,555
REVENUES				
Licenses and Permits	21,582	42,489	24,000	35,000
Fines, Forfeitures, Penalties	238,925	209,862	200,000	200,000
Use of Money & Property	322,980	349,463	376,000	350,000
TOTAL REVENUES	\$583,487	\$601,814	\$600,000	\$585,000
NET FUND ACTIVITY	\$218,775	\$238,133	\$111,231	\$86,445

FUND # FUND DESCRIPTION	FY 2011-12 ACTUAL	FY 2012-13 ACTUAL	FY 2013-14 ADOPTED	FY 2014-15 PROPOSED
EXPENDITURES				
241 Parking Meter	364,712	363,681	488,769	498,555
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$364,712	\$363,681	\$488,769	\$498,555
REVENUES				
241 Parking Meter	583,004	602,080	600,000	585,000
243 Town Centre I-Parking District	483	(266)	0	0
TOTAL REVENUES	\$583,487	\$601,814	\$600,000	\$585,000
NET FUND ACTIVITY	\$218,775	\$238,133	\$111,231	\$86,445

BUDGET CATEGORY	FY 2011-12 ACTUAL	FY 2012-13 ACTUAL	FY 2013-14 ADOPTED	FY 2014-15 PROPOSED
EXPENDITURES				
Personnel Services	4,069,161	4,333,413	5,226,401	5,677,983
Supplies and Services	958,475	971,226	1,110,304	1,332,657
Other Expenses	4,291	0	0	0
Capital	1,251,560	16,839	0	351,000
Transfers Out	654,140	623,876	519,140	531,364
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$6,937,627	\$5,945,354	\$6,855,845	\$7,893,004
REVENUES				
Fines, Forfeitures, Penalties	423,487	426,373	437,640	437,640
Use of Money & Property	32,482	5,951	20,000	20,000
Revenue from Other Agencies	5,724,201	5,004,264	5,951,346	6,780,881
Charges for Services	0	52,975	115,216	120,373
Other Revenue	223,430	15,946	60,000	60,000
Transfers In	105,104	115,522	25,000	35,584
TOTAL REVENUES	\$6,508,704	\$5,621,031	\$6,609,202	\$7,454,478
NET FUND ACTIVITY	(\$428,923)	(\$324,323)	(\$246,643)	(\$438,526)

FUND	# FUND DESCRIPTION	FY 2011-12 ACTUAL	FY 2012-13 ACTUAL	FY 2013-14 ADOPTED	FY 2014-15 PROPOSED
EXPEN	DITURES				
245	Traffic Safety	568,614	529,896	437,640	437,640
251	Suppl Law Enforcement Services	406,275	213,022	427,261	499,567
252	Police Department Grants	5,259,776	4,516,887	5,566,606	6,384,656
253	Inmate Welfare Fund	39,090	50,364	70,500	45,000
254	Local Law Enf Block Grant	101,824	188,497	83,838	76,141
256	Asset Seizure	562,048	446,688	270,000	450,000
TOTAL	EXPENDITURES	\$6,937,627	\$5,945,354	\$6,855,845	\$7,893,004
REVEN	UES				
245	Traffic Safety	425,062	425,760	437,640	437,640
251	Suppl Law Enforcement Services	478,734	228,244	401,014	401,014
252	Police Department Grants	5,256,152	4,520,563	5,476,710	6,249,683
253	Inmate Welfare Fund	20,804	13,610	30,000	30,000
254	Local Law Enf Block Grant	19,198	174,966	83,838	76,141
256	Asset Seizure	308,754	257,888	180,000	260,000
TOTAL	REVENUES	\$6,508,704	\$5,621,031	\$6,609,202	\$7,454,478
NET FU	IND ACTIVITY	(\$428,923)	(\$324,323)	(\$246,643)	(\$438,526)

STAFFING SUMMARY - 252

	FY 2013-14	FY 2013-14	FY 2014-15	FY 2014-15
BUDGET CATEGORY	ADOPTED	MIDYEAR	CHANGES	PROPOSED
CBAG DEPUTY DIRECTOR SD LECC	1.00	-	-	1.00
CBAG DEPUTY EXEC DIR	1.00	-	-	1.00
CBAG DIRECTOR OF IV-LECC	1.00	-	-	1.00
CBAG EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR	1.00	-	-	1.00
FA ADMIN ANALYST II	2.00	-	-	2.00
FA ANALYST	4.00	-	-	4.00
FA DIRECTOR OF SD LECC	1.00	-	-	1.00
FA GEOSPATIAL INTEL ANALYST	1.00	-	-	1.00
FA GRAPHIC DESIGNER/WBMSTR	1.00	-	-	1.00
FA INFO SECURITY PROGRAM MGR	-	1.00	-	1.00
FA LECC IT MANAGER	1.00	-	-	1.00
FA NETWORK MANAGER	1.00	(1.00)	-	-
FA NTWRK ADMINISTRATOR II	4.00	-	-	4.00
FA PROGRAM ANALYST	1.00	-	-	1.00
FA PROGRAM ASSISTANT	-	2.00	-	2.00
FA PROGRAM MANAGER	2.00	-	-	2.00
FA PUBLIC SAFETY ANALYST	5.00	(3.00)	-	2.00
FA RCFL NETWORK ENGINEER	2.00	-	-	2.00
FA SR PUBLIC SAFETY ANALYST	1.00	3.00	-	4.00
PEACE OFFICER	3.00	1.00	(1.00)	3.00
POLICE AGENT	1.00	-	-	1.00
POLICE COMM RELATIONS SPEC	1.00	-	-	1.00
POLICE SERGEANT	2.00	-	-	2.00
TOTAL AUTHORIZED POSITIONS	37.00	3.00	(1.00)	39.00

LIBRARY/CULTURAL ARTS FUND

FUND SUMMARY

BUDGET CATEGORY	FY 2011-12 ACTUAL	FY 2012-13 ACTUAL	FY 2013-14 ADOPTED	FY 2014-15 PROPOSED
EXPENDITURES				
Supplies and Services	176,042	59,175	8,889	2,281
Other Expenses	600	1,400	1,200	1,200
Capital	61,294	0	0	0
Transfers Out	25,000	0	0	0
CIP Project Expenditures	1,100	0	0	0
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$264,036	\$60,575	\$10,089	\$3,481
REVENUES				
Use of Money & Property	3,431	(1,254)	0	0
Revenue from Other Agencies	938	0	0	0
Transfers In	0	59,545	0	0
TOTAL REVENUES	\$4,369	\$58,291	\$0	\$0
NET FUND ACTIVITY	(\$259,667)	(\$2,284)	(\$10,089)	(\$3,481)

FUND # FUND DESCRIPTION	FY 2011-12 ACTUAL	FY 2012-13 ACTUAL	FY 2013-14 ADOPTED	FY 2014-15 PROPOSED
EXPENDITURES				
261 California Library Service Act	224,957	24,867	0	0
262 Public Library Act	38,479	34,308	8,489	1,881
267 McCandliss Cultural Arts	600	1,400	1,600	1,600
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$264,036	\$60,575	\$10,089	\$3,481
REVENUES				
261 California Library Service Act	3,608	58,540	0	0
262 Public Library Act	613	(168)	0	0
267 McCandliss Cultural Arts	148	(81)	0	0
TOTAL REVENUES	\$4,369	\$58,291	\$0	\$0
NET FUND ACTIVITY	(\$259,667)	(\$2,284)	(\$10,089)	(\$3,481)

BUDGET CATEGORY	FY 2011-12 ACTUAL	FY 2012-13 ACTUAL	FY 2013-14 ADOPTED	FY 2014-15 PROPOSED
EXPENDITURES				
Personnel Services	743,723	412,662	800,678	736,711
Supplies and Services	988,897	682,825	843,759	1,719,850
Other Expenses	362,857	415,515	258,582	114,333
Capital	57,110	5,173	0	1,310,000
Transfers Out	0	112,736	30,000	610,000
CIP Project Expenditures	2,160,665	2,509,427	0	340,219
Non-CIP Project Expenditures	301,467	19,642	0	717,500
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$4,614,719	\$4,157,980	\$1,933,019	\$5,548,613
REVENUES				
Use of Money & Property	0	(187)	0	0
Revenue from Other Agencies	3,065,521	2,274,972	1,692,148	1,117,831
Charges for Services	0	129,650	130,000	120,000
Other Revenue	1,681,075	2,236,671	18,420	22,333
Transfers In	52,226	52,226	52,226	60,230
TOTAL REVENUES	\$4,798,822	\$4,693,332	\$1,892,794	\$1,320,394
NET FUND ACTIVITY	\$184,103	\$535,352	(\$40,225)	(\$4,228,219)

		FY 2011-12	FY 2012-13	FY 2013-14	FY 2014-15
FUND	# FUND DESCRIPTION	ACTUAL	ACTUAL	ADOPTED	PROPOSED
EXPEN	DITURES				
223	TUT Common Fund	0	0	0	4,228,219
268	State Recreation Grants	27,496	62,736	0	0
269	Other Grant Fund	0	67,562	10,225	0
270	Mobile Home Rent Review Progra	0	99,824	130,000	120,000
272	Federal Grants Fund	821,217	1,178,156	1,774,374	1,178,061
273	State Grants Fund	0	551,407	0	0
274	ARRA Fund	3,766,006	2,198,295	18,420	22,333
TOTAL	EXPENDITURES	\$4,614,719	\$4,157,980	\$1,933,019	\$5,548,613
REVEN	UES				
269	Other Grant Fund	0	298,000	0	0
270	Mobile Home Rent Review Progra	0	129,459	130,000	120,000
272	Federal Grants Fund	900,621	1,085,599	1,744,374	1,178,061
273	State Grants Fund	0	529,930	0	0
274	ARRA Fund	3,898,201	2,650,344	18,420	22,333
TOTAL	REVENUES	\$4,798,822	\$4,693,332	\$1,892,794	\$1,320,394
NET FU	ND ACTIVITY	\$184,103	\$535,352	(\$40,225)	(\$4,228,219)

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SUNDRY GRANTS & MISC FUND

STAFFING SUMMARY - 272

BUDGET CATEGORY	FY 2013-14 ADOPTED	FY 2013-14 MIDYEAR	FY 2014-15 CHANGES	FY 2014-15 PROPOSED
EMERGENCY SVCS COORDINATOR	-	-	1.00	1.00
GIS SPECIALIST	1.00	-	-	1.00
TOTAL AUTHORIZED POSITIONS	1.00		1.00	2.00

BUDGET CATEGORY	FY 2011-12 ACTUAL	FY 2012-13 ACTUAL	FY 2013-14 ADOPTED	FY 2014-15 PROPOSED
EXPENDITURES				
Personnel Services	673,770	686,793	911,522	785,863
Supplies and Services	964,829	1,056,540	2,274,706	2,213,083
Other Expenses	783,489	913,224	1,449,537	912,152
Capital	(9,941)	0	90,000	0
Utilities	0	30	627	5,100
Transfers Out	107,781	120,959	107,585	107,585
CIP Project Expenditures	316,277	105,000	0	0
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$2,836,205	\$2,882,546	\$4,833,977	\$4,023,783
REVENUES				
Use of Money & Property	13,929	(7,528)	0	0
Revenue from Other Agencies	633,615	1,602,544	2,958,221	2,312,104
Charges for Services	1,033,279	1,071,724	1,264,279	1,264,279
Other Revenue	1,230,795	306,839	200,000	200,000
Transfers In	0	13,374	0	0
TOTAL REVENUES	\$2,911,618	\$2,986,953	\$4,422,500	\$3,776,383
NET FUND ACTIVITY	\$75,413	\$104,407	(\$411,477)	(\$247,400)

	FY 2011-12	FY 2012-13	FY 2013-14	FY 2014-15
FUND # FUND DESCRIPTION	ACTUAL	ACTUAL	ADOPTED	PROPOSED
EXPENDITURES				
281 Waste Management & Recycling	242,231	249,306	319,945	394,897
282 Environmental Services Fund	1,262,290	1,252,440	1,875,756	1,689,726
285 Energy Conservation	1,331,684	1,380,800	2,638,276	1,939,160
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$2,836,205	\$2,882,546	\$4,833,977	\$4,023,783
REVENUES				
281 Waste Management & Recycling	244,702	248,119	319,945	372,944
282 Environmental Services Fund	1,325,586	1,377,252	1,464,279	1,464,279
285 Energy Conservation	1,341,330	1,361,582	2,638,276	1,939,160
TOTAL REVENUES	\$2,911,618	\$2,986,953	\$4,422,500	\$3,776,383
NET FUND ACTIVITY	\$75,413	\$104,407	(\$411,477)	(\$247,400)

STAFFING SUMMARY - 282

BUDGET CATEGORY	FY 2013-14 ADOPTED	FY 2013-14 MIDYEAR	FY 2014-15 CHANGES	FY 2014-15 PROPOSED
ENVIRON SVCS PROG MGR	1.00	-	-	1.00
RECYCLING SPECIALIST I	1.00	-	-	1.00
RECYCLING SPECIALIST II	3.00	-	-	3.00
TOTAL AUTHORIZED POSITIONS	5.00			5.00

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STORM DRAIN REVENUE FUND

FUND SUMMARY

BUDGET CATEGORY	FY 2011-12 ACTUAL	FY 2012-13 ACTUAL	FY 2013-14 ADOPTED	FY 2014-15 PROPOSED
EXPENDITURES				
Supplies and Services	206,433	222,722	301,100	348,100
Other Expenses	0	24,361	0	0
Utilities	740	754	814	800
Transfers Out	340,463	340,463	340,463	487,378
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$547,636	\$588,300	\$642,377	\$836,278
REVENUES				
Licenses and Permits	9,455	(1,180)	23,750	23,750
Fines, Forfeitures, Penalties	47,065	600	5,000	5,000
Use of Money & Property	1,428	(961)	0	0
Charges for Services	555,497	587,887	555,500	555,500
TOTAL REVENUES	\$613,445	\$586,346	\$584,250	\$584,250
NET FUND ACTIVITY	\$65,809	(\$1,954)	(\$58,127)	(\$252,028)

COMM DEV BLOCK GRANTS FUND

FUND SUMMARY

BUDGET CATEGORY	FY 2011-12 ACTUAL	FY 2012-13 ACTUAL	FY 2013-14 ADOPTED	FY 2014-15 PROPOSED
EXPENDITURES				
Supplies and Services	22,490	48,032	39,650	43,427
Other Expenses	435,771	332,381	951,807	1,231,066
Capital	0	0	0	1,419
Transfers Out	796,866	817,073	752,752	756,715
CIP Project Expenditures	1,718,875	3,090,468	375,000	0
Non-CIP Project Expenditures	1,711,878	1,199,362	2,884,746	1,458,112
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$4,685,880	\$5,487,316	\$5,003,955	\$3,490,739
REVENUES				
Use of Money & Property	10,200	40,950	0	0
Revenue from Other Agencies	3,168,968	3,055,233	4,560,350	3,406,739
Charges for Services	250	132	0	0
Other Revenue	117,332	205,184	0	0
Transfers In	0	27,538	0	30,981
TOTAL REVENUES	\$3,296,750	\$3,329,037	\$4,560,350	\$3,437,720
NET FUND ACTIVITY	(\$1,389,130)	(\$2,158,279)	(\$443,605)	(\$53,019)

	FY 2011-12	FY 2012-13	FY 2013-14	FY 2014-15
FUND # FUND DESCRIPTION	ACTUAL	ACTUAL	ADOPTED	PROPOSED
EXPENDITURES				
311 CDBG Housing Program	41,855	25,432	243,145	220,000
314 Emergency Shelter Grant Prog	88,491	86,380	149,215	151,402
321 Home Program	809,159	520,697	2,117,269	884,902
333 FY2000 Comm Dev Block Grant	3,746,375	4,854,807	2,494,326	2,234,435
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$4,685,880	\$5,487,316	\$5,003,955	\$3,490,739
REVENUES				
311 CDBG Housing Program	36,979	51,346	233,145	220,000
314 Emergency Shelter Grant Prog	88,491	86,380	149,215	151,402
321 Home Program	814,841	488,847	2,117,269	884,902
325 CDBG Program - Income Projects	600	(340)	0	0
333 FY2000 Comm Dev Block Grant	2,355,839	2,702,804	2,060,721	2,181,416
TOTAL REVENUES	\$3,296,750	\$3,329,037	\$4,560,350	\$3,437,720
NET FUND ACTIVITY	(\$1,389,130)	(\$2,158,279)	(\$443,605)	(\$53,019)

OPEN SPACE DISTRICT FUND

FUND SUMMARY

BUDGET CATEGORY	FY 2011-12 ACTUAL	FY 2012-13 ACTUAL	FY 2013-14 ADOPTED	FY 2014-15 PROPOSED
EXPENDITURES				
Supplies and Services	6,105,338	7,326,683	7,000,854	7,419,200
Other Expenses	1,784,330	1,869,929	2,043,541	1,886,707
Utilities	1,741,294	2,158,934	2,416,820	2,556,327
CIP Project Expenditures	0	0	0	200,000
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$9,630,962	\$11,355,546	\$11,461,215	\$12,062,234
REVENUES				
Use of Money & Property	139,889	(82,226)	0	0
Other Revenue	11,306,684	12,142,259	11,461,215	12,062,234
TOTAL REVENUES	\$11,446,573	\$12,060,033	\$11,461,215	\$12,062,234
NET FUND ACTIVITY	\$1,815,611	\$704,487	\$0	\$0

FIIND#	EUND DESCRIPTION	FY 2011-12 ACTUAL	FY 2012-13 ACTUAL	FY 2013-14 ADOPTED	FY 2014-15 PROPOSED
EXPENDIT	URES				
342 CF	FD 11-M RHR McMillin	48,519	53,047	121,569	136,650
343 CF	FD 12-M Vlg7	320,934	465,789	470,205	462,569
344 CF	FD 13-M Vlg2	98,540	125,762	170,860	171,155
345 CF	FD 12M - OR Village 7	392,167	498,215	454,343	442,600
352 Ba	ay Blvd Landscaping Dist	8,982	7,140	11,727	10,661
353 Ea	astlake Maintenance Dist #1	270,756	278,009	313,616	319,524
354 Op	pen Space District #1	67,297	83,358	79,909	81,506
355 Op	pen Space District #2	16,505	19,480	22,440	24,649
356 Op	pen Space District #3	39,718	50,549	52,227	54,512
357 Op	pen Space District #4	78,207	100,501	96,282	97,844
358 Op	pen Space District #5	55,714	56,233	53,002	53,288
359 Op	pen Space District #6	23,547	32,994	34,200	35,818
361 Op	pen Space District #7	13,400	15,679	13,414	11,725
362 Op	pen Space District #8	64,306	84,753	81,359	82,957
363 Op	pen Space District #9	69,095	86,429	79,798	80,655
364 Op	pen Space District #10	68,818	88,641	81,012	84,925
365 Op	pen Space District #11	140,027	172,000	160,843	170,550
367 Op	pen Space District #14	379,527	411,196	439,517	442,170
368 Op	pen Space District #15	25,019	28,518	27,236	29,277
369 Op	pen Space District #17	5,146	9,971	10,012	11,680
371 Op	pen Space District #18	124,094	160,393	160,715	160,215
372 Op	pen Space District #20	1,170,702	1,294,705	1,465,375	1,455,914

ΟI	PEN SPACE DISTRIC	T FIINI)		350
	Open Space District #23	31,385	51,803	45,756	47,156
374	Open Space District #24	28,974	35,492	36,984	38,087
375	Open Space District #26	12,580	14,387	16,454	17,583
376	Open Space District #31	109,916	160,359	145,657	157,410
378	CFD 07M-Eastlk II Woods, Vista	482,457	621,887	572,169	571,945
379	CFD 08M-Vlg 6 McM & Oty Ranch	794,379	907,143	911,217	925,601
380	CFD 09M OR VIg II	847,939	1,021,932	948,052	995,457
382	CFD 99-2 Otay Ranch Vlg 1 We	623,952	780,462	762,482	784,887
386	Otay Ranch Acquisition Dist	534,734	428,742	468,500	919,000
387	CFD 98-3 Sunbow 2	850,418	1,003,410	888,841	886,105
388	Comm Facility 97-1 (Otay Rnch)	1,830,276	2,203,641	2,251,481	2,286,639
389	Otay Ranch Village 1,2,6,7,12	2,932	2,926	13,963	11,520
	EXPENDITURES	\$9,630,962	\$11,355,546	\$11,461,215	\$12,062,234
REVEN		400.000	04	101 702	100.000
	CFD 11-M RHR McMillin	162,882	94,557	121,569	136,650
	CFD 12-M VIg7	387,285	594,145	470,205	462,569
344	S .	288,878	213,130	170,860	171,155
345	CFD 12M - OR Village 7	430,042	389,060	454,343	442,600
351	Town Centre Landscaping Dist I	237	(125)	0	0
352	Bay Blvd Landscaping Dist	12,633	(306)	11,727	10,661
353	Eastlake Maintenance Dist #1	257,787	308,895	313,616	319,524
354	Open Space District #1	75,733	78,997	79,909	81,506
355	Open Space District #2	14,475	13,972	22,440	24,649
356	Open Space District #4	47,712	49,992	52,227	54,512
357	Open Space District #4	82,617	85,103 50,571	96,282	97,844
358	Open Space District #5	40,441	50,571	53,002	53,288
359 361	Open Space District #6	24,839 12,777	31,521	34,200	35,818
361	Open Space District #7	13,777 67 505	13,655	13,414	11,725
362	Open Space District #8	67,505	69,378 68,408	81,359	82,957
363	Open Space District #9 Open Space District #10	62,689 77,040	68,408 78,221	79,798	80,655
364 365	Open Space District #10 Open Space District #11	77,940 145,122	78,221 162,122	81,012	84,925 170,550
365 366	Open Space District #13	145,122	102,122	160,843 0	0
367	Open Space District #14	330,918	335,839	439,517	442,170
368	Open Space District #15	20,316	20,948	27,236	29,277
369	Open Space District #17	5,847	8,168	10,012	11,680
371	Open Space District #17	126,892	148,619	160,715	160,215
371	Open Space District #20	1,294,133	1,379,378	1,465,375	1,455,914
372	Open Space District #23	43,122	29,820	45,756	47,156
373	Open Space District #24	25,559	29,020	36,984	38,087
374	Open Space District #26	9,622	10,750	16,454	17,583
376	Open Space District #20	103,604	127,309	145,657	157,410
378	CFD 07M-Eastlk II Woods, Vista	582,294	895,048	572,169	571,945
379	CFD 08M-Vlg 6 McM & Oty Ranch	1,064,308	1,241,913	911,217	925,601
380	CFD 09M OR VIg II	956,705	925,298	948,052	995,457
300	o. b com or vig ii	500,700	525,250	0-10,002	000,701

OPEN SPACE DISTRICT FUND				
382 CFD 99-2 Otay Ranch Vlg 1 We	804,494	802,407	762,482	784,887
383 Town Ctr Business Imprv Distr	3,330	(3,210)	0	0
386 Otay Ranch Acquisition Dist	570,081	100,216	468,500	919,000
387 CFD 98-3 Sunbow 2	1,075,869	871,933	888,841	886,105
388 Comm Facility 97-1 (Otay Rnch)	2,155,510	2,825,849	2,251,481	2,286,639
389 Otay Ranch Village 1,2,6,7,12	81,370	9,245	13,963	11,520
TOTAL REVENUES	\$11,446,573	\$12,060,033	\$11,461,215	\$12,062,234
NET FUND ACTIVITY	\$1,815,611	\$704,487	\$0	\$0

BUDGET CATEGORY	FY 2011-12 ACTUAL	FY 2012-13 ACTUAL	FY 2013-14 ADOPTED	FY 2014-15 PROPOSED
EXPENDITURES				
Supplies and Services	0	0	492,000	300,000
Other Expenses	0	0	50,000	0
Capital	0	0	0	300,000
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$0	\$0	\$542,000	\$600,000
REVENUES				
Other Local Taxes	0	627,766	300,000	600,000
Use of Money & Property	0	(675)	0	0
TOTAL REVENUES	\$0	\$627,091	\$300,000	\$600,000
NET FUND ACTIVITY	\$0	\$627,091	(\$242,000)	\$0

FLEXIBLE SPENDING ACCOUNT FUND

BUDGET CATEGORY	FY 2011-12 ACTUAL	FY 2012-13 ACTUAL	FY 2013-14 ADOPTED	FY 2014-15 PROPOSED
REVENUES				
Other Revenue	14,015	0	0	0
TOTAL REVENUES	\$14,015	\$0	\$0	\$0
NET FUND ACTIVITY	\$14,015	\$0	\$0	\$0

ADVANCED LIFE SUPPORT FUND

BUDGET CATEGORY	FY 2011-12 ACTUAL	FY 2012-13 ACTUAL	FY 2013-14 ADOPTED	FY 2014-15 PROPOSED
EXPENDITURES				
Personnel Services	0	0	254,790	352,669
Supplies and Services	15,431	0	265,219	245,289
Capital	0	0	13,940	0
Transfers Out	172,215	143,513	587,557	722,471
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$187,646	\$143,513	\$1,121,506	\$1,320,429
REVENUES				
Revenue from Other Agencies	214,000	214,000	1,333,460	1,534,429
TOTAL REVENUES	\$214,000	\$214,000	\$1,333,460	\$1,534,429
NET FUND ACTIVITY	\$26,354	\$70,487	\$211,954	\$214,000

ADVANCED LIFE SUPPORT FUND FUND

234

STAFFING SUMMARY - 234

BUDGET CATEGORY	FY 2013-14 ADOPTED	FY 2013-14 MIDYEAR	FY 2014-15 CHANGES	FY 2014-15 PROPOSED
EMS NURSE COORDINATOR	1.00	-	-	1.00
TOTAL AUTHORIZED POSITIONS	1.00	-		1.00

LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL FUND

BUDGET CATEGORY	FY 2011-12 ACTUAL	FY 2012-13 ACTUAL	FY 2013-14 ADOPTED	FY 2014-15 PROPOSED
EXPENDITURES				
Supplies and Services	0	0	80,000	80,000
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$0	\$0	\$80,000	\$80,000
REVENUES				
Transfers In	0	80,000	0	0
TOTAL REVENUES	\$0	\$80,000	\$0	\$0
NET FUND ACTIVITY	\$0	\$80,000	(\$80,000)	(\$80,000)

PUBLIC LIABILITY TRUST FUND

BUDGET CATEGORY	FY 2011-12 ACTUAL	FY 2012-13 ACTUAL	FY 2013-14 ADOPTED	FY 2014-15 PROPOSED
EXPENDITURES				
Supplies and Services	650,680	117,131	713,439	713,439
Other Expenses	241,133	1,200,913	940,000	940,000
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$891,813	\$1,318,044	\$1,653,439	\$1,653,439
REVENUES				
Transfers In	1,653,439	1,164,000	1,164,000	744,000
TOTAL REVENUES	\$1,653,439	\$1,164,000	\$1,164,000	\$744,000
NET FUND ACTIVITY	\$761,626	(\$154,044)	(\$489,439)	(\$909,439)

TECHNOLOGY REPLACEMENT FUND

BUDGET CATEGORY	FY 2011-12 ACTUAL	FY 2012-13 ACTUAL	FY 2013-14 ADOPTED	FY 2014-15 PROPOSED
EXPENDITURES				
Capital	5,722	362	0	0
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$5,722	\$362	\$0	\$0
NET FUND ACTIVITY	(\$5,722)	(\$362)	\$0	\$0

WORKERS COMPENSATION FUND

BUDGET CATEGORY	FY 2011-12 ACTUAL	FY 2012-13 ACTUAL	FY 2013-14 ADOPTED	FY 2014-15 PROPOSED
EXPENDITURES				
Transfers Out	2,990,161	0	0	0
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$2,990,161	\$0	\$0	\$0
NET FUND ACTIVITY	(\$2,990,161)	\$0	\$0	\$0

WORKERS COMPENSATION FUND

BUDGET CATEGORY	FY 2011-12 ACTUAL	FY 2012-13 ACTUAL	FY 2013-14 ADOPTED	FY 2014-15 PROPOSED
EXPENDITURES				
Supplies and Services	549,797	594,867	618,000	711,610
Other Expenses	2,281,949	3,135,192	2,919,000	2,669,000
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$2,831,746	\$3,730,059	\$3,537,000	\$3,380,610
REVENUES				
Other Revenue	2,862,121	2,909,831	2,064,393	2,652,549
Transfers In	2,990,161	0	0	0
TOTAL REVENUES	\$5,852,282	\$2,909,831	\$2,064,393	\$2,652,549
NET FUND ACTIVITY	\$3,020,536	(\$820,228)	(\$1,472,607)	(\$728,061)



NON-CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT PROJECT BUDGET

Funding Summary by Project Type

COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT BLOCK GRANT

	FY 2014-15
	PROPOSED
Landis Studios	\$450,000
Green Streets	\$150,000
Production of Affordable Housing Projects	\$139,093
Housing Services	\$50,000
Services for High Risk and Homeless Youth	\$39,550
Family Resource Center Emergency and Basic Services	\$39,312
Family Violence Treatment Program	\$39,000
Fair Housing Services	\$32,000
Norman Park Center Senior & Disabled Services	\$30,000
Therapeutic Recreation Programs	\$20,100
Food 4 Kids Backpack Program	\$15,000
Employment Reentry for At-Risk Young Adults (18-25)	\$14,000
KidCare Mobile Medical Unit #3	\$13,600
Project Hand	\$12,200
Meals on Wheels	\$12,000
Rotational Shelter Network	\$11,000
South Bay Food Program	\$10,000
COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT BLOCK GRANT TOTAL	\$1,076,855

EMERGENCY SHELTER GRANT

	FY 2014-15 PROPOSED
ESG - Casa Nueva Vida	\$68,277
Homeless Prevention and Rapid ReHousing	\$62,980
EMERGENCY SHELTER GRANT TOTAL	\$131,257

GENERAL FUND

	FY 2014-15 PROPOSED
Minor CIP - Eucalyptus Park Improvements	\$18,700
GENERAL FUND TOTAL	\$18,700

NON-CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT PROJECT BUDGET

Funding Summary by Project Type

HOME PROGRAM FUND

	FY 2014-15 PROPOSED
Tenant Based Rental Assistance	\$250,000
HOME PROGRAM FUND TOTAL	\$250,000

TUT COMMON FUND

	TOT COMMITTON
	FY 2014-15 PROPOSED
Fiber Communications	\$200,000
Roofing (Library & Recreation)	\$200,000
Salt Creek arena soccer	\$145,000
Outdoor Sport Court & Features Renovation	\$67,500
City Outreach Program/Marketing	\$50,000
Create group study space	\$30,000
Rohr Park Jogging Trail	\$25,000
TUT COMMON FUND TOTAL	\$717,500
GRAND TOTAL - ALL PROJECTS	\$2,194,312

City of Chula Vista Proposed Budget

PROGRAM SUMMARY

Program Summary

In January 2012, the City Manager presented to the City Council the Fiscal Recovery and Progress Plan (Fiscal Years 2013 to 2017). This plan is an expansion to the Fiscal Health Plan and is intended to identify major challenges the City faces in moving from financial stability to financial sustainability and eventually to financial resiliency. The Plan identifies the major components of City finances such as General Fund revenues, Pension Liability, Debt Service and Infrastructure, provides an assessment of the status or level of risk for each component and identifies next steps to address the issues identified. The Plan uses the Continuous Improvement Visual Controls (Green, Yellow and Red) to indicate the status of each particular component.

Over the past several years of a declining economy, City revenues have been reduced dramatically. As a result, the number of City staff as well as City supplies and services budgets has been decreased significantly. With the City's efforts to improve efficiencies through the Continuous Improvement Program, consolidate departments and reduce overhead, and moderately improving revenues the level of service in many key City functions have slightly improved.

This report is intended to identify key functions in each department and provide a management assessment of the current level of service, including the above Continuous Improvement Visual Controls for ease of reference. The following visual categories assist the reader in determining the status of the current level of service for each function:

Green – Objective achieved. Level of service standards are being met.

Yellow – Caution. Not fully achieving level of service goals

Red – High risk area. Additional funding or operational efficiencies needed.

FUNCTION OVERVIEW

The following section summarizes each department's key functions and their changes from January 2013 to January 2014.

Animal Care Facility

Function	Jan 2013	Jan 2014
Animal Control	_	_
Animal Care Services		
Animal Placement		_

City Attorney

Function	Jan 2013	Jan 2014
Department Support Services		
City Council, Boards and	_	_
Commissions		-
Public Outreach	_	_
Risk Management	_	_
"Offensive" Litigation	_	_
Defense of the City – Standard	_	_
Litigation		_
Defense of the City – Specialty	_	_
Litigation		
Code Enforcement		

City Clerk

Function	Jan 2013	Jan 2014
Manage Records of Legislative Actions (City Council, Housing Authority, and Public Finance Authority)	•	•
Prepare and Distribute Agenda Packets	-	٠
Customer Service		
Boards & Commissions		
Elections	•	
Carry Out Legally Required Duties as Filing Officer	•	٠
Post/Publish Legally Required Notices	•	٠
Maintain/Update Municipal Code and Council Policy Manual	_	_
Public Records Act Requests		
Citywide Records Management Program	-	•

Development Services Department

Function	Jan 2013	Jan 2014
Project Reviews		•
Building Plan Review		_
Building Inspection		
General Code Enforcement	•	•
Affordable Housing/Grant		_
Administration	_	_
General Plan Implementation &	_	
Maintenance	_	_

Economic Development Department

Function	Jan 2013	Jan 2014
Business Retention		
Business Attraction		_
Quality Job Creation		
Tax Generation		

Finance Department

Function	Jan 2013	Jan 2014
Financial Compliance Reporting		•
Payroll Services		_
Accounts Payable		•
Debt Service Management		•
Banking and Investment Services		•
Fixed Asset Management		
Deferred Compensation	•	•
Tax Administration Program	•	•
Accounts Receivable		•
Collections		•
Revenue Generation/Fee	_	•
Management		-
Acquisitions		
Budget Development		•
Financial Management Information		
Analysis		
Long-Term Financial Planning		

Fire Department

Function	Jan 2013	Jan 2014
Dispatch		
Turnout	•	•
Response/Travel Time		
100% of Mandatory Training	_	_
Completed Annually		_

General Use Certificate Inspections		_
Fire Company Inspection Program	•	•
Fire Safety Engineering Plan Reviews	•	•
Origin and Cause of Fire	_	_
Investigations	_	•
Purchasing		_
Contracts		
Payroll	•	•
Records Management/Reports		
Data Research		

Human Resources Department

Function	Jan 2013	Jan 2014
Recruitment & Selection		
Classification/Compensation		
Training		
Offer Comprehensive Benefits	•	•
Develop and Implement a Wellness	_	
Strategy		•
Administration of Retiree Health		
Insurance and COBRA	•	•
Ensure Compliance with Employee	_	_
Benefit Laws and Regulations	_	_
Data Processing and Maintenance		
Employee Online Enrollment	N/A	
Management of Tort Claims		
Administration of Insurances	•	
Insurance in Contracts	•	•
Disability Management		
Occupational Health and Safety		_
Recovery on Damages to City	_	
Property		

Information Technology Services

Function	Jan 2013	Jan 2014
Operations & Telecommunications	•	•
Programming and Application Support – Custom Applications	•	•
Programming and Application Support – Support of 3 rd Party Software	-	_
Help Desk Response		
Network Uptime	•	•
Geographic Information Systems (GIS)	•	•
City Intranet/Internet Web Sites	_	N/A

Library

2.2.4.7		
Function	Jan 2013	Jan 2014
Open Hours		
Civic Center Branch	•	•
South Chula Vista Branch		•
Otay Ranch Branch		_
Space		
Staff Assistance		
Collection		
Information Technology		

Marketing and Communications

Function	Jan 2013	Jan 2014
Marketing and Communications	_	_
Program	-	
Community Engagement		
City of Chula Vista Programs and	_	_
Services	_	
Big Picture Projects		
City Website	N/A	

Police Department

Function	Jan 2013	Jan 2014
Community Patrol		
Criminal Investigations		
Support Operations	N/A	
Community Engagement	•	•
Employee Services	•	
Police Dispatch	N/A	
Administrative Services		_

Public Works

Function	Jan 2013	Jan 2014
Roadway Maintenance		
Pothole Repair		_
Litter and Weed Abatement		•
Graffiti Abatement		
Traffic Striping and Signing	_	_
Street Sweeping		
Traffic Signal and Street Light	_	_
Maintenance	•	•
Vehicle Service and Repairs		
Preventative Maintenance		
Monitor MTS Services for Chula Vista	_	_
Community		•

Asset Management Program (AMP)		
Maintenance of Districts		
Urban Forestry		
National Pollutant Discharge		_
Elimination System (NPDES)	_	•
Construction		
Drainage Management System		
Wastewater Management System		
Maintain City Parks		
Safety and Security of Parks		
Design		
Surveys		
Building and Park Construction		
Compliance with Waste		
Management Act (AB939) and Waste	•	
Diversion Act (AB341)		
Citywide Solid Waste Collection	_	_
Services	-	•
Household Hazardous Waste	_	_
Disposal Services	•	•
Municipal Energy & Water		
Conservation Upgrades	_	_
Community Energy & Water	_	_
Conservation Services	_	•
Resource Conservation Commission		
Climate Change Working Group &	•	•
City Operations Green Team		
City Building Facilities Service	_	_
Requests		_
Perform Routine Preventative		
Maintenance on City Building		•
Facilities		
Minor CIP Projects		
Basic Cleaning Services		
Detailed Cleaning Events		_
Special Event Set-Ups and Break-		
Downs		
Traffic Engineering		
Wastewater Engineering		
Advanced Planning		

Recreation Department

Function	Jan 2013	Jan 2014
Provision of Recreational Swim	2013	2014
Operation of Recreation Hours		
Operation of Norman Park Center		
Provision of After-School "Critical	_	_
Hours" Programming	•	•
Provision of City-Sponsored Youth		
Leagues, Programs, and Camps	-	_
Provision of City-Sponsored Adult	21/2	
Leagues and Programs	N/A	_
Therapeutics Programming		
Aquatic Facilities Community Use		•
Arena Soccer Facilities for		_
Community Use	N/A	•
Provision of Instructional Swimming	_	_
Programs	•	•
Provision of Adult Lap Swim	_	_
Provision of Contractual Classes	N/A	
Provision of Elementary Learn-to-	_	_
Swim Programs	•	•
Facility Lease Agreements at Norman	_	_
Park Center	•	•
Provision of Community Capacity-	N/A	_
Building Programs	IN/ A	_
Fiscal Management		
Policies and Procedures		
Information/Technology		
Marketing and Communications		
Provision of Safe, Adequate, and	_	_
Appropriate Recreational Equipment		
Community Access to Ball Fields		
Ball Field Rentals	N/A	
Mt. San Miguel Park Tournaments		
Support and Promotion of Sports		N/A
Alliance Tournaments		14/ /
Provision of Water Safety Programs	_	_

ANIMAL CARE FACILITY ANIMAL CONTROL (Yellow)

The ACF currently provides Animal Control services for Chula Vista as well as Lemon Grove and Imperial Beach under contract. There are two Animal Control Officers (ACO) funded for Chula Vista. The Animal Control Officers are generally able to adequately respond to calls for service (reactive) from Chula Vista residents and can be backed up as need by the ACO's assigned to Lemon Grove and Imperial Beach. Priority calls address public safety issues. This function would be considered (Green) if the ACF was able to provide "proactive" Animal Control services. This would require one additional ACO.

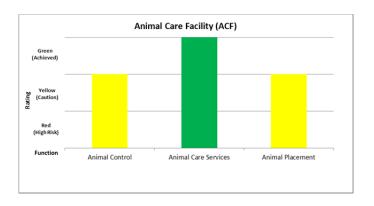
ANIMAL CARE SERVICES (Green)

The ACF currently provides Animal Care kenneling services for Chula Vista as well as Lemon Grove, Imperial Beach, and National City under contract. This service level is considered (Green). The ACF consistently meets the standards for kenneling in municipal shelters. The expansion of the cattery has significantly reduced overcrowding and improved the health and behavior of cats.

ANIMAL PLACEMENT (Yellow)

The ACF currently places 80% of dogs (goal area is 89%) and 40% of cats (goal to reach 50%) through adoptions and rescue organizations and currently does not euthanize any cats or dogs which are healthy and without behavioral issues. In addition to trying to increase the percentage of placements, another significant goal of the ACF is to reduce the number of intakes of animals in Chula Vista. Since acquiring the spay/neuter vehicle back in December 2011, the ACF has performed over 1,692 surgeries at no cost to low income families in Chula Vista and its contract cities. This function would move to Green if we could decrease intakes into the shelter.

Staff has implemented new initiatives to try and reduce the number of animal intakes in Chula Vista. In 2013, City Council approved changes to City Ordinances regarding animals. Since implementing these initiatives there has been a reduction in intakes of cats; however, the intake of dogs continues to increase, which appears to be related to the depressed economy.



CITY ATTORNEY

The City Attorney's Office serves as legal counsel to the City Council, all City Boards and Commissions, the City Manager, City Clerk and all City Departments. The Office's primary responsibility is to provide these clients with the legal services they need to develop and implement City policy and to deliver City services in a lawful and efficient manner. The Office also defends the City against claims and lawsuits, files claims on behalf of the City when necessary, advocates for City's interests in administrative proceedings, and enforces the City's municipal code.

The City Attorney's Office is staffed with nine full-time attorneys, one manager/analyst and three administrative assistants. From time to time the City Attorney also engages outside counsel to assist with major litigation or specialty law issues. Volunteer legal interns also provide valuable support.

ADVISORY SERVICES (Yellow)

The City Attorney's Office "Advisory Group" provides legal advice and services to the Mayor and Council, City Boards and Commissions, the City Manager, the City Clerk, and all City departments. The work involves legal research, analysis, and/or document production across a broad spectrum of legal disciplines including federal, state and local government law, corporate law, elections law, public and private contracts, land use, regulations of businesses and personal conduct, finance, economic development, labor and employment, environmental, and real estate law.

The quantity and variety of Advisory Group work is driven largely by the legal needs and demands of its various departments. The City Council and Boards and Commissions present additional needs and demands. The overall service level for the Advisory Group in meeting these needs and demands is (Yellow).

The primary challenges to achieving optimum service levels for the Advisory Group are: (1) very-high work volumes, (2) work flow volatility, (3) competing demands for services within and across departments; and, (4) the complexity or uniqueness of many work assignments. Staff reductions and turnover in other departments have also created challenges. Combined, these challenges can result in below optimum service levels including: (a) slower than optimum response times, (b) oral versus written advice (when written

advice is more desirable for clarity and consistency), and (c) inadequate time and opportunities for the delivery of proactive services (e.g., training, form standardization, opinion banks, code review and updates, and "standard work" capture).

Advisory Group service levels could be improved by adding resources and/or by improving office efficiencies. The recent key addition of the office manager/analyst is expected to help dramatically in this area, particularly with the implementation of Continuous Improvement projects and policies.

Department Support Services (Yellow)

The Advisory Group provides legal service to every City department. To provide this service effectively requires a broad spectrum of legal knowledge, training and experience, along with a working understanding of each "client" department's own workings and challenges. The type of legal work required by each department varies, of course, but typically falls within one of the following categories:

Contracts: Negotiate, draft, review, interpret, and help enforce every conceivable type of contract or agreement, including: service and infrastructure agreements with other governmental agencies, franchises for the provision of utilities, solid waste disposal, telecommunications, and ambulance transport, development agreements, sales and acquisitions of real property, leases, licenses, subdivision improvement agreements, financings, public works contracts, consulting agreements, labor group MOUs and side letter agreements, waivers, indemnities and releases, affordable housing, and public private partnerships. Also draft and interpret procurement policies.

State and Local Regulations: Provide on-going legal advice regarding City (1) fees, assessments and taxes; (2) land use regulations, including general and specific plans, zoning, special use permits, development impact fees, tentative and final maps, the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) and related environmental and resource requirements; and (3) code provisions regulating business and individual conduct. Advice includes assistance with the preparation of any proposed

revisions to the Municipal Code, and with interpretations of and responses to federal and state legislation.

Open and Ethical Government Compliance: Provide on-going counsel on numerous legal matters relating to elections law, the Brown Act, the Public Records Act, the Political Reform Act, conflicts of interest, the noticing and conduct of City Council meetings, budget approval, the City's Ethics Code, and related City ordinances and policies.

Risk Management and Public Safety: Advise on personnel and disciplinary matters; coordinate with risk management staff to manage claims and assure adequate insurance coverage. Provide on-going counsel regarding police response activities and protocols including enforcement constitutional law updates and recommendations on policy/training modifications; assist with community outreach and proactive policing policies and programs designed to reduce crime and disorder; prepare, review, and revise ordinances and agreements for police, fire and public works regulations and services.

Agenda Review: Review and advise on every agenda item for legal compliance, including conflicts of interest and CEQA; prepare ordinances, resolutions and agreements, and approve all such items as to form and legality.

The current overall department support service level is (Yellow). It should be noted, however, that service levels to individual departments can—and do—vary, both throughout the year (depending largely on work volumes), and from department to department (depending both upon work volumes and the availability of in-house expertise). Achieving a high level of service with greater consistency, both in times of higher and lower volume work flows, and achieving this high level of service throughout the organization, is what the Department is striving to achieve. This greater consistency is also what will be necessary in order to warrant a service level rating of (Green) for departmental support services.

• City Council, Boards and Commissions (Yellow)

The City Attorney attends all City Council meetings and workshops and advises the City Council on all legal matters. Staff attorneys also regularly attend the meetings of the Ethics Commission, Planning Commission, Rent Review Commission, Civil Service Commission, Charter Review Commission. In FY 2014/2015, duties will expand to include support for the recently created Districting Commission. Advisory Group attorneys review all agendas and documents for these meetings, and are the primary staff for the Ethics and, Charter Review commissions. The Advisory Group also provides legal counsel on an "as needed" basis to all other City Boards and Commissions. This service level is (Yellow). More frequent and tailored training of these groups on Brown Act and Ethics laws, along with more formal written advice, provided in advance, on key legal issues, is necessary in order to move this service level to (Green).

Public Outreach (Yellow)

The office frequently works with the Police Department, Housing division and other City departments to conduct community outreach programs to identify and respond to community issues and concerns. Direct public inquiries are also responded to by telephone and email. The City Attorney website has been updated to provide referrals to legal resources and information, with many more enhancements in the works. service level is (Yellow). City Attorney website enhancements to add content and explanations of the legal parameters that regulate City and individual conduct, and additional government practices and policies will be necessary to move this service level to (Green).



LITIGATION AND CODE ENFORCEMENT SERVICES (Yellow)

The City Attorney's Office responsibilities also include representation of the City in litigation at all levels of state and federal courts and administrative agencies, and enforcement of the City's Municipal Code. The overall service level for the Litigation Group in meeting litigation and code enforcement needs and demands is (Yellow). Administrative improvements in document and case management (including document management software), better or more strategic use of outside attorneys, and other resource management enhancements and/or additions that create more proactive "risk management" time, will be necessary before this service level can be increased to (Green).

Risk Management (Yellow)

Tort Claims – On almost a daily basis the Litigation Group provides advice on "tort claims" (where City negligence or misconduct is alleged) filed against the City. This involves working with Risk Management to evaluate claims with potential for litigation, and determining the appropriate legal response based upon investigation and information provided by City staff. The City Attorney monitors the status of tort claims and exchanges information with Risk Management to facilitate defense of the City in litigation which may arise when a claim is denied.

Training – The City Attorney provides periodic training to individual departments, and elected and appointed officials regarding municipal law to ensure the City's activities remain lawful and efficient, and respectful of individual rights. This also minimizes exposure to costly and time-consuming lawsuits. A more robust program in this area is under development to more proactively mitigate or eliminate City's liability exposure.

Contract Standardization – The City Attorney works with staff from all departments to evaluate, update, revise and/or draft contracts to ensure that the contracts comply with current law and City policies, and that they contain adequate provisions to protect the interests of City and its residents in the event of any adverse incident or dispute. Standardizing certain contracts and creating more efficient internal review processes would greatly enhance our performance in this area.

"Offensive" Litigation (Yellow)

With City Council approval, the City Attorney initiates litigation against outside entities or individuals who cause harm to the City in some manner (e.g. through breach of contract or failing to provide indemnity owed to City on a matter). This typically occurs only when reasonable resolution attempts by staff and the City Attorney fail to yield a satisfactory remedy, and the City Attorney has determined it is entitled to a legal remedy. The City Attorney handles standard offensive litigation in-house in order to maximize cost recovery to the City. Although funding is limited, the City Attorney utilizes outside counsel for offensive litigation when the matter involves specialized legal issues.

• <u>Defense of the City – Standard Litigation</u> (Yellow)

The City Attorney defends the City in personal injury, property damage, dangerous condition of public property, and civil rights cases using inhouse "Litigation Group" staff whenever possible. The addition of a litigation Deputy in FY 2011/2012 has substantially increased the capacity of the office to handle matters in-house and to be more assertive with "terminating motions" at early stages of litigation. The City Attorney's goals in defensive litigation are to mitigate or eliminate risk to the City through streamlined discovery, preparing and filing terminating motions, and settling matters when it is in the City's best interest to do so.

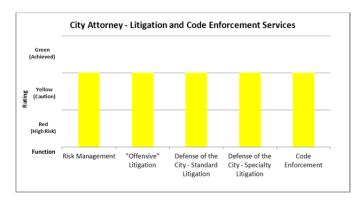
• Defense of the City-Specialty Litigation (Yellow)

The City Attorney utilizes outside counsel to defend the City in litigation involving specialized legal issues. Recent reductions in funding for outside counsel results in service close to (Red). The office is working on systems to better manage these reduced resources.

• Code Enforcement (Yellow)

The City Attorney assists with the enforcement of City Code provisions related to building standards, zoning requirements, neighborhood preservation, and other conditions or conduct affecting public health, safety or welfare. Violations are addressed by employing the various legal enforcement tools

available to the City: administrative actions, civil actions and/or criminal prosecution.



CITY CLERK CITY CLERK OPERATIONS

 Manage records of legislative actions taken by the <u>City Council, Housing Authority, and Public</u> Financing Authority (Green)

The City Clerk's office prepares minutes and finalizes agreements, resolutions and ordinances for the City Council, Housing Authority and Public Financing Authority. The City Clerk's goal is to provide minutes to the City Council for approval within two weeks of a meeting. Within the last two years, the delay in preparation has been reduced from five months to one month. An upgraded software program was implemented in January 2014 to further enhance minutes preparation, as well as other City Council agenda-related functions. As training and acclamation to the software continues, minutes preparation time is expected to be one to two weeks following Council meetings. The program also allows minutes to be posted alongside the meeting video with hyperlinks to the relevant sections of the recorded meeting, making public access more user-friendly.

Prepare and Distribute Agenda Packets (Green)

Agenda packets are compiled the week prior to To meet State and local Council Meetings. requirements, the City makes agenda packets available to the Mayor, Council, and public on Thursdays prior to Council Meetings. Upgraded software to process City Council agendas was implemented in January 2014. Although efforts continue to further enhance the process, significant progress has been made in preparing and distributing Council agenda packets. efficiencies are expected as staff training and acclamation to the improved process continues. The software implementation has also allowed for posting the agenda packet alongside the meeting video with hyperlinks to backup materials for the agenda, as well as relevant sections of the recorded meeting, making public access more user-friendly.

<u>Customer Service</u> (Yellow)

The City Clerk's office is the primary public counter for City Hall and is often the first stop for residents and other customers in need of assistance. As such, one of the primary goals of the department is to provide quality, accurate customer care. Most of

the remaining duties of the department are mandated by State or local law, requiring strict deadlines to be met by specifically trained professional staff. Staff is often pulled away from state-mandated duties to answer phones and assist customers. Part-time volunteers and unpaid interns help; however, it requires staff to continuously train new individuals to perform those duties. As there is high turnover with volunteers, there is a gap in the institutional knowledge that is necessary in providing quality assistance. The function would be considered (Green) if phone, counter, and administrative services were provided by department staff trained, focused and responsible for the care of customers. .

Boards & Commissions (Yellow)

The Clerk's office provides support to board and commission secretaries and staff, maintains original resolutions and meeting minutes for every board and commission, assists with the appointment and onboarding of board and commission members, and oversees mandated ethics training. In fiscal year 2014, a handbook was developed and training provided by the City Clerk's office to staff who support boards and commissions. Additionally, templates were made available to staff in order to standardize agendas, minutes and commonly used documents. Great strides have been achieved in this area. Unfortunately, City Clerk staff remains unable to properly oversee the boards and commissions processes or provide the degree of support and oversight needed city-wide to assist board and commission staff with open meeting and record-keeping laws. The function would be considered (Green) if records were brought up to date and full adherence to applicable open meeting and record-keeping laws were met. This would require efficiencies in other areas that would free up subject-expert staff to oversee these processes.

Elections (Green)

The City Clerk serves as the local Elections Official. The City Clerk plans and conducts local elections, and works with the Registrar of Voters to ensure compliance with local, state, and federal laws. Additionally, the City Clerk provides relative information and assistance to all candidates and to the public. Great strides have been made to make most election information available to the public on

the City's website.

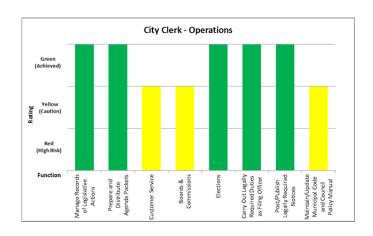
<u>Carry out legally required duties as filing officer for</u> <u>FPPC-regulated documents</u> (Green)

The Fair Political Practices Commission (FPPC) requires the filing officer (City Clerk) to notify filers of their mandated duty to file, review filed campaign statements and Statements of Economic Interest (Form 700), as well as other duties, including updating the City's Conflict of Interest Code. The City Clerk has used existing resources to streamline this process as much as possible. The process of notifying designated filers of their filing requirements could be improved by implementing new technology, which requires the purchase of software designed for the management of campaign statements and Form 700s. This would reduce staff resources currently used to manage the process, as well as allow the potential for future e-filing, better facilitating the City's open and ethical governance.

Post and/or publish legally required notices (Green)
There are a variety of notices that are required to
be posted and/or published, such as notices of
hearings, ordinance adoption, meeting
cancellations, and board and commission term
expirations. All notices are published on time and in
accordance with legal mandates.

Maintain and update Municipal Code and Council Policy Manual (Yellow)

As changes are made to the Municipal Code or Council Policies, the City Clerk's office makes the required changes. Most Municipal Code updates are available online within 2 weeks of the effective date of ordinances. This has been classified as (Yellow) due to the need to evaluate the policies contained in the Council Policy Manual as well as the need to provide a more user-friendly manual. In order to update the Council Policy Manual, a committee consisting of managers from each department would need to determine which policies are outdated. Once other functions are (Green), staff can focus on this project and develop a maintenance plan. Once complete this function will advance to (Green).



RECORDS MANAGEMENT

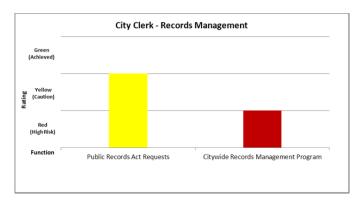
• Public Records Act Requests (Yellow)

The City Clerk's Office processes, tracks, and coordinates requests made under the California Public Records Act (CPRA). In fiscal year 2015, 87% of requests for records were fulfilled within 10 days. An update of the Electronic Document Management System (Laserfiche) has been completed, and provides a more user-friendly interface for the public to access its records on the internet. This has been classified as (Yellow) because the records management program has not been updated, and city-wide records management training has not yet been provided. An updated records management program as well as training events are planned, which, if followed, will help City staff locate and provide records in a timely manner. The function would be (Green) if 95% of the records requested were provided within the 10day period, unnecessary paper copies and manual processes reduced, perhaps through the use of workflow software, and city-wide records management standards used.

<u>Citywide Records Management Program</u> (Red)

The Citywide Records Management program requires managing City records in accordance with state and federal laws, as well as best practices. This includes establishing and managing standard procedures related to records, training staff, regularly updating and revising the retention schedule as regulations and needs change, and purging files. This function is considered (Red) because the existing program is extremely outdated. To be considered (Green), the entire program needs to be reviewed and updated to

include electronic records and newer document types, and city-wide training provided to ensure consistent application of the procedures. This would be accomplished with the assistance of a consultant to update the program and assist with training and policy development, as well as additional staff to assist with the continuous maintenance of active files and off-site records. An updated records management program and record-keeping training events are planned for this coming year.



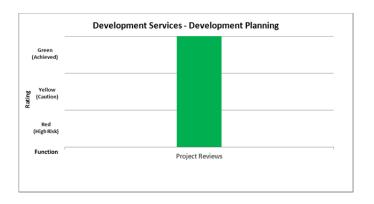
DEVELOPMENT SERVICES DEPARTMENT

The Development Services Department is comprised of five divisions, Planning, Building/Code Enforcement, Housing, Successor Agency and Engineering, which provide direct services to property owners, developers, and the City as required for the entitlement and/or improvement of property. The services provided encompass most development related activities, including but not limited to, land use entitlements, public infrastructure, production of affordable housing, code enforcement, historic preservation, growth management, grant administration, open space, landscape planning, grading and building permits.

DEVELOPMENT PLANNING, LAND DEVELOPMENT

Development Planning and Land Development Divisions are responsible for administering the City's Zoning Ordinance and processing all applications for planning entitlements and for all Engineering / Land Development Permits within the City. Performance metrics have been established to measure the level of service to the public in the following areas:

Complete Project Reviews within established review cycles (typically 2-3 weeks) depending on the application type. The Development Services Department (DSD) is the central department to receive projects for review, but relies on multiple departments to review projects. The performance metric for project reviews is to complete 85% of all project plan reviews within the established due dates. Currently 87% of all project reviews are completed within the established due dates. While operational efficiencies have been implemented, required turn-around times are not being met by all members of the multidisciplinary team. DSD staff considers their role within this function to be (Yellow), but recommends attention to this process as goals are not being achieved (Green)



BUILDING DIVISION

Building Plan Review (Yellow)

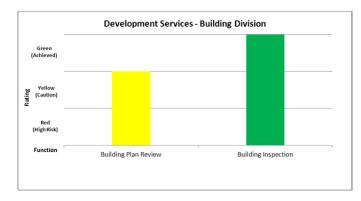
This Section protects the health and safety of Chula Vista residents and visitors by ensuring all building plans conform to minimum requirements of adopted Federal, State and local building codes. The primary functions of the Building Plan Review Section are: 1) to conduct plan review of each building project to confirm design conforms to minimum requirements of adopted codes, and 2) to provide applicants with clear and comprehensive direction on modifying plans to meet code requirements, and do this in the most efficient and timely manner possible.

The performance metric is to complete 85 % of project reviews within established review cycles. On average74% of building plan reviews are completed within established timelines which is lower than the target of 85%. During FY2013, the section performed 2,241 initial reviews and rechecks of building permit plans, and in FY2014, as of April 4, 2014 has performed 2,184 reviews.

<u>Building Inspection</u> (Green)

This Section conducts several specific inspections of each permitted building project to confirm that construction is in accordance with permitted plans and construction documents. The primary functions of our Building Inspection Section include: 1) conducting periodic inspections of each building project to confirm that construction is in accordance with approved plans and 2) preparing accurate records of inspection activities and archiving permit records.

The performance metric is to perform 90% of building inspections within 24 hours of request. On average, 95% of the building inspections are performed the next business day which exceeds the target of 90%. During FY2013, the section performed close to 25,300 building inspections, and in FY2014, as of March 31, 2014 has performed close to 16,200 inspections.



CODE ENFORCEMENT DIVISION

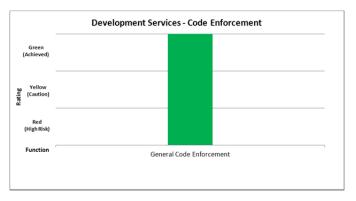
Code Enforcement serves to protect the health and safety of Chula Vista's citizens by identifying and addressing violations of the Chula Vista Municipal Code. Our Housing, Hotel/Motel and Mobile Home Inspection programs upgrade and make safe the City's inventory of affordable housing by requiring private reinvestment in properties that are unsafe and substandard. Our Abandoned Residential Properties program protects residential neighborhoods from becoming blighted though the lack of adequate maintenance and security of abandoned properties.

General Code Enforcement (Green)

Officers respond to and investigate code violation complaints. Complaints are made on a range of enforcement matters including building without a permit, illegal dwelling units, garage conversions, accumulation of refuse and garbage, substandard single-family housing conditions, abandoned construction, illegal businesses, abandon vehicle illegal signs and other code violations and blight. Notices are issued to property owners and follow-up enforcement commences if voluntary compliance is not achieved.

The performance metric is to perform 85% of reported code enforcement inspections within 48 hours of complaint. In the current fiscal year

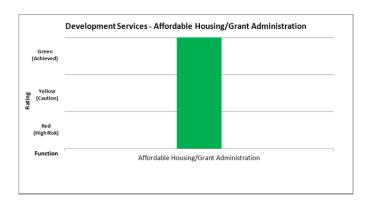
ninety-one percent (91%) of initial code enforcement inspections were performed within 48 hours of receiving complaint which exceeds the target of 85%. During FY2013, around 670 cases were opened, and in FY2014, as of March 31, 2014, 499 cases were opened.



AFFORDABLE HOUSING/GRANT ADMINISTRATION (Green)

The Chula Vista Housing Authority coordinates and administers the City's programs for promoting balanced housing for families of all income levels. The Housing Division staff is responsible for management of Housing programs and policies as well as grant administration of several Federal grants.

The performance metrics for the Housing Division are set by State and Federal Law and are tracked through various reporting requirements on a quarterly and annual basis. Currently all grants, projects and programs are meeting or exceeding the metrics as required by either State or Federal law.



LONG RANGE PLANNING

The Advance Planning Section is responsible for the City's long-range planning activities involving the following major areas of emphasis: Growth

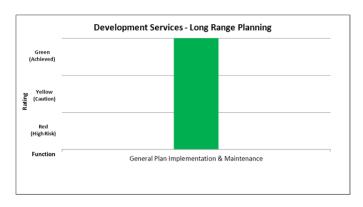
Management, Historic Preservation, Multiple species conservation program, regional planning and General Planning Maintenance and implementation.

• General Plan Implementation & Maintenance (Green)

Advance Planning is responsible for the periodic update, and ongoing implementation/maintenance of the City's General Plan (GP), as well as the review of projects for GP conformance and any related General Plan amendments. The GP is a state-mandated document which serves as the land use and policy guide for City decision making across a broad set of subjects including land use, environmental protection, economic development, and public facilities and services among others. Comprehensive GP updates are conducted approximately every 15 years, with our last comprehensive update approved in December 2005.

Current services in this area are focused on processing six large—scale General Plan Amendments (GPAs) for the Otay Land Co., Baldwin and Sons, JPB development land holdings in Otay Ranch We are gearing up for work with a multidisciplinary team to a create Complete Streets program that will involve further edits to the GP as well as other documents.

The performance metric for advance planning project reviews is to complete 85% of all project plan reviews within the established due dates. Currently 89% of all project reviews are completed within the established due dates. (Green)

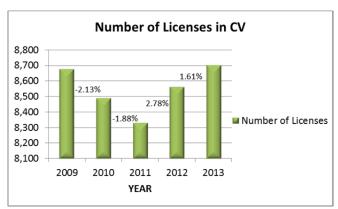


ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT DEPARTMENT

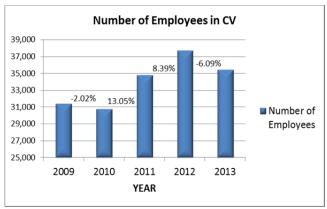
Achieving the objectives that move these functions to (Green) would maximize the creation of additional quality jobs, achieve an economically sustainable jobs/housing balance, place the City solidly in the top one-third of median household income jurisdictions in the County, establish the variety and quality of goods and services in the optimum locations to meet the community needs, and capture the City's proportional share of the regional retail and hospitality market.

BUSINESS RETENTION (Red)

Chula Vista has recently seen a reduction or elimination in some of the more recognizable private sector employers that provide quality jobs in the City. Leviton, DNP and Hitachi, businesses the City established incentives to attract in the last decade have down-sized or moved. Advanced Manufacturing continues to be among the City's largest private sector quality job providers, and the Government sector remains the City's largest employment sector. However, as described below in Business Attraction, more current analysis needs to be done to verify the actual "net conditions". As an overview, over the past five years, the number of licensed businesses has remained relatively stable, averaging 8,500 businesses per year. For this same time period, the number of reported employees has varied with a low of 31,000 in 2010 to a high in 2012 of 37,700. The number of employees reported by licensed businesses in 2013 was approximately 35,500.



* In 2013 an additional 2,300 businesses were licensed from entities outside the City and they reported an additional 5,400 employees.



* Total employee figures do not include public agency employees.

The City's current demographics represent more purchasing capacity and demand than captured.

SANDAG Estimated Median Household Income (MHI), County Cities and Chula Vista Zip Codes - 01/01/2013			
Area Name	МНІ	Population/ Household Size	
Del Mar	131,509	2,639 / 2.03	
Chula Vista 91915	108,177	7,825 / 3.49	
Solana Beach	106,402	6,492 / 2.30	
Poway	102,938	16,559 / 2.96	
Chula Vista 91914	102,158	4,833 / 3.59	
Coronado	99,889	9,582 / 2.31	
Encinitas	96,330	2,5663 / 2.45	
Carlsbad	94,915	45,422 / 2.54	
Chula Vista 91913	94,384	13,563 / 3.33	
Chula Vista 91902*	84,580	6,005 / 2.98	
Unincorporated	78,173	172,124 / 2.89	
Santee	76,261	20,185 / 2.73	
Total Chula Vista	71,355	80,219 / 3.21	
San Diego	70,340	519, 211 / 2.60	
Oceanside	70,164	65,561 / 2.80	
San Marcos	64,832	28,872 / 3.07	
Vista	61,963	30,917 / 3.15	
Chula Vista 91910	50 700		
Chula vista 31310	59,738	27,549 / 2.87	
Escondido	59,738 59,309	27,549 / 2.87 48,462 3.12	
Escondido	59,309	48,462 3.12	
Escondido La Mesa	59,309 59,054 57,077 55,486	48,462 3.12 25,844 / 2.31	
Escondido La Mesa Lemon Grove Chula Vista 91911 El Cajon	59,309 59,054 57,077 55,486 51,200	48,462 3.12 25,844 / 2.31 8812 / 2.97 25,365 / 3.36 35,936 / 2.84	
Escondido La Mesa Lemon Grove Chula Vista 91911 El Cajon Imperial Beach	59,309 59,054 57,077 55,486 51,200 49,923	48,462 3.12 25,844 / 2.31 8812 / 2.97 25,365 / 3.36 35,936 / 2.84 9,866 / 2.82	
Escondido La Mesa Lemon Grove Chula Vista 91911 El Cajon	59,309 59,054 57,077 55,486 51,200	48,462 3.12 25,844 / 2.31 8812 / 2.97 25,365 / 3.36 35,936 / 2.84	

^{*}Zip Code District 91902 includes ~30% Chula Vista and 70% Unincorporated

Although overall, Chula Vista ranked in the middle of jurisdictions for Median Household Income (MHI), the City ranked second from last in both per capita total revenues and per capita *sales* tax.

One primary economic challenge to building prosperity for residents and local businesses, and growing a truly sustainable local economy is creating local quality jobs. The City needs to establish the policies, zoning and incentive programs to facilitate employment clusters in the optimal locations to host those quality local jobs. Chula Vista's portfolio of quality homes and amenities rival or surpass the best in the region; schools, parks, recreation, healthcare, public safety, and beautiful communities are what have sustained the demand for housing. However, Chula Vista lags behind in providing quality job options for those local residents. A quality local job can help build the kind of prosperity that increases home ownership, puts positive pressure on existing home values, and builds equity in the most significant investment most families make. A quality local job for residents also reduces the need for commuting and allows residents to potentially redirect those resources into family, civic engagement and innovation investments. It can also reduce traffic congestion for business services, visitors and those residents that continue to commute.

That impact from the lack of quality jobs and a jobs housing balance is demonstrated locally by a comparison to communities in the County that have; similar median household incomes, similar housing portfolios, similar infrastructure and the quality amenities Chula Vista offers. Communities that are otherwise similar to Chula Vista, that also have more high quality employers, more quality jobs per capita and more land or land per-capita dedicated to quality employment, also have other distinguishing economic indicators.

Their property values, business-to-business and business-to-consumer transaction levels are higher, and the range and rate of supporting businesses like hotels and product suppliers are more robust. Yet these jurisdictions do not all have all of what Chula Vista has; proximity to water, port and rail infrastructure, as internationally diverse a population, proximity to the volume of consumers or businesses found at the heart of the Mega-region, and substantial room to grow. Even with Chula Vista's advantages, the other

jurisdictions still have higher property values and greater business activity. Local quality jobs are a significant part of the difference.

Improving the jobs housing balance and increasing quality jobs that raise these indicators creates economic value. Value that contributes to funding the services that sustain business infrastructure development and maintenance as well as the amenities that add to the community's quality of life in a more economically diverse and sustainable manner. These economic outcomes contribute those benefits at no additional cost to residents.

The Second challenge is providing the zoning and processing that facilitate private sector investment in delivering the variety and quality of *retail* goods and services, at the right value for residents and visitors. It's also critical that the optimal retail locations be established and preserved. The creation of more quality jobs provides retail and commercial business with the complimentary weekday and daytime customers, and additional business-to-business transactions that improve their economic model and potential for success.

What Chula Vista has in abundance are development opportunities (land) and housing. Quality jobs and their impacts on the consumer base, business-to-business transactions and the multiplier effect address two of the major challenges the City faces in building a sustainable economy that complements our strengths; a great housing portfolio, and land for projected growth.

Staff recommends that this key function be considered as (Yellow) when; A) the policies, practices and incentives are in place to facilitate establishing the quality job, goods and services the program outlines, and B) when quality jobs are established to provide employment *opportunity* for approximately 10% of 83,000 Chula Vista residents that leave the City each day, and C) reducing and/or maintaining the City retail/office space vacancy factors are no more than 110% of the regional average. These key functions would be considered (Green) when A) the quality jobs are established to provide employment *opportunity* for approximately 40% of the 83,000 daily commuters, and B) retail/office space is at or below the county average.

BUSINESS ATTRACTION (Yellow)

The 2013 Business Cluster Study documents the importance of protecting, developing and enhancing employment lands to create quality jobs and a better jobs housing balance in the City. Chula Vista's land in the developing areas zoned Light Industrial (IL) and Commercial for Office Space represent significant potential and are the primary difference between a (Yellow) and (Red) designation in this category. Maximizing the potential for all the City's IL and Commercial Office properties with proximity to multimodal transportation corridors and quality communication, energy and water infrastructure, and particularly those with cluster potential along commercial corridors or in special zones like HUB zones are the critical locations to protect and improve. It's also important to provide pro-active support for the development of these areas as quality job clusters. Attraction to these areas would also be helped significantly by strengthening a business inclusive approach to managing sensitive traffic corridors between Light Industrial (IL) and residential uses and their shared access to highway corridors.

The trend for using industrial buildings for retail or community services, and, the conversion of industrial land to residential and/or commercial land designations continues to be a significant challenge because it reduces the available inventory for locating high quality jobs and further reduces the City's options for achieving a jobs housing balance. The City is also very limited in the number of existing buildings and "shovel ready" building sites that address the current market demand, have the ability to host "campus," office and light manufacturing environments, or large-scale (50,000+ industrial feet) and light industrial manufacturing businesses that can host quality jobs.

The City has a great opportunity to change that trend in the near future with the development of shovel ready parcels in IL and Office Space Commercial properties within Villages 2, 3, 9, the University Park, Innovation District and Millenia. Policies and practices need to pro-actively support their development to a shovel ready stage before they can be appropriately marketed. Ensuring that the Main Street Streetscape and Palomar Gateway Specific Plan improve and compliment these important Light Industrial and HUB Zone designated areas between I-5 and I 805 is also important to existing and future quality employment. Combined, these areas

represent the majority of potential and existing quality job cluster areas that the City needs to establish an economic engine for quality jobs. Chula Vista's IL employment lands represents a very significant portion of the developable industrial property in the region. As quality retail space has become available in the more successful retail centers, it has been quickly filled by tenants like Venga Venga, Savoie, Buffalo Wild Wings, Project Pie, Luna Grill, Chipotle, BevMo, Manna Barbeque and others. This is a testament to the professional management, Commercial Brokerage Community of our best run centers, and the demand that Chula Vista's population represents. The jobs/housing balance, particularly for quality jobs affects the mid-week/daytime traffic needed to secure a strong retail business portfolio and build a better than regional average for attraction. Providing them in the right locations also produces the amenities that help create that sense of place that complements the attraction of quality jobs and building employment clusters.

The Cluster Study has provided critical information that focuses staff on the "best fit" Business Sectors for creating quality jobs and business clusters in Chula Vista as well as the best approaches to marketing the City and communicating with qualified prospects. The Study also identifies the cities "Strengths, Weaknesses and Neutrals" in readiness for attracting and expanding the best fit business sectors. Over the summer of 2014, staff will use the Go-to-Market packaging to conduct a series of local CEO roundtables for three primary purposes; determining their interest and potential for expansion, obtaining their recommendations and support for supply chain members that can help their obtaining productivity, and referrals and recommendations for best approaches to attract other businesses in their sector. Over the next twelve (12) months staff will use those leads to engage the top three (3) to five (5) prospects in each of the six (6) targeted "best fit," Business Sectors. Staff will also begin to engage the top fifty (50) to one hundred (100) businesses in two (2) of the six (6) best fit Business Sectors identified in the study. Additionally, Staff has begun and will continue to work on transitioning Weaknesses and Neutrals identified in the Study to Strengths.

This key function will be considered (Yellow) when;

1) The Business Cluster Study Strategy described

- above is implemented,
- Each of the top 3-5 businesses in each of the 6
 "best fit," business sectors have been successfully
 engaged by the City,
- At least half of the 50-100 businesses in the 2 best fit business clusters have been successfully engaged, and
- 4) Staff has made progress reports to the City Manager and Council for these Go to Market engagement targets.

This key function will be considered (Green) when;

 The job/housing balance <u>trend</u> is positive, estimated to be; the addition of at least 2 business clusters, or equivalent employers that provide approximately 8,000 quality jobs (10% of current commuting daily workforce).

To properly assess progress on quality job creation through Business Retention and Attraction efforts, the City needs better employment data than the selfreported business license data currently provides. At a minimum, the additional data should include an actual number of the private sector jobs at each licensed business, and the number of employees in a range of employment salaries or pay. Better data will provide a more accurate picture of "net conditions," and better inform the next steps for policies, practices and proactive support for attracting quality employers. Economic Development Staff have been working with Finance and the California Employment Development Department (EDD) to establish that data and a year over year data base to quantify changes. Staff is also working with other local agencies to identify and compile reliable, local sources of this data. Additionally, the City has been working more closely with local Real Estate and Site Selection consultants to establish a reliable and consistent source of national and local real estate vacancy, cost and potential employer data that can be used for analysis and attraction programs.

QUALITY JOB CREATION (Red)

Out of the 8,700 licensed private sector businesses within Chula Vista, if a business has more than 20 employees, it is one of the largest 320 employers. Many service and retail jobs have been reduced or eliminated. Business License applications increased for the second consecutive year (1.6%) and employees reported by business licensees were down over 6% from 2012. Over

the past few years, restaurant and other service-related business closures have occurred in almost every small and medium size shopping center and district, and that has had an effect on the supply chain such as restaurant equipment fabrication and supply, even as we strengthen the remaining business and add local businesses.

In December 2012, the City engaged a highly qualified consultant to analyze what the local economy needs to attract, expand, and maintain commercial and industrial businesses that consistently provide quality jobs. That Business Cluster Study also analyzed clusters of complementary businesses that collectively create and attract quality employment. The consultant's analysis provided the research and data that established the framework for economic sustainability by identifying practical, specific business sector targets and the missing resources needed to facilitate the development of the employers and quality jobs to secure that economic base. Staff has begun implementation of the program. Completions of this program's components are the key factors in moving this objective to (Green).

TAX GENERATION (Red)

Chula Vista (municipality) continues to be last or near last in *total* tax generation per capita among San Diego cities and is currently third from last in per capita *sales* tax capture. Chula Vista receives the statutory minimum 1% of taxable sales within the City. That 1% of *sales* tax is a valuable tool for making a regional comparison of taxable transactions that drive prosperity for local brick and mortar businesses.

In 2012, sales tax overtook property tax as the City's largest source of revenue. In addition Chula Vista's sales tax generation continues to be below the county per capita average in 90% or 27 out of 30 retail business sectors selected for an "index" that is used to compare cities to their respective regions throughout California and the United States. The 2013 annual loss or gap in revenues for just those 27 sectors where Chula Vista is below the county average is \$4.3 million. After adjusting for the 3 sectors that Chula Vista is above the county average, the net sales tax revenue gap is reduced to \$1.1 million below the average, still below what the other City demographic indicators suggest as the appropriate rank in sales tax capture for the City. These 30 sectors are "indicators," and not intended to

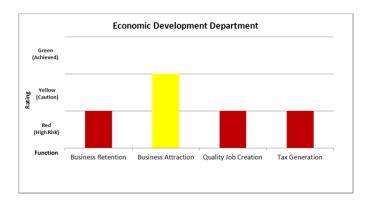
be a comprehensive view of the total business/consumer transaction or revenue picture. The final and complete data for a 2013 comparison is not available at this time, however, Economic Development staff estimates the revenue "gap" for all business sectors at a rate of capture commensurate with the City's demographics to be closer to \$10 million, and that \$10 million gap in revenue corresponds with a \$1 billion gap in business-to-business transactions and prosperity for local businesses.

Matching the goods and services to consumers that close that *sales* tax gap would fund public services at no additional cost to taxpayers. The *sales* tax gap also provides additional evidence that a combination of the jobs housing imbalance (83,000 consumers leaving the City daily for work) and not having the right product, in the right location, at the right value continues to be a part of the City's challenge to building a sustainable economy.

Home ownership in Chula Vista in 2010 (59.5%) was above the County (55.2%) and State (56.7%) average, however, property taxes are down significantly due largely to a regionally-applied reduction in assessed property values conducted by the County Assessor. Property values have experienced a significant recovery without a corresponding correction in valuation by the County Assessor. Additionally, Chula Vista was the last out of the top five Transient Occupancy Tax generating cities in the County in 2013 and approximately 40% below the 4th ranked city.

Staff suggest that improving tax generation in an economically sustainable manner will require a combination of: 1.) creating quality jobs that increase the customer base and size of individual purchases for business-to-consumer transactions; 2.) establishing a sustainable number of retail businesses that provide the quality of goods and services in the right locations to capture at least 65% of the local business-toconsumer, business-to-business transactions, and at least an average share of the regional market; 3.) increasing the ratio of available consumers-to-retail options by increasing residential/consumer density and optimally clustering retail options; 4.) indirectly increasing property values through the increase in quality jobs, median household income and home investment; 5.) assisting the existing TOT generators (hotel/motels) to increase their occupancy and average daily rates, and adding at least 1,000 rooms with average daily rates commensurate with the top four cities in the County, and 6.) establish a culture and understanding among local governments, local businesses and residents that the least costly way to build a sustainable local economy and provide the funding for vital public services is to "Shop Chula Vista NOW."

Staff suggests that this key function will be (Green) when; 1.) the City is capturing at least 65% of the local market for goods and services generating sales and consumption-related taxes, and the City is making up at least 15% of the remaining sales tax gap by capturing regional and south of the border generated transactions. Other key Tax Generation indicators would include; A.) when retail space is at least at 95% market occupancy rate (currently 6.6% vacancy); B.) when single family home vacancies drop below 4% and rental properties drop below 3%, [currently 3.6% homeowner, 4.7% rental]; C.) when the median household income is 10% above the County Median Household Income, [currently \$71,000]; D.) when home ownership exceeds 65%, and E.) when local hotels and motels meet or exceed the regional occupancy and average daily rate and/or an equivalent number of new hotels and motels meeting these objectives are added to the community's portfolio of hospitality options. Staff is working on more reliable data to analyze a range of optimum ratios between residential/consumer density, and number and variety of retailers for establishing a sustainable retail environment.

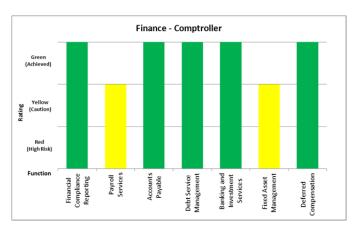


FINANCE DEPARTMENT COMPTROLLER

The Comptroller Division is responsible for the day to day accounting transactions of the City, preparation of the annual financial statements, debt management, annual disclosure requirements, IRS payroll tax compliance, coordination of the annual independent audit, issuing accounts payable checks and processing bi-weekly payroll. The information provided by the Comptroller Division assists City Council, City Management, and the public and other agencies so they can be informed of the City's financial standing.

- <u>Financial Compliance Reporting Function</u> (Green):
 provides financial reports to the public, City
 Departments, and other agencies so they can be in
 compliance with Federal, State, and Local legal
 requirements.
- Payroll Services Function (Yellow): processes biweekly paychecks and prepares various compensation related reports for employees and governmental agencies as required by law. While we are currently meeting deadlines this function is (Yellow) because are at risk of not meeting deadlines due to inadequate staffing coverage and continuing technical problems with the financial system. In order to shift this category into (Green), funding for a business system analyst is needed in order to optimize the use of the City's existing financial system. This will lead to significant process improvements and reliability of our systems benefitting all departments.
- Accounts Payable Function (Green): processes approximately 14,000 payment requests for all City Departments. The division is responsible for reviewing each payment request for proper authorization, documentation and available budget in accordance with City Charter Section 504. While there is room for efficiency and improvement, we are meeting all deadlines without risk.
- <u>Debt Service Management Function</u> (Green):
 provides debt management services for the City
 which involves processing debt payments, annual
 disclosure reporting and information to creditors
 and the public on the status of City bonded
 indebtedness.

- Banking and Investment Services Function (Green):
 provides cash and portfolio management services
 to the City in order to meet daily cash obligations
 and optimize return on investments. We are
 meeting all deadlines without risk.
- Fixed Asset Management (Yellow) provide Capital Asset inventory and reporting services to City Departments so they can safeguard City property and to accurately reflect the asset value in the financial statements. This function is (Yellow) because the Finance Department utilized salary savings and hired an hourly employee who is in the process of finalizing a citywide inventory of fixed assets. These duties will be transitioned to full-time staff on a permanent basis.
- <u>Deferred Compensation Function</u> (*Green*): provides administration and educational services to City employees informing them of tax-deferred savings programs.

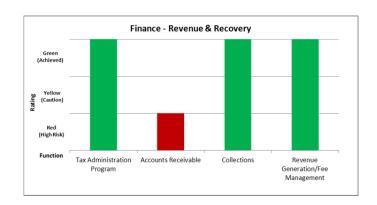


REVENUE & RECOVERY

The Revenue & Recovery Division administers the City's revenue programs including utility taxes, sales taxes, transient occupancy taxes and business licenses taxes; directs and controls the accounting and revenue functions of the City that include bank to book reconciliations and assists in the preparation and monitoring of the City operating budget.

 <u>Tax Administration Program</u> (Green): implements and enforces the tax provisions of the Chula Vista municipal code which includes Sales Tax, Business License Tax, Transient Occupancy Tax, Utility Users Tax, Real Property Transfer Tax and Residential Construction Tax. We are meeting all deadlines without risk.

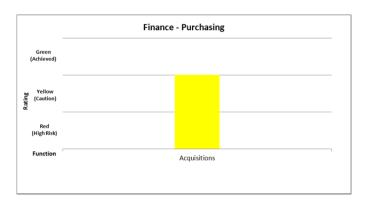
- Accounts Receivable Function (Red): generates invoices, revenue reports and collection services for the City. The Accounts Receivable (A/R) function is (Red) due to continued financial system challenges. In order to move this function to (Green), the Finance Department recently hired a consultant to assess the overall financial system (accounting software) which includes A/R. An implementation plan for some of the consultant's recommendations is currently under development. As previously discussed, in order to implement all of the recommendations, the department will request funding for business system analyst services in the coming fiscal year.
- Collections Function (Green): Previous reductions in staffing levels limited the Revenue & Recovery Division's ability to actively pursue city wide collections and led to a rating of (Yellow) in the past. In order to move this function into the (Green) category, the Department contracted with a full service collection agency to pursue delinquent accounts that are over 60 days delinquent. Delinquent accounts in several program areas are being regularly turned over to the collection agency, resulting in increased collection rates. Full implementation is projected by the end of calendar year 2014.
- Revenue Generation/Fee Management Function (Green): is the lead in updating the City's Master Fee Schedule. The Master Fee Schedule provides details for the various fees charged by the City for services provided to residents and customers. The function recently improved from (Yellow) as a result of shifting an analyst position from the Budget & Analysis Division to Revenue & Recovery who supports the coordination and analysis required to update City fees in a timely manner.



PURCHASING

The purpose of the Purchasing Division is to provide acquisition services to City staff so they can obtain products and services at best value.

Function Acquisitions (Yellow): provides procurement and related services to City Departments so they can obtain required products and services for the best value in a timely manner. This function is (Yellow) because of lengthy processes to get products/services to departments as well as limitations in ensuring the best prices for the City due to limitations in the accounting software and 50% reductions in staff over the past five years. In order to move this function into (Green), the department is including this process in the systems review project and looking at implementing Workflow, another feature of the accounting software. In addition, the purchasing process is being reviewed through the continuous improvement program.

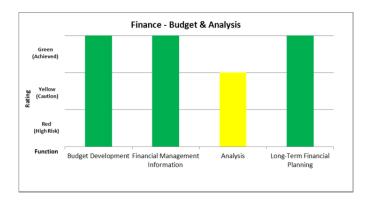


BUDGET AND ANALYSIS

The purpose of the Budget and Analysis Division is to provide budget development, strategic planning, and analysis services to the City Council, City Manager, and departments so they can make informed decisions that: better align resources with citizen needs, improve operational efficiency and contribute to the overall financial health of the City.

- Budget Development Function (Green): is to provide budget development, reporting, and support services to the City Council, City Manager, and departments so they can make timely and accurate performance-based budgetary decisions that are aligned with Council priorities, demonstrate sound financial planning, and strengthen public accountability and trust.
- <u>Financial Management Information Function</u>
 <u>(Green)</u>: provides financial reports to the City Council, the City Manager, and Department Heads so they can be informed as to the current and projected financial status of the City. (i.e. quarterly fiscal status reports and monthly fiscal status reports)
- Analysis Function (Yellow): is to provide fiscal and operational analysis services to the City Council, City Manager and departments so they can make informed decisions that improve operational efficiency and contribute to the overall financial health of the City. This function is (Yellow) due to the operating departments limited ability to provide analytical support as a result of the elimination of analyst positions in those departments over the past few years. This has impacted the Budget & Analysis division due to the significant increase in analysis and departmental support required over the past few years. The division worked continuously through the fiscal crisis to identify budget balancing strategies in order to keep the City budget balanced and avoid impacting the City's reserves. In addition, the division was involved in costing analysis for ongoing labor negotiations and analysis of continued high profile projects. We anticipate that this function may move into (Green) as the City's financial condition improves and the need to provide ongoing budget balancing strategies is reduced.

Long-Term Financial Planning Function (Green): involves the development of the City's Five Year Financial Forecast as well as the City's Fiscal Recovery & Progress Plan. The Division has embarked on the development of the City's Long-Term Financial Plan. In 2014, the data collection and analysis is taking place in order to create the Long-Term Financial Plan.



FIRE DEPARTMENT OPERATIONS DIVISION

Emergency response can be broken down into three areas: Dispatch, Turn-out, and Response Time. Each of these areas depends on different indicators and is budgeted for separately.

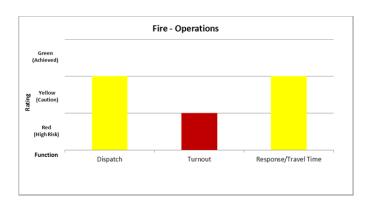
Dispatch: Less than 1 minute (Yellow)

This is done through a contract with San Diego Dispatch and should not include an increase in the budgeted contract. Service level now is over by about 30 seconds. The implementation of FirstWatch software in FY15 will give operations real time data to monitor, which should improve performance. This will be improved with a change in the performance of the contract during the next negotiations with San Diego in the coming year.

• Turnout: Less than 1 minute(Red)

This is the time it takes for crews to don their protective gear and respond out of the station to a call. The current response is over 2 minutes and as a result we are not meeting our GMOC response standards. The implementation of FirstWatch software in FY15 will give operations real time data to monitor, which should improve performance. Currently there are not any indicators in the station to notify them of their progress. A new budget item will be requested to install Andon lights or timers in each station along with monthly status reports to each station.

Response/Travel Time: Less than 4 minutes (Yellow) The 4 minute response time threshold was the standard for half of the year. We met the 4 minute response time standard about 70% instead of the 90% suggested by national standards. The new threshold adopted through the Fire Facility Master Plan changed to 5 minutes in January. Since then we met the 5 minute response time standard about 76%. Implementation of the new Fire Facility Master Plan will enhance these levels to the 90th percentile. The implementation of FirstWatch software in FY15 will give operations real time data to monitor, which should improve performance.



TRAINING DIVISION

100% of mandatory training completed annually (Yellow)

The Department is currently reviewing compliance for mandatory training and will be evaluating the training requirements through the upcoming operational review.



PREVENTION DIVISION

 General Use Certificate Inspections: Complete new business license inspections within one month of application receipt (Yellow)

The Fire Department General Use Certificates (GUC) are provided to each new business applying for a business license. It was previously reported that a part-time position was approved to help perform said inspections. Subsequently, the position was placed in the budget as a full-time permanent position and was hired in May 2012. The new inspector has been performing other inspection types, such as, annual school and permits, reducing capacity for GUC inspections. GUC inspections are partly being performed by the FTE and hourly Interns (future Fire Prevention Aides). The Division also has two team members on

light-duty that have had a negative impact on productivity. Once the staff can dedicate more time to this function it should move to green.

<u>Fire Company Inspection Program: Percent of FCIP inspections completed annually (Green)</u>

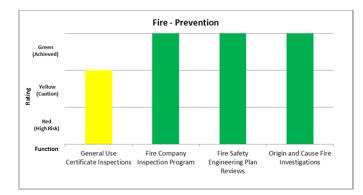
The Fire Company Inspection Program (FCIP) inspection assignments are divided amongst geographical districts and shifts. Further, the assignments are provided on a quarterly basis. At this time, all FCIP inspections are tracking to be completed before the end of the calendar year. Additionally, inspections are now completed on Department iPad minis. This has helped improve efficiency, specifically data entry.

Fire Safety Engineering Plan Reviews: Conduct plan reviews within established time frames 90% of the time(Green)

The established time frames vary based upon the permit types (i.e. tenant improvement, residential, commercial, etc.). At this time, the reviews are being completed at the 95th percentile.

Prevention to perform origin and cause fire investigations for 100% of fires as defined under the policy (Green)

This performance measure includes all fires being investigated by a trained Fire Investigator from the Fire Prevention Division. At this time, Prevention Fire Investigators only investigate origin and cause fire investigations as defined under the policy. The current policy limits the fires that Investigators respond to. This policy was set in place to create a manageable workload and help limit overtime. The department's goal is to have all fires be investigated by a trained Investigator. This would require additional resources.



ADMINISTRATIVE DIVISION

Purchasing (Yellow)

Provides procurement and related services to all Divisions of the Department. Processes payments and obtains required insurance documents for all vendors as specified by the Department of Finance's insurance requirements. Works with Department of Finance to ensure lowest cost while meeting all safety requirements. The Department hired two hourly Office Specialists to process and manage all purchase order requisitions, and to serve as the liaison for the department with vendors and the Finance Department. Furthermore, this measure has improved from Red to Yellow this fiscal year through the department hiring a Principal Management Analyst. This position oversees the purchasing unit and ensures funds are spent according to budget, as well as, review and approve purchase requisitions and backup documentation.

Contracts(Yellow)

The Department is responsible for several contracts with various vendors. These include purchasing, shared services, mutual aid, automatic aid, and fees for service contracts. Contracts are now managed by the Principal Management Analyst, which means all contracts are centralized. Oversight has improved during the last year and this function should move to green in the near future.

Payroll (Green)

This function processes biweekly payroll for all Divisions of the Department. A recent change which eliminated the paper system and moved us to using the fully automated "Telestaff" system has greatly improved the efficiency of the process. Additionally, the Principal Management Analyst reviews the biweekly payroll processed and any corrections are done prior to payroll being finalized. This add a layer of control to payroll processing to eliminate errors.

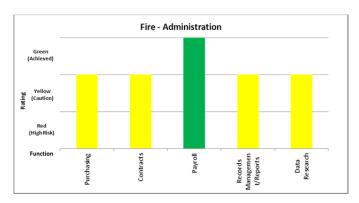
Records Management/Reports(Yellow)

Management of the RMS reports to both State and Federal authorities. This function manages our day to day incident reports. This function also facilitates our regulatory and legal compliance with HIPPA and other mandates. Monthly reports are

generated for compliance to GMOC and NFPA Standards relating to Operational Responses. This function also responds to public requests under the Public Information Act. Due to other responsibilities this function has been delayed in meeting goals and needs for the Department.

<u>Data Research</u>(Yellow)

This function collects and analyzes data related to emergency response and fire prevention activities. Software is used to determine the best suitable locations for future Fire Stations (Fire Facility Master Plan) and project unit placement. This function also develops best suitable locations for the phased in implementation of the new Advanced Life Support Program. Due to other responsibilities this function has been delayed in meeting goals and needs for the Department.



HUMAN RESOURCES DEPARTMENT HUMAN RESOURCES OPERATIONS

Recruitment & Selection (Green)

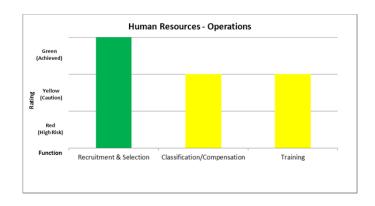
Recruitments are monitored from when the recruitment is assigned to the establishment of the eligibility list. The department is meeting the goal to complete recruitments in less than 60 days from assignment to analyst to establishment of an eligibility list. The service level is considered (Green) if the recruitment is completed in less than 60 days, (Yellow) if the recruitment falls between 60 to 90 days to complete, (Red) if the recruitment is over 90 days.

Classification / Compensation (Yellow)

Classification reviews from departments are analyzed and a recommendation is completed within 60 days of receipt. This service level is considered (Yellow) because it is currently taking the department approximately close to 90 days to complete the assignment. The service level is considered (Green) if the classification review is completed in less than 60 days, (Yellow) if the review completion falls between 60 to 90 days to complete, and (Red) if the classification review is over 90 days. We have 27 pending reclassification requests. In January, we filled our vacant analyst position that was approved last year and backlog requests are being addressed. The previously mentioned Human Resource Analyst will also prepare compensation data for 110 benchmark positions required for the negotiations process.

<u>Training (Yellow)</u>

We currently provide the minimum requirement of mandatory training. Training is an area the City has fallen short due to the reduction in staff, with the analyst current workload in-house training will continue at service level (Yellow). This function would be considered (Green) if we were able to provide staff training in the areas of supervisory training, leadership development, individual development and advanced software training. In absence of being able to provide this proactive training directly, we pass on information on free trainings offered by partner agencies.



BENEFITS

Offer Comprehensive Benefits (Green)

Developing a comprehensive benefit program is essential to attract and retain well-qualified employees. The City has continually offered benefits that are at the same level, if not better, compared to other public sectors. The City's benefit program includes: Cafeteria Plan (medical, dental, vision, Flexible Spending Accounts), life disability insurance, insurance, **Employee** Assistance Program (EAP), Professional Enrichment Program, Wellness Program, CalPERS/PARS and Unemployment (EDD).

Develop and Implement a Wellness Strategy (Green)

Studies have shown that a strong and healthy workforce results in greater productivity, lower health costs and increased employee satisfaction. Our employees play a role in the health of our community. By supporting wellness and healthy outcomes for our City employees we can set an example and support a healthy community. Over the past year we have completed the first phase of equipping the Civic Center Employee Fitness The center has been painted with Center. energizing colors and a Grid Workout system, stability balls, mats, and an air circulating fan were installed. All of this was done with funds obtained from SANDPIPA. The Citywide wellness initiative is well on its way. The efforts are being led by a group of committed employees. The initiative has been named "City of Chula Vista-Wellness Works". To date lunch time walking groups have been encouraged and Friday horseshoes. Thanks to the Recreation Department Parkway Gym is open a couple of days a week at lunch time for volleyball, basketball and swimming. The committee has created their mission statement and goals for the first year. Monthly wellness topics are being promoted. The committee will continue to develop innovative ways to get employees involved. Some of these may involve incentives that will most likely require additional resources to achieve.

 Administration of Retiree Health Plan for retirees and their dependents, and COBRA continuation plan (health, dental, vision, Flexible Spending Accounts (FSA) and Employee Assistance Program (EAP)) (Green)

Retired employees are eligible to continue to participate in the City's medical insurance plans at their own cost. Retirees and other former employees and qualified dependents are also allowed to participate in certain benefit plans (health, dental, vision, flexible spending accounts and our Employee Assistance Program) again at their own cost for a period of time prescribed by law. The administration of the Retiree Health Plan was brought back in-house effective January 1, 2013. After reviewing the processes using the tools of continuous improvement it was determined that efficiencies and service levels improvements would be achieved by doing so. It was also determined that the administration of the COBRA plans is still better served by contracting with a third party administrator.

Ensure compliance with employee benefit laws and regulations (Green)

To date, the City's benefit program is in compliance with federal and state laws, including the health care reform act.

Data processing and maintenance (Yellow)

This includes employee payroll set-up, differential pay, benefit coverage updates, retirement set-up (PARS and CalPERS) and fiscal/calendar year-end updates. Although payroll transactions are processed in a timely manner, we do not have resources to carry out periodic audit functions.

Programs and applications are available to better manage employee benefits. To streamline benefit processes, we need to implement the recommendations from Leckey Consulting's assessment report. Service level would be (Green)

if we can fund IFAS programming modifications and devote staff to implement changes.

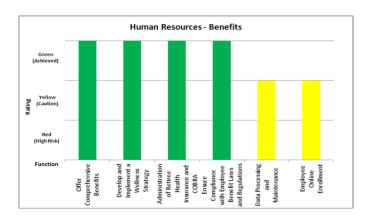
Employee Online Enrollment (Yellow)

The City currently maintains a web-based system where employees are able to make their benefit elections, access and make changes to their personal information. The system currently used, "Employee Online (EO)" is a product of SunGard. In 2006 when the system was implemented EO was chosen because of its relation to IFAS, our payroll and accounting system, and initially it served our purposes.

It has become increasingly more challenging to customize the system to accommodate the complexity of the unique and multiple benefit plan designs of each employee group. Every change, no matter how minor, requires hours of HR and IT staff time in addition to the amount charged by SunGard to make the changes. Additionally the time and resources spent have not always produced solutions.

Automation of benefit enrollment and administrative functions has allowed us to continue to function within our budget and limited staffing. However, the current system has made it extremely difficult to keep up with the increasing complexity and ever changing federal and state requirements of benefits administration.

Service level will be (Green) if we can replace or upgrade online employee benefit system in order to achieve full operational excellence and to be able to provide quality customer service to our employees and our partners in benefits administration, such as the Finance and IT Departments.



RISK MANAGEMENT

Management of Tort Claims against the City (Green)

This includes the initial intake and investigation of claims against the City; responding as statutorily required; settling within authorized limits; coordinating defense with in-house and outside counsel; and reporting to and working with excess insurers to comply with all requirements in order to preserve coverage.

The investigation of claims is thorough and the defense of claims is aggressive and all reporting is compliant with requirements.

Administration of the Insurances procured to protect the City's Assets (Green)

This includes maintenance and provision of all information needed by insurers to underwrite coverage policies; coordinating with departments to ensure that Risk Management is advised of the losses so that they can be reported in a timely manner to insure recovery on losses.

Outside departments are reporting losses and supporting documentation immediately to Risk Management in order to maintain property inventories so that all assets are covered by insurance.

• Insurance in Contracts (Green)

Risk Management reviews the insurance provisions in contracts the City generates or enters into to ensure that the requirements transfer risk in the way that most protects the City. Additionally, Risk Management obtains evidence of insurance required of the City in contracts.

Disability Management (Green)

This function serves as a liaison between injured employees, their departments, medical providers and our third party administrators for workers compensation (Tristar Risk Management), shortand long-term benefit providers (Unum and Cigna as of 1/1/13) to ensure that injuries are reported in compliance with applicable laws, that claims are investigated to determine whether they are work that communication between department, the injured employee and the treating physician are maintained in order to identify ways of returning the employee to some type of work within their limitations so that they may remain a productive part of our workforce. In addition the Disability Management function ensures that the City follows all applicable leave laws: Family Medical Leave Act (FMLA), California Family Rights Act (CFRA), and Pregnancy Disability Leave which due to their nature are complex and convoluted. The department is meeting all requirements in this function. However, staff is aware that there are many manual processes in this area that should be reviewed for improvement. Greater efficiencies could free up staff time more aggressively carry out promulgated Return recently Work/Transitional Duty program.

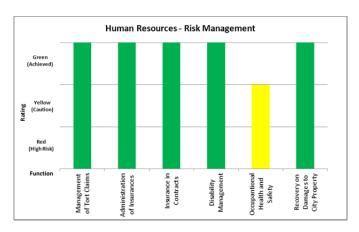
Occupational Health and Safety (Yellow)

This program ensures that the City is compliant with all CalOSHA requirements and identifies and provides education, corrective measures, personal protective equipment to prevent injuries to employees and the public. For the most part Safety staff has been able to keep up with the requirements. The area of this program that brings it to a yellow status is that the City is behind in two of the major components of OSHA compliance: record keeping, and follow-up and documentation of corrective actions. Additionally, the City's Injury Illness and Prevention Plan (IIPP) that was drafted in the 1990's is in need of updating and dissemination amongst the workforce.

Recovery on Damages to City Property (Green) This function pursues restitution either from the

perpetrator or their insurance when the City has suffered damages to its property or staffing

resources impacts have resulted from the third party's action. Staff works with other City departments to obtain reports and estimates of the damages incurred. This program recovers approximately \$200,000 per fiscal year. The funds collected reimburse DUI response staff costs and provide revenue to pay for repairs incurred. These recoveries benefit many City funds including the General Fund, the Central Garage Fund, and Open Space funds. It is anticipated that efforts working with an outside collection firm, in concert with the Finance Department will increase the dollars collected.



INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY SERVICES OPERATIONS & TELECOMMUNICATIONS (Green)

Operations & Telecommunications provides planning, support and maintenance of the City's voice communication systems. This service level is considered (Green) based on survey results of telecommunication users that report they have the communications tools available to do their job most or all of the time.

PROGRAMMING AND APPLICATION SUPPORT – CUSTOM APPLICATIONS (Green)

Programming and Application Support provides design, management, and support for custom software applications.

The service level for programming and support of custom applications is considered (Green) based on survey results of custom application users that responded that ITS responded in a reasonable length of time, and the custom application developed by staff met their needs.

PROGRAMMING AND APPLICATION SUPPORT – SUPPORT OF 3RD PARTY SOFTWARE (Yellow)

Programming and Application Support provides design, management, and support for 3rd party software.

The service level for support of 3rd party software is considered (Yellow). It would be considered (Green) if we were able to be proactive and implement additional software features that allow users to take full advantage of the software being used. This would require additional dedication to application support staff.

HELP DESK RESPONSE (Yellow)

There are 4 different types of Priority calls and the overall response time for all calls. Staff strives to handle Priority 1 emergency calls within 4 hours, Priority 2 normal calls within 1 business day, and Priority 3 and 4 calls within 3 business days. Staff has been doing well for emergency calls and normal calls. We have also replaced about 650 computers and laptops and updated office production software. There is still a minor delay in priority 3, and 4 calls. While much of the delay is caused by the reduction in staff. Response times will improve once we have replaced the older computers with new ones. The City will enter into a lease agreement with Dell for 50 computer and refresh every four years to keep current on software and operating system. ITS will be replacing the oldest

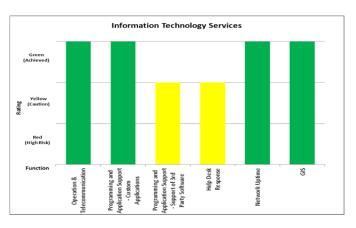
computers in the City. Recent inventory shows 75 computers city wide remain to be replaced, those will be replaced during calendar year 2014. The new WebHelpDesk will streamline the trouble ticket process

NETWORK UPTIME (Green)

We operate over 90 servers citywide and strive to have them up and running at least 99.9% of the time. This would mean that each server would need to be up and running 2,077 out of the approximately 2,080 working hours per year. For full time servers (Police Dispatch, Firewall, etc.) this would mean that they would need to be up 8,751 hours out of the 8,760 per year. Staff exceeded those threshold 12 months out of the 12 months in calendar year 2013. The average for calendar year 2012 was been 99.87%, which means that most systems have been available for 2,070 out of 2,080 hours and the full time servers were up 8,747 out of 8,760 hours per year. We have been able to maintain this level of service because we have upgraded many of the servers and configure virtual server for most applications.

GEOGRAPHIC INFORMATION SYSTEMS (GIS) (Green)

The GIS Section provides GIS data and mapping support to all Departments. We currently have 3 full time GIS Specialists who assist in maintaining our GIS databases. Although GIS meets or exceeds current staff expectations, we are collaborating with agencies in the South Bay to possibly provide GIS support and find more efficient ways to exchange and maintain our GIS database. Sharing GIS data and resources between agencies will result in a better product for staff and the general public.



LIBRARY

ACCESS

Open Hours

The Library needs to be open in order to provide books and materials, trained and friendly assistance, and a safe community gathering place for study, meeting and community outreach.

Service level goals are based on national norms, patterns of local public use, and input from residents and elected officials.

(Green) = 7 days a week, 4 evenings a week, with at least 52 hours of service per week per branch (Yellow) = 6 days, 2 or 3 evenings, with between 52 and 40 hours of service per week per branch (Red) = 5 days, 40 hours or less per outlet

Civic Center Branch open hours (Green) South Chula Vista Branch open hours (Green) Otay Ranch Branch open hours (Yellow)

Space (Red)

Adequate space per person is needed to allow access to the basics of tables and chairs for study, shelving to house and manage an adequate collection of materials, space for necessary computers, opportunities for study, meetings and gathering places, community information display and distribution, children's story times, activities and early learning support.

Square foot per person, based on Growth Management Oversight Commission (GMOC) standards and library best practices. However, there is also a County Library Branch (Bonita) on City owned land that services the residents in the area.

(Green) = 0.5 to 0.7 square foot per capita (Yellow) = 0.4 to 0.5 per capita (Red) = below 0.4 per capita

Chula Vista Public Library System = 0.386 (Red)

Staff Assistance (Red)

The Library is not a self-service institution. Trained staff are needed to assist, guide, direct, interface with computers, present literacy and early learning experiences, train and evaluate volunteers, provide class visits, and perform outreach and represent the City to community groups and organizations.

Population served per FTE staff:

Statewide mean = 3,492 population served per FTE staff

(Source: California State Library, California Library Statistics 2012)

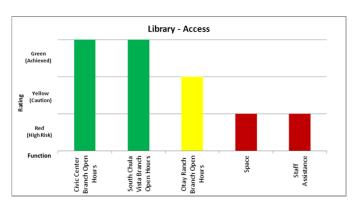
(Green) = 3,492 (statewide mean)

(Yellow) = 4,365 (exceeds statewide mean by 25%)

(Red) = 5,238 (exceeds statewide mean by 50%)

Chula Vista Public Library System= 12,165

FTE @Chula Vista Public Library = 36.25



COLLECTION (Yellow)

The Library's goal is to provide a comprehensive, responsive and current collection of physical and virtual resources.

Materials spending per capita

Statewide mean = \$2.68

(Source: California State Library. California Library Statistics 2012)

(Green) = \$2.68 (statewide mean)

(Yellow) = \$2.01 (75% of statewide mean)

(Red) = \$1.34 (50% of statewide mean)

Chula Vista Public Library System= \$1.42 (Yellow)



INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY (Green)

The Library's goal is to provide up-to-date technology that responds to the needs of the residents.

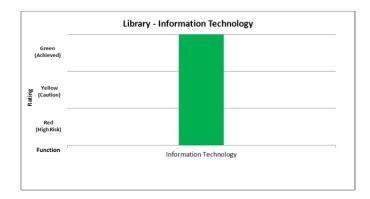
• Computers per 1,000 population

Statewide mean = 0.46

(Source: California State Library. California Library Statistics 2012)

(Green) = 0.46 (statewide mean) (Yellow) = 0.18 (40th percentile) (Red) = 0.14 (25th percentile)

Chula Vista Public Library System= 0.53 (Green)



MARKETING AND COMMUNICATIONS MARKETING AND COMMUNICATIONS PROGRAM (Yellow)

The City of Chula Vista implements a proactive, informative, creative, and innovative marketing and The Office communications program. Communications coordinates this program which supports the wide-ranging initiatives and activities for the City of Chula Vista. A Marketing Communications Plan guides these efforts, and elements of the plan also are included and tracked as part of the City's Strategic Plan. Key elements of this plan include implementation of a branding/marketing program, community engagement efforts, strategic alliances, Web and social media programs, media relations, and process improvements for internal and external customers. Progress has been made in the last two years, so this is at (Yellow) status. As more elements are implemented, this will move to (Green) status.

COMMUNITY ENGAGEMENT (Yellow)

The City of Chula Vista implements a proactive community engagement, outreach, and participation program. These efforts include involving residents in the decision-making process, providing information to the public, holding public meetings, updating and enhancing our Web site, expanding our social media program, and implementing innovative solutions to communicating with and getting information from residents and stakeholders. This effort involves developing strategic alliances with South Bay and regional community stakeholders, representatives of agencies and organizations, marketing, communications, print and broadcast media representatives, and business leaders. Progress has been made in the last two years, but remains (Yellow) as elements continue to be developed.

CITY OF CHULA VISTA PROGRAMS AND SERVICES (Yellow)

The Office of Communications provides strategic and creative communications, marketing, graphic design, and web services for numerous programs and services. The team assists staff in their efforts to promote City services, provide public education, engage communities, build media awareness, and enhance economic development in Chula Vista. Marketing, communications, and graphics support will be provided to:

- Expand Economic Development activities through the implementation of the "Shop Chula Vista Now" campaign and social media program
- Develop branding and collateral for economic "Go to Market" program
- Develop and implement program to promote existing City assets and attractions
- Retain quality local special events and pursue larger-scale public events to attract local and regional audiences
- Collaborate with other stakeholders to enhance tourism in the City of Chula Vista
- Streamline and enhance special events and film production in the City
- Continue to promote the Library, Parks and Recreation, CLEAN program, Public Safety, and other City programs
- Expand involvement with communications professionals through the South County Alliance of Marketing Professionals (SCAMP)
- Redesign and introduce a new City Web site
- Enhance and expand social media efforts to benefit all City programs

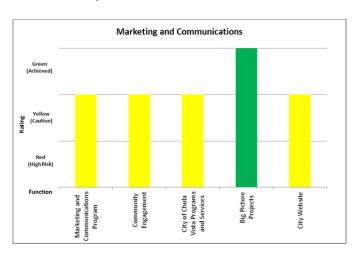
There have been a number of successes to report in the last two years. Programs have been developed, social media has greatly expanded and collaborations have increased. This will move from (Yellow) to (Green) as more elements are implemented.

BIG PICTURE PROJECTS (Green)

The City of Chula Vista is developing a number of projects that will transform the City. Each of these projects requires communications and marketing efforts to be implemented in collaboration with other agencies, business and community organizations, residents, and other stakeholders. The Office of Communications provides strategic and creative communications and graphic design support for the Chula Vista Bayfront Master Plan, University and Innovation Center, Millenia Project, Third Avenue revitalization, and other projects. A strong collaboration has been established with the Port of San Diego and other entities to advance the Bayfront Master Plan.

CITY WEBSITE (Yellow)

The City is in the final stages of developing the new City website. The website will help promote and market Chula Vista's assets and attractions. Next fiscal year we will train city staff on updating web pages, use new features to enhance social media, access to public broadcast of council meetings, community engagement, public participation, and two-way communication. The new website will serve as a tool to market the City.



POLICE DEPARTMENT

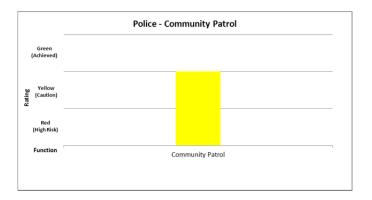
COMMUNITY PATROL (Yellow)

Responding to citizen's calls for service in a timely manner and providing quality police service are primary functions of the Community Patrol Division. Response times to Priority One calls for service have returned to Growth meeting the Management Oversight Commission (GMOC) response threshold standards, however, the department has not been able to meet the GMOC response time thresholds for Priority Two calls for service. The department is currently working with the GMOC to adjust the priority response time thresholds to meet industry norms. These adjustments will be included in the GMOC's Top-to-Bottom threshold review which is hoped to be presented to the City Council in Fall 2014. As was reported last year, the Department commissioned a staffing study which recommended that the department should maintain approximately 40% average proactive patrol time. Through various changes to the Patrol Division via scheduling and various management changes, the Community Patrol Division has been able to increase the availability of proactive time from a low of 21%; to nearly 34%. Although this is an overall increase in proactive time, the availability of proactive time during the peak patrol hours (8AM - 8 PM), remains low. The Department has been able to secure funding to meet the recommendation of adding five Community Service Officer (CSO) positions which allows the department to redirect low priority calls for service to these civilian positions and free up officers to focus on high priority calls for service. At this point, the Department has hired three of the five CSO's, with two additional CSO's being currently recruited. Additionally, the Department has begun implementation of the new Security Alarm Ordinance which seeks to significantly reduce the number of false security alarms throughout the City, thereby freeing up officers to respond to higher priority calls for service. Staff estimates the new ordinance being fully implemented in May 2014.

With 22 total sworn vacancies, the department has placed a high priority on hiring new officers. Beyond the current vacancies, the Department is expecting a sizeable number of retirements throughout 2014. The Department also expects a number of vacancies in the sworn classifications due to employees accepting positions in various law enforcement agencies in San Diego County. This could further exacerbate the staffing issues if the Department is unable to recruit and hire

officers in a timely manner (A discussion regarding hiring is below in "Employee Services"). The overall function is (Yellow) considering the operational changes that are being implemented and resources are already budgeted for this function.

While sworn officer vacancies and a high volume of service retirements continue as challenges, Chula Vista remains among the safest cities in the country with populations over 200,000. According to FBI the Uniform Crime Statistics for 2013, the total overall crime rate in Chula Vista increased by only 2.0% in 2013. However by comparison, the 2013 crime rate remained 2% lower than 2009 figures.

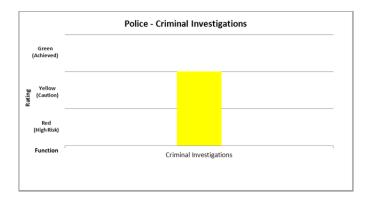


CRIMINAL INVESTIGATIONS (Yellow)

The Criminal Investigations Division is comprised of General and Special Operations detectives charged with investigating various felony and misdemeanor crime cases and providing detailed crime reports to the San Diego District Attorney's Office (or other judicial authority) for prosecution. The overall function is (Yellow) due to high caseloads, increased expectations stakeholders (Community members prosecutors), as well as position reductions in detective staffing over the last seven years. In 2007, five of the ten property crimes detectives were eliminated and one family protection unit detective was frozen. The reductions have negatively impacted the division's ability to investigate both lower level felony and misdemeanor cases. A majority of property crimes are only proactively investigated if they become series related and evidence of suspect identity is discovered. Reductions continued in 2010 with the elimination of a Special Operations Lieutenant, and two Narcotics Enforcement Team positions thus reducing the Departments effectiveness in dealing with narcotic

related complaints received by the community. In 2013, the Special Operations Division eliminated another five detectives in regional task forces thereby reducing our presence and influence to investigate organized and cross border related crimes.

The second phase of the Matrix report was completed last calendar year and there were various recommendations for staffing changes in the Criminal Investigations Division. The changes have not been implemented yet.



SUPPORT OPERATIONS (Yellow)

The Support Operations Division is a newly created division within the Police Department which was added when a third Police Captain position was filled in Fiscal Year 2014. This division provides operational support to both the Patrol Operations and Criminal Investigations divisions. The Support Operations Division houses the Professional Standards Unit, City Jail, Forensic and Evidence and Property Units, and Police Dispatch. These units all provide direct support to the field officers and detectives. The overall function is (Yellow) due to the critical staffing needs in Police Dispatch and the ongoing recruitment challenges in Employee Services; both of which are high priority functions in the Police Department.

• Community Engagement (Green)

The Police Department conducts a variety of community outreach functions in order to ensure that the Police Department is responsive to the needs of our diverse community, and that important information is relayed to residents regarding crime and disorder issues throughout the community. This function is (Green), although it should be noted that the department does not currently conduct any formalized community-wide

survey to ascertain what the citizens feel are important issues in terms of crime and disorder in their neighborhoods. This type of survey would help the department set overarching goals to address these issues.

• <u>Employee Services</u> (Yellow)

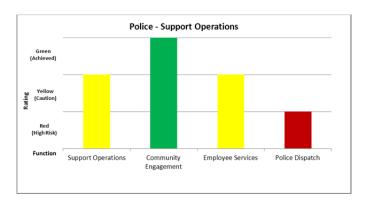
The Professional Standards Unit is responsible for personnel recruiting, background investigations and hiring for the Police Department. The Unit is also responsible for training and internal affairs investigations. This function is currently (Yellow). Currently there are 22 vacancies (as of April 16, 2014) in sworn staff which has a significant effect on the Department's ability to achieve proactive patrol time targets. Although the Department has taken steps to increase the number of staff in Professional Standards, the workload involved in successfully recruiting qualified candidates, and conduct thorough and detailed background investigations, impact the unit's ability to meet hiring goals. The unit recently implemented new applicant tracking software which significantly reduces the amount of staff time spent entering applicant information into a database, thereby freeing up background investigators to spend time actively working on the background rather than doing clerical functions.

Additionally, the Professional Standards Unit is responsible for coordinating mandatory qualifications and training for the Department. The Professional Standards unit was successful in securing a full time Police Training Specialist to coordinate the variety of training issues throughout the Department. Funding for training remains an issue for the Department especially in light of reduced funding from the State of California. Since police work is a high liability function, training is a critical component to the overall risk reduction for the City. Further erosion of training funds will mean reduced training, and potentially more liability claims against the City. This function will directly impact Community Patrol in a positive manner if addressed with adequate resources.

Police Dispatch (Red)

The Police Dispatch unit provides critical communication between officers in the field, and citizens reporting emergencies to the Department.

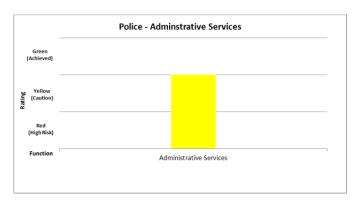
The unit currently has two frozen positions and is facing some of the same staffing issues that Community Patrol does. There are several retirements anticipated within the next year and the hiring process for Dispatchers is much like a Police Recruit, with long training cycles after hire. Therefore, when a vacancy occurs, it could take up to one year before a new hire is capable to work as a Dispatcher. Current staffing levels also offer no flexibility in terms of being able to absorb leave use by dispatchers. Each time leave is used, the vacancy must be filled by overtime. This is putting additional stress on dispatchers as they work longer hours, and have less down time from an already stressful job. There are also several information technology related issues related to the Computer Aided Dispatch (CAD) system that continues to cause operational issues for the dispatchers. The Department considers these IT issues as critical as they affect the ability of dispatchers to operate the CAD system which is used to track each incident that is called into the Police Department. Much of this information is critical to officer safety.



ADMINISTRATIVE SERVICES (Yellow)

The Administrative Services Division provides workload support to all three divisions in the Police Department. This includes Technology, Records, Research and Analysis. The overall function is (Yellow) due to minimal staffing levels in each section of this division as well as technology needs throughout the Department. The Department remains resolute for the need a manager level position to oversee the Departments Security and Technology needs. The Department is facing multiple high-level technology projects that will require the skill and experience of a manager who thoroughly understands law enforcement technology needs. These projects include replacement of the aging Mobile Data Computer fleet (over seven years old), implementation

of the new federally mandated Advanced Authentication protocol, replacement and upgrades of various police related software programs, as well as future replacements of the Computer Aided Dispatch (CAD) system and new radio system.



PUBLIC WORKS

STREETS SECTION (Red)

City crews respond to service requests related to failures in the roadway including pavement, curbs & gutters, sidewalks, fences and railings. They also respond to requests for removal of graffiti, litter, and other debris in the Public Right of Way. These requests are prioritized by considering health, safety, and protection of property. Current staffing generally provides for adequate response to health and safety issues. Tasks are almost exclusively in reaction to complaints, as opposed to being proactive. Thereby leaving City crews with limited time to proactively perform preventative maintenance or preservation strategies. We currently utilize the Roadway Management System (RMS) to spread the limited funding in the most effective way so as to minimize overall deterioration of the roadway assets.

To determine the level of service of the various section responsibilities, staff is tracking the following performance measures:

Goal: 95% of priority 1 "work orders" are completed within two working days. Currently we are achieving that turn around target 88% of the time;

Goal: 95% of priority 2 "work orders" are completed 10 working days of notification.

Roadway Maintenance (Red)

In the February 2013 Council Workshop, City staff recommended a target Level of Service in terms of the Pavement Condition Index (PCI). Specifically, the recommendation embraced by Council, directs staff to target average PCI's of 80 for Arterials, 75 for collectors and 70 for residential streets. It is estimated that an annual investment of \$11 to \$12M dollars (not including inflation) would achieve and sustain these targets over the next 30 years. Considering the current annual investment, we see a \$5 to \$6 million dollar gap in order to bring this function to a Green level of service.

In fiscal years prior to the economic slowdown of the 2000's, the City used General Fund dollars to support its in-house roadway maintenance crews. The City currently relies on Gas Tax Funds to pay for its' in-house crews. The Federal and State Gas tax rates have not kept pace with rising costs for roadway preservation and restoration needs. In fact, the rates have remained unchanged for over 20 years. In this same period, more vehicle miles are being travelled while revenues decrease due to alternate fuels and improved vehicle gas mileage. If the City were to invest the necessary funds, it would position itself to avoid more expensive street repairs in future years, minimizing the need to undertake costly reconstruction projects for streets that had not been properly maintained.

• Pothole Repair (Yellow)

Routine pavement preservation and repairs made by our in-house Street Maintenance Crews include pothole repairs, asphalt crack filling and minor street reconstruction to help to prevent further damage to street surfaces. Currently, the City has met 79% of the pothole backlog.

• Litter and Weed Abatement (Red)

City crews are no longer scheduled to perform these services. Constituent requests for litter and/or weed abatement are rarely completed as this activity is the lowest priority. We currently promote volunteerism through the Buff-a-Block program. Currently, volunteers assist with small portions of our street system and have minimal impact on the needs. Providing additional resources would bring this service level up.

Graffiti Abatement (Red)

The City currently employs one employee who responds to service requests. Increasing the graffiti budget by \$60,000 will allow staff to utilize dedicated hourly staff to assist with graffiti removal efforts on public property and achieve a (Green) level within this function. This program currently promotes the Buff-a-Block program which uses volunteers to abate and reduce graffiti in the community. A total of eight individual community groups have entered the program. These groups have taken responsibility for approximately 10% of the City's neighborhoods.

Goal: 95% of graffiti would be removed within 48 hours of notification on public property. Currently 67% of reported graffiti is removed, however only 24% is removed within 48 hours of notification (the

average is 11 days). Rapid removal of graffiti is one of the best deterrents to repeat offenses and not removing graffiti within 24 hours is inconsistent with the City's graffiti removal ordinance. Providing additional resources would bring this service level up.

Traffic Striping and Signing (Yellow)

City crews maintain street markings and traffic control signs for motorists, pedestrians, and residents so they can travel on clearly marked streets. Crews are assigned to assist with repainting stop legends, limit lines, school crosswalks, curbs, etc. but are only able to repaint 75% of the inventory on a bi-annual basis with on a goal of repainting 100% bi-annually.

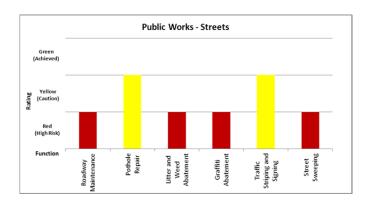
Street Sign work requests are prioritized by risk assessment. Regulatory and Warning signs are priority 1 and Informational signs are ranked as 2 or 3 as appropriate.

Goal: 100% of legends would be repainted biannually.

Adding a 2 person crew to this Section, with an annual cost of \$145,000, would bring this area to a (Green) Service Level.

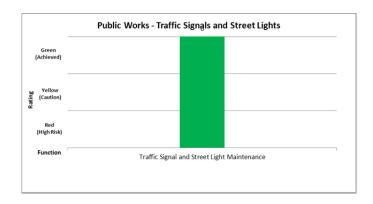
Street Sweeping (Red)

The City is required by National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) regulations to implement a program to sweep improved (possessing a curb and gutter) municipal roads, streets, highways, and parking facilities. Increasing the street sweeping contract from \$150,000 to \$250,000 would allow the sweeping frequency to increase from once every two months to once a month for residential streets that generate moderate volumes of trash and/or debris, to achieve a (Yellow) level.



TRAFFIC SIGNALS AND STREET LIGHTS SECTION (Green)

Traffic Signal and Street Light Maintenance (Green) City crews respond to service requests related to failures in the signals and lights. These requests are prioritized by considering health, safety, and protection of property. In addition, Condition Assessments are current and Preventative Maintenance Schedules on track. Current staffing levels are adequate to provide sufficient service in this function.



FLEET MANAGEMENT SECTION (Yellow)

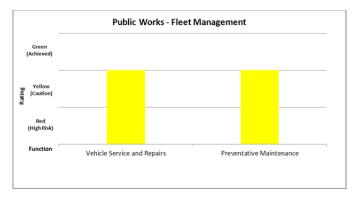
Vehicle Service and Repairs (Yellow)

Current funding for service and repair of City vehicles and equipment is not keeping pace with the demand. Mechanic productivity is above industry standards and fleet availability is close to the goal of 95%. However, vehicles are not being replaced on the recommended schedule due to limited funds. As vehicles and equipment age beyond their recommended replacement date, the service and repair needs increase significantly in order to keep them in service. The service requests are prioritized considering health and safety first. Other City services are often impacted due to delays in completing needed service. The section reviewed its operation and determined that discontinuing a contract with NAPA for parts procurement and bringing inventory control in house would be more efficient for mechanics and represent cost savings. An in-house fleet inventory control specialist position was approved by council In the current fiscal year. Recruitment is underway now, so improvement will be seen in FY15. Adding an Equipment Mechanic would bring this service to a (Green) level.

Preventative Maintenance (Yellow)

Preventative Maintenance (PM) Programs utilize a scheduling systematic approach of fleet maintenance to ensure that manufacturers' recommended service intervals are met and repairs are made before "major" mechanical failures occur. Prior to staff reductions, PM's were performed on sedans and light-duty trucks every 3,000 miles and 85% were performed on schedule, which is an Industry Standard. PM's are now completed every 5,000 miles and only 57% are completed on schedule. Proactive PM Programs result in a more dependable fleet with extended equipment life, lower repair costs (by avoiding costly repairs), less vehicle downtime, warranty tracking, and helps ensure operators' safety. The section implemented continuous improvement tools to increase the percentage of scheduled vehicle PM inspections that are completed each month. Staff identified a number of countermeasures to reduce or remove non-value added steps, reducing the PM process from 32 to 15 steps and saving an estimated 8.4 mechanic hours per day. Additionally, an equipment mechanic position was approved by council In the current fiscal year. Combined the improvements bring this service to a (Yellow) level.

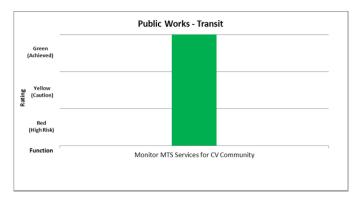
Goal: 85% of PM's is anticipated to be completed on schedule with the addition of staff.



TRANSIT SECTION (Green)

Monitor MTS services for the CV community (Green)

Transit provides convenient, cost effective and dependable public transportation services to residents and visitors. This section is adequately staffed to monitor these services at the appropriate level.

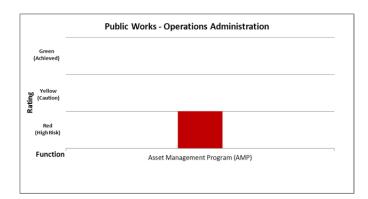


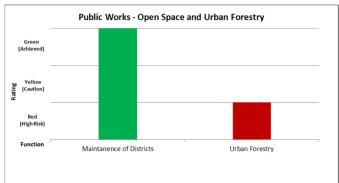
OPERATIONS ADMINISTRATION (Red)

Asset Management Program (AMP) (Red)

The Operations Administration Section is responsible for developing and administering the Citywide AMP. One Public Works Specialist is assigned part-time to this effort. Additional resources are being used through a consultant contract to inventory the assets, evaluate their condition, and prioritize and determine the investment needs required to sustain their use.

Asset Management Program	\$1,100,000
Wastewater Management System	
(Sewer Funds)	\$0
Roadway Management Systems	\$250,000
Parks Management System	\$150,000
Drainage Management System	\$450,000
Fleet Management System	\$0
Buildings Management System	\$150,000
General Government Management	
System	\$0
Open Space Management System	
(District Funds)/Urban Forestry	
Management System	\$100,000





OPEN SPACE AND URBAN FORESTRY SECTION

Maintain the Open Space Districts (OSDs) and Community Facilities Districts(CFDs) (Green) This section provides stewardship over the OSDs and the CFDs. City staff administers contracts with private companies to perform this work. The City has also contracted with CEO, a non-profit organization to augment these services at well below market rates. This section is adequately staffed to perform these services at the appropriate level.

Urban Forestry (Red)

This section is responsible for monitoring the overall health of street trees. Industry standard sets the ideal schedule for periodic tree trimming as follows: Palms need to be trimmed every 1 or 2 Non-palms are recommended to be vears. trimmed every 3-5 years (eucalyptus and pine every 2-3 and broadleaf every 5-6). Based on an inventory of about 27,500 trees and using 5 years as the trimming cycle, the annual goal is 5,500 trees. Due to multi-year budget constraints, we are currently backlogged by over 13,000 trees. A onetime expenditure of \$900,000 would bring this area to a (Green) level. An additional \$300,000 over the current budget allocation of \$150,000 would stop the current backlog from increasing this year.

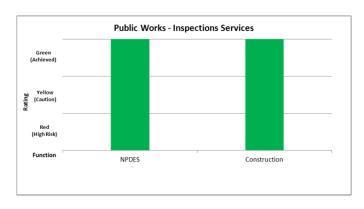
INSPECTIONS SERVICES (Green)

 National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) (Green)

This section manages the City's participation in the NPDES, which includes program planning, enforcement, education, and compliance. This section is adequately staffed to perform these services at the appropriate level.

<u>Construction</u> (Green)

This section provides inspection, contract and permit administration services to private developments as well as City projects to enforce compliance with City standards and requirements. This section's activities are vital to insure public infrastructure is constructed as designed and to the expected level of quality. Current staffing levels are adequate to provide sufficient service in this section.



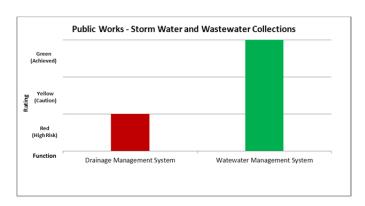
STORM WATER AND WASTEWATER COLLECTIONS

Drainage Management System (Red)
 The current Drainage Management System (DMS) is currently unsustainable. Inventories and Condition Assessments are incomplete and outdated (Corrugated Metal Pipe Assessment-7 years old).

Preventative Maintenance is very limited as funding falls well short of the needs. Current activities have primarily been limited to a reactive approach when failure occurs. Corrugated Metal Pipe and Reinforced Concrete Pipe Replacement and Rehab efforts are unfunded and Drainage Basins are deteriorating due to excess vegetation and erosion of channels. Funds (\$60,000) are also needed to increase contractual services for channel cleaning, NPDES inspections, etc. in non-CFD (funded) areas. The NPDES Permit requires regular inspection and cleaning of trash and debris from the City's storm drainage systems, including open channels, culverts, detention basins, etc.

Wastewater Management System (Green)

This function is appropriately staffed and funding is sustainable. The Inventory and Condition Assessments are current on all facilities. Preventative Maintenance is being completed as scheduled. A study for potential adjustment to Sewer Fees is underway. Current system capacity meets or exceeds demand.



PARKS SECTION (Yellow)

Maintain City Parks (Yellow)

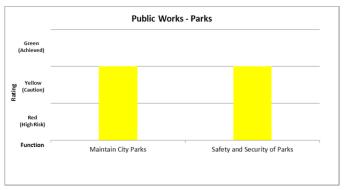
City crews provide grounds keeping and maintenance services for the 54 neighborhood and community parks Monday through Friday each week. A total of \$69,655 is needed in park materials to purchase fertilizer (450 acres), plant material and also to complete repairs associated with playground equipment in order to maintain a (Yellow) level. As additional new park acreage is added such as the Orange Avenue park and parks in new development; additional staff, and supplies and services will need to be allocated to prevent

park maintenance from deteriorating to a (Red) condition.

Safety and Security of Parks (Yellow)

The Park Ranger program was dismantled in the early days of the fiscal crisis, but in the current fiscal year, a Park Ranger Supervisor position was approved by council. The services provided by the Ranger Program are accomplished by part-time hourly employees focusing on very limited weekend services only. Services include: opening and closing of the parks, posting rented gazebos, cleaning and restocking restrooms, and trash receptacle management.

A new approach is envisioned to bring this area to a (Green) service level. The Public Works department is working with the Police Department to develop a Park Volunteer Program to assist with park monitoring services, picnic shelter and reservation systems, and park security duties. A full time Park Ranger Supervisor has been hired to oversee this volunteer program and to provide enforcement. In addition, this position oversees the weekend hourly Ranger staff and provides enforcement in the parks for 3 weekdays.



PROJECT DELIVERY (Green)

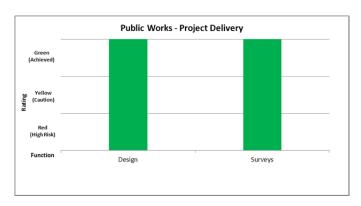
Design (Green)

The Design Section is responsible for the preparation and development of construction documents, specifications, and right-of-way acquisition necessary to successfully build the various infrastructure rehabilitation projects within the City of Chula Vista. The section provides the City with invaluable in-house expertise with respect to its ability to design and manage both large and small Capital Improvement Projects (CIP). This

section is adequately staffed at the appropriate level to provide these services and would be adjusted to meet program needs if necessary.

Surveys (Green)

The Survey Section is responsible for providing professional in-house expertise in construction staking, engineering design surveys for Capital Improvement Projects, and design related survey information for roadways, sewer lines or other public improvements. The section also provides property surveys for City-related projects. This section is adequately staffed at the appropriate level to provide these services and would be adjusted to meet program needs if necessary.

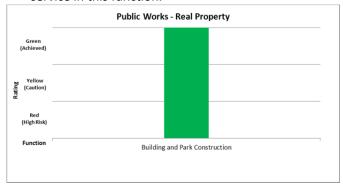


REAL PROPERTY SECTION (Green)

Real Property provides comprehensive real property services to the City, development community, and general public. The Real Property Management program provides professional right-of-way and real property services including right-of-way acquisition and relocation; property management and disposition; and property document research, interpretation, and creation. Current staffing levels are adequate to provide sufficient service in this function.

Building and Park Construction (B & PC) (Green) The Building and Park Construction Section manages, monitors, and completes all new facility and park construction projects for the City, and ensures that all programming issues are addressed during the design/development and construction drawing phases of these projects. In addition, the Inspectors of the B & PC section ensure quality control and contract compliance in the areas of facilities and landscape construction. Current

staffing levels are adequate to provide sufficient service in this function.



ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES SECTION (Green)

 Compliance with AB 939 Waste Management Act and AB 341 Waste Diversion (Green)

Environmental Services currently provides solid waste management program planning, development, implementation and ongoing operations designed to meet the goal of keeping the City of Chula Vista in compliance with AB 939. (5.3 lbs per person, per day or less disposed – Chula Vista is at 3.5 lbs per person, per day).

Chula Vista is also in compliance with AB 341. The Clean Business program is continuing to grow.

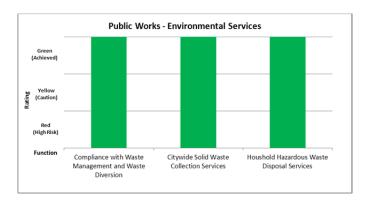
Citywide Solid Waste Collection Services (Green) This section has everyight of the City's franching to the City's franch

This section has oversight of the City's franchise agreement with Allied Waste Services/Republic, who provides some of the services and program enhancements that assist the City with compliance with AB 939. There are service standards and performance indicators built into the contract, which Allied Waste has met and continues to meet. Current staffing levels are adequate to provide sufficient service in this function.

Household Hazardous Waste Disposal Services (Green)

Environmental Services also has oversight of the residential South Bay Regional Household Hazardous Waste Drop-off Facility at the Public Works Facility and the contract for service including door-to-door pickup for select individuals. These services are provided for National City, Imperial Beach, the County of San Diego, and Chula Vista. The current contract has been in place for two years and Clean Harbors, Inc. has met all the

performance indicators. Current staffing levels are adequate to provide sufficient service in this function.



CONSERVATION SECTION (Green)

Municipal Energy & Water Conservation Upgrades (Yellow)

The Public Work's Conservation Section assists various departments in identifying, financing, and implementing capital projects to lower energy and water use and to reduce related municipal utility costs. Over the last year, the Conservation Section facilitated the successful conversion of street lights along arterial roadways to energy-saving LEDs, the installation of an additional 500 kW of solar photovoltaic panels, and the deployment of electric vehicle chargers at multiple municipal facilities. However, water use efficiency capital projects continue to be greatly limited due to the lack of external financing mechanisms available and water utility costs now account for a greater percentage of total municipal utility costs than electricity and natural gas combined.

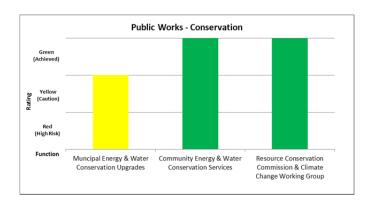
• Community Energy & Water Conservation Services (Green)

Through its two core community programs – Free Resource & Energy Business Evaluations (FREBE) and Home Upgrade, Carbon Downgrade, the Conservation Section provides no-cost energy and water conservation services to businesses and residents. Over the last year, over 800 community members have benefited from these services and received incentives, loans, or audits to help lower their monthly utility costs. In addition, the Conservation Section launched a local Property Assessed Clean Energy (PACE) program to provide a new financing tool for residents and businesses

interested in energy and water upgrades. In collaboration with Environmental Services and Storm Water, Conservation staff continues to administer the Chula Vista CLEAN Business Program, which recruited 50 additional businesses into the program over the last year. Finally, the Conservation Section continued to manage the City's Local Government Partnership with San Diego Gas & Electric and the California Public Utilities Commission, which supports additional community energy efficiency programs via numerous City departments. Current staffing levels are adequate to provide sufficient service in this function.

Resource Conservation Commission Climate Change Working Group & City Operations Green Team (Green)

The Conservation Section administers the Resource Conservation Commission to help guide and to provide an additional public forum for the City's environmental programs and policies. Over the last year, staff has supported monthly meetings for the Resource Conservation Commission. In addition, the Conservation Section reconvened a Climate Working Group to help develop recommendations for updating the City's Climate Action Plan. Finally, the Conservation Section, in coordination with Environmental Services and Storm Water, led the establishment of a new internal Green Team, which is working to develop the first-ever City Operations Sustainability Plan. Current staffing levels are adequate to provide sufficient service in this function.



CONSTRUCTION AND REPAIR SECTION (Red)

• City Building Facilities Service Requests (Yellow)

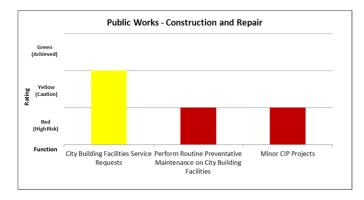
City crews respond to service requests related to City facility repairs. These requests are prioritized by considering health, safety, and protection of property. Current staffing generally provides for adequate response to health and safety issues. Tasks are almost exclusively in reaction to complaints. An additional position, at a cost of \$91,030 is needed to move this function towards (Green).

Perform Routine Preventative Maintenance on City Building Facilities (Red)

City crews have minimal available time to proactively perform preventative maintenance or preservation strategies. We are developing the Buildings Management System (BMS) to enable us to assess the condition of our building assets, establish preventative maintenance schedules and determine appropriate sinking fund investments for future repairs/replacement. Additional resources are needed to move towards (Yellow) in this function in order to maintain the reliability and viability of all electrical, HVAC, plumbing systems, etc.

Minor CIP Projects (Red)

This program has not been funded over the last few years, which continues to create a backlog associated with painting, stucco and drywall, electrical, plumbing, HVAC, and roofing repairs. A list of the Minor CIP Projects is developed each year by coordination with City departments. \$200,000 annually is needed to address a \$3.4 million citywide Priority 1 critical construction and repair needs. A project of a minor nature is generally approximately \$7,000-\$10,000 per improvement.



CUSTODIAL SERVICES SECTION (Yellow)

Basic Cleaning Services (Yellow)

The Custodial staff is responsible to ensure that the City facilities are clean and ready for public use each day. This generally includes the routine cleaning and sanitizing of restrooms, vacuuming and sweeping floors, and emptying trash receptacles. A checklist of basic cleaning tasks is logged daily at each facility.

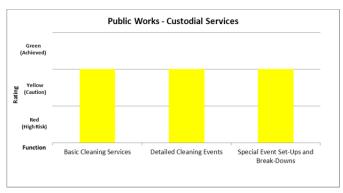
Goal: 95% of basic cleaning services would be completed daily. The Recreation Centers hours of operation were increased within the last fiscal year. The custodial forces are not able to provide the basic cleaning services for these additional hours without an additional \$50,000 to augment the baseline budget. This increase would return the basic cleaning service level to (Green).

• <u>Detailed Cleaning Events</u> (Yellow)

Buffing floors, washing windows, dusting blinds and fixtures, and washing walls are examples of this service. City staff is not resourced to provide adequate service levels for this function.

• Special Event set-ups and break-downs (Yellow)

Custodial staff is often called upon to assist in setting up and breaking down for special events. This can involve transporting and setting up audio/visual equipment, chairs and tables, etc. The section is not staffed to provide this service and when called upon, must forgo performing basic cleaning in another facility in order to provide for the special event. An annual investment of \$65,000 would be needed to move this service area to (Green) including the Basic Cleaning Services function.



INFRASTRUCTURE PLANNING (Yellow)

<u>Traffic Engineering</u> (Yellow)

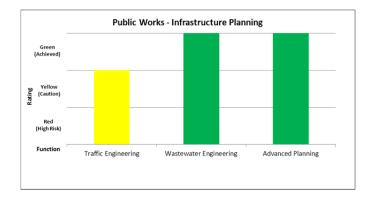
The Traffic Engineering Section endeavors to establish a public traffic safety service by providing a communication link between the citizens of Chula Vista and City staff, along with the City Council via the Safety Commission. Through this dialogue inquiries regarding traffic safety and other related issues are addressed. In addition, the section works to develop a safe and efficient transportation network, and for compliance to the Growth Management Oversight Commission (GMOC) threshold standards, and monitors the functioning of that network on a daily basis. Traffic Engineering also performs design services for the City with respect to transportation improvements such as traffic signals, improved signing, automatic monitoring services, and other important traffic related projects. The Traffic Engineering section performs field surveys of high accident locations and locations which experience congestion and initiates remedial traffic improvements, investigates all requests for traffic improvements, and takes any necessary corrective actions. Additionally, the Traffic Section is responsible for grant application preparation and submittals. To date, work related to the GMOC has been reduced to minimal levels. The traffic count program and speed limit traffic surveys have been reduced to less than half of the historic levels which has affected data collection tasks needed for collision reduction measures, design studies, **GMOC** reporting, grant applications and Safety Commission reports. This task has been minimized through funding cuts. The service level in this section would return to (Green) by restoring the Engineering Technician position from 0.5FTE to 1.0 FTE in order to meet program needs.

Wastewater Engineering (Green)

The Wastewater Engineering section manages the City's sewer system so that Chula Vista residents receive dependable and affordable wastewater treatment and disposal services. This section is adequately staffed at the appropriate level to provide these services and would be adjusted to meet program needs if necessary.

Advanced Planning (Green)

Advanced Planning manages asset inventories, flood plain inquiries, master plans, pavement management system and special studies to identify current and future deficiencies in the City's sewer, pavement, storm drain, wastewater disposal, and street systems to ensure that the City's infrastructure will adequately serve the community now and in the future. This section also prepares most of the Engineering grant submittal applications throughout the year and is adequately staffed at the appropriate level to provide these services and would be adjusted to meet program needs if necessary.



RECREATION DEPARTMENT

Four key functions in the Recreation Department that provide a management assessment of the current levels of service are Recreation Programs and Services, Operations, Customer Service, and Resource Management. These key functions establish what constitutes a quality experience, operational and cost recovery goals, marketing and communications standards for users to access programs and services.

RECREATION PROGRAMS AND SERVICES

Recreation programs and services provided by the City shall be based on the conceptual foundations of play, recreation, and leisure; essential interests and needs; community opportunities; City's mission and goals; and experiences desirable for participants. Recreation programs and services can be self-directed, leader-directed, facilitated, fee-based and cooperative.

SELF-DIRECTED PROGRAMS AND SERVICES provide for recreation opportunities where there is only general supervision, including outdoor basketball courts, trails, tennis courts, and open multipurpose ball fields and playgrounds as well as some pool and center based activities. These self-directed areas, facilities, and equipment should be provided to give an opportunity for individuals and groups to participate without leadership, under only general supervision.

Provision of Recreational Swim (Yellow)

Recreational swimming provides time when the pools are open to the general public for fee-based and General Fund supported, unstructured, leisure swimming. Target participants are families, elementary school aged youth and teens. The status of Recreational Swim is (Yellow) as a result of outside funding received and additional funding allocations for the budget this FY 2013-2014 to provide part-time Lifeguards. Recreational swimming is offered during the six weeks of summer, two weeks of spring, and two weeks of fall for 2.5 hours/day, 3 days/week. The status could move to (Green) with increasing total hours of operation and secured outside funding. The status could move to (Red) if significant maintenance items listed on the Citywide Critical Needs List are not addressed and pool operational hours are affected.

Operation of Recreation Centers (Green)
 Facility operations at City Recreation Centers

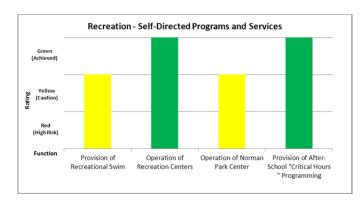
(Parkway Center/Gym, Loma Verde Center, Otay Center, Veterans Center, Heritage Center, Salt Creek Center, and Montevalle Center) include provision of structured and drop-in activities and programs, provision of meeting space for community groups and organizations, oversight of adjoining outdoor amenities, and fitness centers at several locations, including the provision of concomitant custodial and building maintenance services and utilities funding. Status is (Green), as center operations have expanded back to five to seven days per week. There is a concern that custodial and building maintenance services were not increased commensurate with the hours of operation. This is addressed in the Public Works section.

Operation of Norman Park Center (Yellow)

Facility operations at Norman Park Center (NPC) encompass a variety of services including: the provision of meeting rooms to clubs primarily serving seniors; organized and structured classes. programs, special events and activities; a place for leisurely socializing; and a membership based fitness center. Norman Park is open five days per week during hours desired by the senior community. More than 60 groups utilize the facility for their daily, weekly, or monthly activities and events. NPC houses several community service providers including Meals-on-Wheels, Home Start Inc., the Parkinson's Foundation, Southern Caregivers Resource Center, ElderLaw and AARP Drivers Safety Classes. The Center provides services such as information and referral, completing assistance low income housing paperwork, the Commission Aging, bereavement support groups, income tax RUOK program, assistance, the volunteer opportunities, partnerships with a number of senior focused organizations such as Scripps, AIS and HHSA to provide health talks, fraud/scam awareness presentations and healthy living workshops. The Community Development Block Grant program funds the center's hours of 29 hours a week (Monday-Thursday, 12-5pm and Friday 8am-5pm). However CDBG funds continue to decrease but the demand of the center continues to be a high priority. This center site is staff intensive, yet there is no full time Recreation Supervisor for this site, thus the status has moved from Green to Yellow. As the aging population grows, the need for GF and staff support of this site are a priority to the department and commissions. If CDBG or GF funding is not continued this could move back to (Red).

Provision of After-School "Critical Hours" Programming (Green)

Generally, fee-free, after- school programming at all recreation centers and through the mobile recreation program at park location sites in underserved areas without a recreation center. The program is designed to provide a "safe haven" for youth ages 5-16 during the two to three hours immediately following the close of the school day until parental supervision resumes later in the afternoon/early evening. Activities may be formal (organized) or informal (drop-in) and hours vary by center and school schedules. Currently serving over 300 youth per day at our various program sites. Critical hours for an older age group (16-25) typically take place later in the evening and on weekends at Parkway Gymnasium and Loma Verde Center and serve 30-40 teens and young adults daily. Status is (Green) based on recreation centers now being open at least five days per week with extended hours.



LEADER-DIRECTED PROGRAMS AND SERVICES provide recreation opportunities where participant involvement is directed by a leader, including instructional skills classes, such as tennis, crafts, dance, creative arts and dramatics for children.

Provision of City-Sponsored Youth Leagues, Programs, and Camps (Yellow)

Organized, fee-based, coed recreational leagues for all skill levels for ages 6-16. Basketball and soccer

sports leagues are coached by volunteers from the community. Practices are generally held during the week with games scheduled on Saturdays according to geographic considerations at two City facilities, Parkway Gym (West) and Salt Creek (East). Currently, there is not a youth league being offered during the fall season. A variety of specialty sport camps are offered on a fee-basis at a variety of recreation centers throughout the year as well. Traditional youth camps at all facilities have not been run in recent years due to lack of funding. The status could change to (Green) through additional funding resources to provide at least one camp at each center/gym site location, and the provision of a youth league during the fall season.

Provision of City Sponsored Adult Leagues and Programs (Yellow)

Organized, fee-based, coed and men's recreational leagues for all skill levels for adults. Softball and basketball leagues are held four times per year, and are facilitated by part-time staff and officiated by contract officials. Softball leagues play at Mt San Miguel Park, Montevalle Park, and Veteran's Park. Basketball leagues play at Parkway Gym, Salt Creek Gym, and Montevalle Gym. The Golf league is held one time per year during the spring/summer and is held at Chula Vista Municipal Golf Course, Bonita Golf Club, Eastlake Country Club, and Salt Creek Golf Club. The status could change to (Green) through additional resources to provide support to the program supervisor and further increase and develop additional programs and services.

Therapeutics Programming (Yellow)

This status has shifted from Red to Yellow through Community Development Block Grant funding the entire Therapeutic Recreation Program in FY 2013-14. This program features classes, events, activities and services specifically designed for individuals with physical and/or developmental disabilities. Activities offered include parent's night out, dance, fitness enrichment and sport classes, as well as social events. This year's goal is to serve 100 individuals with disabilities. The department also continues to provide inclusion services, ADA mandated accommodations for requesting individuals, via an assessment and support provided through Certified Therapeutic Recreation Specialist (CTRS). Expansion of Therapeutics Programming would move this to (Green). If neither CDBG funding nor GF funding is secured for FY15, this would move back to (Red).



FACILITATED PROGRAMS AND SERVICES provide recreation opportunities where individuals and groups of individuals are encouraged and assisted to operate independently of the agency, including rental opportunities.

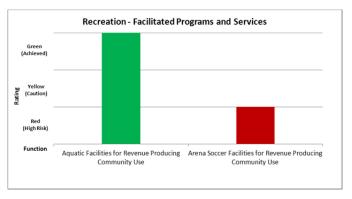
Aquatic Facilities for Community Use (Green)

Both City pools are revenue-producing facilities through use by private local swim clubs, SUHSD for swimming and water polo teams, and individuals or groups for private functions. This was changed from a (Yellow) status to (Green) due to cost changes to make rentals more desirable to users and individuals. The demand for pool space, at least times and seasons, outweighs availability. The status could move to (Red) if significant maintenance items listed on the Citywide Critical Needs List are not addressed and pool operational hours are affected.

• Arena Soccer Facilities for Community Use (Red)

The soccer arena is a high demand, high use sports facility by the community for rentals and parties. The soccer arena realizes more than 130 rentals per year, and is also utilized by the City-sponsored Youth Indoor Soccer League in the spring for practices and games for the Eastern Division. The condition of the Salt Creek arena soccer field artificial turf is in as to playability and may be closed due to safety. The site is in need of having the turf and scoreboard replaced to continue its future use. This project has been placed on the unfunded proposals Capital Improvement list (item 102150, Speed Soccer Arena \$145,000). An Adult

Arena Soccer league will once again be introduced and will generate an additional \$30,000 in revenue annually with the turf and scoreboard replacement.



FEE BASED PROGRAMS AND SERVICES provide recreational opportunities for a fee, as not all programs and services can be offered without charge. To offer some programs and services for a fee can greatly augment the recreational opportunities. Services for a fee may include the rental of aquatic facilities, outdoor soccer arena, and recreation centers. Programs for a fee also include instruction, lap swim and contractual classes

Provision of Instructional Swimming Programs (Green)

Instructional swimming programs currently include the following: Parent & Tot (parent and child age 6 months-3 years), Tiny Tot (children ages 4-5), Learn-to-Swim (children age 6-17), Swim Clinic (children age 6-17), Adult Swimming Lessons (ages 18+), and Private Lessons (ages 4+). Being able to provide instructional swimming programs nine months per year to all ages on a fee basis keeps this at a (Green) status. The status could move to (Yellow or Red) if significant maintenance items listed on the Citywide Critical Needs List are not addressed and pool operational hours are affected.

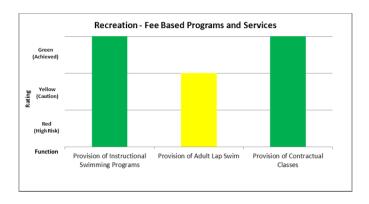
Provision of Adult Lap Swim (Yellow)

Adult Lap Swimming provides time when the pools are open to adult's age 18+, primarily serving lap swimmers, water-walkers and other water-based aerobic activities, paid for by fees and the General Fund. The status of Adult Lap Swimming is (Yellow) as a result of budget reductions that reduced the program by 50%, to Monday through Friday hours during the morning and noon time at one pool, instead of both pools. Fees do not cover the full

cost. This year we were able to provide an additional two days/week at Parkway Pool from March-June as a result of a generous grant. As this was one-time grant funding, we cannot consider the status as Green. Status could move to (Green) with the addition of outside funding for part-time resources (Lifeguards) to provide activities at both pools on a year-round basis. The status could move to (Red) if significant maintenance items listed on the Citywide Critical Needs List are not addressed and pool operational hours are affected.

Provision of Contractual Classes (Green)

The Recreation Department utilizes 60-80 independent contractors yearly as contractual instructors of a wide variety of 1,200 recreational classes, including, but not limited to, pre-school activities, dance, creative and performing arts, martial arts, fitness, sports, personal enrichment and others. These contractual programs are offered at all recreation facilities as well as at various "satellite" parks and locations throughout the city and involve 10,000 participants annually. Although (Green), opportunities remain for further expansion of these programs, particularly in "satellite" locations.



cooperative programming provides recreational opportunities through coordination with other organizations in the community to provide maximum coverage with a minimum of duplication, as well as to reduce inter-agency competition for the time of an individual. The desirability of total community programming is in order to avoid unnecessary waste of effort and finances and to match the type and level of programming to community needs. Cooperative programming includes use of Memoranda of

Understanding (MOU), Memoranda of Agreement (MOA), partnering, or outsourcing.

Provision of Elementary Learn-to-Swim Programs (Green)

These are group swimming lessons provided primarily to 4th and 5th grade classes from schools in the Chula Vista Elementary School District. They are currently funded primarily through a grant from the Kaiser Foundation, with additional support through private donations. The status of this program could switch to (Yellow) or (Red) if grant funding and/or donations are reduced or eliminated. The status could also move to (Red) if significant maintenance items listed on the Citywide Critical Needs List and pool operational hours are affected.

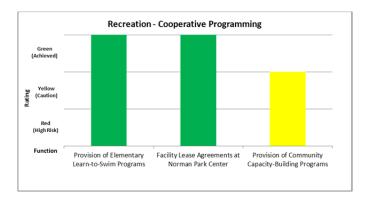
• Facility Lease Agreements at Norman Park Center (Green)

In an effort to assist seniors in accessing needed programs and services, Norman Park Center leases the offices located on its 2nd floor to several non-profit agencies that provide additional services to seniors such as Parkinson's Foundation, Southern Caregivers and Meals on Wheels.

<u>Provision of Community Capacity-Building</u> <u>Programs (Yellow)</u>

The department has been providing programming space at Loma Verde and Parkway Centers to Familias Sanas y Activas, a five-year, renewable project involving families in the southern San Diego County area. This program is administered by the San Diego Prevention Research Center (SDPRC) through funding by the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDCP). The program involves researchers collaborating with community organizations to promote physical activity and reduce barriers to physical activity through the implementation of a train-the-trainer intervention to train volunteer Promotores, or Lay Health Advisors, to develop physical activity programs at community sites with a focus on the Latino population. This free program provides added visibility to our full scope of programming and helps to further promote our centers to the public. This program has recently moved to Yellow/Red as CDCP funding for this program ending in FY2013-2014, an alternate source of funding will need to be

found in order to continue this program. Identification of alternate funding would move the status back to Yellow or Green.



OPERATIONS

Fiscal Management (Yellow)

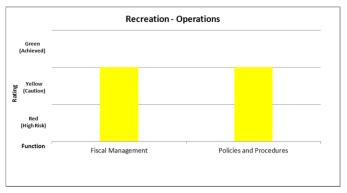
Recreation use fees and charges as a revenue source to supplement General Fund appropriations. The department does not currently have a specific mandated cost recovery or specific percentages per recreation programs and services, other than a guidance of a 30% to 70% cost recovery. Fees and charges involve updating the City's Master Fee Schedule as well as policies currently in place. In order for this to become (Green), an analysis needs to be conducted to factually determine current market status of cost recovery, core services and revenue sources. This has become a key trend in the recreation profession and municipal agencies in an effort to improve and enhance services and overall effectiveness for departments. The Recreation Department submitted a RFP in February 2014 for such an analysis with the following components:

- Create a cost recovery resource allocation, pricing strategy and revenue enhancement study In order for the department to maintain cost recovery/subsidy levels that are appropriate based on our community's characteristics, values, and available funding.
- 2. Develop a pricing methodology policy so that staff is trained and understands the philosophy behind it and how to communicate the price to the users.

This category could move to green depending on the actions following up on recommendations of the study.

Policies and Procedures (Yellow)

The department has begun to update forms, applications and operational procedures to help facilitate the implementation of policies, how tasks are to be completed, when, and by whom. In coordination with the City Attorney's Office, the department reviewed cooperative has programming Memoranda of Understanding (MOU), Memoranda of Agreement (MOA), and partnership opportunities. For the department to be united and to communicate the same message to the community, it needs to have policies and procedures in place that are consistent, which will ultimately move this to a (Green) status.



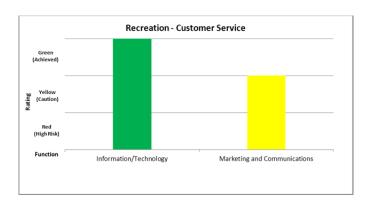
CUSTOMER SERVICE

Information/Technology (Green)

In collaboration with ITS, computer software upgrades were provided to all full-time staff; and IFAS was installed for access to budget reports. Department staff training will take place on IFAS Dashboard information to help staff with use of system. The new user interface will allow full time staff to have report retrieval and access which will help them to better monitor their revenue and budget expenditures. The Recreation Department implemented a software upgrade to ActiveNet for program registration and facility booking. All fulltime staff received two and half weeks of training on the new software system. This tool has helped provide consistent communication within the department. The status has changed to (Green) based on the improvements made. However, the status can revert to (yellow) without resources to continue staff training and upgrades to technology when needed to ensure good communication to both internal and external customers.

Marketing and Communications (Yellow)

Continue to work on developing a marketing plan to promote our services. The Recreation Department is working with the Office of Communications to develop a logo for the department to brand the programs and services. Peach Jar is a new (paperless) electronic marketing tool that the local elementary school system is utilizing. Twenty-six schools in the Chula Vista Elementary School District (CVESD) district are enrolled in this marketing program and 20 schools The department is able to market programs and services to the public through press releases, Nixle, Website and Facebook. Next step is to utilize ActiveNet to help market programs and services. Creating a marketing plan within the department should help move this towards a (Green) status.



RESOURCE MANAGEMENT/COMMUNITY ENGAGEMENT/PARTNERSHIPS/SPONSORS

Provision of Safe, Adequate, and Appropriate Recreational Equipment and Facilities (Yellow)

Due to no replacement funds being budgeted, durable recreational equipment and supplies used by the public have not been replaced for a number of years. This equipment is showing predictable signs of wear and tear; some items are able to be repaired, rather than being replaced. Equipment that is failing and is non-repairable is being removed from service, having a negative impact on programs with an end result of less revenue. A list of items that includes costs for replacement should be made for future long term planning. Some examples of durable equipment include tables and chairs, fitness center equipment, pool covers, and adjustable/retractable basketball goals. The establishment of a regularly scheduled, preventative maintenance program as well as the addition of an equipment replacement fee component to current and future fees and charges will enable the status to remain (Green) once implemented. Although the status of this broadscope category would not likely be downgraded to (Red) as a whole, if significant maintenance items listed on the Citywide Critical Needs List are not addressed, individual programs in specialty categories within this report certainly would be downgraded either from (Green) to (Yellow) or from (Yellow) to (Red).

Community Access to Ball Fields (Yellow)

The Youth Sports Council (YSC), a group of 22 separate, youth-serving, non-profit organizations that provide organized sports activities in the community, provides coordination among, and support for, organized youth sports activities in the City. YSC organizations utilize 62 designated athletic fields in 32 City parks for 750 teams serving 9,800 youngsters annually. Fields are also utilized to conduct City-sponsored programs and activities, and are rented by private individuals and organizations for athletic activities.

The combination of total number of fields, reduced maintenance on fields, and high demand/use has resulted in a shortage of fields available for use; select fields are pulled from available inventory and are now closed to recover from overuse. A regular field maintenance schedule needs to be developed for all fields to rest at some point. Closing more fields due to overuse, the lack of funding to maintain them, ultimately could shift this to red. We need to continue to collaborate with the YSC and Public Works Department on an operational plan to put in place for routine and continuous maintenance needs and funding renovations to continue to sustain the City's facilities and amenities.

Ball Field Rentals (Yellow)

The YSC is currently allocated a majority of the City's fields for organized sport use. This does not leave a lot of options for additional ball fields access for rent. When available, fields are utilized to conduct City-sponsored programs and activities, and are rented by private individuals and

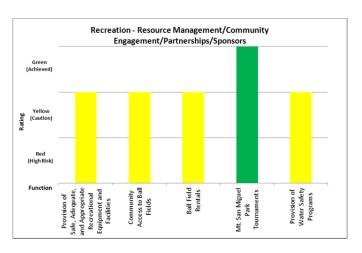
organizations for athletic activities. Veteran's Softball field, Veteran's Multi-purpose field, and Salt Creek North Multi-purpose field were removed from the Youth Sports Council inventory of allocated fields to provide fields for the community use and/or City programming to increase field rentals. The combination of total number of fields, reduced maintenance on fields, and high demand/use has resulted in a shortage of fields available for use; fields are pulled from available inventory and are now closed to recover from overuse. Closing more fields due to overuse, and lack of funding to maintain them, ultimately could shift this to (Red).

Mt. San Miguel Park Tournaments (Green)

Mt. San Miguel Park is a tournament destination site for the City. In 2013, the department secured fourteen multi-day tournaments for both softball and baseball requests. In addition, there were ten single-day tournaments held for both youth and adults. Lutheran High School and High Tech High Chula Vista rent Mt San Miguel softball fields each spring season for their CIF practices and games. These multi-day sports tournaments have provided direct revenue to department as well as indirect benefit through TOT, sales tax, etc.

Provision of Water Safety Programs (Yellow)

This encompasses a variety of programs and activities including Junior Lifeguard Programs, Safety Certification Classes (Lifeguarding, Water Safety Instructor, Instructor Training Classes), outreach efforts such as the Aquatic Safety Awareness Program (ASAP) and the Water Awareness in Residential Neighborhoods (WARN) program, and community-based water safety campaigns and events such as April Pools Day, Water Safety Festival, World's Largest Swim Lessons and National Water Safety Month. Staff has been partnering with the Fire Department to increase the awareness to the public. continues to be (Yellow) as what is currently offered is delivered by full-time staff with no funding to train and implement using part-time staff hours. Due to budgetary constraints, full-time aquatic staff has been doing ASAP and WARN presentations as time has allowed. Status could change to (Green) if qualified volunteers are recruited and trained to become presenters. These volunteers could do the WARN outreach program to homeowner associations, mobile home parks, and community groups, and ASAP outreach program to schools. The status could move to (Red) if significant maintenance items listed on the Citywide Critical Needs List are not addressed and pool operational hours are affected.



City of Chula Vista Proposed Budget

CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT PROGRAM

Capital Improvement Program Summary

CIP Revenue Summary

CIP Expenditure Summary

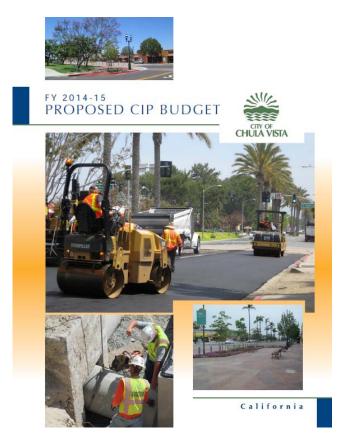
Capital Improvement Projects Summary

Capital Improvement Program Summary

The following is an overview of the Capital Improvement Budget Program. The goal of the Capital Improvement Program (CIP) is to provide for the sustainable preservation of City-owned assets at the lowest cost and to leverage financial strategies to address infrastructure needs within a prioritized framework, which includes an assessment of the asset's condition, capacity to meet service demands, probability of failure, maintenance and preservation strategies, and funding availability. The CIP is a living document used to identify current and future requirements and the basis for determining annual capital budget expenditures. In addition to new capital projects, the Capital Improvement Program includes continuing projects that have authorized budget amounts remaining, but do not need additional funding allocated in the adopted budget or during the CIP 5year cycle. A list of active projects previously approved in prior year CIP budget is included in the budget.

Capital Improvement Projects are defined as multi-year capital investments with a value of \$50,000 or more and a minimum useful life of 5 years at a fixed location. Equipment, operating and maintenance costs are budgeted in the City's operating budget. New maintenance costs are included in the CIP budget and appropriated in future operating budget cycles. For example, the development of the new multi-purpose park on the SDG&E easement at the southeast corner of Fourth Avenue and Orange Avenue, and adjacent to the South Chula Vista Library, includes an estimated ongoing maintenance cost. This cost will be included in the fiscal year 2015-16 operating budget.

The CIP document provides the capital project budget detail and reporting by asset management category, funding, and location. This format better aids the decision-making process as it allows the City Council to review projects recommended in each asset management system, gain an understanding of the condition of the asset in relation to the overall system and the basis for the recommendation, as well as the availability of funding sources. The proposed projects' detail sheets within each asset management system provides a description, location, project intent, type of project, link to the strategic goals, and funding requirements over the life of the project.



CIP PROCESS

The Department of Public Works annually prepares a Capital Improvement Budget for the City Council's approval. The CIP budget includes an estimated five-year Capital Improvement Program. The City is faced with the challenge of managing a range of aging infrastructure assets that are critical to maintaining an aging City and serving new development. Making sound decisions about asset maintenance and replacement requires information about the asset's probability of failure and capacity to meet the requirements of the system.

On a continuous basis, project proposals are added to the City's capital improvement budget and project management database (CIPACE) following recommendations from guiding documents (see list below) adopted by the City Council and condition assessments performed by Public Works staff. This year's CIP process includes the process of ranking projects and setting funding priorities. Funding recommendations are based on the evaluation of the

proposed asset's probability of failure, capacity, and level of service requirements including efficiency improvements gained.

Another tool used in ranking and formulating the CIP recommendations are Guiding Documents approved by the City Council. The City utilizes "guiding documents" to ensure proposed CIP projects are consistent with established program priorities. The following is a partial list of guiding documents, which have included public input from multiple stakeholders in the community. For example the Five-year Pedestrian Master Plan and Bike Master Plan were recently adopted by the City Council. They identify missing infrastructure needs within those program categories. Additionally, proposed CIP projects are reviewed for consistency with the City's General Plan and specific plan and City policies.

- General Plan
- Regional Transportation Program
- Bikeway Master Plan
- Street Saver Condition Index Database
- Drainage Master Plan
- Wastewater Master Plan
- Fire Master Plan
- Asset Management Plan
- Parks Master Plan
- Pedestrian Master Plan/Safe Routes to School
- Redevelopment Implementation Plan
- Southwest United in Action Survey Results
- Third Avenue Streetscape Master Plan
- Environmental Mitigation Program
- Western TDIF Program
- TDIF Program
- Redevelopment Implementation Plan
- Traffic Monitoring Program
- Growth Management Oversight Committee Annual Report
- Other Specific Plans (e.g. Urban Core Specific Plan, Palomar, Bayfront and Main Street Specific Plans

BUDGET DEVELOPMENT

Although a component of the City Manager's overall budget, the CIP budget is developed separately by Public Works staff on an annual basis. The CIP budget process runs parallel to the development process for the City's operating budget, and they are subsequently presented together for City Council approval.

On April 10, 2014 Public Works staff held a Council Workshop on Infrastructure and a public hearing was held on May 6th for City Council to consider and adopt the TransNet Local Street Improvement Program of projects for fiscal years 2014-15 through 2018-19.

Public comment is a vital component of the CIP process. The public had the opportunity to comment on the proposed CIP. The initial proposed capital improvement project detail sheets are posted annually in April of each year on the public works website for public comment and review.

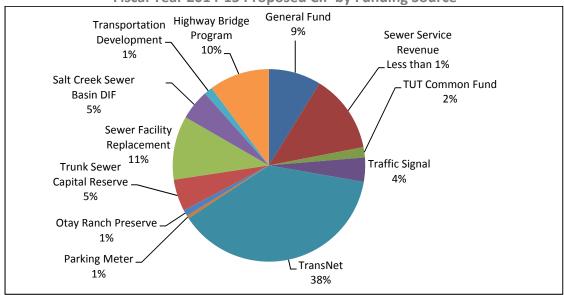
http://www.chulavistaca.gov/City Services/Developme nt Services/Engineering/index.asp

Additionally, the Public Works Department publishes an annual proposed CIP budget. The document was made available at the City Clerk's office, the Civic Center Library, Otay Ranch Mall Library, and the South Chula Vista Library.

CIP Revenue Summary

The Capital Improvement Program is supported by a number of funding sources. City staff continuously explores opportunities to diversify revenue and leverage funding for infrastructure improvements. The following chart and table summarizes the funding sources for the fiscal year 2014-15 proposed CIP budget.





Funding Source	Amount
Parking Meter	\$ 100,000
Otay Ranch Preserve	\$ 200,000
Transportation Development	\$ 278,341
TUT Common Fund	\$ 340,219
Traffic Signal	\$ 800,000
Salt Creek Sewer Basin DIF	\$ 1,000,000
Trunk Sewer Capital Reserve	\$ 1,050,000
Highway Safety Improvement Program	\$ 1,268,400
General Fund	\$ 1,724,067
Highway Bridge Program	\$ 1,991,637
Sewer Facility Replacement	\$ 2,100,000
Gas Tax	\$ 2,580,000
TransNet	\$ 7,445,000
Total FY15 Proposed Budget	\$ 20,877,664

The Capital Improvement Budget is primarily supported by TransNet and Gas Tax. TransNet is the largest stable source of revenues for Capital Improvement projects. Along with TransNet, Gas Tax funds continue to provide a stable source of revenue for street related projects. Other major revenues in this year's budget include Sewer Facility Replacement funds for ongoing sewer rehabilitation projects. Competitive grant revenue sources remain steady with grant revenue growth opportunities in the imminent future. Transportation grants include the Active Transportation Program and Federal Highway Safety Improvement Program. Revenue decreases include the end funds available from Proposition 1B and a reduction in Community Block Grant funding traditionally used for ADA pedestrian improvements. In the near future are increased revenues from the Highway Bridge Program (HBP) for Willow Street Bridge and Heritage Bridge. The HBP is a safety program that provides federal-aid to local agencies to replace and rehabilitate deficient locally owned public highway bridges.

The following is a brief description of key funding sources which support the fiscal year 2014-15 proposed CIP budget:

DEVELOPMENT IMPACT FEES

Salt Creek Basin Development Impact Fee

Salt Creek Sewer Basin Development Impact Fee is collected at the building permit phase and is used to fund sewer capacity increasing projects necessitated by development within the tributary area. In addition, per the Multiple Species Conservation Program (MSCP) Subregional Plan, an endowment fund contribution was required by the resource agencies as part of the Salt Creek Trunk Sewer project approval for maintenance and management of the Otay Ranch Preserve. Construction of the Salt Creek Sewer (including access roads and trails) was completed in 2004. \$1,000,000 is programmed in the fiscal year 2014-15 CIP for the Preserve Management Endowment Fund.

Traffic Signal Fee

The Traffic Signal Fee is a trip-based development impact fee that is charged with the issuance of building permits for new construction. The fee can be utilized for the installation and upgrade of traffic signals throughout the City. \$800,000 is programmed in fiscal year 2014-15 CIP for traffic signal modifications and expansion of the existing Adaptive Traffic Signal System.

GRANTS

Active Transportation Grant Program

On September 26, 2013, the Governor signed legislation creating the Active Transportation Program (Senate Bill 99 Chapter 359 and Assembly Bill 101, Chapter 354), a new statewide grant program to encourage increased use of active modes of transportation, such as biking and walking. The Active Transportation Program (ATP) consolidated the Bicycle Transportation Account (BTA) along with Safe Routes to School Program, the Environmental Enhancement and Mitigation Program and two other programs into one program. The California Transportation Commission (CTC) adopted the ATP guidelines on March 20, 2014. Caltrans announced a call for ATP projects and is accepting application from March 21 to 22, 2014. Staff will apply for grant funding under this program for the Industrial Pedestrian/Bike Improvements. Award notifications are expected in November 2014.

Bicycle Transportation Account

The Bicycle Transportation Account (BTA) is an annual program providing state funds for city and county projects that improve safety and convenience for bicycle commuters. Projects must be designed and developed to achieve the functional commuting needs and physical safety of all bicyclists. The BTA Program Call for Projects in fiscal year 2013-14 was postponed due to the Active Transportation Program (ATP) proposed by the Governor which consolidated the BTA program along with a number of other programs into one program. No BTA funds are programmed in the fiscal year 2014-15 CIP.

Community Development Block Grant Funds

Each year, the City receives approximately \$1.7 million in Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) funds. Of this amount approximately \$1.3 million is available for community development activities, which include capital improvement projects. In 2006, the City of Chula Vista received a CDBG Section 108 loan in the amount of \$9.5 million for the completion of the Castle Park Infrastructure Projects. The debt service payment is paid back from the City's annual allotment of CDBG funds (approximately \$750,000 annually). This reduces the amount of CDBG funds available for other capital projects to approximately \$0.3-0.5 million annually for the next 14 years. No CDBG funds are programmed in the fiscal year 2014-15 CIP however staff will submit an application for CDBG funds in November 2014.

Highway Bridge Program

Included in the fiscal year 2014-15 CIP are two major bridge projects — STL-261, "Willow Street Bridge Widening," at the Sweetwater River and STM-364, "Heritage Road Bridge Replacement," at the Otay River. Both will be built primarily using Federal Highway Bridge Program (HBP) funds totaling approximately \$44.7 million, leveraged with a relatively small local TDIF contribution of about \$5.6 million and a \$2.5 million SAFETEA-LU grant for engineering design and environmental evaluation.

The Highway Bridge Program (HBP) provides funding to enable states to improve the condition of their highway bridges through replacement, rehabilitation, and systematic preventive maintenance of deficient bridges. The existing bridge at Willow Street was constructed in 1940 and, through a series of studies, was determined that it was not practical to rehabilitate the bridge and funding for full replacement was subsequently approved by the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) and Caltrans, which administers the HBP Grant Program in California. The existing bridge at Heritage Road was built as an interim facility in 1993 when heavy flood waters destroyed the river crossing; this interim bridge was recently approved by FHWA and Caltrans for replacement because it is inadequate for peak traffic volumes, does not accommodate pedestrians, and is unable to convey the 50-year storm without being overtopped.

Highway Safety Improvement Program

The Highway Safety Improvement Program (HSIP) was established to attain a significant reduction in traffic fatalities and serious injuries on all public roads through the implementation of infrastructure-related highway safety improvements. The HSIP Cycle 6 call for projects announcement was made by Caltrans on March 29, 2013 and on November 14, 2013 Caltrans approved the list of Cycle 6 projects to receive HSIP funding. A total of 389 applications were received from local agencies throughout the State of which 231 projects have been funded totaling approximately \$150 million in federal HSIP funds. The City received HSIP grants funds in the amount of \$1.27 million for two projects related to signal improvements and both are programmed in the fiscal year 2014-15 CIP: (1) Traffic Signal Modifications at four intersection: Fourth Avenue/"J" Street; Hilltop Drive/"L" Street; Third Avenue/"H" Street; Third Avenue/"I" Street; and (2) Expansion of Adaptive Traffic Signal System at East "H" Street between Hidden Vista Drive and Tierra Del Rey and Telegraph Canyon Road between Canyon Plaza Driveway and Buena Vista Way.

Neighborhood Reinvestment Program

The Neighborhood Reinvestment Program provides grant funds to County departments, public agencies, and to non-profit community organizations for onetime community, social, environmental, educational, cultural or recreational needs. The City is submitting a grant application for \$117,000 for the Palomar Bridge Fence Enhancement project. State Highway Interstate 805 is currently under construction for high occupancy vehicle (HOV) lanes. The Palomar Bridge has been demolished and is currently being constructed to accommodate the HOV lanes. The Department of Transportation (Caltrans) is administering the highway project and had included a direct access ramp for the Palomar Bridge. The City received support from Caltrans to include a bridge enhancement design on the bridge. The estimated total project cost is \$238,800.

Safe Routes to School

The State Safe Routes to School (SR2s) program goal is to reduce injuries and fatalities to schoolchildren and to encourage increased walking and bicycling among students. Competitive grants are available to local government agencies for construction of facilities that enhance safety for pedestrians and bicyclists, primarily students in grades K-12 who walk or bicycle to school. No Safe Routes to School funds are programmed in the fiscal year 2014-15 CIP. The Active Transportation Program (ATP) consolidated the Safe Routes to School Program along with a number of other programs into one program.

Smart Growth Incentive Grant

The TransNet Smart Growth Initiative Program (SGIP) funds transportation related infrastructure improvements and planning efforts that support smart growth development. The SGIP will award two percent of the annual TransNet revenues for the next 40 years to local governments through a competitive grant program to support projects that will help better coordinate transportation and land use in the San Diego region. Active SGIP grants include \$1.34 million for the Third Avenue Streetscape Improvement Project Phase II from Madrona Street to "F" Street.

MISCELLANEOUS FUNDS

General Fund

The General Fund is the City's main operating fund used to pay for City services. The fiscal year 2014-15 CIP includes \$1,274,067 for the Third Avenue Streetscape Project Phase II, a revenue offset project from RDA bonds, and \$450,000 for the City's Asset Management Program.

Parking Meter Fund

The Parking Meter Fund is a dedicated funding source for the Downtown Parking District. Parking Meter Fund revenues are generated through coin deposits from parking meters located in the downtown area and parking citation payments for expired meter violations. \$100,000 is programmed in the fiscal year 2014-15 CIP for upgrades to parking meters and associated technology.

Residential Construction Tax

The Residential Construction Tax (RCT) was established by the City Council in October 1971 to provide a more equitable distribution of the burden of financing parks, open spaces, public facilities, and other capital improvements, the need for which is created by the increasing population of the City. The RCT is applicable to all new residential units and paid by the person constructing the units. RCT funds are used to pay for debt service obligations resulting from the issuance of Certificates of Participation (COP's) for western Chula Vista failing CMP repairs.

VOTER APPROVED FUNDS

Gas Tax

Several years ago the voters approved Proposition 42, which provided funding for cities to improve streets from the sales tax on fuel. The funds can only be utilized for street improvements and the City has utilized these funds to augment its annual pavement rehabilitation efforts. In the fiscal year 2014-15 CIP the allocation is \$2.5 million for minor pavement rehabilitation including street overlays and some street reconstruction based on the City's Pavement Management System.

Transportation Sales Tax

Transportation Sales Tax (TransNet) funds are derived from sales tax revenues levied in San Diego County that are collected by the State specifically for use on transportation related projects in San Diego County. The regional metropolitan planning agency, San Diego Association of Governments (SANDAG), programs these funds to municipalities within San Diego County. Revenues vary from year-to-year, depending on the amount of sales tax available to the region and the number and costs of projects for which municipalities, local transit, and Caltrans request funding. The revenue approved for municipalities is based on the specific cost estimates that are required to be submitted as part of the annual request for funding. The TransNet Extension Ordinance states that at least 70 percent of the funds allocated to local agencies for local road projects should be used to fund Congestion Relief (CR) projects. CR projects include the construction of new or expanded facilities, major rehabilitation and reconstruction of signalization, roadways, traffic transportation infrastructure to support smart growth, capital improvements for transit facilities, and operating support for local shuttle and circulator transit routes. No more than 30 percent of TransNet funds allocated to local agencies are expected to be used for local street and road maintenance. In the fiscal year 2014-15 CIP, the TransNet budget is nearly \$7.5 million.

SEWER FUNDS

Sewer Facility Replacement Fund

The Sewer Facility Replacement Fund is a fee based revenue source that all properties pay each month as part of their sewer bills. The funds can be utilized to replace, rehabilitate or upgrade existing sewer facilities. In the fiscal year 2014-15 CIP, a total of \$2.1 million is proposed for sewer rehabilitation projects. In addition, approximately \$8.0 million of existing funds and projects will carry over into the fiscal year 2014-15 CIP.

The 2015-2019 Capital Improvement Program (CIP) is a five-year expenditure plan that provides the City with a financial strategy for infrastructure improvements. The CIP includes funding for projects and programs in various geographic areas of the City. The Proposed Fiscal Year 2014-15 capital expenditure is \$20.9 million. The forecasted five-year program is estimated at \$54.5 million. The 2015-2019 CIP program reflects the actions taken by Council and developed in accordance with Council adopted policies and guiding documents (such as and not limited to the City's General Plan, Master Plans, Specific Plans and the Regional Transportation Plan) as well as generally accepted accounting principles. Overall, the five-year program continues to trend favorably despite the economy and the fiscal constraints facing the City.

Projects in this year's Capital Improvement Budget have been sorted by the nine-asset management systems identified in the City's Recovery Plan and the Infrastructure Workshop with the City Council. This provides a mechanism to track CIP allocations by Asset Management System (AMS). The nine AMS's include the following:

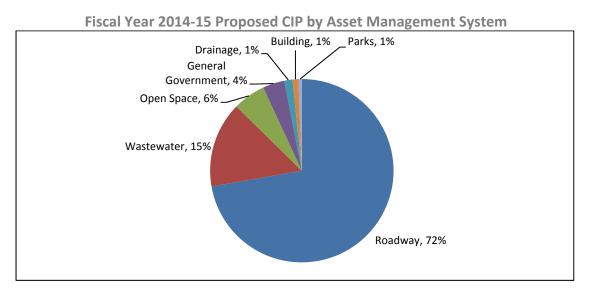
 The Roadway Management System (RMS), which is comprised of all City-owned assets in the Public Right-of-Way. These assets include: Major and Local Streets, Sidewalks, Traffic Signals & Striping, Bicycle and Pedestrian paths, ADA Ramps and Curbs and Gutters. A majority of the CIP funding is

CIP Expenditure Summary

focused on the RMS.

- The Wastewater Management System (WMS), which is comprised of Sewer Pump Stations, Rehabilitation and related projects.
- The Drainage Management System (DMS) is comprised of citywide storm drain facilities.
- The Building Management System (BMS) is comprised of City-owned facilities including the Civic Center, Fire Stations, Libraries, Police Station, Recreation Centers, and community facilities such as Rohr Manor and the Woman's Club.
- The Parks Management System (PMS) is comprised of the citywide park system.
- The Open Space Management System (OMS) is comprised of the Open Space Districts and Community Facility Districts (CFDs).
- The Fleet Management System (FMS) is comprised of City-owned vehicles.
- The General Government Management System (GGMS) includes general-purpose items such as Automation, Utility Undergrounding and Parking Meters.
- The Urban Forestry Management System (UMFS) is comprised of City-owned street trees, and trees within Public Right-of-Way and parks.

The following chart provides an expenditure breakdown, by Asset Management System, totaling \$20.9 million of recommended appropriations:



ROADWAY MANAGEMENT SYSTEM (RMS)

A majority of the CIP funding is focused on the Roadway Management System (RMS). The appropriation for Roadway projects is \$15.1 million, which represents 72% of the proposed CIP budget. Project types within the RMS are Major Streets, Local Streets, and Traffic. The following table summarizes the funding by these project types.

Project Type	Total Cost
Local Streets	\$9,624,045
Major Streets	\$2,775,000
Traffic	\$2,683,400
Total Roadway Projects	\$15,082,445

RMS Projects

Major Streets

The \$2.7 million in funding includes the Pavement Major Rehabilitation Project (citywide), Heritage Road Bridge Replacement project, Bike Lane along East H Street, and studies for the Bikeway Facility Gap Project and construction of Main Street from Heritage Road to La Media Road. The Pavement Major Rehabilitation Project includes resurfacing and pavement overlays, which may extend street life by up to 15 years. Failure to complete proactive street maintenance will lead to the accelerated deterioration of City streets, thereby, costing more to repair in the long-term.

Local Streets

The \$9.6 million in funding includes the Willow Street Bridge Road widening, South Broadway Improvements, Third Avenue Streetscape Improvements, sidewalk installation along portions of Moss, Naples and Palomar Streets and major and minor pavement rehabilitation (citywide).

Funding of \$150,000 is included for a Pavement Management Study which will further the development of the Roadway Management System, by addressing other roadway elements, besides pavement, on eligible roads. These elements include curbs, gutters, sidewalks, medians, parkways, traffic signals and street lighting.

Traffic

The \$2.6 million in funding includes the Traffic Calming Program, Traffic Signal System Optimization, Traffic Signal and Streetlight Systems Upgrade and Modification Program, Neighborhood Traffic and Pedestrian Safety Program, and traffic signal modifications at various locations.

Funding of \$989,900 is included to complete Signal Modification Projects at four locations: Fourth Avenue & J Street; Hilltop Drive & L Street; Third Avenue & I Street.

Funding of \$648,500 is included for the expansion of an Adaptive Traffic Signal System at East H Street & Telegraph Canyon Road. In addition, \$250,000 is included for modifications of the Traffic Signal & Pedestrian Facilities along Palomar Street between Broadway & Murrell Drive.

WASTEWATER MANAGEMENT SYSTEM (WMS)

The second highest commitment of CIP funding is for the Wastewater Management System (WMS). The appropriation for Wastewater projects is \$3.2 million which represents 15% of the proposed CIP budget. The single project type within the WMS is Sewer. However, the discussion below is divided into the following two categories: Sewer Rehabilitation and Specific Sewer Improvements, and Sewer Pump Stations and Access Roads.

WMS Projects

 Sewer Rehabilitation and Specific Sewer Improvements

The annual Sewer and Manhole Rehabilitation project for fiscal year 2014-15 commits \$1 million for citywide work. In addition, improvements of \$950,000 are required to mitigate capacity constraints in the Telegraph Canyon Basin located between Fifth Avenue and the I-5 Freeway. Furthermore, a sewer study to identify capacity constraints in the vicinity of J Street and Bay Boulevard junction box will be done at a cost of \$100,000.

Sewer Pump Stations and Access Roads
 The pump station at Agua Vista will be rehabilitated, at a cost of \$450,000. Sewer access roads at various locations will be rehabilitated, at a

cost of \$200,000. The condition assessments of manholes citywide will be conducted at a cost of \$450,000.

DRAINAGE MANAGEMENT SYSTEM (DMS)

The appropriation for Drainage Management System (DMS) projects is \$300,000, which represents 1.4% of the proposed CIP budget. The single project type within the DMS is Drainage.

DMS Projects

Drainage

A total of \$300,000 in TransNet funds has been committed for CMP rehabilitation. This project is to address rehabilitation of CMP at specific locations, as well as for emergency repairs. A total of \$500,000 in Sewer funds has been committed for manhole rehabilitation.

The City has submitted Vector Habitat Remediation Program grant applications to the County of San Diego to eliminate mosquito nesting in three drainage channels. The channels are located: south of the intersection of Reed Court and Main Street; at the southwest corner of "C" Street and Fourth Avenue; and south of the intersection of Fresno Avenue and Main Street. The drainage studies will be aimed at redesigning the channels to stabilize them, minimizing environmental impacts and permitting requirements, and minimizing or eliminating standing and shallow water areas. If the County approves the grants, staff will bring forward a report to Council to amend the fiscal year 2014-15 budget to appropriate the funds. The City will then apply for construction grants in the next grant cycle.

BUILDING MANAGEMENT SYSTEM (BMS)

The appropriation for Building Management System (BMS) projects is \$215,219 to complete improvements for the Loma Verde and Parkway Recreation Centers, which is funded by the TUT Common Fund.

BMS Projects

City Facilities

The total of \$215,219 is for improvements associated with Loma Verde and Parkway Recreation Centers, which includes re-plastering the pool shells, replacing lighting, repairing expansion joints, and replacing flooring.

FLEET MANAGEMENT SYSTEM (FMS)

The City owns and operates over 540 vehicles, from police cars to fire trucks to dump trucks. Maintenance of these vehicles is funded via the individual City department's budgets that operate vehicles. Replacement of the vehicles is funded by the Equipment Replacement Fund, which the City Council established in 1985. However, due to budget constraints, staff has continued to extend the replacement of vehicles over the past several years. However, failure to replace vehicles when needed will result in higher maintenance costs to keep those vehicles running and impact productivity of crews.

PARKS MANAGEMENT SYSTEM (PMS)

The appropriation for park improvement projects associated with the Parks Management System is \$125,000.

PMS Projects

Parks

The City has received \$2.8 million in Proposition 84 State Parks Grant funds to design and construct Orange Park, south of the South Chula Vista Library, within an SDGE easement. The construction of Orange Park is scheduled to begin in the summer of 2014.

Funding of \$125,000 in TUT Common Funds will be utilized for the installation and/or replacement of playground equipment in City parks including Paseo del Rey, Valle Lindo, and Chula Vista Community Park.

OPEN SPACE MANAGEMENT SYSTEM (OSMS)

A total of \$1.2 million is being appropriated for Open Space Management System (OSMS).

OSMS Projects

Open Space

A total of \$200,000 for the design and construction of an approximate 2,000 linear foot, 4" OD steel vehicle barrier along portions of the Minnewawa Truck Trail located within the Otay Ranch Preserve. The unauthorized off-road activities are resulting in the loss and degradation of sensitive plant and animal species and rare habitat types, including critical habitat for the federally-listed Quino Checkerspot Butterfly. Revenues generated from Community Facilities District (CFD) 97-2 are

intended to protect biological resources, maintain biological diversity, and promote the survival and recovery of native species and habitat within the Otay Ranch Preserve.

In addition, \$1,000,000 in Salt Creek Sewer Basin DIF funds are being set aside to establish a Multiple Species Conservation Program (MSCP) for the conservation of endangered species in the North City and Otay Ranch Preserve management areas located in the County of San Diego.

URBAN FORESTRY MANAGEMENT SYSTEM (UFMS)

The Urban Forestry Management System is responsible for monitoring the overall health of trees throughout the City, including street trees, park trees, and trees located on City property. The City continues to maintain City street trees in order to:

- Ensure ongoing traffic safety along City Streets;
- Enhance the appearance and image of the City;
- Improve the air quality and environment for City residents; and
- Clear right-of-way obstructions.

There are no CIP projects associated with trimming City trees in the fiscal year 2014-15 proposed CIP budget.

GENERAL GOVERNMENT MANAGEMENT SYSTEM (GGMS)

The appropriation for General Government System (GGS) projects is \$805,000, which represents 3.9% of the proposed CIP budget. The single project type within the GGS is General Government.

GGMS Projects

General Government

Funding of \$450,000 from the General Fund will be used for the Asset Management Program. Consultants will be hired to identify all city-owned assets, perform condition assessments, and prepare a Preservation & Rehabilitation Plan to assist the City in prioritizing limited resources.

A total of \$255,000 in TransNet funds will be used to perform various studies and projects by City staff, including the Bikeway Master Plan, Main Street Streetscape Master Plan, Bridge Maintenance Program and infrastructure planning and engineering work related to the application for funds.

Funding of \$100,000 from the Parking Meter Fund is included for upgrades to parking meters located within the Downtown Parking District.

REGIONAL PROJECTS

The City of Chula Vista CIP includes funding for several studies related to regional projects. It does not include total costs of regional projects funded or led by other agencies such as Caltrans or SANDAG. However, City staff often partners or gets involved in the delivery of these projects since they provide a direct benefit to the community and sustainable infrastructure. The following is a summary of various projects:

• Interstate-5 Multi-modal Corridor Study
In an effort to identify all transportation related improvements needed along, across and within the four-mile long Interstate-5 and rail corridor in Chula Vista, the City has combined efforts with Caltrans, Metropolitan Transit System (MTS) and SANDAG to undertake this planning level study. Funding is provided by a combination of TransNet and two Federal grants. The study has several phases of work and the first two phases have been completed. Phase III commenced in fiscal year 2013-14 and is for the environmental work and

Phase I identified and prioritized needed transportation improvements to improve mobility and goods movement within the study area bounded by SR-54 and Main Street. The results of the first phase study completed in December 2010 have already been included in the 2050 Regional Transportation Plan adopted by SANDAG in October 2011. This report is used as a technical appendix to the SANDAG 2050 Regional Transportation Plan. Rail improvements were identified as the highest near term need.

preliminary engineering of grade-separating the

Palomar Street light rail crossing near the

intersection with Industrial Blvd.

http://www.sandag.org/index.asp?projectid=387&f useaction=projects.detail

Phase II, the Chula Vista Light Rail Corridor Improvements Project Study Report, is a grade separation study for each of the three light rail trolley stations at E Street, H Street and Palomar Street. This document, completed in August 2012, has planning level work for the ultimate rail corridor improvements in Chula Vista. Final recommendations from the Light Rail Trolley (LRT) Improvement study will be incorporated into the Phase III environmental work for the Palomar Street location as well as future regional plans and as individual projects into the Western Transportation Development Impact Fee (WTDIF) program and the CIP program.

http://www.chulavistaca.gov/City Services/Development Services/Engineering/documents/PSRCVLRT-Final-August2012.pdf

The completed Phase I and Phase II studies serve to identify an accurate project description for Phase III, a future LRT grade-separation Environmental Impact Report (EIR) that will commenced in fiscal year 2013-14 and will be completed in fiscal year 2014-15. This environmental and preliminary design work is the last phase of the I-5 Multi-modal Corridor Study. The Palomar Street crossing is the highest priority LRT grade-separation project within Chula Vista. The H Street and the E street locations rank second and third below the Palomar Street location, respectively.

In addition, the Blue Line Improvement Corridor has seen many upgrades and continues with several improvements regionally and is state funded. SANDAG has current freight rail improvements throughout the Blue Line corridor that are in various stages of design and/or construction. These improvements include making improvements to the rail siding south of Anita Street to provide a new freight rail over-crossing (bridge structure) at Main Street as well as new railroad signaling equipment and at-grade improvements for pedestrians and vehicles.

In addition to the roadway and freeway network, LRT maintenance upgrades at all Chula Vista atgrade rail crossings began by MTS/SANDAG in fiscal year 2012-13 and is still on-going.

 Interstate-805/East Palomar Street Direct Access Ramp (DAR) Project

The Caltrans work on I-805 will provide a new access point to/from the East Palomar Street Bridge to and from the north freeway via Direct Access Ramps which are ramps that lead to/from the center median area of the freeway instead of from the right side of the freeway. The project started construction in April 2013 and construction will be completed by early 2015. When completed, the freeway DAR project will connect to the recently completed High Occupancy Vehicle (HOV) lanes that extend from East Naples Street to SR-94.

The South Bay Bus Rapid Transit (SBBRT) Project
The SBBRT project, coordinated by SANDAG, is
expected to follow the Caltrans I-805 Direct Access
Ramp project. SANDAG, as the project manager,
will design and build a 21-mile BRT line between
the Otay Mesa Port of Entry and downtown San
Diego via eastern Chula Vista, I-805 and SR-94. The
eastern Chula Vista section extends from the
intersection of East Palomar Street and Oleander
Avenue through Otay Ranch Town Center and the
Millennia Project to SR-125. City staff is providing
design and surveying for the portion of the project
within the Otay Ranch Shopping Center and Birch
Road.

The project will include arterial "transit only" lanes, transit signal priority, special shoulder lanes for busses-only on the freeway, and enhanced customer amenities. The SBBRT project will be in operation in fiscal year 2015-16. The environmental phase is complete and the project is currently in the design phase.

State Route – 125 (SR-125)

In December 2011, SANDAG purchased the lease to operate the SR-125 toll road (South Bay Expressway). Soon thereafter, the SANDAG Board of Directors approved the lowering of tolls effective June 30, 2012. Traffic volumes since the new toll schedule went into effect show that traffic volumes have increased from approximately 25,000 vehicles per day to over 30,000 vehicles per day. More recent counts show that traffic volumes are still increasing on this facility.

As SANDAG completes its transition with South Bay Expressway, city staff will work with Caltrans and SANDAG to pursue construction of the northbound off-ramp and the southbound on-ramp at the San Miguel Ranch subdivision. City staff will be providing cost estimates for completing these ramps and work with Caltrans and SANDAG to agree on financing and expediting completion of this work. For more information, including a list of frequently asked questions, visit www.sandag.org/southbayexpressway.

At the south end of the toll road, City staff is also working with Caltrans and the development community to determine the ultimate on-ramp and off-ramp needs and geometric configurations where the future Main Street (Rock Mountain Road/Hunte Parkway) and Otay Valley Road local streets eventually will cross the SR-125 corridor.

Bayshore Bikeway Project

The City completed a preliminary engineering study for the segment between E and H Streets, working with SANDAG and a consultant. The study was presented to the SANDAG Bayshore Bikeway Working Group in fiscal year 2013-14 and was accepted. Staff is looking at grants to fund the preliminary engineering and environmental phase. The multi-purpose bike path segment between H Street and Palomar Street was completed by SANDAG in March 2012 and has high usage rates, especially on the weekends. The City of San Diego is responsible for working with SANDAG on the segment south of Palomar Street to Main Street, which is currently in the environmental and design phases.

Future segments of the Bayshore Bikeway along the Chula Vista Bayfront waterfront will be part of the development of that area and a general alignment of that facility can be seen on the City's 2011 Bikeway Master Plan map.

The initial proposed capital improvement project detail sheets are posted annually in April of each year on the Public Works website for public comment and review.

http://www.chulavistaca.gov/City Services/Developme nt Services/Engineering/index.asp

Additionally, the Public Works Department publishes an annual proposed CIP budget. The document is made available at the City Clerk's office, the Civic Center Library, Otay Ranch Mall Library, and the South Chula Vista Library. The proposed CIP is presented at a Council Budget Workshop in May and adopted in June of every year.



CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT BUDGET

Funding Summary by Project Type

DRAINAGE

		FY 2014-15 PROPOSED
DR198	Storm Drain Pipe Rehabilitation Project FY2014/2015	\$300,000
	DRAINAGE TOTAL	\$300,000

GENERAL GOVERNMENT

		FY 2014-15 PROPOSED
GG222	Asset Management	\$450,000
GG223	Otay Ranch Preserve Access Control	\$200,000
	GENERAL GOVERNMENT TOTAL	\$650,000

LOCAL STREETS

		FY 2014-15 PROPOSED
STL261	Willow Street Bridge Widening	\$1,579,928
STL366	Moss Street Sidewalk Installation	\$700,000
STL367	Naples Street Sidewalk Installation	\$400,000
STL369	Palomar Street Sidewalk Street Improvements along Northside from Orange Avenue to Third Avenue	\$450,000
STL384	Willow Street Bridge (Utility Relocation)	\$53,341
STL384	Willow Street Bridge Utility Relocation	\$411,709
STL394	Moss Street Corridor Improvement between Third Avenue and Fourth Avenue	\$60,000
STL396	Jefferson Avenue Improvements 1000 to 1050 Block	\$130,000
STL400	Third Avenue Streetscape Improvement Phase II	\$1,274,067
STL401	Pavement Minor Rehabilitation FY2014/2015	\$2,050,000
STL402	Replacement of Curb & Gutter Citywide FY2014/2015	\$150,000
STL403	Cross Gutter Rehabilitation Citywide FY2014/2015	\$250,000
STL404	Bikeway Master Plan 2016 Update	\$50,000
STL405	ADA Curb Ramps FY2014/15	\$300,000
	LOCAL STREETS TOTAL	\$7,859,045

CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT BUDGET

Funding Summary by Project Type

MAJOR STREETS

		FY 2014-15 PROPOSED
STM357	Construction of Main Street from Heritage Road to La Media Road (Study)	\$25,000
STM367	South Broadway Improvements Main Street to Southern City Limits -Phase I Drainage Improvements	\$350,000
STM369	Bikeway Facilities Gap Project (Study)	\$50,000
STM378	Main Street Streetscape Master Plan	\$50,000
STM381	South Broadway Improvments Main Street to Southern Limits Phase II	\$1,250,000
STM382	Bike Lane along East H Street	\$200,000
STM383	Pavement Major Rehabilitation FY2014/2015	\$2,500,000
STM384	Bike Lanes on Broadway Feasibility Study	\$65,000
STM385	Bridge Maintenance	\$75,000
	MAJOR STREETS TOTAL	\$4,565,000

OTHER PROJECTS

		FY 2014-15 PROPOSED
OP202	CIP Advanced Planning	\$80,000
OP219	Pavement Management System	\$150,000
OP223	Downtown Parking District Technology Upgrades	\$100,000
OP224	North City and Otay Ranch Preserve Management Program	\$1,000,000
	OTHER PROJECTS TOTAL	\$1,330,000

PARKS AND RECREATION

		FY 2014-15 PROPOSED
PR320	Playground Equipment Installations	\$125,000
PR321	Pool Repairs at Loma Verde and Parkway	\$215,219
	PARKS AND RECREATION TOTAL	\$340,219

CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT BUDGET

Funding Summary by Project Type

SEWER

		FY 2014-15 PROPOSED
SW285	Sewer Rehabilitation Project FY2014/2015	\$500,000
SW286	Agua Vista Pump Station Upgrades	\$450,000
SW287	Manhole Inspections FY2014/2015	\$450,000
SW288	Sewer Access Road Rehabilitation FY2014/2015	\$200,000
SW289	Manhole Rehabilitation Program FY2014/2015	\$500,000
SW290	Telegraph Canyon Basin Sewer Improvements between 5th Avenue and I-5	\$950,000
	Freeway	
SW291	"J" Street Junction Box Sewer Study	\$100,000
	SEWER TOTAL	\$3,150,000

TRAFFIC

		FY 2014-15
		PROPOSED
TF274	Traffic Count Station Program	\$40,000
TF319	Signal Modification - Anita Street & Industrial Boulevard	\$50,000
TF321	Citywide Traffic Count Program	\$25,000
TF327	Neighborhood Traffic and Pedestrian Safety Program	\$120,000
TF332	Signing and Striping Program	\$20,000
TF345	Traffic Calming Program	\$70,000
TF350	Traffic Signal System Optimization Program	\$125,000
TF354	Traffic Congestion Relief Program	\$75,000
TF366	Traffic Signal and Streetlight Systems Upgrade and Modification Program	\$200,000
TF382	Traffic Signal Modifications at Third Avenue/Naples Street & Third Avenue/"J" Street	\$20,000
TF383	Traffic Signal Installation at Industrial Boulevard/Moss Street & Industrial Boulevard/Naples Street Intersections	\$50,000
TF388	Traffic Signal Modifications at four intersections: Fourth Avenue/"J" Street; Hilltop Drive/"L" Street; Third Avenue/"H" Street & Third Avenue/"I" Street	\$989,900
TF389	Expansion of Adaptive Traffic Signal System at: East "H" Street and Telegraph Canyon Road	\$648,500
TF390	Modification of Traffic Signal and Pedestrian Facilities along Palomar Street between Broadway and Murrell Drive	\$250,000
	TRAFFIC TOTAL	\$2,683,400
	GRAND TOTAL - ALL PROJECTS	\$20,877,664



City of Chula Vista Proposed Budget

SUMMARY TABLES

Fund Appropriations by Department and Expenditure Category

Schedule of Revenues

Fund Balance Projections

Schedule of Interfund Transfers In

Authorized Positions by Department

City of Chula Vista Proposed Budget

FUND APPROPRIATIONS BY DEPARTMENT AND EXPENDITURE CATEGORY

85,076 2,603,406 3,140,045 2,187,748 1,246,442 845,557 2,713,733 3,776,889 9,136,936 2,748,444 2,609,039 24,341,093 3,918,448 3,557,569 FY 2014-15 46,044,342 25,581,977 134,536,744 TOTAL 18,700 NON-CIP PROJECTS 18,700 PROPOSED EXPENDITURES BY DEPARTMENT / CATEGORY PROJECTS 1,724,067 1,724,067 CIP OPERATING TRANSFERS 5,303,970 390,802 5,755,002 60,230 OUT 3,348 3,416 2,523 88,500 8,920 8,950 10,999 61,921 196,049 CAPITAL Fiscal Year 2014-15 EXPENSES 10,915 122,800 128,000 26,000 517,115 224,500 4,500 OTHER 12,000 47,045 1,530 2,500 41,046 2,200 1,320 3,549,619 UTILITIES 210,513 375,903 357,375 5,011,048 405,877 PERSONNEL SUPPLIES & 76,577 85,076 365,457 230,486 696,934 190,030 137,851 14,160,624 189,171 289,023 2,039,008 561,555 3,161,375 1,859,057 3,519,203 SERVICES 646,686 (166,609)1,167,155 2,307,566 1,888,275 3,573,360 2,458,073 42,354,290 22,211,293 17,913,732 2,958,053 107,154,139 SERVICES 2,478,511 2,135,061 2,995,942 2,232,751 10000 General Svcs/Animal Care Facility **100 GENERAL FUND TOTAL** 32000 Boards and Commissions 16000 Public Works Operations 12000 Development Services 07000 Human Resources 39000 Non-Departmental 35000 Administration DEPT / FUND 04000 City Attorney 01100 City Council 7000 Recreation 03000 City Clerk 38000 Finance 4000 Police STI 00090 15000 Fire

6,839,428	815,000	7,445,000	1,320,429	80,000	498,555	437,640	499,567	6,384,656	45,000	76,141	450,000	1,881	1,600	4,228,219	120,000
														717,500	
2,580,000	800,000	7,445,000			100,000									340,219	
4,259,428			722,471			399,140	12,224				120,000			610,000	
								251,000			100,000			1,310,000	
	15,000				166,400								1,200		92,000
					11,855										
			245,289	80,000	220,300	38,500	75,000	944,157	45,000		230,000	1,881	400	1,250,500	28,000
			352,669				412,343	5,189,499		76,141					
Gas Tax	Traffic Signal	Transp Sales Tax Fund	Advanced Life Support Fund	Legislative Counsel Fund	Parking Meter	Traffic Safety	Supp Law Enforcement Serv Fund	Police Dept Grants Fund	Inmate Welfare Fund	Local Law Enf Block Grant Pro	Asset Seizure	Public Library Act	McCandliss Memorial Cult Arts	TUT Commin Fund	Mobile Home Rent Review Progra
221	225	227	234	235	241	245	251	252	253	254	256	262	267	223	270

PROPOSED EXPENDITURES BY DEPARTMENT / CATEGORY

Fiscal Year 2014-15

	DEPT / FUND	PERSONNEL SERVICES	SUPPLIES & SERVICES	UTILITIES	OTHER EXPENSES	OPERATING TRANSFERS CAPITAL OUT	FRANSFERS OUT	CIP PROJECTS	NON-CIP PROJECTS	TOTAL FY 2014-15
272	Federal Grants Fund	736,711	441,350							1,178,061
274	Amer. Recovery & Reinvest. Act				22,333					22,333
281	Waste Mgmt & Recycling	55,782	339,115							394,897
282	Environmental Services	590,006	897,035	5,100	90,000		107,585			1,689,726
285	Energy Conservation	140,075	976,933		822,152					1,939,160
301	Storm Drain Revenue		348,100	800			487,378			836,278
313	CV Housing Authority	561,926	38,300	200			177,145			777,871
316	Public Educational & Govt. Fee		300,000			300,000				000'009
318	Redv Obligation Retirement Fnd		80,270	1,700	718,540	6,040	5,698,895			6,505,445
319	Housing - SA		63,500		179,432	6,000				248,932
311	CDBG Housing Program		7,000		213,000					220,000
314	Emergency Shelter Grant Prog		5,000		15,145				131,257	151,402
321	HOME Program		20,000		614,429	473			250,000	884,902
333	CDBG FY00		11,427		388,492	946	756,715		1,076,855	2,234,435
341	Public Liability Trust		713,439		940,000					1,653,439
342	CFD 11-M RHR McMillin		99,045	16,070	21,535					136,650
343	CFD 12-M Otay Ranch Village 7		279,578	117,850	65,141					462,569
344	CFD 13M OR Village 2		78,940	66,500	25,715					171,155
345	CFD 12M OR Village 7		240,667	140,400	61,533					442,600
352	Bay Blvd Landscape Dist		3,337	7,324						10,661
353	Eastlake Maintenance Dist 1		161,151	98,233	60,140					319,524
354	Open Space District #1		38,251	27,400	15,855					81,506
355	Open Space District #2		10,246	6,260	8,143					24,649
356	Open Space District #3		22,439	21,679	10,394					54,512
357	Open Space District #4		56,423	23,150	18,271					97,844
358	Open Space District #5		26,940	15,820	10,528					53,288
329	Open Space District #6		16,014	10,946	8,858					35,818
361	Open Space District #7		5,495	2,240	3,990					11,725
362	Open Space District #8		46,461	20,744	15,752					82,957
363	Open Space District #9		45,733	20,282	14,640					80,655
364	Open Space District #10		45,261	24,445	15,219					84,925
365	Open Space District #11		92,417	51,000	27,133					170,550
367	Open Space District #14		218,695	155,100	68,375					442,170
368	Open Space District #15		12,814	8,492	7,971					29,277

PROPOSED EXPENDITURES BY DEPARTMENT / CATEGORY Fiscal Year 2014-15

TOTAL FY 2014-15	11,680	160,215	1,455,914	47,156	38,087	17,583	157,410	571,945	925,601	995,457	784,887	919,000	886,105	2,286,639	11,520	3,652,520	130,000	3,380,610	109,553	6,683,065	7,160,836	1,250,000	31,105,111	2,250,000	35,000	10,000	1,369,091	756,715	750,000	352,177	809,925	2,396,449	1,277,309	2,494,107
NON-CIP PROJECTS																																		
CIP PROJECTS												200,000										1,050,000		2,100,000			1,000,000							
TRANSFERS OUT																				34,750	1,328,299		3,046,098	150,000			250,000							
OPERATING TRANSFERS CAPITAL OUT																	130,000				7,300		794,500											
OTHER EXPENSES	5,384	25,231	218,377	7,596	995'9	3,785	33,451	160,914	199,568	157,740	109,060	60,500	123,189	316,153		400		2,669,000	30,000	433,496	58,812	200,000	45,000		35,000	10,000	119,091	756,715	750,000	352,177	809,925	2,391,449	1,271,309	2,491,607
UTILITIES		55,321	328,754	8,740	13,449	3,708	43,389	112,140	267,187	198,000	144,200		162,684	379,600	5,220	384,748			23,053	151,124	5,000		315											
SUPPLIES & SERVICES	6,296	79,663	908,783	30,820	18,072	10,090	80,570	298,891	458,846	639,717	531,627	658,500	600,232	1,590,886	6,300	2,261,255		711,610	56,500	5,897,531	216,925		22,821,121									5,000	000'9	2,500
PERSONNEL SUPPLIES & SERVICES																1,006,117				166,164	5,544,500		4,398,077											
I DEPT / FUND	Open Space District #17	Open Space District #18	Open Space District #20	Open Space District #23	Open Space District #24	Open Space District #26	Open Space District #31	CFD 07M-Eastlk II Woods, Vista	CFD 08M-Vlg 6 McM & Oty Ranch	CFD 09M-OR VIg II Brookfld She	CFD 99-2 Otay Ranch Vlg 1 West	Otay Ranch Preserve	CFD 98-3 Sunbow 2	Community Facility Dst 97-1 OR	Otay Ranch Village 1,2,6,7,12	Central Garage Fund	Equipment Replacement	Workers Compensation	Bayfront Trolley Station TDA	Transit	Development Services Fund	Trunk Sewer Capital Reserve	Sewer Service Revenue	Sewer Facility Replacement	Tele Cyn Sewer Basin DIF	Poggi Cyn Sewer Basin DIF	Salt Creek Sewer Basin DIF	CDBG Section 108 Loan	Long-term Advances DSF-City	KS Fire Equiptment Capl Lease	CEC Loan Repayment	2004 COP Civ Ctr Proj Phase I	2006 COP Civ Ctr Proj Phase 2	2010 Refunding COP
Ā	369	371	372	373	374	375	376	378	379	380	382	386	387	388	389	391	392	398	401	402	408	413	414	428	431	432	433	442	451	452	453	472	473	474

3,000 75,000 25,000 30,981 3,200 3,615,000 23,779 1,065,196 1,601,035 844,795 430,928 100,883 129,285 1,017,345 992,297 2,277,748 677,336 FY 2014-15 3,323,662 1,070,257 1,274,067 1,531,337 3,260,037 TOTAL PROJECTS NON-CIP PROPOSED EXPENDITURES BY DEPARTMENT / CATEGORY PROJECTS 278,341 3,260,037 CIP OPERATING TRANSFERS 23,779 844,795 709,896 3,323,662 1,601,035 430,928 1,927,748 677,336 OUT CAPITAL Fiscal Year 2014-15 EXPENSES 3,000 3,200 580,916 100,883 129,285 25,000 25,000 989,097 3,610,000 1,274,067 ,014,145 ,527,137 350,000 300,000 OTHER UTILITIES PERSONNEL SUPPLIES & 5,000 3,200 3,200 50,000 211,000 4,200 SERVICES SERVICES 55,300 RDA 2008 TARBS ProjFund - SA Fire Suppression Sys Expansion Otay Ranch VLG Ped Ramp DIF OR Vlg11 Pedestrian Bridge DIF Western-Park Acquisition & Dev Resident. Construct/Conver Fnd PFDIF - Civic Center Expansion Other Transportation Programs Long-term Advances DSF-SA Corporation Yard Relocation Park Land Acquisition Fund Police Facilities Remodel AD2005-1 Tobias Drive AD2004-1 Dixon Drive 06 TABs Series A - SA 06 TABs Series B - SA **PFDIF General Admin** 2014 Refunding COP Fransportation DIF 05 ERAF - SA 06 ERAF - SA 08 TABs - SA DEPT / FUND 572 573 574 576 588 654 663 692 587 591 661 662 664 571

284,523,611

2,194,312

20,877,664

33,485,290

3,102,308

29,037,656

8,151,570

61,290,662

126,384,149

GRAND TOTAL ALL FUNDS

City of Chula Vista Proposed Budget

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES

	SCHEDULE	E OF REVENI	VENUES			
FUND	FUND/ACCOUNT	FY 2010-11 ACTUAL	FY 2011-12 ACTUAL	FY 2012-13 ACTUAL	FY 2013-14 ADOPTED	FY 2014-15 ESTIMATED
100 G	GENERAL FUND					
3000	Property Taxes	C	24 518 260	27 876 534	25 952 576	28 032 214
)	TOTAL	° 0\$	\$24,518,260	\$27,876,534	\$25,952,576	\$28,032,214
	Other Local Taxes					
3010	Sales Tax	0	27,275,753	28,627,785	29,854,685	30,455,693
3020	Franchise Fees	0	8,400,178	9,266,768	8,472,850	8,903,174
3030	Utility Taxes	0	3,465,136	4,428,794	3,512,026	7,175,000
3040	Business License Tax	0	1,169,307	1,260,622	1,335,889	1,361,807
3050	Transient Occupancy Tax	0	2,295,675	2,471,252	2,365,005	2,518,329
3070	Real Property Transfer Tax	0	779,981	1,125,252	800,482	816,492
	TOTAL	\$0	\$43,386,030	\$47,180,473	\$46,340,937	\$51,230,495
	Licenses and Permits					
3100	Licenses	0	138,036	143,871	132,600	132,600
3120	Dev / Improvement Permits	0	268,412	275,133	209,317	209,317
3140	Regulatory Permits	0	816,321	976,515	967,530	967,530
	TOTAL	\$0	\$1,222,769	\$1,395,519	\$1,309,447	\$1,309,447
	Fines, Forfeitures, Penalties					
3200	Community Appearance Penalties	0	675,789	368,357	378,700	378,700
3210	Law Enforcement Penalties	0	288,439	245,808	232,100	232,100
3240	Parking Penalties	0	263,007	213,162	300,000	300,000
3250	Other Penalties	0	128,534	175,620	200,000	200,000
	TOTAL	\$0	\$1,355,769	\$1,002,947	\$1,110,800	\$1,110,800
	Use of Money & Property					
3300	Investment Earnings	0	633,057	143,601	300,364	300,364
3310	Sale of Real Property	0	356,912	0	0	0
3320	Sale of Personal Property	0	33,486	26,866	38,800	17,420
3330	Rental/Lease of Equipment	0	46,728	49,262	63,187	63,187
3350	Rental/Lease of Land and Space	0	976,237	957,564	985,825	1,069,960
3370	Rental/Lease of Buildings	0	870,214	1,024,197	893,464	988,315
	TOTAL	\$0	\$2,916,634	\$2,201,490	\$2,281,640	\$2,439,246

GHEDUIJE OF REWENUES	FY 2010-11 FY 2011-12 FY 2012-13 FY 2013-14 FY 2014-15 ACTUAL ACTUAL		0 724,185 784,116 738,669 799,798	0 537,892 667,263 652,000 652,000	0 236,354 231,546 244,697 238,538	0 16,288,377 16,253,826 16,487,870 17,450,125	0 2,765 4,331 7,755 5,330	0 844,496 641,161 1,399,930 1,036,824	0 25,415 66,936 42,000 42,000	0 120,655 793,595 163,000 2,000	0 498,305 669,407 664,000 664,000	\$0 \$19,278,444 \$20,112,181 \$20,399,921 \$20,890,615		0 995,614 1,080,516 1,071,954 1,081,603	0 115,910 111,791 118,547 148,547	0 46,311 10,973 12,000 12,000	0 454,026 594,411 296,915 296,915	0 3,902 205 0 0	0 1,578,374 1,716,857 1,686,600 1,686,600	0 789,223 943,530 943,530 973,964	0 791,257 922,828 953,618 940,503	0 304,773 424,640 399,465 424,150	0 278,588 311,153 295,000 295,000	0 1,971,852 1,896,995 1,519,750 1,469,750	0 251,152 343,609 315,500 320,500	\$0 \$7,580,982 \$8,357,508 \$7,612,879 \$7,649,532	124,544 361,512 488,258	0 272,739 283,196 288,857 288,857	0 239,209 630 0 0	0 2,057,317 2,095,461 2,051,460 2,051,460	7 2 2 2 4 2 6 7 7 6 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7
SCHIED	FUND/ACCOUNT	Revenue from Other Agencies	3010 Sales Tax	3400 State Grants	3440 State Tax Sharing	3460 Motor Vehicle License Fees	3480 State Reimbursements	3500 Federal Grants	3580 Federal Reimbursements	3600 Other Agency Grants	3690 Other Agency Revenue	TOTAL	Charges for Services	3700 Zoning Fees	3720 Document Fees	3730 Plan Checking Fees	3740 Inspection Fees	3770 Other Dev Fees	3800 Animal Shelter Contracts	3830 Services to the Port District	3900 Recreation Program Fees	3950 Class Admission Fees	3970 Referral Fees	4200 Staff Services Reimbursements	4300 Fees for Other Services	TOTAL		4420 Transit Reimbursements	4430 Redev Agency Reimbursements	4440 Open Space/Assess Dist Reimb	4450 CID Deimbursements

	FY 2014-15 ESTIMATED	3,419,887	0	270,000	250	597,962	\$11,165,616		4,259,428	610,000	722,471	399,140	120,000	0	0	107,585	0	177,145	34,750	1,328,299	2,949,961	0	0	0	0	0	\$10,708,779	\$134,536,744		5,522,000	0	0
	FY 2013-14 ADOPTED]	2,304,331	0	270,000	250	2,967,969	\$12,639,967		4,259,428	0	287,557	399,140	120,000	0	30,000	107,585	240,463	147,555	34,750	1,143,811	3,029,961	2,715	0	0	0	0	\$10,102,965	\$127,751,132		5,738,000	0	0
	FY 2012-13 ACTUAL	3,360,321	0	368,520	1,718	1,920,944	\$13,023,679		4,439,428	0	0	492,669	120,000	0	20,000	107,585	240,463	166,085	34,750	1,175,724	2,824,121	0	0	10,622	0	0	\$9,661,447	\$130,811,778		6,196,036	(36,887)	1,959,211
VENUES	FY 2011-12 ACTUAL	3,078,903	329	343,568	0	1,392,583	\$11,587,470		3,561,417	0	0	534,140	120,000	25,000	0	107,781	240,463	210,227	37,849	1,224,416	3,142,406	0	79,486	0	67,158	200,000	\$9,850,343	\$121,696,701		3,485,185	34,166	0
SCHIEDUILE OF REVENUES	FY 2010-11 ACTUAL	0	0	0	0	0	0\$		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0\$	0\$		0	0	0
	FUND/ACCOUNT	Other City Funds Reimbursement	Assessments	Collection Charges	Sale of Goods	Other Revenue	TOTAL	<u>Transfers In</u>	Tfr In from Gas Tax Fund		Tfr In Fire Equip Lease Fund	Tfr In from Traffic Safety	Tfr In from Asset Seizure Fund	Tfr In from CA Library Service	Tfr In from Federal Grants	Tfr In from Environmental Serv	Tfr In from Storm Drain Rev	Tfr in from CV Hsng Authority	Tfr In from Transit/CVT Fund	Tfr In from Dev Svcs Fund	Tfr In from Sewer Service Rsrv	Tfr In from PFDIF-Gen Admin	Tfr In from SW/TCII/OV Proj	Tfr In from IDA Fund	Tfr in from Other Trans Progra	Tfr In from Prop 42	TOTAL	TOTAL - 100 GENERAL FUND	TRANSPORTATION FUNDS	Sales Tax	Investment Earnings	
	FUNI	4480	4600	4700	4800	4900			5221	5223	5234	5245	5256	5261	5272	5282	5301	5313	5402	5408	5414	5571	5651	5725	5736	5739			220	3010	3300	0

	SCHEDUI	CHEDULE OF REVENUES	/ENUES			
FUNI	FUND/ACCOUNT	FY 2010-11 ACTUAL	FY 2011-12 ACTUAL	FY 2012-13 ACTUAL	FY 2013-14 ADOPTED	FY 2014-15 ESTIMATED
3400	State Grants	0	0	0	2,579,000	2,580,000
3440	State Tax Sharing	0	3,567,956	3,707,391	3,579,431	3,579,431
3600	Other Agency Grants	0	989,803	1,582,504	299,981	0
3770	Other Dev Fees	0	145,470	240,397	175,000	0
4440	Open Space/Assess Dist Reimb	0	1,781	3,679	0	0
4450	CIP Reimbursements	0	25,806	24,945	0	0
4480	Other City Funds Reimbursement	0	91,027	2,068	0	0
2000	Transfers In	0	27,543	0	0	0
	TOTAL - 220 TRANSPORTATION FUNDS	\$0	\$8,368,737	\$13,679,344	\$12,371,412	\$11,681,431
230	DEVELOPER DEPOSITS					
3300	Investment Earnings	• •	39,754	17,745	0	0
3760	Other Dev Fees	0	8,522,655	7,720,822	0	0
	TOTAL - 230 DEVELOPER DEPOSITS	0\$	\$8,562,409	\$7,738,567	\$	\$0
232	FLEXIBLE SPENDING ACCOUNT					
4900	Other Revenue	0	14,015	0	0	0
	TOTAL - 232 FLEXIBLE SPENDING ACCOUNT	\$0	\$14,015	\$0	\$	0\$
234 /	ADVANCED LIFE SUPPORT FUND					
3690	Other Agency Revenue	0	214,000	214,000	1,333,460	1,534,429
	TOTAL - 234 ADVANCED LIFE SUPPORT FUND	80	\$214,000	\$214,000	\$1,333,460	\$1,534,429
235	LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL FUND					
2000	Transfers In	0	0	80,000	0	0
	TOTAL - 235 LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL FUND	80	\$0	\$80,000	\$0	\$0
240	PARKING					
3160	Other Permits	0	21,582	42,489	24,000	35,000
3240	Parking Penalties	0	238,925	209,862	200,000	200,00
3300	Investment Earnings	0	6,711	(4,433)	0	0

	SCHIEDULE OF REVENUES	E OF REV	VENUES			
FUND	FUND/ACCOUNT	FY 2010-11 ACTUAL	FY 2011-12 ACTUAL	FY 2012-13 ACTUAL	FY 2013-14 ADOPTED	FY 2014-15 ESTIMATED
3350	Rental/Lease of Land and Space	0	316,269	353,896	376,000	350,000
	TOTAL - 240 PARKING	\$0	\$583,487	\$601,814	\$600,000	\$585,000
250 H	PUBLIC SAFETY					
3210	Law Enforcement Penalties	0	423,487	426,373	437,640	437,640
3300	Investment Earnings	0	17,429	(5,281)	0	0
3320	Sale of Personal Property	0	5,980	0	0	0
3350	Rental/Lease of Land and Space	0	9,073	11,232	20,000	20,000
3400	State Grants	0	709,365	353,753	401,014	535,766
3500	Federal Grants	0	5,009,067	3,900,989	5,520,332	5,147,878
3600	Other Agency Grants	0	0	741,765	0	997,052
3690	Other Agency Revenue	0	5,769	7,757	30,000	100,185
4200	Staff Services Reimbursements	0	0	52,975	115,216	120,373
4800	Sale of Goods	0	10,626	2,920	10,000	10,000
4900	Other Revenue	0	212,804	13,026	50,000	20,000
2000	Transfers In	0	105,104	115,522	25,000	35,584
	TOTAL - 250 PUBLIC SAFETY	\$0	\$6,508,704	\$5,621,031	\$6,609,202	\$7,454,478
260	LIBRARY/CULTURAL ARTS					
3300	Investment Earnings	0	3,431	(1,254)	0	0
3440	State Tax Sharing	0	938	0	0	0
2000	Transfers In	0	0	59,545	0	0
	TOTAL - 260 LIBRARY/CULTURAL ARTS	\$0	\$4,369	\$58,291	\$0	\$0
270	SUNDRY GRANTS & MISC FUND					
3300	Investment Earnings	0	0	(187)	0	0
3400	State Grants	0	0	514,588	0	0
3500	Federal Grants	0	3,065,521	1,446,120	1,692,148	1,117,831
3600	Other Agency Grants	0	0	314,264	0	0
4200	Staff Services Reimbursements	0	0	129,650	130,000	120,000
4480	Other City Funds Reimbursement	0	15,854	17,200	0	0
4900	Other Revenue	0	1,665,221	2,219,471	18,420	22,333

	SCHIEDULE OF REVENUES	E OF REV	ENUES			
FUNI	FUND/ACCOUNT	FY 2010-11 ACTUAL	FY 2011-12 ACTUAL	FY 2012-13 ACTUAL	FY 2013-14 ADOPTED	FY 2014-15 ESTIMATED
2000	Transfers In	0	52,226	52,226	52,226	60,230
	TOTAL - 270 SUNDRY GRANTS & MISC FUND	0\$	\$4,798,822	\$4,693,332	\$1,892,794	\$1,320,394
280 (CONSERVATION					
3300	Investment Earnings	0	13,929	(7,528)	0	0
3400	State Grants	0	(165,161)	240,962	319,945	372,944
3200	Federal Grants	0	1,669	20,539	19,609	0
3600	Other Agency Grants	0	797,107	1,341,043	2,618,667	1,939,160
3700	Zoning Fees	0	0	0	2,000	2,000
4200	Staff Services Reimbursements	0	1,645	3,290	0	0
4300	Fees for Other Services	0	1,031,634	1,068,434	1,262,279	1,262,279
4480	Other City Funds Reimbursement	0	331,243	306,839	200,000	200,000
4900	Other Revenue	0	899,552	0	0	0
0		0	0	13,374	0	0
	TOTAL - 280 CONSERVATION	\$0	\$2,911,618	\$2,986,953	\$4,422,500	\$3,776,383
301	STORM DRAIN REVENUE					
3120	Dev / Improvement Permits	0	9,455	(1,180)	23,750	23,750
3230	Environmental Fines Penalties	0	47,065	009	2,000	2,000
3300	Investment Earnings	0	1,428	(196)	0	0
4020	Storm Drain Fees	0	555,497	587,887	255,500	555,500
	TOTAL - 301 STORM DRAIN REVENUE	\$0	\$613,445	\$586,346	\$584,250	\$584,250
310	HOUSING PROGRAM					
3300	Investment Earnings	0	30,003	(5,868)	0	0
3700	Zoning Fees	0	0	25,215	0	0
4200	Staff Services Reimbursements	0	0	93,568	0	0
4300	Fees for Other Services	0	71,092	111,730	71,000	71,000
4430	Redev Agency Reimbursements	0	260,920	83,238	120,000	178,532
4460	CDBG/Home Reimbursements	0	361,138	281,346	458,465	441,339
4480	Other City Funds Reimbursement	0	0	46,365	82,775	87,000
4900	Other Revenue	0	0	45,556	0	0

	SCHEDUL	CHEDULE OF REVENUES	ENUES			
FUNI	FUND/ACCOUNT	FY 2010-11 ACTUAL	FY 2011-12 ACTUAL	FY 2012-13 ACTUAL	FY 2013-14 ADOPTED	FY 2014-15 ESTIMATED
2000	Transfers In	0	143,882	92,000	0	0
	TOTAL - 310 HOUSING PROGRAM	\$0	\$867,035	\$778,150	\$732,240	\$777,871
316	PUBLIC EDUCATIONAL & GOVT. FEE					
3020	Franchise Fees	0	0	627,766	300,000	000,009
3300	Investment Earnings	0	0	(675)	0	0
	TOTAL - 316 PUBLIC EDUCATIONAL & GOVT. FEE	0\$	\$0	\$627,091	\$300,000	\$600,000
318	REDV OBLIGATION RETIREMENT					
3000	Property Tax	0	3,233,347	4,456,770	6,242,818	6,505,446
3300	Investment Earnings	0	80,514	(23,899)	0	0
4450	CIP Reimbursements	0	504	0	0	0
4480	Other City Funds Reimbursement	0	742,116	322	0	0
4900	Other Revenue	0	1,865,730	0	0	0
0		0	0	641,835	0	0
2000	Transfers In	0	11,030,351	0	0	0
	TOTAL - 318 REDV OBLIGATION RETIREMENT	\$0	\$16,952,562	\$5,075,028	\$6,242,818	\$6,505,446
319	HOUSING - SA					
3300	Investment Earnings	0	(2,451)	653,730	0	0
3350	Rental/Lease of Land and Space	0	7,484	17,232	17,885	17,885
4200	Staff Services Reimbursements	0	25	0	0	0
4480	Other City Funds Reimbursement	0	0	400	0	0
4900	Other Revenue	0	0	90,052	0	0
2000	Transfers In	0	0	237,450	2,070,291	1,927,748
	TOTAL - 319 HOUSING - SA	\$0	\$5,058	\$998,864	\$2,088,176	\$1,945,633
320 (COMM DEV BLOCK GRANTS					
3300	Investment Earnings	0	10,200	40,950	0	0
3200	Federal Grants	0	3,168,968	3,055,233	4,560,350	3,406,739
3720	Document Fees	0	0	30	0	0
4200	Staff Services Reimbursements	0	250	102	0	0

	SCHEDULE OF REVENUES	OFREV	ZEINNIES			
FUN	FUND/ACCOUNT	FY 2010-11 ACTUAL	FY 2011-12 ACTUAL	FY 2012-13 ACTUAL	FY 2013-14 ADOPTED	FY 2014-15 ESTIMATED
4460	CDBG/Home Reimbursements	0	0	14,114	0	0
4480	Other City Funds Reimbursement	0	6,302	7,227	0	0
4900	Other Revenue	0	111,030	183,843	0	0
2000	Transfers In	0	0	27,538	0	30,981
	TOTAL - 320 COMM DEV BLOCK GRANTS	\$0	\$3,296,750	\$3,329,037	\$4,560,350	\$3,437,720
341	PUBLIC LIABILITY TRUST					
2000	Transfers In	0	1,653,439	1,164,000	1,164,000	744,000
	TOTAL - 341 PUBLIC LIABILITY TRUST	\$0	\$1,653,439	\$1,164,000	\$1,164,000	\$744,000
350	OPEN SPACE DISTRICT					
3300	Investment Earnings	0	139,889	(82,226)	0	0
4600	Assessments	0	11,306,684	12,142,259	11,461,215	12,062,234
	TOTAL - 350 OPEN SPACE DISTRICT	\$0	\$11,446,573	\$12,060,033	\$11,461,215	\$12,062,234
390	FLEET MANAGEMENT					
3300	Investment Earnings	0	17,756	(8,832)	0	0
3320	Sale of Personal Property	0	23,705	1,582	0	0
4200	Staff Services Reimbursements	0	17,810	26,203	20,000	20,000
4420	Transit Reimbursements	0	259,563	274,715	215,480	215,480
4900	Other Revenue	0	3,232,772	3,233,517	3,010,581	3,418,185
2000	Transfers In	0	0	404,000	204,000	0
	TOTAL - 390 FLEET MANAGEMENT	\$0	\$3,551,606	\$3,931,185	\$3,450,061	\$3,653,665
398	WORKERS COMPENSATION					
4480	Other City Funds Reimbursement	0	6,968	6,757	25,000	25,000
4900	Other Revenue	0	2,855,153	2,903,074	2,039,393	2,627,549
2000	Transfers In	0	2,990,161	0	0	0
	TOTAL - 398 WORKERS COMPENSATION	0\$	\$5,852,282	\$2,909,831	\$2,064,393	\$2,652,549

	SCHEDULE OF REVENUES	E OF REV	/ENUES			
FUNI	FUND/ACCOUNT	FY 2010-11 ACTUAL	FY 2011-12 ACTUAL	FY 2012-13 ACTUAL	FY 2013-14 ADOPTED	FY 2014-15 ESTIMATED
400	TRANSIT					
3300	Investment Earnings	0	6,543	(4,223)	0	0
3400	State Grants	0	3,524,426	3,095,626	1,937,251	1,938,816
4200	Staff Services Reimbursements	0	1,061	0	0	0
4300	Fees for Other Services	0	2,670,477	2,841,619	4,834,175	4,853,816
4900	Other Revenue	0	124,554	303,968	0	0
2000	Transfers In	0	57,147	0	23,701	0
	TOTAL - 400 TRANSIT	\$0	\$6,384,208	\$6,236,990	\$6,795,127	\$6,792,632
408	DEVELOPMENT SERVICES					
0		0	0	96,796	0	7,000
3120	Dev / Improvement Permits	0	1,710,314	2,399,259	1,753,433	2,335,000
3700	Zoning Fees	0	2,440,674	2,477,356	3,097,346	2,597,409
3720	Document Fees	0	(200)	208	1,650	1,000
3730	Plan Checking Fees	0	846,298	939,330	731,110	1,110,760
3740	Inspection Fees	0	73,514	71,213	60,174	35,000
3770	Other Dev Fees	0	1,186	890	2,000	2,000
4200	Staff Services Reimbursements	0	5,991	13,062	0	0
4410	DIF Reimbursements	0	47,938	53,360	94,780	43,000
4430	Redev Agency Reimbursements	0	44,927	0	0	0
4440	Open Space/Assess Dist Reimb	0	20,210	19,066	15,000	0
4450	CIP Reimbursements	0	424,870	229,741	345,664	256,530
4460	CDBG/Home Reimbursements	0	19,235	15,818	0	0
4480	Other City Funds Reimbursement	0	250,313	428,167	369,603	325,000
4900	Other Revenue	0	30,930	20	328,296	0
2000	Transfers In	0	485,989	439,238	298,137	448,137
	TOTAL - 408 DEVELOPMENT SERVICES	\$0	\$6,401,889	\$7,093,574	\$7,097,193	\$7,160,836
410	SEWER					
3120	Dev / Improvement Permits	0	9,160	40,500	40,000	
3300	Investment Earnings	0	1,182,093	314,191	301,726	301,726
3700	Zoning Fees	0	8,197	4,811	18,500	18,500

	SCHEDULE OF REVENUES	OF REV	/ENUES			
FUNI	FUND/ACCOUNT	FY 2010-11 ACTUAL	FY 2011-12 ACTUAL	FY 2012-13 ACTUAL	FY 2013-14 ADOPTED	FY 2014-15 ESTIMATED
4000	Sewer Fees	0	32,504,389	34,319,945	32,862,699	32,862,699
4040	Industrial Waste Fees	0	200	6,100	0	0
4100	Pump Station Fees	0	36,206	48,616	0	0
4200	Staff Services Reimbursements	0	33,579	3,448	0	0
4410	DIF Reimbursements	0	1,537	2,425	0	0
4440	Open Space/Assess Dist Reimb	0	1,878	25,962	0	0
4450	CIP Reimbursements	0	19,945	51,602	15,000	15,000
4480	Other City Funds Reimbursement	0	0	42,434	0	0
4600	Assessments	0	1,610	200	0	0
4700	Collection Charges	0	414,778	464,725	270,000	310,000
4900	Other Revenue	0	10,905	4,327	0	0
2000	Transfers In	0	122,824	3,578	150,000	150,000
	TOTAL - 410 SEWER	\$0	\$34,347,601	\$35,333,364	\$33,657,925	\$33,697,925
430	SEWER DIF					
3300	Investment Earnings	0	85,053	(48,615)	0	0
4350	Sewer / Drainage DIF	0	174,667	645,015	120,000	120,000
	TOTAL - 430 SEWER DIF	\$0	\$259,720	\$596,400	\$120,000	\$120,000
440	DEBT SERVICE - CITY					
3300	Investment Earnings	0	80	(629)	0	0
3600	Other Agency Grants	0	0	1,149	0	0
4480	Other City Funds Reimbursement	0	0	0	98,308	183,262
2000	Transfers In	0	4,928,153	2,164,114	2,679,186	3,613,757
	TOTAL - 440 DEBT SERVICE - CITY	\$0	\$4,928,233	\$2,164,584	\$2,777,494	\$3,797,019
470	DS - CV PUBLIC FINANCING AUTHORITY					
3300	Investment Earnings	0	286,417	276,668	0	0
2000	Transfers In	0	8,244,395	7,769,142	10,094,215	9,764,400
	TOTAL - 470 DS - CV PUBLIC FINANCING AUTHORITY	\$0	\$8,530,812	\$8,045,810	\$10,094,215	\$9,764,400

	SCHEDULE OF REVENUES	E OF REV	JENUES			
FUN	FUND/ACCOUNT	FY 2010-11 ACTUAL	FY 2011-12 ACTUAL	FY 2012-13 ACTUAL	FY 2013-14 ADOPTED	FY 2014-15 ESTIMATED
500 / 3300	ASSESS DIST IMPROVEMENTS Investment Earnings Assessments	0 0	21,290	(12,228)	0 19,045	19,045
	TOTAL - 500 ASSESS DIST IMPROVEMENTS	\$0	\$40,936	\$6,608	\$19,045	\$19,045
542 3300	TELEGRAPH CANYON DRAINAGE DIF	0	57,952	(32,730)	0	0
	TOTAL - 542 TELEGRAPH CANYON DRAINAGE DIF	\$0	\$57,952	\$(32,730)	\$0	\$0
560 3300 4330 4900	PUBLIC FACILITIES DIF Investment Earnings Public Facilities DIF Other Revenue TOTAL - 560 PUBLIC FACILITIES DIF	0 0 0	130,523 3,122,331 238,238 \$3,491,092	(220,306) 6,808,865 0 8 6,588,559	5,110,000 0 \$5,110,000	2,850,000
580 83300 4380	PEDESTRIAN BRIDGE DIF Investment Earnings OR Pedestrian Bridge DIF	0 0	31,790	(18,213) 251,872	0 000'06	0000,06
	TOTAL - 580 PEDESTRIAN BRIDGE DIF	\$0	\$299,092	\$233,659	\$90,000	\$90,000
590 3300 4340 4900 5000	ITRANSPORTATION DIF Investment Earnings Transportation DIF Other Revenue Transfers In TOTAL - 590 TRANSPORTATION DIF	0000 0 5	143,385 1,348,766 3,286 241,006 \$1,736,443	(79,286) 2,527,830 71,902 0	119,290 772,477 0 36,851	119,290 772,477 0 0 \$891,767
600 3300 3350	REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY Property Tax Investment Earnings Rental/Lease of Land and Space	000	7,954,428 532,421 10,433	0 (147)	0 0	0 0

	SCHEDULE OF REVENUES	E OF REV	TENUES			
FUN	FUND/ACCOUNT	FY 2010-11 ACTUAL	FY 2011-12 ACTUAL	FY 2012-13 ACTUAL	FY 2013-14 ADOPTED	FY 2014-15 ESTIMATED
4200	Staff Services Reimbursements	0	50	0	0	0
4450	CIP Keimbursements	0 0	30,000	0 0	0 0	0
5000	Other Oily ruids reillibuiseilleilt Transfers In	0 0	23,383			
	TOTAL - 600 REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY	\$	\$19,543,000	\$(147)	80	\$
660	DEBT SERVICE - SUCCESSOR AGENCY					
	Investment Earnings	0	51,801	101,938	0	0
4480	Other City Funds Reimbursement	0	0	22	0	0
2000	Transfers In	0	4,630,791	8,917,421	5,271,993	5,698,895
	TOTAL - 660 DEBT SERVICE - SUCCESSOR AGENCY	\$0	\$4,682,592	\$9,019,381	\$5,271,993	\$5,698,895
029	SW TAX AGREEMENT					
3300	Investment Earnings	0	9,234	0	0	0
2000	Transfers In	0	744,919	0	0	0
	TOTAL - 670 SW TAX AGREEMENT	\$0	\$754,153	\$0	\$0	\$0
089	DEBT SERV - REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY					
3300	Investment Earnings	0	47,471	0	0	0
4900	Other Revenue	0	20	0	0	0
2000	Transfers In	0	24,751,523	0	0	0
	TOTAL - 680 DEBT SERV - REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY	\$0	\$24,799,014	\$0	\$0	\$0
	MISC CAPITAL PROJECTS					
3060	Residential Construction Tax	0	261,252	413,552	275,000	374,557
3300	Investment Earnings	0	219,787	(130,310)	0	0
4370	Park Acquisition & Develop Fee	0	705,759	4,433,468	625,000	625,000
4900	Other Revenue	0	60,000	0	0	0
2000	Transfers In	0	1,125,985	100,001	264,000	302,779
	TOTAL - 700 MISC CAPITAL PROJECTS	80	\$2,372,783	\$4,816,711	\$1,164,000	\$1,302,336

	SCHEDULE OF REVENUES	OF RE	VENUES			
FUNI	FUND/ACCOUNT	FY 2010-11 ACTUAL	FY 2011-12 ACTUAL	FY 2012-13 ACTUAL	FY 2013-14 ADOPTED	FY 2014-15 ESTIMATED
730	730 OTHER TRANSPORTATION PROGRAMS					
3300	Investment Earnings	0	37,415	(4,664)	0	0
3400	State Grants	0	2,939,684	324,684	0	0
3500	Federal Grants	0	1,105,162	1,972,197	345,267	3,260,037
3600	Other Agency Grants	0	30,208	(72,231)	0	0
2000	Transfers In	0	69,639	79,838	0	0
	TOTAL - 730 OTHER TRANSPORTATION PROGRAMS	\$0	\$4,182,108	\$2,299,824	\$345,267	\$3,260,037
	GRAND TOTAL ALL FUNDS	\$0	\$0 \$320,713,240	\$282,867,708	\$261,098,880	\$269,297,119



FUND BALANCE PROJECTIONS

			FUND BALANCE PROJECTIONS	PROJE	CTIONS			
	FUND	D DESCRIPTION	EST AVAIL 06/30/2014 FUND BAL	ESTIMATED REVENUES/ TFRS IN	ESTIMATED ESTIMATED TOTAL OP EXP/ RESOURCES TERSOUT	ESTIMATED OP EXP/ TFRS OUT	ADOPTED CIP/NON- CIP	EST AVAIL 06/30/2015 FUND BAL
	GENE	GENERAL FUND						
	100	General Fund	13,076,151	134,536,744	147,612,895	(132,793,977)	(1,742,767)	13,076,151
	TOTAL	TOTAL - GENERAL FUND	13,076,151	134,536,744	147,612,895	(132,793,977)	(1,742,767)	13,076,151
	HOUSING	SING						
		Housing Funds						
	313	CV Housing Authority	337,940	777,871	1,115,811	(777,871)		337,940
		TOTAL	337,940	777,871	1,115,811	(777,871)		337,940
	TOTAL	TOTAL - HOUSING	337,940	777,871	1,115,811	(777,871)		337,940
281	SUCC	SUCCESSOR AGENCY						
		Successor Agency		Ī				
	318	Redv Obligation Retirement Fnd	2,070,000	6,505,446	8,575,446	(6,505,445)		2,070,001
	319	Housing - SA	2,644,723	1,945,633	4,590,356	(248,932)		4,341,424
	654	RDA 2008 TARBS ProjFund - SA	1,282,763		1,282,763	(1,274,067)		8,696
	661	05 ERAF - SA	1,066	100,883	101,949	(100,883)		1,066
	662	06 ERAF - SA	1,322	129,285	130,607	(129,285)		1,322
	663	06 TABs Series A - SA	1,002,488	1,017,345	2,019,833	(1,017,345)		1,002,488
	664	06 TABs Series B - SA	976,581	992,297	1,968,878	(992,297)		976,581
	999	08 TABs - SA	1,540,800	1,531,337	3,072,137	(1,531,337)		1,540,800
	692	Successor Agency Long-term Debt	(37,241,812)	1,927,748	(35,314,064)	(2,277,748)		(37,591,812)
		TOTAL	(27,722,069)	14,149,974	(13,572,095)	(14,077,339)		(27,649,434)
	TOTAL	TOTAL - SUCCESSOR AGENCY	(27,722,069)	14,149,974	(13,572,095)	(14,077,339)		(27,649,434)

	ESTIMATED ESTIMATED ADOPTED EST AVAIL TOTAL OP EXP/ CIP/NON- 06/30/2015 RESOURCES TFRS OUT CIP FUND BAL		(109.553)	7		(6,792,618) 838,493		1,983,949	(200,000) (1,050,000) 32,938,960	(31,105,111) 21,196,948	(150,000) (2,100,000) 7,787,735	(35,000) 1,034,044	(10,000) 1,973,252	(369,091) (1,000,000) 4,307,760	(31,869,202) (4,150,000) 71,222,648	(7,160,836) (495,083)	(45,822,656) (4,150,000) 71,566,058			(4,259,428) (2,580,000) 2,995,623	(800,000)	(7,445,000) 0	(4,274,428) (10,825,000) 4,179,477		(398,555) (100,000) 1,134,246	
CTIONS	ESTIMATED / TOTAL RESOURCES		122.299	7,431,652	77,160	7,631,111		1,983,949	34,188,960	52,302,059	10,037,735	1,069,044	1,983,252	5,676,851	107,241,850	6,665,753	121,538,714			9,835,051	1,998,854	7,445,000	19,278,905		1,632,801	
PROJE	ESTIMATED REVENUES/ TFRS IN		109.553	6,683,079		6,792,632			1,250,000	30,991,199	1,456,726		20,000	100,000	33,817,925	7,160,836	47,771,393			6,159,431		5,522,000	11,681,431		585,000	
FUND BALANCE PROJECTIONS	EST AVAIL 06/30/2014 FUND BAL		12.746	748,573	77,160	838,479		1,983,949	32,938,960	21,310,860	8,581,009	1,069,044	1,963,252	5,576,851	73,423,925	(495,083)	73,767,321			3,675,620	1,998,854	1,923,000	7,597,474		1,047,801	0.00
	DESCRIPTION	ENTERPRISE FUNDS	<u>Transit Funds</u> Bayfront Trollev Station TDA	Transit CVT	Transit Capital Projects	TOTAL	Sewer Funds	Sewer Income	Trunk Sewer Capital Reserve	Sewer Service Revenue	Sewer Facility Replacement	Tel Cyn Sewer Basin Plan DIF	Poggi Cyn Sewer Basin DIF	Salt Creek Sewer Basin DIF	TOTAL	Development Services Fund	TOTAL - ENTERPRISE FUNDS	SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS	Transportation Funds	Gas Tax	Traffic Signal	Transportation Sales Tax	TOTAL	Parking Funds	Parking Meter	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	FUND	ENTE	401	402	403			411	413	414	428	431	432	433		408	TOTAL.	SPEC		221	225	227			241	0,0

	EC	JND BALANCE PROJECTIONS EST AVAIL ESTIMATED	ESTIMATED	PROJECTIONS ESTIMATED ESTIMATED	ESTIMATED	ADOPTED	EST AVAIL
	DESCRIPTION	06/30/2014 FUND BAL	REVENUES/ TFRS IN	TOTAL RESOURCES	OP EXP/ TFRS OUT	CIP/NON- CIP	06/30/2015 FUND BAL
ublic	Public Safety Funds						
raffic	raffic Safety	0	437,640	437,640	(437,640)		0
I Iddns	Suppl Law Enforcement Services	200,836	401,014	601,850	(499,567)		102,283
Police	Police Department Grants	134,973	6,249,683	6,384,656	(6,384,656)		0
nmate	Inmate Welfare Fund	28,852	30,000	58,852	(45,000)		13,852
ocal I	Local Law Enf Block Grant	0	76,141	76,141	(76,141)		0
Asset	Asset Seizure	200,596	260,000	460,596	(450,000)		10,596
TOTAL		565,257	7,454,478	8,019,735	(7,893,004)		126,731
ibrar.	Library and Cultural Arts Funds						
Salifor	California Library Service Act	17,790		17,790			17,790
Public	Public Library Act	1,881		1,881	(1,881)		0
SA De	CA Dept of Education Sect. 321	_		_			_
VcCa	McCandliss Cultural Arts	12,451		12,451	(1,600)		10,851
TOTAL	-	32,123		32,123	(3,481)		28,642
undr	Sundry Grant Funds						
-edera	Federal Grants Fund	0	1,178,061	1,178,061	(1,178,061)		0
1RRA	ARRA Fund	329,110	22,333	351,443	(22,333)		329,110
TOTAL	Ţ	329,110	1,200,394	1,529,504	(1,200,394)		329,110
Sonse	Conservation Funds						
Naste	Waste Management & Recycling	22,265	372,944	395,209	(394,897)		312
=nviro	Environmental Services Fund	912,122	1,464,279	2,376,401	(1,689,726)		686,675
=nerg)	Energy Conservation	4,464	1,939,160	1,943,624	(1,939,160)		4,464
TOTAL		938,851	3,776,383	4,715,234	(4,023,783)		691,451

	EST AVAIL 06/30/2015 FUND BAL		0	2,995	0	63,263	129,778	196,036		322,779	1,116,449	321,999	604,952	24,898	51,350	455,599	3,788,775	1,126,697	1,781,778	818,909	1,007,943	15,614	749,849	1,130,102	3,005,093	109,386	16,432,172
	ADOPTED CIP/NON- CIP			(131,257)	(250,000)		(1,076,855)	(1,458,112)															(200,000)				(200,000)
	ESTIMATED OP EXP/ TFRS OUT		(220,000)	(20,145)	(634,902)		(1,157,580)	(2,032,627)		(136,650)	(462,569)	(171,155)	(442,600)		(10,661)	(319,524)	(3,137,921)	(571,945)	(925,601)	(995,457)	(784,887)		(719,000)	(886,105)	(2,286,639)	(11,520)	(11,862,234)
CTIONS	ESTIMATED TOTAL RESOURCES		220,000	154,397	884,902	63,263	2,364,213	3,686,775		459,429	1,579,018	493,154	1,047,552	24,898	62,011	775,123	6,926,696	1,698,642	2,707,379	1,814,366	1,792,830	15,614	1,668,849	2,016,207	5,291,732	120,906	28,494,406
PROJEC	ESTIMATED REVENUES/ TFRS IN		220,000	151,402	884,902		2,181,416	3,437,720		136,650	462,569	171,155	442,600		10,661	319,524	3,137,921	571,945	925,601	995,457	784,887		919,000	886,105	2,286,639	11,520	12,062,234
BALANCE PROJECTIONS	EST AVAIL 06/30/2014 FUND BAL		0	2,995	0	63,263	182,797	249,055		322,779	1,116,449	321,999	604,952	24,898	51,350	455,599	3,788,775	1,126,697	1,781,778	818,909	1,007,943	15,614	749,849	1,130,102	3,005,093	109,386	16,432,172
FUND BA		뉨																									
H	DESCRIPTION	Community Development Block Grant	CDBG Housing Program	Emergency Shelter Grant Prog	Home Program	CDBG Program - Income Projects	FY2000 Comm Dev Block Grant	TOTAL	Open Space District Funds	CFD 11-M RHR McMillin	CFD 12-M VIg7	CFD 13-M VIg2	CFD 12M - OR Village 7	Town Centre Landscaping Dist I	Bay Blvd Landscaping Dist	Eastlake Maintenance Dist #1	Open Space District #1 - #31	CFD 07M-Eastlk II Woods, Vista	CFD 08M-Vlg 6 McM & Oty Ranch	CFD 09M OR VIG II	CFD 99-2 Otay Ranch Vlg 1 We	Town Ctr Business Imprv Distr	Otay Ranch Acquisition Dist	CFD 98-3 Sunbow 2	Comm Facility 97-1 (Otay Rnch)	Otay Ranch Village 1,2,6,7,12	TOTAL
	FUND		311	314	321	325	333			342	343	344	345	351	352	353	354-376	378	379	380	382	383	386	387	388	389	

		FUND BALANCE PROJECTIONS	PROJE	CTIONS			
FUND	DESCRIPTION	EST AVAIL 06/30/2014 FUND BAL		ESTIMATED ESTIMATED ESTIMATED REVENUES/ TOTAL OP EXP/ TFRS IN RESOURCES TFRS OUT	ESTIMATED OP EXP/ TFRS OUT	ADOPTED CIP/NON- CIP	EST AVAIL 06/30/2015 FUND BAL
223	Miscellaneous TUT Common Fund	4,228,219		4,228,219	(3,170,500)	(1,057,719)	0
270	Mobile Home Rent Review Program		120,000	149,635	(120,000)		29,635
316	Public Educational & Govt. Fee	91	000,009	600,091	(000,000)		91
	TOTAL	4,257,945	720,000	4,977,945	(3,890,500)	(1,057,719)	29,726
301	Storm Drain Revenue	252,028	584,250	836,278	(836,278)		0
TOTAL -	TOTAL - SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS	31,752,656	41,501,890	73,254,546	(36,415,284)	(13,640,831)	23,198,431
INTER	INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS						
234	Advance Life Support Fund	22,019	1,534,429	1,556,448	(1,320,429)		236,019
235	Legislative Council Fund	80,000		80,000	(80,000)		0
341	Public Liability Trust	1,319,252	744,000	2,063,252	(1,653,439)		409,813
391	Central Garage	568,395	3,653,665	4,222,060	(3,652,520)		569,540
392	Equipment Replacement	132,374		132,374	(130,000)		2,374
393	Technology Replacement	2,650		2,650			2,650
398	Workers Compensation	977,702	2,652,549	3,630,251	(3,380,610)		249,641
TOTAL -	TOTAL - INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS	3,102,392	8,584,643	11,687,035	(10,216,998)		1,470,037

	ND BALANCE PROJECTIONS ESTAVAIL ESTIMATED	PROJECE ESTIMATED	CTIONS ESTIMATED ESTIMATED	ESTIMATED	ADOPTED	EST AVAIL
FUND DESCRIPTION	06/30/2014 FUND BAL		TOTAL	OP EXP/ TFRS OUT	CIP/NON-	06/30/2015 FUND BAL
CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS						
Assessment District Funds Otav Lakes Rd AD 88-2 Improv	95.924		95.924			95,924
East H St AD 87-1 Improv	126,839		126,839			126,839
Otay Valley Rd AD 90-2 Improv	72,950		72,950			72,950
Otay Vly Rd Fee Recovery Dist	913,578		913,578			913,578
EL Greens II AD 94-1 Improv	1,128,450		1,128,450			1,128,450
Twin Oaks Ave AD 96-1 Improv	21,829		21,829			21,829
Oxford St AD 97-1 Improv	4,333		4,333			4,333
AD2004-1 Dixon Drive	21,623	9,358	30,981	(30,981)		0
AD2005-1 Tobias Drive	14,092	9,687	23,779	(23,779)		0
TOTAL	2,399,618	19,045	2,418,663	(54,760)		2,363,903
Development Impact Fee Funds						
Tel Cyn Drainage Plan DIF	6,079,626		6,079,626			6,079,626
DIF - Public Facilities	9,080,220	2,850,000	11,930,220	(7,265,616)		4,664,604
DIF-OR Village Pedestrian Ramp	647,138	40,000	687,138	(3,000)		684,138
OR VIg11 Pedestrian Bridge DIF	3,047,004	50,000	3,097,004	(3,200)		3,093,804
Transportation DIF	12,653,957	869,290	13,523,247	(791,916)	(278,341)	12,452,990
Western Transportation DIF Fund	116,250	22,477	138,727			138,727
TOTAL	31,624,195	3,831,767	35,455,962	(8,063,732)	(278,341)	27,113,889
Misc Capital Project Funds						
PAD Fund - Eastern	27,604,310	000,009	28,204,310	(75,000)		28,129,310
PAD Fund - Western	593,130	25,000	618,130	(25,000)		593,130
Resid. Construction/Conversion	75,101	677,336	752,437	(677,336)		75,101
Indust. Development Authority	29		69			59
TOTAL	28,272,600	1,302,336	29,574,936	(777,336)		28,797,600

BTS C	ral ⊂	28,822	REVENUES/ TFRS IN	TOTAL RESOURCES	TOTAL OP EXP/ RESOURCES TERS OUT	CIP/NON- CIP	06/30/2015 FUND BAL
AL - C		85,328 114,150	3,260,037 3,260,037	28,822 3,345,365 3,374,187		(3,260,037) (3,260,037)	28,822 85,328 114,150
S La	S	62,410,563	8,413,185	70,823,748	(8,895,828)	(3,538,378)	58,389,542
	ty Eurode						
	k rangs 8 Loan	0	756.715	756.715	(756.715)		0
	comm Systems	313		313			313
·		(36,973,149)	1,878,202	(35,094,947)	(750,000)		(35,844,947)
·	Fund	275,003	352,177	627,180	(352,177)		275,003
·	ayments	5,749	809,925	815,674	(809,925)		5,749
·		(36,692,084)	3,797,019	(32,895,065)	(2,668,817)		(35,563,882)
	Debt Service - CV Financing Authority						
	Proj Phase I	2,476,962	2,391,449	4,868,411	(2,396,449)		2,471,962
	Proj Phase 2	1,327,748	1,271,309	2,599,057	(1,277,309)		1,321,748
	OP	3,818,209	2,491,607	6,309,816	(2,494,107)		3,815,709
475 2014 Refunding COP	OP	3,350,000	3,610,035	6,960,035	(3,615,000)		3,345,035
TOTAL		10,972,919	9,764,400	20,737,319	(9,782,865)		10,954,454
TOTAL - DEBT SERVICE FUNDS		(25,719,165)	13,561,419	(12,157,746)	(12,451,682)		(24,609,428)
GRAND	GRAND TOTAL ALL FUNDS	131,005,789	269,297,119	400,302,908	(261,451,635)	(23,071,976)	115,779,297



FUND/ACCOUNT	DESCRIPTION	FY Z PR(FY 2014-15 PROPOSED
100 GENERAL FUND 221 Gas Tax Fund	Reimbursement for street related staff time, materials, and utilities	⋄	4,259,428
223 TUT Common Fund	Reimbursement for Fire fleet maintenance costs	\$	610,000
234 ALS Fund	Staff time reimbursement	\$	722,471
245 Traffic Safety	Reimbursement for Police fleet maintenance costs	⊹	399,140
256 Asset Seizure Fund	Reimbursement for South Bay Community Services contract	⊹	120,000
282 Environmental Services	Reimbursement for allocated overhead costs	ᡐ	107,585
313 CV Housing Authority	Reimbursement for allocated overhead costs	⊹	177,145
402 Transit/CVT Fund	Reimbursement for allocated overhead costs	φ.	34,750
408 Development Services	Reimbursement for allocated overhead costs	\$	1,328,299
414 Sewer Service Revenue	Reimbursement for Sewer related staff time and materials	ş	2,949,961
TOTAL TRANSFERS IN - 100 GENERAL FUND		\$	10,708,779
55 POLICE DEPARTMENT GRANTS			
251 Supplemental Law Enforcement Service Fund	Funding for personnel costs	\$	12,224
TOTAL TRANSFERS IN - 252		\$	12,224
254 LOCAL LAW ENFORCEMENT BLOCK GRANT			
100 General Fund	General Fund support of grant funded positions	Υ.	23,360
TOTAL TRANSFERS IN - 254		❖	23,360
272 FEDERAL GRANTS FUND			
100 General Fund	General Fund match for grant	\$	60,230
TOTAL TRANSFERS IN - 272		\$	60,230
319 LOW & MOD INCOME HOUSING			
692 Long-Term Advances DSF- RDA SA TOTAL TRANSFERS IN - 319	Repayment of SERAF Loan from Low and Mod Income Housing fund to former Redevelopment Agency	↔ •	1,927,748 1.927.748
		٠	

FUND/ACCOUNT	DESCRIPTION	FY 2 PRO	FY 2014-15 PROPOSED
333 COMIM DEV BLOCK GRANT FUND 517 AD2004-1 Dixon Dr TOTAL TRANSFERS IN - 333	Project cost reimbursement from AD	↔ 	30,981 30,981
341 PUBLIC LIABILITY TRUST 100 General Fund 414 Sewer Service Revenue TOTAL TRANSFERS IN - 341	General Fund transfer for public liability expenses Sewer Fund transfer for public liability expenses	ዏ ዏ	664,000 80,000 744,000
408 DEVELOPMENT SERVICES FUND 100 General Fund 100 GF - Permit Subsidy 414 Sewer Service Revenue TOTAL TRANSFERS IN - 408	Staff time reimbursement Permit subsidy Staff time reimbursement	~ ~ ~ ~	32,000 400,000 16,137 448,137
414 SEWER SERVICE REVENUE 428 Sewer Fac Replacement TOTAL TRANSFERS IN - 414	Staff time reimbursement	⋄ ⋄	150,000 150,000
442 CDBG SECTION 108 LOAN 333 Community Development Block Grant TOTAL TRANSFERS IN - 442	Debt service payment - Section 108 loan	⋄ ⋄	756,715 756,715
451 LONG-TERM ADVANCES DSF - CITY 301 Storm Drain Revenue 433 Salt Creek Sewer Basin DIF 571 PFDIF-Gen Admin 576 Fire Suppression Sytem Expansion TOTAL TRANSFERS IN - 451	Interfund loan payment - Trunk Sewer Capl Res-Reso 18996 Interfund loan payment - Trunk Sewer Capl Res-FY00-01 Budget Reso Interfund loan payment Interfund loan payment		487,378 250,000 709,896 430,928 1,878,202

FUND/ACCOUNT	DESCRIPTION F	FY 2014-15 PROPOSED	
452 EQUIPMENT LEASE FUND 100 General Fund TOTAL TRANSFERS IN - 452	Debt service payment - Fire equipment & QECB	\$ 297,916 \$ 297,916	16 16
453 ENERGY LOAN REPAYMENTS 100 General Fund TOTAL TRANSFERS IN - 453	Debt service payment - California Energy Commission Ioan	\$ 680,924 \$ 680,924	24 24
472 2004 COP CIV CTR PROJ PHASE I 100 General Fund 572 PFDIF - Civic Center 717 Residential Construction TOTAL TRANSFERS IN - 472	Debt service payment - Civic Center Phase 1 Debt service payment - Civic Center Phase 1 Debt service payment - Western Chula Vista Infrastructure	\$ 314,368 \$ 1,399,745 \$ 677,336 \$ 2,391,449	68 45 36
473 2006 COP CIV CTR PROJECT PHASE 2 100 General Fund 572 PFDIF - Civic Center TOTAL TRANSFERS IN - 473	Debt service payment - Civic Center Phase 2 Debt service payment - Civic Center Phase 2	\$ 285,082 \$ 986,227 \$ 1,271,309	82 27 09
474 2010 COP REFINANCE 100 General Fund 572 PFDIF - Civic Center 574 Corp Yard Relocation TOTAL TRANSFERS IN - 474	Debt Service Payment - Civic Center Phase 3/2000 COP Refunding Corp Yard Debt Service Payment - Civic Center Phase 3/2000 COP Refunding Corp Yard Debt Service Payment - Civic Center Phase 3/2000 COP Refunding Corp Yard	\$ 709,122 \$ 937,690 \$ 844,795 \$ 2,491,607	22 90 95
475 2014 REFUNDING COP 100 General Fund 573 PD Facility Remodel TOTAL TRANSFERS IN - 475	Debt Service Payment - 2002 COP Refunding - Police Facility Debt Service Payment - 2002 COP Refunding - Police Facility	\$ 2,009,000 \$ 1,601,035 \$ 3,610,035	00 35

		FY	FY 2014-15
FUND/ACCOUNT	DESCRIPTION	PR	PROPOSED
661 05 ERAF - SA 318 Redevelopment Obligation Retirement Fund	Debt service payment	↔ +	100,883
TOTAL TRANSFERS IN - 661		‹	100,883
662 06 ERAF - SA 318 Redevelopment Obligation Retirement Fund	Debt service payment	❖	129,285
TOTAL TRANSFERS IN - 662		•	129,285
663 06 TABS SERIES A - SA			
318 Redevelopment Obligation Retirement Fund	Debt service payment	⊹	1,017,345
TOTAL TRANSFERS IN - 663		❖	1,017,345
664 06 TABS SERIES B - SA			
318 Redevelopment Obligation Retirement Fund	Debt service payment	\$	992,297
TOTAL TRANSFERS IN - 664		❖	992,297
665 08 TABS - SA			
318 Redevelopment Obligation Retirement Fund	Debt service payment	\$	1,531,337
TOTAL TRANSFERS IN - 665		❖	1,531,337
692 LONG-TERM ADVANCES DSF-RDA SA			
318 Redevelopment Obligation Retirement Fund	Repayment of SERAF Loan from Low and Mod to former RDA	\$	1,927,748
TOTAL TRANSFERS IN - 692		❖	1,927,748
717 RESID. CONSTRUCTION/CONVERSION			
100 General Fund	General Fund transfer for debt service expense	↔	279,000
518 AD2005-1 Tobias Dr	Project cost reimbursement from the assessment district	Υ	23,779
TOTAL TRANSFERS IN - 717		❖	302,779
GRAND TOTAL ALL FUNDS		❖	33,485,290

AUTHORIZED POSITIONS BY DEPARTMENT

AUTHORIZED POS	ITIONS	BY DEP	ARTME	NT
CLASSIFICATION	FY 2013-14 ADOPTED BUDGET	FY 2013-14 MIDYEAR CHANGES	FY 2014-15 PROPOSED CHANGES	FY 2014-15 PROPOSED BUDGET
CITY COUNCIL				
CHIEF SERVICE OFFICER	1.00	_	-	1.00
CONSTITUENT SERVICES MANAGER	2.00	-	-	2.00
COUNCILPERSON	4.00	-	-	4.00
EXECUTIVE SECRETARY	1.00	-	-	1.00
MAYOR	1.00	-	-	1.00
OFFICE SPECIALIST (MYR/@WILL)	1.00	-	-	1.00
SR COUNCIL ASST	4.00	-	-	4.00
CITY COUNCIL TOTAL	14.00	-	-	14.00
CITY CLERK				
ASST CITY CLERK	1.00	_	_	1.00
CITY CLERK	1.00	-	-	1.00
DEPUTY CITY CLERK I	1.00	_	-	1.00
RECORDS MANAGER	1.00	_	-	1.00
SR RECORDS SPECIALIST	1.00	-	-	1.00
CITY CLERK TOTAL	5.00	-	-	5.00
CITY ATTORNEY				
ASST CITY ATTORNEY	1.00	_	-	1.00
CITY ATTORNEY (ELECTED)	1.00	_	-	1.00
DEPUTY CITY ATTORNEY II	3.00	-	-	3.00
DEPUTY CITY ATTORNEY III	3.00	-	-	3.00
LAW OFFICE MANAGER	1.00	-	-	1.00
LEGAL ASSISTANT	2.00	-	-	2.00
SR ASST CITY ATTORNEY	1.00	-	-	1.00
SR LEGAL ASSISTANT	1.00	-	-	1.00
CITY ATTORNEY TOTAL	13.00	-	-	13.00
ADMINISTRATION				
ASST CITY MANAGER/ADMIN	1.00	_	_	1.00
ASST TO CITY MGR/CI MANAGER	1.00	-	-	1.00
CITY MANAGER	1.00	_	-	1.00
DEPUTY CITY MANAGER	1.00	_	-	1.00
DIR OF ECON DEVELOPMENT	1.00	-	-	1.00
EXECUTIVE SECRETARY	1.00	-	-	1.00
MARKTNG & COMMUNICATIONS MGR	1.00	-	-	1.00
PRINCIPAL ECONOMIC DEV SPEC	1.00	-	-	1.00
PUBLIC INFORMATION SPECIALIST	1.00	-	-	1.00
SPECIAL EVENTS COORDINATOR	1.00	-	-	1.00

AUTHORIZED POSITIONS BY DEPARTMENT				
CLASSIFICATION	FY 2013-14 ADOPTED BUDGET	FY 2013-14 MIDYEAR CHANGES	FY 2014-15 PROPOSED CHANGES	FY 2014-15 PROPOSED BUDGET
SR ADMINISTRATIVE SECRETARY	1.00	-	-	1.00
SR ECONOMIC DEV SPECIALIST	-	-	1.00	1.00
SR GRAPHIC DESIGNER	1.00	-	-	1.00
WEBMASTER	1.00	-	-	1.00
ADMINISTRATION TOTAL	13.00	-	1.00	14.00
ITS				
ASST DIR OF INFO TECHNOLOGY	1.00	-	(1.00)	-
DIRECTOR OF INFO TECHNOLOGY	-	-	1.00	1.00
GIS MANAGER	1.00	-	-	1.00
GIS SPECIALIST	3.00	-	-	3.00
INFO TECH MANAGER	-	-	1.00	1.00
INFO TECH SUPPORT SPECIALIST	4.00	-	(1.00)	3.00
OPS&TELECOM MGR	1.00	-	-	1.00
SR APPLICATION SUPPORT SPEC	1.00	-	-	1.00
SR INFO TECH SUPPORT SPEC	3.00	-	-	3.00
SR PROGRAMMER ANALYST	2.00	-	-	2.00
TELECOMMUNICATIONS SPECIALIST	1.00	-	-	1.00
ITS TOTAL	17.00	-	-	17.00
HUMAN RESOURCES				
ASST DIR HUMAN RESOURCES	1.00	-	-	1.00
BENEFITS MANAGER	1.00	-	-	1.00
HR ANALYST	2.00	-	-	2.00
HR TECHNICIAN	2.00	-	-	2.00
RISK MANAGER	1.00	-	-	1.00
SENIOR HR TECHNICIAN	1.00	-	-	1.00
SR FISCAL OFFICE SPECIALIST	1.00	-	-	1.00
SR HR ANALYST	3.00	-	-	3.00
SR RISK MANAGEMENT SPECIALIST	3.00	-	-	3.00
HUMAN RESOURCES TOTAL	15.00	-	-	15.00
FINANCE				
ACCOUNTANT	1.00	-	-	1.00
ACCOUNTING ASSISTANT	6.00	-	-	6.00
ACCOUNTING TECHNICIAN	5.00	-	-	5.00
ASSOC ACCOUNTANT	2.00	-	-	2.00
ASST DIR OF FINANCE	1.00	-	-	1.00
BUDGET & ANALYSIS MANAGER	1.00	-	-	1.00
BUSINESS LICENSE REP	1.00	-	-	1.00
COLLECTIONS SUPERVISOR	1.00	-	-	1.00

AUTHORIZED POSITIONS BY DEPARTMENT				
CLASSIFICATION	FY 2013-14 ADOPTED BUDGET	FY 2013-14 MIDYEAR CHANGES	FY 2014-15 PROPOSED CHANGES	FY 2014-15 PROPOSED BUDGET
DIRECTOR OF FINANCE	1.00	-	-	1.00
FINANCE MANAGER	-	-	1.00	1.00
FISCAL & MANAGEMENT ANALYST	4.00	-	-	4.00
FISCAL OPERATIONS MANAGER	1.00	-	(1.00)	-
PROCUREMENT SPECIALIST	1.00	-	-	1.00
SR ACCOUNTANT	1.00	-	-	1.00
SR PROCUREMENT SPECIALIST	1.00	-	-	1.00
TREASURY MANAGER	1.00	-	-	1.00
FINANCE TOTAL	28.00	-	-	28.00
GENERAL SVCS/ANIMAL CARE FACIL	.IT			
ANIMAL ADOPTION COUNSELOR	2.00	-	(1.00)	1.00
ANIMAL CARE ASSISTANT	6.00	-	(1.00)	5.00
ANIMAL CARE FAC ADMINISTRATOR	1.00	-	-	1.00
ANIMAL CARE SUPERVISOR	-	-	1.00	1.00
ANIMAL CONTROL OFFICER	4.00	-	(1.00)	3.00
ANIMAL CTRL OFFCR SUPERVISOR	-	-	1.00	1.00
FISCAL OFFICE SPECIALIST	-	-	1.00	1.00
OFFICE SPECIALIST	1.50	-	(1.00)	0.50
REGISTERED VETERINARY TECH	2.00	-	1.50	3.50
SR ANIMAL CARE ASSISTANT	2.00	-	-	2.00
SR OFFICE SPECIALIST	- 1.00	-	1.00	1.00 1.00
VETERINARIAN (PERMITTED) VETERINARY ASSISTANT	1.00	-	(1.00)	
		-	, ,	-
GENERAL SVCS/ANIMAL CARE FACILITY TO	20.50	-	0.50	21.00
DEVELOPMENT SERVICES				
ADMINISTRATIVE TECHNICIAN	1.00	-	- (4.00)	1.00
ADVANCED PLNNG MGR	1.00	-	(1.00)	-
ASSISTANT DIR DEVELOPMENT SVCS	1.00	-	-	1.00
ASSOCIATE PLANNER	1.50	-	0.25	1.75
CODE ENF OFFCR II	6.00	-	-	6.00
DEVELOPMENT SVCS DEPT DIRECTOR OFFICE SPECIALIST	1.00	-	1.00	1.00 1.00
PLANNING MANAGER	1.00	-	0.50	0.50
PLANNING MANAGER PLANNING TECHNICIAN	2.00	<u>-</u>	0.50	2.00
PRINCIPAL PLANNER	1.00	_	_	1.00
SR ADMINISTRATIVE SECRETARY	1.00	_	- -	1.00
SR CODE ENFORCEMENT OFFICER	2.00	_	-	2.00
SR PLANNER	1.00	_	_	1.00

AUTHORIZED POSITIONS BY DEPARTMENT

	FY 2013-14 ADOPTED	FY 2013-14 MIDYEAR	FY 2014-15 PROPOSED	FY 2014-15 PROPOSED
CLASSIFICATION	BUDGET	CHANGES	CHANGES	BUDGET
DEVELOPMENT SERVICES TOTAL	19.50	-	0.75	20.25
POLICE				
ADMINISTRATIVE SERVICES MANAGR	1.00	-	-	1.00
AUTOMATED FINGERPRINT TECH	1.00	-	-	1.00
CHIEF OF POLICE	1.00	-	-	1.00
CIVILIAN BACKGROUND INVESTIGTR	1.00	-	-	1.00
COMMUNITY SERVICE OFFICER	5.50	2.00	0.50	8.00
CRIME LABORATORY MANAGER	1.00	-	-	1.00
DETENTION FACILITY MANAGER	1.00	-	-	1.00
EVIDENCE CONTROL ASST	2.00	-	-	2.00
FACILITY & SUPPLY SPECIALIST	0.50	0.50	-	1.00
FISCAL OFFICE SPECIALIST	-	0.50	-	0.50
FORENSICS SPECIALIST	2.00	-	-	2.00
LATENT PRINT EXAMINER	2.00	-	-	2.00
PARKING ENFORCEMENT OFFICER	2.00	-	-	2.00
PEACE OFFICER	146.00	(1.00)	1.00	146.00
POLICE AGENT	49.00	-	-	49.00
POLICE CAPTAIN	3.00	-	-	3.00
POLICE COMM SYSTEMS MANAGER	1.00	-	-	1.00
POLICE DATA SPECIALIST	3.00	-	(1.00)	2.00
POLICE DISPATCHER	20.00	-	-	20.00
POLICE DISPATCHER SUPERVISOR	6.00	-	-	6.00
POLICE LIEUTENANT	9.00	-	-	9.00
POLICE RECORDS SPECIALIST	5.50	-	1.00	6.50
POLICE RECORDS TRANSCRIPTIONIS	2.00	-	-	2.00
POLICE SERGEANT	23.00	-	-	23.00
POLICE SERVICES OFFICER	10.00	-	-	10.00
POLICE SUPPORT SERVICES MGR	1.00	-	-	1.00
POLICE SVCS OFFICER SUPERVISOR	2.00	-	-	2.00
POLICE TECHNOLOGY SPECIALIST	1.00	-	-	1.00
PRINCIPAL MANAGEMENT ANALYST	1.00	-	-	1.00
PUBLIC SAFETY ANALYST	3.00	-	-	3.00
RANGE MASTER	0.50	-	-	0.50
SECRETARY	3.00	-	-	3.00
SR ADMINISTRATIVE SECRETARY	1.00	-	-	1.00
SR FISCAL OFFICE SPECIALIST	2.00	(1.00)	-	1.00
SR OFFICE SPECIALIST	4.00	-	-	4.00
SR POLICE DATA SPECIALIST	1.00	-	-	1.00
SR PUBLIC SAFETY ANALYST	1.00	-	-	1.00
TRAINING PROGRAMS SPEC	1.00	-	-	1.00

AUTHORIZED POSITIONS BY DEPARTMENT FY 2013-14 FY 2013-14 FY 2014-15 FY 2014-15 MIDYEAR PROPOSED ADOPTED **PROPOSED CLASSIFICATION CHANGES** BUDGET **CHANGES** BUDGET **POLICE TOTAL** 319.00 1.00 1.50 321.50 FIRE 3.00 3.00 **DEPUTY FIRE CHIEF** 1.00 1.00 **FACILITY & SUPPLY SPECIALIST** 6.00 6.00 FIRE BATTALION CHIEF (112 HR) 33.00 33.00 FIRE CAPTAIN (112 HR) 2.00 2.00 FIRE CAPTAIN (80 HR) 1.00 FIRE CHIEF 1.00 FIRE DIVISION CHIEF 1.00 1.00 FIRE ENG (112 HR) 33.00 33.00 1.00 1.00 FIRE ENG (80 HR) FIRE INSP/INVEST I 1.00 1.00 5.00 FIRE INSP/INVEST II 5.00 FIRE PREV ENG/INVEST 1.00 1.00 FIREFIGHTER (112 HR) 42.00 (4.00)38.00 4.00 4.00 FIREFIGHTER/PARAMEDIC (112 HR) OFFICE SPECIALIST (1.00)1.00 PRINCIPAL MANAGEMENT ANALYST 1.00 1.00 PUBLIC SAFETY ANALYST 1.00 1.00 **SECRETARY** 1.00 1.00 SR ADMINISTRATIVE SECRETARY 1.00 1.00 SR FIRE INSP/INVEST 1.00 1.00 SR OFFICE SPECIALIST 1.00 1.00 **FIRE TOTAL** 136.00 136.00 PUBLIC WORKS OPERATIONS ADMIN ANALYST II 2.00 2.00 ADMINISTRATIVE SECRETARY 1.00 1.00 1.00 ADMINISTRATIVE SERVICES MANAGR 1.00 ASSISTANT SURVEYOR II 1.00 1.00 ASSOC ENGINEER 11.00 (1.00)10.00 ASST DIR OF PUBLIC WORKS 1.00 1.00 ASST DIRECTOR OF ENGINEERING 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 **ASST ENGINEER** 1.00 BLDG PROJECT MANAGER 1.00 CONSERVATION SPECIALIST I 1.00 1.00 **CONSTRUCTION & REPAIR MGR** 1.00 1.00 **CUSTODIAL & FACILITIES MANAGER** 1.00 1.00

CUSTODIAL SUPERVISOR

CUSTODIAN

3.00

9.50

3.00

9.50

AUTHORIZED POSITIONS BY DEPARTMENT FY 2013-14 FY 2013-14 FY 2014-15 FY 2014-15 ADOPTED MIDYEAR **PROPOSED PROPOSED CLASSIFICATION** BUDGET **CHANGES CHANGES BUDGET DIR OF PUBLIC WORKS** 1.00 1.00 2.00 2.00 **ELECTRICIAN** 1.00 **ELECTRONICS TECHNICIAN** 1.00 **ENGINEERING TECH II** 1.50 1.50 2.00 2.00 ENVIRONMENTAL HLTH SPEC **ENVIRONMENTAL RESOURCE MANAGER** 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 **ENVIRONMENTAL RESOURCE SPEC** 2.00 **EQUIPMENT OPERATOR** 2.00 FISCAL OFFICE SPECIALIST 1.00 1.00 22.00 **GARDENER II** 22.00 **HVAC TECHNCIAN** 2.00 2.00 LAND SURVEYOR 1.00 (1.00)LEAD CUSTODIAN 5.00 5.00 LOCKSMITH 2.00 2.00 MAINTENANCE WORKER II 9.00 9.00 MANAGEMENT ANALYST -1.00 1.00 OPEN SPACE INSPECTOR 5.00 5.00 OPEN SPACE MANAGER 1.00 1.00 PARK RANGER SUPERVISOR 1.00 1.00 PARKS OPERATIONS MANAGER 1.00 1.00 PARKS SUPERVISOR 4.00 4.00 **PLUMBER** 1.00 1.00 3.00 PRINCIPAL CIVIL ENGINEER 3.00 PUB WORKS SPECIALIST 2.00 (1.00)1.00 PUBLIC WORKS INSP II 6.00 6.00 1.00 PUBLIC WORKS MANAGER 1.00 PUBLIC WORKS SUPERVISOR 2.00 2.00 PUMP MAINT TECHNICIAN 4.00 4.00 1.00 PUMP MAINTENANCE SUPERVISOR 1.00 **REAL PROPERTY MANAGER** 1.00 1.00 1.00 **SECRETARY** 1.00 SIGNING&STRIPING SUPERVISOR 1.00 1.00 SR ADMINISTRATIVE SECRETARY 1.00 1.00 SR CIVIL ENGINEER 4.00 1.00 5.00 SR ENGINEERING TECHNICIAN 2.00 2.00 1.00 SR FISCAL OFFICE SPECIALIST 1.00 SR GARDENER 9.00 9.00 SR HVAC TECHNICIAN 1.00 1.00 SR LANDSCAPE INSPECTOR 1.00 1.00 SR MAINTENANCE WORKER 8.00 8.00

1.00

1.00

1.00

1.00

SR MANAGEMENT ANALYST

SR OPEN SPACE INSPECTOR

AUTHORIZED POSITIONS BY DEPARTMENT				
CLASSIFICATION	FY 2013-14 ADOPTED BUDGET	FY 2013-14 MIDYEAR CHANGES	FY 2014-15 PROPOSED CHANGES	FY 2014-15 PROPOSED BUDGET
SR PARK RANGER	1.00	(1.00)	-	-
SR PUB WORKS SPECIALIST	1.00	-	-	1.00
SR PUBLIC WORKS INSP	2.00	-	-	2.00
SR SECRETARY	1.00	-	-	1.00
SURVEY TECHNICIAN II	1.00	-	-	1.00
TRAFFIC DEVICES TECH	3.00	-	-	3.00
TRAFFIC DEVICES TECH SUPV	1.00	-	-	1.00
TREE TRIMMER SUPERVISOR	1.00	-	-	1.00
WASTEWATER COLLECTIONS MANAGER	1.00	-	-	1.00
PUBLIC WORKS OPERATIONS TOTAL	163.00	-	-	163.00
RECREATION				
ADMINISTRATIVE SECRETARY	1.00	-	-	1.00
AQUATIC SUPV I	1.00	-	-	1.00
AQUATIC SUPV II	2.00	-	-	2.00
AQUATIC SUPV III	1.00	-	-	1.00
DIRECTOR OF RECREATION	1.00	-	-	1.00
PRINCIPAL RECREATION MANAGER	2.00	-	-	2.00
RECREATION SUPERVISOR II	3.00	(1.00)	-	2.00
RECREATION SUPERVISOR III	4.00	1.00	-	5.00
SR FISCAL OFFICE SPECIALIST	1.00	-	-	1.00
SR RECREATION MGR	1.00	-	-	1.00
RECREATION TOTAL	17.00	-	-	17.00
LIBRARY				
ADMIN ANALYST II	1.00	-	-	1.00
DIR OF LIBRARY	-	-	1.00	1.00
DIR OF LIBRARY & RECREATION	1.00	-	(1.00)	-
LIBRARIAN I	1.00	-	-	1.00
LIBRARIAN II	4.00	-	-	4.00
LIBRARIAN III	2.00	-	-	2.00
LIBRARY ASSOCIATE	8.50	-	-	8.50
LIBRARY DIGITAL SERVICES MGR	1.00	-	-	1.00
PRINCIPAL LIBRARIAN	1.00	-	-	1.00
SR LIBRARIAN	2.00	-	-	2.00
LIBRARY TOTAL	21.50	-	-	21.50
GENERAL FUND SUBTOTAL	801.50	1.00	3.75	806.25
ADVANCED LIFE SUPPORT FUND				
EMS NURSE COORDINATOR	1.00	-	-	1.00

AUTHORIZED POSITIONS BY DEPARTMENT FY 2013-14 FY 2013-14 FY 2014-15 FY 2014-15 **PROPOSED** ADOPTED MIDYEAR **PROPOSED CLASSIFICATION CHANGES** BUDGET **CHANGES BUDGET** ADVANCED LIFE SUPPORT FUND TOTAL 1.00 1.00 POLICE DEPT GRANTS FUND 1.00 CBAG DEPUTY DIRECTOR SD LECC 1.00 1.00 1.00 CBAG DEPUTY EXEC DIR 1.00 1.00 CBAG DIRECTOR OF IV-LECC 1.00 1.00 CBAG EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR 2.00 FA ADMIN ANALYST II 2.00 4.00 **FA ANALYST** 4.00 FA DIRECTOR OF SD LECC 1.00 1.00 FA GEOSPATIAL INTEL ANALYST 1.00 1.00 FA GRAPHIC DESIGNER/WBMSTR 1.00 1.00 FA INFO SECURITY PROGRAM MGR 1.00 1.00 FA LECC IT MANAGER 1.00 1.00 FA NETWORK MANAGER 1.00 (1.00)4.00 FA NTWRK ADMINISTRATOR II 4.00 **FA PROGRAM ANALYST** 1.00 1.00 **FA PROGRAM ASSISTANT** 2.00 2.00 FA PROGRAM MANAGER 2.00 2.00 FA PUBLIC SAFETY ANALYST 5.00 2.00 (3.00)FA RCFL NETWORK ENGINEER 2.00 2.00 FA SR PUBLIC SAFETY ANALYST 1.00 3.00 4.00 PEACE OFFICER 3.00 1.00 (1.00)3.00 1.00 1.00 POLICE AGENT 1.00 1.00 POLICE COMM RELATIONS SPEC POLICE SERGEANT 2.00 2.00 POLICE DEPT GRANTS FUND TOTAL 37.00 3.00 (1.00)39.00 FEDERAL GRANTS FUND **EMERGENCY SVCS COORDINATOR** 1.00 1.00 **GIS SPECIALIST** 1.00 1.00 **FEDERAL GRANTS FUND TOTAL** 1.00 1.00 2.00 **ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES ENVIRON SVCS PROG MGR** 1.00 1.00 RECYCLING SPECIALIST I 1.00 1.00 3.00 3.00 RECYCLING SPECIALIST II **ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES TOTAL** 5.00 5.00

AUTHORIZED POSITIONS BY DEPARTMENT					
CLASSIFICATION	FY 2013-14 ADOPTED BUDGET	FY 2013-14 MIDYEAR CHANGES	FY 2014-15 PROPOSED CHANGES	FY 2014-15 PROPOSED BUDGET	
CV HOUSING AUTHORITY					
HOUSING MANAGER	1.00	-	-	1.00	
PROJECT COORDINATOR II	2.00	-	-	2.00	
SR PROJECT COORDINATOR	1.00	-	-	1.00	
CV HOUSING AUTHORITY TOTAL	4.00	-	-	4.00	
REDV OBLIGATION RETIREMENT FN	D				
SR PROJECT COORDINATOR	1.00	-	(1.00)	-	
REDV OBLIGATION RETIREMENT FND TOTA	1.00	-	(1.00)	-	
FLEET MANAGEMENT					
EQUIPMENT MECHANIC	3.00	1.00	-	4.00	
FIRE APPARATUS MECH	2.00	-	-	2.00	
FISCAL OFFICE SPECIALIST	1.00	-	-	1.00	
FLEET INVENTORY CONTROL SPEC	-	1.00	-	1.00	
FLEET MANAGER	1.00	-	-	1.00	
SR EQUIPMENT MECHANIC	1.00	-	-	1.00	
FLEET MANAGEMENT TOTAL	8.00	2.00	-	10.00	
TRANSIT					
TRANSIT MANAGER	1.00	-	-	1.00	
TRANSIT TOTAL	1.00	-	-	1.00	
DEVELOPMENT SERVICES FUND					
ASSOC ENGINEER	3.00	-	-	3.00	
ASSOCIATE PLANNER	4.00	-	-	4.00	
BUILDING INSPECTOR II	4.00	-	-	4.00	
BUILDING INSPECTOR III	1.00	-	-	1.00	
BUILDING OFF/CODE ENF MGR DEV PLANNING MGR	1.00 1.00	<u>-</u>	(1.00)	1.00	
DEVELOPMENT SERVICES TECH I	1.00	_	1.00)	1.00	
DEVELOPMENT SERVICES TECH II	_	_	1.00	1.00	
DEVELOPMENT SVCS DEPT DIRECTOR	1.00	_	(1.00)	-	
DEVELOPMENT SVCS TECH II	3.00	-	-	3.00	
DEVELOPMENT SVCS TECH III	2.00	-	-	2.00	
DEVLPMT SVCS COUNTER MGR	1.00	-	-	1.00	
ENGINEERING TECH II	1.00	-	-	1.00	
LANDSCAPE ARCHITECT	0.50	-	2.00	2.50	
LANDSCAPE PLANNER II	3.00	-	(2.00)	1.00	
PLAN CHECK SUPERVISOR	1.00	-	-	1.00	

AUTHORIZED POSITIONS BY DEPARTMENT FY 2013-14 FY 2013-14 FY 2014-15 FY 2014-15 MIDYEAR PROPOSED ADOPTED **PROPOSED CLASSIFICATION CHANGES CHANGES BUDGET** BUDGET PLANNING MANAGER 1.00 1.00 3.00 3.00 PLANS EXAMINER 1.00 PRINCIPAL CIVIL ENGINEER 1.00 PRINCIPAL PLANNER 2.00 2.00 1.00 1.00 **SECRETARY** 1.00 SR BUILDING INSPECTOR 1.00 1.00 1.00 SR ENGINEERING TECHNICIAN 2.00 SR OFFICE SPECIALIST 2.00 **SR PLANNER** 4.00 4.00 SR PROJECT COORDINATOR 1.00 1.00 1.00 SR SECRETARY 1.00 TRANSPORTATION ENGINEER W/CERT 1.00 1.00 **DEVELOPMENT SERVICES FUND TOTAL** 44.50 1.00 45.50 SEWER ASSOC ENGINEER 2.00 2.00 **ENGINEERING TECH II** 2.00 2.00 **EQUIPMENT OPERATOR** 3.00 3.00 MAINTENANCE WORKER II 18.00 18.00 PUB WORKS SPECIALIST 1.00 1.00 PUBLIC WORKS SUPERVISOR 4.00 4.00 SR CIVIL ENGINEER 1.00 1.00 SR FISCAL OFFICE SPECIALIST 1.00 1.00 SR MAINTENANCE WORKER 14.00 14.00 **SEWER TOTAL** 46.00 46.00 **NON-GENERAL FUND SUBTOTAL** 148.50 5.00 153.50 **TOTAL AUTHORIZED POSITIONS** 950.00 6.00 3.75 959.75

APPENDIX

Fiscal Policies

Investment Policies

Debt Administration

Accounting Systems and Budgetary Control

List of Acronyms

Glossary

Chula Vista at a Glance

Fiscal Policies

This section of the budget document reiterates the fiscal policies that were reviewed, acknowledged, or approved/adopted by the City Council. These policies form the overall framework within which the operating budget was formulated. The fiscal policies, most of which are already codified in one form or another, are not considered new or controversial, but are summarized here to assist you to better understand the basis for the resource allocation decisions that were made.

General

- 1. The City's financial assets will be managed in a sound and prudent manner in order to ensure the continued viability of the organization.
- A comprehensive operating and capital budget for all City funds will be developed annually and presented to the City Council for approval. The purpose of the annual budget with be to:
 - a. Identify community needs for essential services.
 - b. Identify the programs and specific activities required to provide these essential services.
 - Establish program policies and goals that define the nature and level of program services required.
 - d. Identify alternatives for improving the delivery of program services.
 - e. Identify the resources required to fund identified programs and activities, and enable accomplishment of program objectives.
 - f. Set standards to facilitate the measurement and evaluation of program performance.
- The City's annual operating budget will be balanced whereby planned expenditures do not exceed anticipated revenues.
- Recurring revenues will fund recurring expenditures. One-time revenues will be used for capital, reserve augmentation, or other nonrecurring expenditures.

- 5. Accounting systems will be maintained in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles.
- Investment policy and practice will be in accordance with State statues that emphasize safety and liquidity over yield, including quarterly status reports to the City Council. (Council Policy)
- City operations will be managed and budgets prepared with the goal of maintaining an available fund balance in the General Fund of no less than fifteen percent of the General Fund operating budget. (Council Policy)
- General Fund fiscal status reports reflecting comparisons of actual and projected performance with budget allocations for both revenue and expenditures will be presented to the City Council on a quarterly basis. (City Charter)

Revenue

- The City will endeavor to maintain a diversified and stable revenue base in order to minimize the impact to programs from short-term economic fluctuations.
- Revenue projections will be maintained for the current year and four future fiscal years, and estimates will be based on a conservative, analytical, and objective process.
- 3. In order to maintain flexibility, except as required by law or funding source, the City will avoid earmarking any restricted revenues for specific purpose or program.
- 4. The City has established user fees to best ensure that those who use a proprietary service pay for that service in proportion to the benefits received. With few exceptions, such as those services provided for low-income residents, fees have been set to enable the City to recover the full cost of providing those services. (Citywide

Cost Recovery Policy, Council Policy Number 159-03)

- 5. User fees will be reviewed and updated on an ongoing basis to ensure that program costs continue to be recovered and that the fees reflect changes in levels of service delivery. (Master Fee Schedule)
- 6. The City will recover the cost of new facilities and infrastructure necessitated by new development consistent with State law and the City's Growth Management Program. Development Impact Fees will be closely monitored and updated to ensure that they are maintained at a level adequate to recover costs. (GMOC Ordinance)
- 7. When considering new development alternatives, the City will attempt to determine the fiscal impact of proposed projects, annexations, etc. and ensure that mechanisms are put in place to provide funding for any projected negative impacts on City operations. (GMOC Ordinance)

Expenditures

- 1. Budgetary control will be exercised at the Department/category level, meaning that each department is authorized to spend up to the total amount appropriated for that department within the expenditure categories of Personnel Costs, Supplies & Services, Other Charges, Utilities, and Capital. Transfers of appropriations between expenditure categories of up to \$15,000 may be approved by the City Manager. Transfers appropriations of between expenditure categories in excess of \$15,000, or between departments require City Council approval. (City Charter & Council Policy)
- 2. Appropriations, other than for capital projects, remaining unspent at the end of any fiscal year will be cancelled and returned to Available Fund Balance with the exception of any appropriations encumbered as the result of a valid purchase order or as approved for a specific project or purpose by the City Council or the City Manager. Appropriations for capital projects will

- necessarily be carried over from year to year until the project is deemed to be complete. (Council Policy)
- The City will establish and maintain equipment replacement and facility maintenance funds as deemed necessary to ensure that monies are set aside and available to fund ongoing replacement needs.
- The City will attempt to compensate non-safety employees at rates above the middle of the labor market as measured by the median rate for similar jurisdictions. (Council Policy)

Capital Improvement Program (CIP)

 Major capital projects will be included in a CIP Budget reflecting a five-year period. The CIP budget will be updated annually and presented to City Council for approval. Resources will be formally appropriated (budgeted) for the various projects on an annual basis in accordance with the five-year plan.

City Debt Policy & Debt Management

1. The City will consider the use of debt financing primarily for capital improvement projects (CIP) when the project's useful life will exceed the term of the financing and when resources are identified sufficient to fund the debt service requirements. Some exceptions to this CIP driven focus are the issuance of debt such as Pension Obligation Bonds, where the financial benefits are significantly greater than the costs and where the benefits are determined to be a financially prudent option; and short-term instruments such as tax and revenue anticipation notes, which are to be used for prudent cash management purposes. Bonded debt should not be issued for projects with minimal public benefit or support, or to finance normal operating expenses. (Council Policy)

If a department has any project which is expected to use debt financing, the department director is responsible for expeditiously providing the Finance Department with reasonable cost estimates, including specific revenue accounts that will provide payment for the debt service. This will allow the Finance Department to do an analysis of the project's potential impact on the City's debt capacity and limitations. (Council Policy)

- Debt capacity and affordability will be determined by conducting various analyses prior to the issuance of bonds. The analysis of debt capacity should cover a broad range of factors including but limited to the following:
 - Statutory or constitutional limitations affecting the amount that can be issued, such as legally authorized debt limits and tax or expenditure ceilings
 - Other legal limitations, such as coverage requirements or additional bonds tests imposed by bond covenants
 - Evaluation of trends relating to the government's financial performance, such as revenues and expenditures, net revenues available after meeting operating requirements, reliability of revenues expected to pay debt service and unreserved fund balance levels
 - Debt service as a percentage of total General Fund Revenues

The City will attempt to limit the total amount of annual debt service payments payable by the General Fund to no more than 10% of estimated total General Fund revenues. Under State Law, general obligation bonds shall not exceed 15% of total assessed valuation within the City.

An analysis using current market rates and conservative projections showing compliance with the debt affordability limitations included in this Debt Policy shall be conducted before the issuance of any debt with a maturity longer than two years from date of issue.

Data showing direct and overlapping debt levels for the City of Chula Vista and surrounding agencies that affect the residents of the City shall be compiled for inclusion in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of the City. (Council Policy)

- 3. In order to maximize the financial options available to benefit the public, it is the policy of the City of Chula Vista to allow for the consideration of issuing all generally accepted types of debt, including, but not exclusive to the following:
 - General Obligation (GO) Bonds: General Obligation Bonds are suitable for use in the construction or acquisition of improvements to real property that benefit the public at large. Examples of projects include libraries, parks, and public safety facilities. All GO bonds require a 2/3 vote in order to pass.
 - Revenue Bonds: Revenue Bonds are limited-liability obligations tied to a specific enterprise revenue stream where the projects financed clearly benefit or relate to the enterprise. An example of projects that would be financed by a Revenue Bond would be improvements to the sewer system, which would be paid back with money raised from the property owner's sewer bills. Generally, no voter approval is required to issue this type of obligation but must comply with proposition 218 regarding rate adjustments.
 - Debt/Certificates Lease-Backed of Participation (COP): Issuance of COP debt is a commonly used form of debt that allows a City to finance projects where the debt service is secured via a lease or installment agreement and where the payments are budgeted in the annual budget appropriation by the City from the general fund. Lease-Backed debt does not constitute indebtedness under the state or the City's constitutional debt limit and does not require voter approval.
 - Special Assessment/Special District Debt: the
 City will consider requests from developers
 for the use of debt financing secured by
 property based assessments or special taxes
 in order to provide for necessary
 infrastructure for new development only
 under strict guidelines adopted by City
 Council, which may include minimum valueto-lien ratios and maximum tax burdens.
 Examples of this type of debt are Assessment

Districts (AD) and Community Facilities Districts (CFD) or more commonly known as Mello-Roos Districts. In order to protect bondholders as well as the City's credit rating, all Rate and Method of Apportionment (RMA) documents must include the provision that the maximum projected annual special tax revenues must equal 110% of the projected annual gross debt service on any bonds of the community facilities district. The City will also comply with all State guidelines regarding the issuance of special district or special assessment debt. For further information, refer to the City of Chula Vista Statement of Goals and **Policies** Regarding the Establishment of Community Facility Districts.

- Industrial Development Bonds Industrial Development Bonds (IDBs) are tax-exempt securities which can fund manufacturing businesses or energy development projects which provides a public benefit. While the authorization to issue IDBs is provided by a state statute, the tax-exempt status of these bonds is derived from federal law (IRS Code Section 103(b) (2).
- Tax Allocation Bonds Tax Allocation Bonds are special obligations that are secured by the allocation of tax increment revenues that were generated by increased property taxes in the designated redevelopment area. Tax Allocation Bonds are not debt of the City. Due to changes in the law affecting California Redevelopment agencies with the passage of ABX1 26 as codified in the California Health and Safety Code, the City of Chula Vista Redevelopment Agency (RDA) was dissolved as of February 1, 2012, and its operations substantially eliminated but for continuation of certain enforceable RDA obligations to be administered by the City of Chula Vista Successor Agency. The terms of ABX 1 26 requires successor agencies perform all obligations with respect to enforceable debt obligations, which include Tax Allocation Bonds.
- Multi-Family Mortgage Revenue Bonds The

- City Housing Authority is authorized to issue mortgage revenue bonds to finance the development, acquisition and rehabilitation of multi-family rental projects. The interest on the bonds can be exempt from Federal and State taxation. As a result, bonds provide below market financing for qualified rental projects. In addition, the bonds issued can qualify projects for allocations of Federal low-income housing tax credits, which can provide a significant portion of the funding necessary to develop affordable housing. For further information, refer to the Chula Vista Housing Authority Multi-Family Administrative Bond Policies.
- HUD Section 108 Loan Guarantee Program -The U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) Section 108 Loan Guarantee Program allows cities to use their annual Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) entitlement grants to obtain federally guaranteed funds large enough to stimulate or pay for major community development and economic development projects. The program does not require a pledge of the City's General Fund, only of future CDBG entitlements. By pledging future CDBG entitlement grants as security, the City can borrow at favorable interest rates because of HUD's guarantee of repayment to investors. (Council Policy)
- 4. The City will strive to minimize borrowing costs by:
 - Seeking the highest credit rating possible;
 - Maintaining transparency and excellent communications with credit rating agencies regarding the City's fiscal condition;
 - Purchasing bond insurance or taking action to upgrade the City's current credit rating (Council Policy)
- 5. The City will comply with Rule 15(c) 2-12 of the Securities Exchange Commission (SEC) and provide timely disclosure of relevant information on an annual basis as well as any material event notices as required. (Council Policy)

6. In addition to externally financed debt, the City utilizes inter-fund loans whenever possible to reduce borrowing costs or provide for shorter term loans. When interest is charged on internal loans, it is done at the same rate the City earns from its pooled investments.



Investment Policies

1.0 Purpose

This "Investment Policy and Guidelines" (the "Investment Policy") Policy is intended to provide guidelines for the prudent investment of the City of Chula Vista's (the "City") cash balances, and outline policies to assist in maximizing the efficiency of the City's cash management system, while meeting the daily cash flow demands of the City.

2.0 Policy

The investment practices and policies of the City of Chula Vista are based upon state law and prudent money management. The primary goals of these practices are:

- A. To ensure compliance with all Federal, State, and local laws governing the investment of public funds under the control of the Director of Finance/Treasurer.
- B. To protect the principal monies entrusted to the City's Finance Department
- C. To provide sufficient liquidity such that funds are available as needed to meet those immediate and/or future operating requirements of the City, including but not limited to payroll, accounts payable, capital projects, debt service and any other payments.
- D. Achieve a reasonable rate of return within the parameters of prudent risk management while minimizing the potential for capital losses arising from market changes or issuer default.

3.0 Scope

The Investment Policy applies to all financial assets of the City of Chula Vista, as indicated in 3.1 below. These funds are accounted for in the City's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR).

3.1 Funds

The Director of Finance/Treasurer is responsible for investing the unexpended cash in the City Treasury for all funds, except for the employee's retirement

funds, which are administered separately, and those funds which are managed separately by trustees appointed under indenture agreements. The Director of Finance/Treasurer will strive to maintain the level of investment of this cash as close as possible to 100%. These funds are described in the City's annual financial report and include:

- General Fund
- Special Revenue Funds
- Capital Project Funds
- Enterprise Funds
- Trust and Agency Funds
- Any new fund created by the legislative body, unless specifically exempted

This Investment Policy applies to all transactions involving the financial assets and related activity of the foregoing funds.

4.0 Prudence

The standard of prudence to be used by the Director of Finance/Treasurer shall be the "prudent investor standard". This shall be applied in the context of managing an overall portfolio. The "prudent investor standard" is applied to local agencies, pursuant to California Government Code Section 53600.3 which provides, in pertinent part:

" ... all governing bodies of local agencies or persons authorized to make investment decisions on behalf of those local agencies investing public funds pursuant to this chapter are trustees and therefore fiduciaries subject to the prudent investor standard. When investing, reinvesting, purchasing, acquiring, exchanging, selling, or managing public funds, a trustee shall act with care, skill, prudence, and diligence under the circumstances then prevailing, including, but not limited to, the general economic conditions and the anticipated needs of the agency, that a prudent person acting in a like capacity and familiarity with those matters would use in the conduct of funds of a like character and with like aims, to safeguard the principal and maintain the liquidity needs of the agency. ..."

4.1 Personal Responsibility

The Director of Finance/Treasurer, Assistant Director of Finance, Treasury Manager and Associate Accountant as investment officers acting in accordance with written procedures and the Investment Policy and exercising due diligence, shall be relieved of personal responsibility for an individual security's credit risk or market price changes, provided deviations from expectations are reported to the City Council in a timely fashion and appropriate action is taken to control adverse developments.

5.0 Objective

Consistent with this aim, investments are made under the terms and conditions of California Government Code Section 53600, et seq. Criteria for selecting investments and the absolute order of priority are:

5.1 Safety

Safety of principal is the foremost objective of the investment program. Investments of the City of Chula Vista shall be undertaken in a manner that seeks to ensure the preservation of capital in the overall portfolio. To attain this objective, diversification is required in order that potential losses on individual securities do not exceed the income generated from the remainder of the portfolio.

5.2 Liquidity

The City of Chula Vista's investment portfolio will remain sufficiently liquid to enable the City to meet all operating requirements which might be reasonably anticipated and to maintain compliance with any indenture agreement, as applicable. Liquidity is essential to the safety of principal.

5.3 Return on Investments

The City of Chula Vista's investment portfolio shall be designed with the objective of attaining a market-average rate of return throughout budgetary and economic cycles (market interest rates), within the City's Investment Policy's risk parameters and the City's cash flow needs. See also Section 16.1.

6.0 Delegation of Authority

The Director of Finance/Treasurer shall be responsible for all transactions undertaken and shall establish a system of controls and written procedures to regulate the activities of subordinate officials. The responsibility for the day-to-day investment of City funds will be delegated to the Associate Accountant under the general direction of the Assistant Director of Finance.

7.0 Ethics and Conflicts of Interest

In addition to state and local statutes relating to conflicts of interest, all persons involved in the investment process shall refrain from personal business activity that could conflict with proper execution of the investment program, or which could impair their ability to make impartial investment decisions. Employees and investment officers are required to file annual disclosure statements as required for "public officials who manage public investments" [as defined and required by the Political Reform Act and related regulations, including Government Code Sections 81000, et seq., and the rules, regulations and guidelines promulgated by California's Fair Political Practices Commission (FFPC)].

8.0 Authorized Financial Dealers and Institutions

The City's Director of Finance/Treasurer will maintain a list of the financial institutions and brokers/dealers authorized to provide investment and depository services and will perform an annual review of the financial condition and registrations of qualified bidders and require annual audited financial statements to be on file for each company. The City will utilize Moody's Securities or other such services to determine financially sound institutions with which to do business. The City shall annually send a copy of the current Investment Policy to all financial institutions and brokers/dealers approved to do business with the City.

As far as possible, all money belonging to, or in the custody of, a local agency, including money paid to the City's Director of Finance/Treasurer or other official to pay the principal, interest, or penalties of bonds, shall be deposited for safekeeping in state or national banks, savings associations, federal

associations, credit unions, or federally insured industrial loan companies in this state selected by the City's Director of Finance/Treasurer; or may be invested in the investments set forth in Section 9.0. To be eligible to receive local agency money, a bank, savings association, federal association, or federally insured industrial loan company shall have received an overall rating of not less than "satisfactory" in its most recent evaluation by the appropriate federal financial supervisory agency of its record of meeting the credit needs of California's communities, including low- and moderate-income neighborhoods.

To provide for the optimum yield in the investment of City funds, the City's investment procedures shall encourage competitive bidding on transactions from approved brokers/dealers. In order to be approved by the City, the dealer must meet the following criteria: (i) the dealer must be a "primary" dealer or regional dealer that qualifies under Securities and Exchange Commission Rule 15C3-1 (Uniform Net Capital Rule); (ii)the dealer's institution must have an office in California; (iii)the dealer must experienced in institutional trading practices and familiar with the California Government Code as related to investments appropriate for the City; and (iv) all other applicable criteria, as may established in the investment procedures. brokers/dealers and financial institutions who desire to become qualified bidders for investment must submit a "Broker/Dealer transactions Application" and related documents relative to eligibility including a current audited annual financial statement, U4 form for the broker, proof of state registration, proof of National Association of Securities Dealers certification and a certification of having read and understood the City's Investment Policy and agreeing to comply with the Investment Policy. The City's Director of Finance/Treasurer shall determine if they are adequately capitalized (i.e. minimum capital requirements of \$10,000,000 and five years of operation).

9.0 Authorized & Suitable Investments

The City is authorized by California Government Code Section 53600, et. seq., to invest in specific types of securities. Investments not specifically listed below are deemed inappropriate and prohibited:

- A. BANKERS' ACCEPTANCES, maximum 25% of portfolio (up to 40% with Council approval). Maximum term 180 days. Banks must have a short term rating of at least Al/Pl and a long-term rating of A or higher as provided by Moody's Investors Service or Standard and Poor's Corp. No more than 30% of the agency's money may be invested in the bankers' acceptances of any one commercial bank pursuant to this section.
- B. NEGOTIABLE CERTIFICATES OF DEPOSIT, These are issued by commercial banks and thrift institutions against funds deposited for specified periods of time and earn specified or variable rates of interest. Negotiable certificates of deposit (NCD) differ from other certificates of deposit by their liquidity. NCD's are traded actively in secondary markets. In compliance with California Code 53601.8, all FDIC insured CD's, whether directly placed or placed through a private sector entity, will be classified as a Negotiable Certificate of Deposit.
 - a. Maximum Maturity
 - i. The maximum maturity of a NCD issue shall be 5 years.
 - ii. The maximum maturity of any FDIC insured CD's, whether directly placed or placed through a private sector entity, shall be 13 months.
 - Maximum Exposure of Portfolio The maximum exposure to the Portfolio for this category shall be 30%.
 - c. Maximum Exposure Per Issue The maximum exposure to a single issue shall be 2.5% of the Portfolio value.
 - d. Maximum Exposure Per Issuer The maximum exposure to a single issuer shall be 5% of the Portfolio value.
 - e. Minimum Credit Requirement
 - i. All NCD must have the following investment grade from one of these rating firms. If unrated by Standard & Poor's, security would need to be authorized by Standard & Poor's with a shadow rating prior to purchase.
 - a. Standard & Poor's: A-1 or A (long-term when applicable)
 - b. Moody's: P-1 or A (long-term when

- applicable)
- c. Fitch: F-1 or A (long-term when applicable) (For NCD's 1 year or less, use short-term rating) (For NCD's over 1 year, use long-term rating)
- There is no minimum credit requirement for FDIC insured CD's, whether directly placed or placed through a private sector entity.
- C. COMMERCIAL PAPER, maximum 25% of portfolio. Maximum term 270 days. Commercial paper of prime quality of the highest ranking or of the highest letter and number rating as provided for by Moody's Investor Services, Standard & Poor's and Fitch Financial Services. The issuing corporation must be organized and operating within the United States, with total assets in excess of \$500 million and shall issue debt, other than commercial paper, that is rated "A" or higher by Moody's, S&P and Fitch. Split ratings (i.e. A2/PI) are not allowable. No more than 10% of the outstanding commercial paper of any single corporate issue may be purchased.
- D. BONDS ISSUED BY THE CITY OR ANY LOCAL AGENCY WITHIN THE STAE OF CALIFORNIA Bonds must have an "A" rating or better from a nationally recognized authority on ratings.
- E. OBLIGATIONS OF THE UNITED STATES TREASURY United States Treasury Notes, bonds, bills or certificates of indebtedness, or those for which the faith and credit of the United States are pledged for the payment of principal and interest. There is no limit on the percentage of the portfolio that can be invested in this category.

F. FEDERAL AGENCIES

Debt instruments issued by agencies of the Federal government. Though not general obligations of the U.S. Treasury, such securities are sponsored by the government or related to the government and, therefore, have high safety ratings. The following are authorized Federal Intermediate Credit Bank (FICB), Federal Land Bank (FLB), Federal Home Loan Bank (FHLB),

Federal National Mortgage Association (FNMA), Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation (FHLMC), Federal Farm Credit Bank (FFCB), Government National Mortgage Association (GNMA), Tennessee Valley Authorities (TVA), Student Loan Marketing Association (SLMA) and Small Business Administration (SBA). There is no limit on the percentage of the portfolio that can be invested in this category.

- G. REPURCHASE AGREEMENT, maximum term 3 months.
 - Investments in repurchase agreements may be made, on any investment authorized in this section, when the term of the agreement does not exceed 3 months. A Master Repurchase Agreement must be signed with the bank or broker/dealer who is selling the securities to the City.
- H. REVERSE-REPURCHASE AGREEMENTS (Requires Council approval for each transaction) Reverse repurchase agreements or securities lending agreements may be utilized only when all of the following conditions are met:
 - a. The security to be sold on reverse repurchase agreement or securities lending agreement has been owned and fully paid for by the local agency for a minimum of 30 days prior to sale.
 - b. The total of all reverse repurchase agreements and securities lending agreements on investments owned by the local agency does not exceed 20% of the base value of the portfolio.
 - c. The agreement does not exceed a term of 92 days, unless the agreement includes a written codicil guaranteeing a minimum earning or spread for the entire period between the sale of a security using a reverse repurchase agreement or securities lending agreement and the final maturity date of the same security.
 - d. Funds obtained or funds within the pool of an equivalent amount to that obtained from selling a security to a counter party by way of a reverse repurchase agreement or securities lending agreement, shall not be used to

purchase another security with a maturity longer than 92 days from the initial settlement date of the reverse repurchase agreement or securities lending agreement, unless the reverse repurchase agreement or securities lending agreement includes a written codicil guaranteeing a minimum earning or spread for the entire period between the sale of a security using a reverse repurchase agreement or securities lending agreement and the final maturity date of the same security. Investments in reverse repurchase agreements, securities lending agreements, or similar investments in which the local agency sells securities prior to purchase with a simultaneous agreement to repurchase the security shall only be made with primary dealers of the Federal Reserve Bank of New York or with a nationally or state-chartered bank that has or has had a significant banking relationship with a local agency.

- e. For purposes of this policy, "significant banking relationship" means any of the following activities of a bank:
 - Involvement in the creation, sale, purchase, or retirement of a local agency's bonds, warrants, notes, or other evidence of indebtedness.
 - ii. Financing of a local agency's activities.
 - iii. Acceptance of a local agency's securities or funds as deposits.
- I. MEDIUM-TERM COPORATE NOTES, maximum 20% of portfolio (30% with Council approval), with a maximum remaining maturity of five years or less. Notes eligible for investment shall be "A" rated or its equivalent or better as determined by a nationally recognized rating service.
- J. TIME DEPOSITS-CERTIFICATES OF DEPOSIT (non-negotiable certificates of deposit.) Maximum of 3 years. Deposits must be made with banks or savings & loan that have a short term rating of Al/Pl or a long term rating of at least a single A from a generally recognized authority on ratings.
- K. OBLIGATIONS OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

Obligations must be "A" rated or better from a nationally recognized authority on ratings.

 MONEY MARKET FUNDS, maximum 15% of portfolio. (Requires Council approval for each transaction)

No more than 10% of the agency's surplus funds may be invested in shares of beneficial interest of any one Money Market fund. Local agencies may invest in "shares of beneficial interest" issued by diversified management companies which invest only in direct obligations in U.S. Treasury bills, notes and bonds, and repurchase agreements with a weighted average of 60 days or less. They must have the highest rating from two national rating agencies, must maintain a daily principal per share value of \$1.00 per share and distribute interest monthly, and must have a minimum of \$500 million in assets under management. The purchase price of the shares may not include commission.

M. San Diego County Treasurer's Pooled Money Fund

Also known as the San Diego County Investment Pool, the pool is a local government money fund created to invest the assets of the County of San Diego and other public agencies located within the County. The three primary objectives of the County Pool are to safeguard principal; to meet liquidity needs of Pool participants; and to achieve an investment return on the funds within the guidelines of prudent risk management. Investment in the County Pool is highly liquid and the City may invest with no portfolio percentage limit.

- N. THE LOCAL AGENCY INVESTMENT FUND (LAIF)
 LAIF is a special fund of the California State
 Treasury through which any local government
 may pool investments. The City may invest up to
 \$50 million in this fund. Investments in LAIF are
 highly liquid and may be converted to cash
 within 24 hours.
- O. INVESTMENT TRUST OF CALIFORNIA (CALTRUST)

 The City may invest in shares of beneficial interest issued by the Investment Trust of

California (CalTRUST), a local government investment pool established by local entities as a joint powers authority pursuant to California Government Code Sections 6509.7 and 53601(p), provided:

- CalTrust investments are limited to the securities and obligations authorized for local agency investment pursuant to Subdivisions (a) to (n), inclusive, of California Government Code Section 53601; and
- CalTrust shall have retained an investment adviser that:
 - Is registered or exempt from registration with the Securities and Exchange Commission;
 - Has not less than five years experience investing in the securities and obligations authorized for local agency investment pursuant to subdivisions (a) to (n), inclusive, of California Government Code Section 53601; and
 - Has assets under management in excess of five hundred million dollars (\$500,000,000).

9.1 Investment Pools

The City's Director of Finance/Treasurer or designee shall be required to investigate all local government investment pools and money market mutual funds prior to investing and performing at least a quarterly review thereafter while the City is invested in the pool or the money market fund. LAIF is authorized under provisions in Section 16429.1 of the California Government Code as an allowable investment for local agencies even though some of the individual investments of the pool are not allowed as a direct investment by a local agency.

10.0 Portfolio Adjustments

Should any investment listed in section 9.0 exceed a percentage-of-portfolio limitation due to an incident such as fluctuation in portfolio size, the affected securities may be held to maturity to avoid losses. When no loss is indicated, the Director of Finance/Treasurer shall consider reconstructing the portfolio basing his or her decision on the expected

length of time the portfolio will be unbalanced. If this occurs, the City Council shall be notified.

11.0 Collateralization

Under provisions of the California Government Code, California banks, and savings and loan associations are required to secure the City's deposits by pledging government securities with a value of 110 % of principal and accrued interest. California law also allows financial institutions to secure City deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150% of the City's total deposits. Collateral will always be held by an independent third party. A clearly marked evidence of ownership (safekeeping receipt) must be supplied to the City and retained. The market value of securities that underlay a repurchase agreement shall be valued at 102% or greater of the funds borrowed against those securities and the value shall be adjusted no less than quarterly. Since the market value of the underlying securities is subject to daily market fluctuations, the investments in repurchase agreements shall be in compliance if the value of the underlying securities is brought back up to 102% no later than the next business day. The Director of Finance/Treasurer, at his or her discretion, may waive the collateral requirement for deposits that are fully insured up to \$250,000 by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation. The right of collateral substitution is granted.

12.0 Safekeeping and Custody

All City investments shall identify the City of Chula Vista as the registered owner, and all interest and principal payments and withdrawals shall indicate the City of Chula Vista as the payee. All securities shall be safe kept with the City itself or with a qualified financial institution, contracted by the City as a third party. All agreements and statements will be subject to review annually by external auditors in conjunction with their audit. In the event that the City has a financial institution hold the securities, a separate custodial agreement shall be required. All securities shall be acquired by the safekeeping institution on a "Delivery-Vs-Payment" (DVP) basis. For Repurchase Agreements, the purchase may be delivered by book entry, physical delivery or by thirdparty custodial agreement consistent with the Government Code. The transfer of securities to the counter party bank's customer book entry account may be used for book entry delivery.

13.0 Diversification

The City's investment portfolio will be diversified to avoid incurring unreasonable and avoidable risks associated with concentrating investments in specific security types, maturity segment, or in individual financial institutions. With the exception of U.S. Treasury securities and authorized pools, no more than 60% of the total investment portfolio will be invested in a single security type or with a single financial institution. In addition, no more than 10% of the investment portfolio shall be in securities of any one issuer except for U.S. Treasuries and U.S. Government Agency issues.

- A. Credit risk, defined as the risk of loss due to failure of the insurer of a security, shall be mitigated by investing in those securities with an "A" or above rating and approved in the Investment Policy and by diversifying the investment portfolio so that the failure of any one issuer would not unduly harm the City's cash flow.
- B. Market risk, defined as the risk of market value fluctuations due to overall changes in the general level of interest rates, shall be mitigated by structuring the portfolio so that securities mature at the same time that major cash outflows occur, thus eliminating the need to sell securities prior to their maturity. It is explicitly recognized herein, however, that in a diversified portfolio, occasional measured losses are inevitable and must be considered within the context of overall investment return. The City's investment portfolio will remain sufficiently liquid to enable the City to meet all operating requirements which might be reasonably anticipated.

14.0 Maximum Maturities

To the extent possible, the City will attempt to match its investments with anticipated cash flow requirements. Unless matched to a specific cash flow, the City will not directly invest in securities maturing more than five (5) years from the date of purchase, unless, the legislative body has granted express authority to make that investment either specifically, or as a part of an investment program approved by the City Council.

15.0 Internal Control

The Director of Finance/Treasurer shall establish a system of internal controls designed to prevent loss of public funds due to fraud, employee error, misrepresentation by third parties, or unanticipated market changes. No investment personnel may engage in an investment transaction except as provided for under the terms of this Investment Policy and the procedure established by the Director of Finance/Treasurer.

The external auditors shall annually review the investments with respect to the Investment Policy. This review will provide internal control by assuring compliance with policies and procedures for the investments that are selected for testing. Additionally, account reconciliation and verification of general ledger balances relating to the purchasing or maturing of investments and allocation of investments to fund balances shall be performed by the Finance Department and approved by the Director of Finance/Treasurer. To provide further protection of City funds, written procedures prohibit the wiring of any City funds without the authorization of at least two of the following five designated City staff:

- 1. Director of Finance/Treasurer
- 2. Assistant Director of Finance
- 3. Treasury Manager
- 4. Fiscal Operations Manager
- 5. Associate Accountant

16.0 Performance Standards

This Investment Policy shall be reviewed at least annually by the Director of Finance/Treasurer to ensure its consistency with the overall objective of preservation of principal, liquidity, and return, and its relevance to current law and financial and economic trends. All financial assets of all other funds shall be administered in accordance with the provisions of this Investment Policy.

The monies entrusted to the Director of Finance/Treasurer will be held in a passively managed ("hold to maturity") portfolio. However, the Director of Finance/Treasurer will use best efforts to observe, review, and react to changing conditions that affect the portfolio, and to do so in a manner that is consistent with this Investment Policy.

16.1 Market Yield (Benchmark)

The investment portfolio shall be managed to attain a market-average rate of return throughout budgetary and economic cycles, taking into account the City's investment risk constraints and cash flow. Investment return becomes a consideration only after the basic requirements of investment safety and liquidity have been met. Because the investment portfolio is designed to operate on a 'hold-to-maturity' premise (or passive investment style) and because of the safety, liquidity, and yield priorities, the performance benchmark that will be used to determine whether market yields are being achieved shall be the average of the monthly LAIF rate and the 12-month rolling average 2 - Year Constant Maturity Treasury (CMT) rate. While the City will not make investments for the purpose of trading or speculation as the dominant criterion, the Director of Finance/Treasurer shall seek to enhance total portfolio return by means of ongoing portfolio and cash management. The prohibition of highly speculative investments precludes pursuit of gain or profit through unusual risk and precludes investments primarily directed at gains or profits from conjectural fluctuations in market prices. The Director of Finance/Treasurer will not directly pursue any investments that are leveraged or deemed derivative in nature. However, as long as the original investments can be justified by their ordinary earning power, trading in response to changes in market value can be used as part of on-going portfolio management.

17.0 Reporting

The Director of Finance/Treasurer shall submit a quarterly investment report to the City Council and City Manager following the end of each quarter. This report will include the following elements:

- Type of investment
- Institutional Issuer

- Purchase Date
- · Date of maturity
- Amount of deposit or cost of the investment
- Face value of the investment
- Current market value of securities and source of valuation
- Rate of interest
- Interest earnings
- Statement relating the report to its compliance with the Statement of Investment Policy or the manner in which the portfolio is not in compliance
- Statement on availability of funds to meet the next six month's obligations
- Monthly and Year-to-date Budget Amounts for Interest Income
- Percentage of Portfolio by Investment Type
- Days to Maturity for all Investments
- Comparative report on monthly investment balances & interest yields
- Monthly transactions
- Compare portfolio yield to the yield attained by the County of San Diego and the five largest cities in the county for the same period.

In addition, a commentary on capital markets and economic conditions may be included with the report.

18.0 Investment Policy Adoption

Each fiscal year, the Finance Director shall provide a copy of the City's current Investment Policy and Guidelines to the City Council. By virtue of a resolution of the City Council of the City of Chula Vista, the Council shall acknowledge the receipt of the Policy for the respective fiscal year.

Debt Administration

Based on the most recent audited financial statements, which were for the year ended June 30, 2013, the City and the former Redevelopment Agency (Agency) borrowed funds through several long-term debt issues

and held other obligations which are to be funded over a period of time longer than one year, are categorized as follows:

Description	Principal Outstanding	Interest	Total Debt
Tax Allocation Bonds	\$ 41,985,000	\$ 21,872,934	\$ 63,857,934
Certificates of Participation	\$ 128,375,000	\$ 76,654,546	\$ 205,029,546
Bond Premium	\$ 24,807	\$ -	\$ 24,807
Bond Discount	\$ (791,689)	\$ -	\$ (791,689)
Capital Leases	\$ 279,913	\$ 15,815	\$ 295,728
Notes/Loans Payable	\$ 4,198,805	\$ 787,832	\$ 4,986,637
CDBG Section 108 Loan	\$ 8,262,000	\$ 3,861,176	\$ 12,123,176
Miscellaneous Claims Payable	\$ 21,021,459	\$ -	\$ 21,021,459
Compensated Absences (Employee Leave)	\$ 6,739,216	\$ -	\$ 6,739,216
Subtotal	\$ 210,094,511	\$ 103,192,303	\$ 313,286,814
Advances from Other Funds	\$ 50,140,867	\$ -	\$ 50,140,867
TOTAL LONG TERM DEBT	\$ 260,235,378	\$ 103,192,303	\$ 363,427,681

This section discusses the various types of long-term debt that the City has incurred. Bond financings, notes payable, capital leases and advances from other funds are the traditional forms of long-term debt that the City has incurred. However, also captured in this section are professional estimates derived from actuarial studies for workers compensation and general liability claims. In addition, the Finance Department provides an estimate of the City's liability for compensated absences as of the end of each fiscal year. The following sections discuss the details of the City's long-term debt.

Tax Allocation Bonds (\$42 million)

Tax Allocation Bonds (TABS) are issued by the Agency and utilize tax increment revenue for debt service. The 2006 Senior TABS, Series A and 2006 Subordinate TABS, Series B were issued to refund the 1994 TABS Series A, C and D that were issued to refund prior obligations of the Bayfront and Town Center 1 project areas. In July 2008 the Agency issued the 2008 Tax Allocation Refunding Bonds to refund the 2000 TABS that were issued by the Southwest, Otay Valley and Town Center 2 project areas to finance certain redevelopment activities in those areas.

Certificates of Participation (\$128.4 million)

As of June 30, 2013, the City currently has five outstanding Certificates of Participation. The Chula Vista Public Financing Authority (Authority) issued the 2002 COP to finance the cost of constructing the City's Police Facility. In May 2003, the Authority issued the 2003 Refunding COP to defease the 1993 Series A & B COPs. The 2004 COP was issued to finance the Phase 1 reconstruction, renovation and equipping of the City's Civic Center Complex. In March 2006, the Authority issued the 2006 COP to finance the Phase 2 construction and equipping of certain improvements to the Civic Center Complex of the City and other existing City Facilities. In February 2010, the Authority issued the 2010 COP to refund the 2000 COP and to provide funds for the construction, reconstruction, modernization and equipping of Phase 3 of the Civic Center Complex, reimburse the PFDIF funds, fund capitalized interest, fund a reserve fund, and pay the costs incurred in connection with the execution and delivery of the Certificates.

Bond Premium (\$24,807)

This is the premium on the issuance of the 2004 COP Civic Center Phase 1. Original amount was \$35,324. This amount is amortized over 30 years.

Bond Discount (-\$0.8 million)

This is the discount on the issuance of the 2006 Refunding TABS and the 2008 Refunding TABS. The original amounts were \$505,884 and \$579,161 respectively. These amounts are amortized over 20 years.

Capital Leases (\$295,728)

The Capital Leases represent two long-term leasepurchase obligations for the San Diego County Regionalized Communications System and the 5-year lease purchase agreement for medical resuscitation equipment for use by the fire Department.

Notes/Loans Payable (\$5.0 million)

The Redevelopment Agency participated in a Loan Agreement with the California Statewide Communities Development Authority to finance the 2005 and 2006 share of the Educational Revenue Augmentation Fund (ERAF) payments to the County Auditor (\$765,000 and \$930,000 respectively). In January 1994, the City entered into a note payable with a private party in order to purchase certain land for the ultimate purpose of constructing a three-level parking structure.

In September 2007, the City Council authorized the City's participation in the California Energy Commission and San Diego Gas and Electric On-Bill Financing program. The loans were to bridge the financial gap between energy conservation project capital costs and available rebates for energy conservation equipment. The original loan amount was \$665,884 for the On-Bill Financing program. In fiscal year 2011-12 additional loans were entered into with the California Energy Commission (\$3.7 million) and San Diego Gas & Electric On-Bill Financing Program (\$256,302).

In December 2012, the City entered into a lease purchase agreement with Bank of America to purchase certain energy conservation equipment. The agreement would bridge the financial gap between the Municipal Streetlight Retrofit Project capital costs and the available rebates for energy conservation equipment. As of June 30, 2013 the outstanding balance is \$2,174,204.

CDBG Section 108 Loan (\$8.3 million)

The City entered into a contract for Loan Guarantee Assistance with the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) as part of the Section 108 Loan Program in the amount of \$9,500,000 in June 2008. The Section 108 Loan is an "advance" of future CDBG entitlement funds and as such is repaid with a portion of the City's annual entitlement. Proceeds of the loan will be used to fund multiple capital improvement projects. Debt service payments will be made with future CDBG entitlements for the next 20 years.

Miscellaneous Claims Payable (\$21.0 million)

The Miscellaneous Claims Payable represents the probable amount of loss as estimated by legal counsel and risk management staff due to worker's compensation and general liability claims filed against the City.

Compensated Absences (\$6.7 million)

The obligation for Compensated Absences represents the current dollar value of accumulated leave balances, primarily vacation leave, for employees that would have to be paid off if all permanent employees were terminated as of June 30, 2012.

Advances From Other Funds (\$50.1 million)

The Agency has entered into reimbursement agreements with the City to reimburse the City for certain lease payments made by the City under various lease agreements. The balance as of June 30, 2013, was \$9.0 million

The City Council authorized loans to Public Facilities DIF for \$12,950,160 and Western TDIF for \$36,094. The Public Facilities DIF loan for \$5,200,000 is due and payable in 13 years, at an interest rate based on the

pooled investment rate. The Public Facilities DIF loan for \$5,300,000 is due and payable in 13 years, at an interest rate of 0.56% based on the pooled investment rate.

The City Council authorized a loan from Eastern PAD to Western PAD in the amount of \$9,630,000 to acquire a 14.41 acre site located in the lower Sweetwater Valley owned by the redevelopment agency and \$310,000 to acquire the 1.89 acre site located at the Auto Park Place, Chula vista. The loan will be repaid as funds become available through the payment of PAD fees by developers in western Chula Vista. The balance was \$10,095,262 at June 30, 2013.

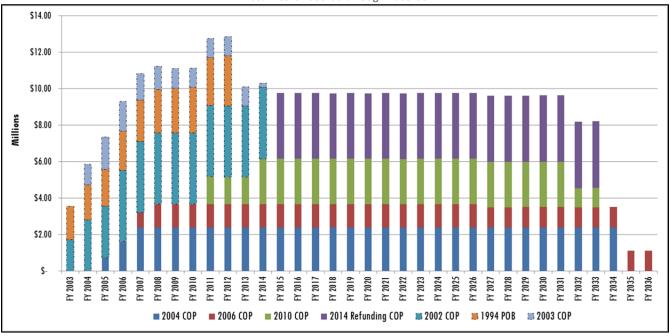
The City Council authorized long-term loans from the Trunk Sewer fund to Salt Creek DIF for \$16,848,381, to the Storm Drain fund for \$744,612 and \$803,331 from the Sewer Facility fund for capital improvement projects.

General Fund Long-Term Debt for Fiscal Year 2014-15

The General Fund's annual debt service "commitment" for the Certificates of Participation in fiscal year 2014-15 is approximately \$9.8 million, or 7.3% of the General Fund operating budget. However, it must be noted that although this amount is truly a General Fund commitment, only \$3.3 million will actually be paid from General Fund resources, with the remaining amount paid from available development impact fees and residential construction tax. The \$3.3 million represents approximately 2.4% of the General Fund operating budget. The \$9.8 million represents ongoing level debt service payments as depicted in the chart on the next page.

Annual Debt Service Obligation of the General Fund

Fiscal Years 2005-06 through 2035-36



Note:

- 1) Actual payments are funded by the General Fund and Development Impact Fee Funds, however all debt service obligations are backed by the General Fund.
- 2) The 1994 Pension Obligation Bonds and 2003 COP were paid off in FY2012 and FY2014 respectively. The 2002 COP was refunded in FY2013 and became the 2014 Refunding COP.

Accounting Systems and Budgetary Control

The City of Chula Vista's budget provides an overview of the fiscal and operational status of the City; highlighting policy issues, decisions and proposed changes in service levels. The budget is comprised of a series of funds used to account for revenues and expenditures. These funds are generally classified as governmental or proprietary funds.

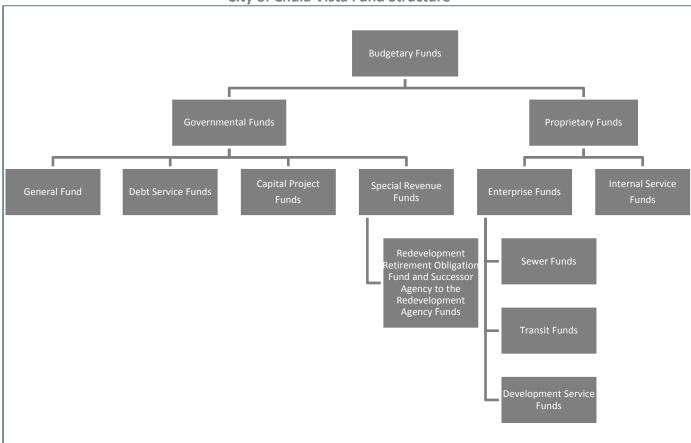
Governmental funds include activities associated with the operations of the City such as the provision of library, recreation, development and public safety services. Special revenue funds, capital project funds, debt service funds and the City's general fund are different categories of governmental funds.

Proprietary funds are used to account for activities often found in the private sector including enterprise funds and internal service funds. Operation of the

City's transit, development service and sewer systems are accounted for as enterprise funds. Examples of functions accounted for by internal service funds include fleet management and worker's compensation.

The budget document is organized around the following major funds — General Fund, Redevelopment Retirement Obligation Fund and Successor Agency to the Redevelopment Agency Funds, Sewer Funds, Transit Funds, Fleet Service Funds, Capital Projects Funds, Debt Service Funds and Other Funds. Details about each of these funds can be found in the corresponding sections of the document.





Each fund is considered an autonomous accounting entity. Funds are used to separate the various financial activities of the City and to demonstrate compliance with specific regulations, restrictions or limitations. This may include demonstrating that restricted revenues are spent only for allowed purposes.

The City's accounting records and budget are prepared and maintained using a modified accrual basis of accounting, which follows the accounting practices for governmental units as recommended by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. Basic City operations are accounted for in the City's General Fund, with other activities accounted for in separate funds as required by law or determined by management discretion. Generally, revenues are recorded when measurable and available, and liabilities are recorded when incurred.

In administering the City's accounting systems, primary consideration is given to the adequacy of internal accounting controls, which include an array of administrative procedures. These controls are designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance regarding the safeguarding of assets against loss from unauthorized use or disposition, as well as the reliability of financial records for accurate and fair presentation of financial reports. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that the cost of specific controls should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived from exercising the controls, and that this evaluation necessarily involves estimates and judgments by management. It is believed that the City's internal accounting controls adequately safeguard City assets and provide reasonable assurance of proper recording of financial transactions.

The City Charter charges the Director of Finance with the responsibility to supervise and be responsible for the disbursement of all monies and have control over all expenditures to insure that budget appropriations are not exceeded. The level of budgetary control, that is the level at which expenditures are not to exceed Council approved appropriations, is established at the department and expenditure category level (e.g., personnel services, supplies and services, capital).

Any budget modification that would result in an appropriation increase requires City Council approval. The City Manager and Finance Director are jointly

authorized to transfer up to \$15,000 of appropriations between expenditure categories within a departmental budget. Any appropriations transfers between departments require City Council approval.

An encumbrance (commitment) accounting system is utilized as a technique to enhance budgetary control during the year. Appropriations encumbered (committed) at year-end may be carried forward with City Manager approval and are available to be used for those commitments during the subsequent year. Unspent and unencumbered appropriations lapse at year-end and become generally available for reappropriation the following year.

List of Acronyms

Α

В

C

Officers

CLSA: California Library Services Act ADA: Americans with Disabilities Act

CMP: Corrugated Metal Pipe ALS: Advanced Life Support

CMT: Constant Maturity Treasury AMP: Asset Management Plan

CONF: Confidential AMS: Asset Management System

COP: Certificate of Participation ARRA: American Recovery and Reinvestment Act

CPI: Consumer Price Index ATP: Active Transportation Program

CTC: California Transportation Commission

CVACF: Chula Vista Animal Care Facility **BIG: Business Improvement Grant**

CVEA: Chula Vista Employee's Association **BMS: Building Management System**

D

DASH: Dynamic After School Hours

CVPD: Chula Vista Police Department **BRT: Bus Rapid Transit**

CVT: Chula Vista Transit **BTA: Bicycle Transportation Account**

CBAG: California Border Alliance Group

CFD: Community Facility District

CAD: Computer Aided Dispatch

DIF: Development Impact Fee CalPERS: California Public Employees Retirement

System DMS: Drainage Management System

CALTRUST: Investment Trust of California DVP: Delivery Versus Payment

CAPPO: California Association of Public Purchasing

Ε EEBG: Energy Efficiency Block Grant

EOC: Emergency Operation Center CDBG: Community Development Block Grant

ERAF: Educational Revenue Augmentation Fund

CEC: California Energy Commission

EUC: Eastern Urban Center CES: Conservation Environmental Services

CIP: Capital Improvement Plan/Project/Program FCIP: Fire Company Inspection Program FDIC: Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation

FF: Firefighters

FHLB: Federal Home Loan Bank

FHLMC: Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation

FHWA: Federal Highway Administration

FICB: Federal Intermediate Credit Bank

FLB: Federal Land Bank

FLSA: Fair Labor Standards Act

FMS: Fleet Management System

FNMA: Federal National Mortgage Association

FPPC: Fair Political Practices Commission

FREBE: Free Resource Energy Business Evaluation

FSE: Fire Safety Engineering

FTA: Federal Transit Administration

FTE: Full-Time Equivalent

FY: Fiscal Year

G

GAAP: Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

GDP: Gross Domestic Product

GFOA: Government Finance Officers of America

GGMS: General Government Management System

GIS: Geographic Information System

GMOC: Growth Management Oversight Committee

GNMA: Government National Mortgage Association

GUC: General Use Certificates

Н

HBP: Highway Bridge Program

HOV: High Occupancy Vehicle

HR: Human Resources

HSIP: Highway Safety Improvement Program

HUD: Housing and Urban Development

HVAC: Heating\Ventilation\Air Conditioning

IAFF: International Association of Firefighters

ITS: Information and Technology Services

L

LAIF: Local Agency Investment Fund

LAN: Local Area Network

LRT: Light Rail Trolley

M

MGD: Million Gallons per Day

MHZ: Megahertz

MIS: Management and Information Systems\Services

MLA: Master Lease Agreement

MOU: Memorandum of Understanding

MSCP: Multiple Species Conservation Plan

MTDB: Metropolitan Transit Development Board

MTS: Metropolitan Transit System

N

NCD: Negotiable Certificate of Deposit

Association

SBA: Small Business Association

NFPA: National Fire Protection Association SBBRT: South Bay Bus Rapid Transit SGIP: Smart Growth Initiative Program SHOPP: State Highway Operations and Protection OSMS: Open Space Management System **Program** SLMA: Student Loan Marketing Association PACE: Parcel Assessed Clean Energy SRO: School Resource Officer PAD: Park Acquisition and Development STRETCH: Safe Time For Recreation, Enrichment And **Tutoring** PCI: Pavement Condition Index PFDIF: Public Facilities Development Impact Fees T TABS: Tax Allocation Bonds PLF: Public Library Foundation Act TARBS: Tax Allocation Refunding Bonds PLTP: Point Loma Treatment Plant TDA: Transportation Development Act PMS: Parks Management System TDIF: Transportation Development Impact Fee POA: Police Officer's Association **TOT: Transient Occupancy Tax PUC: Public Utilities Commission** TUT: Telephone Users' Tax TVA: Tennessee Valley Authorities **RCS: Regional Communications System RCT**: Residential Construction Tax U **UUT: Utility Users Tax** RDA: Redevelopment Agency RFP: Request for Proposals RMS: Roadway Management System VLF: Vehicle License Fee RTIP: Regional Transportation Improvement Program WCE: Western Council of Engineers S SANDAG: San Diego Association of Governments WMS: Wastewater Management System SANDPIPA: San Diego Pooled Insurance Policy W-TDIF: Western Transportation Development Impact



Glossary

Α

Accrual Basis of Accounting – The accounting basis used by the City by which transactions are recognized when they occur, regardless of the timing of cash receipts and disbursements.

Accounting System – The collective set of records and procedures used to record, classify, and report information on the financial status and operations of the City.

Accounts Payable – Amounts owed by the City to external entities for goods and services received.

Accounts Receivable – Amounts due to the City from external entities for goods and services furnished.

Adopted Budget – The title of the budget following its formal adoption by resolution of the City Council.

Ad Valorem – In proportion to value, a basis for levy of taxes on property.

Amended Budget – The title of the budget version that includes all amendments to the Adopted Budget approved by Council throughout the fiscal year.

Appropriation – A legislative act by the City Council authorizing the expenditure of a designated amount of public funds for a specific purpose.

Audit – An examination of City records and accounts by an external source to check their validity and accuracy.

В

Balanced Budget – The amount of budgeted expenditures is equal to or less than the amount of budgeted revenues plus other available sources.

Bond – A certificate of debt issued by a government or corporation guaranteeing payment of the original investment plus interest by a specified future date.

Budget – A spending plan and policy guide comprised of an itemized summary of the City's probable expenditures and revenues for a given fiscal year.

C

Calendar Year (CY) – The 12-month period from January through December.

Capital Expenditures – Expenditures related to the acquisition, replacement, or improvement of a section of Chula Vista's infrastructure.

Capital Improvement Program – The long-range construction plan designed to foresee and address the City's future need of physical improvements or additions of a fixed or permanent nature (e.g. a new fire station, replacement of a street signal)

Capital Project – Any major construction, acquisition, or renovation that increases the useful life of the City's physical assets or adds to their value.

Capital Project Funds — Funds that are utilized to account for resources used for the acquisition and construction of capital facilities by the City, with the exception of those assets financed by proprietary funds.

Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) Funds – Funds received from the federal government and expenditures as prescribed under the Community Development Grant Program.

D

Debt Service Funds— Funds used for payment of interest and principal to holders of the City's various debt instruments.

Deferred Maintenance – A backlog of needed repairs to City facilities including facility maintenance, painting and structural repairs.

Depreciation – The expense incurred with the expiration of a capital asset.

Direct Costs – Operational expenditures exclusive to a specific service or program.

Discretionary Revenue – Revenues that are generated by general or specific taxing authority such as Property or Sales Taxes.

E

Encumbrance – The designation or reserving of funds to buy an item or service.

Enterprise Funds – Funds established to account for specific services funded directly by fees and charges to users such as sewer services. These funds are intended to be self-supporting.

Expenditure – The actual outlay of monies set aside by appropriation for identified goods and services.

F

Fiscal Year (FY) – The twelve-month period beginning July 1st and ending June 30th of the subsequent calendar year.

Fixed Assets – An asset with a useful life greater than three years.

Fringe Benefits – This consists of the costs to provide employee benefits that include the flexible benefit program, insurance, and retirement.

Full-time Equivalent Positions (FTE) – The conversion of part-time, temporary, or volunteer positions to a decimal equivalent of a full-time position based on an annual amount of 2,080 hours worked.

Fund – A set of interrelated accounts to record revenues and expenditures.

Fund Balance – The excess of an entity's assets over its liabilities. A negative fund balance is sometimes referred to as a deficit.

G

Generally Accepted Accounting Principles – A uniform set of minimum standards for external financial accounting and reporting.

Gann Appropriation Limit – A State of California mandated appropriation limit imposed on local jurisdictions.

General Fund – The City's main operating fund that is used to pay for City services.

General Plan – The fundamental policy document that guides the City's future growth and development.

General Revenue – See Discretionary Revenues.

Governmental Funds – Funds that are typically used to account for tax-supported activities. These include the general fund, special revenue funds, debt service funds, and capital project funds.

Grants – A contribution by a government or other organization to provide funding for a specific project. Grants can either be classified as capital projects or programmatic, depending on the grant.

Indirect Cost – Costs that are essential to the operation of the City but not exclusive to any specific service or program. Indirect costs are primarily associated with support departments such as City Clerk, City Attorney, Administration, Management Information Systems (MIS), Human Resources, and Finance.

Infrastructure – Basic physical assets such as buildings, streets, sewers, and parks.

Interest Expense – Interest costs paid by Chula Vista on loans and bonds.

Internal Service Funds – Funds that are used to finance and account for goods, special activities, and services performed by one City department for other City departments on a cost reimbursement basis.

L

Levy – To impose of collect a tax, special assessments, or charges for the support of City services.

Liability – Debt or other legal obligations arising out of past transactions that will be liquidated, renewed, or refunded at some future date.

M

Memorandum of Understanding – A document detailing the outcomes of labor negotiations between the City and its various bargaining units.

Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting – A method of accounting in which revenues are recognized in the period they become available and measurable, and expenditures are recognized in the period the associated liability is incurred.

Municipal Code – A collection of ordinances approved by City Council.

0

Operating Budget – Costs associated with the on-going municipal services.

Ordinance – A formal legislative enactment by the City Council.

Other Expenditures – All budgeted expenditures that do not fall into one of the three primary expenditure categories: Personnel, Supplies and Services, and Capital.

P

Personnel Services Expenditures – Expenses related to employee compensation including salaries, wages, and benefits.

Program Revenue – Revenues generated by a given activity.

Proposed Budget – The title of the budget prior to its formal adoption by resolution of the City Council.

Proprietary Funds — Funds used to account for a government's business-type activities, which are supported, at least in part, by fees or charges.

R

Reserves – The portion of the General Fund balance set aside for contingencies.

Resolution – A special order of the City Council that requires less legal formality than an Ordinance.

Revenue – Funds received from various sources to finance expenditures.

S

Sewer Funds— Funds that account for revenues and expenditures related to the City's sewer programs, including maintenance and expansion of the City's conveyance system and payment of Metro Sewer treatment costs.

Special Revenue Funds — Funds that are used to account for proceeds derived from specific revenues sources, which are legally restricted to expenditures for special purposes. (e.g. Transportation Funds, parking Funds, Public Safety Funds)

Spending Plan – A preliminary budget approved by Council contingent upon subsequent adoption of appropriations.

Supplies and Services Expenditures – Expenditures for supplies required for the daily operation of the City and for contractual and professional services.

Υ

Yield – The rate of return earned on an investment based on the price paid.

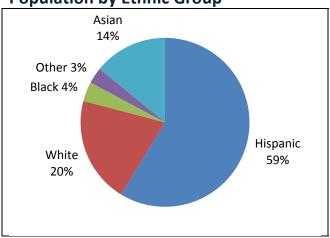


Chula Vista at a Glance

General Information

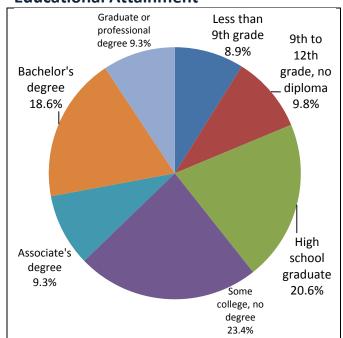
Incorporated	1911
Government	Council/Manager
Bond Rating	AA-

Population by Ethnic Group



Source: San Diego Association of Governments, Current Estimates

Educational Attainment ¹



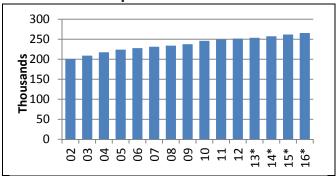
¹Based on population 25 years and over.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2012 American Community Survey

Population

Population	.251,613		
Median Age	34		
Source: Population data, California Department of	of Finance.		
Median Age, San Diego Association of Governments estimates.			

Chula Vista Population Growth



Note: This data represents calendar year population numbers. *2013 – 2016 population numbers are projections.

Source: California Department of Finance and City of Chula Vista staff

Elementary Schools

Chula Vista Elementary School District
www.cvesd.org
(619) 425-9600
Number of Schools ¹ 47
Projected Enrollment28,668
Average Class Size:
• Kindergarten – 6 th Grade23.2
ncludes 5 dependent and 2 independent charter schools.

Secondary Schools

Sweetwater Union High School District	
www.sweetwaterschools.org	
(619) 691-5500	
Number of Schools ¹	30
Projected Enrollment	40,916
Pupil – Teacher Ratio	24.7:1
¹ Includes middle schools, high schools, and	alternative
education sites.	

Housing

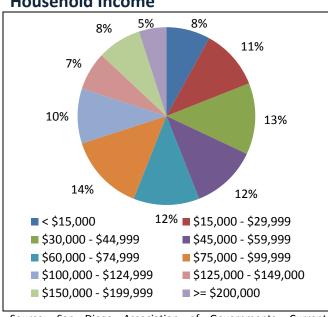
Housing Units	81,251
Persons per Household	3.24
Vacancy Rate	4.9%

Source: California Department of Finance

Housing Type

Single Family	52,912
Multiple Family	24,274
Mobile Homes	4,065
Source: California Department of Finance	

Household Income



Source: San Diego Association of Governments, Current **Estimates**

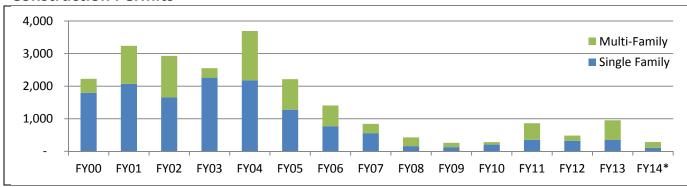
Public Safety

Fire Uniform Strength		
Emergency Calls to Fire Department ¹	Fire Uniform Strength	108
Police Uniform Strength23 Citizen Initiated Calls for Service ¹ 65,7 ¹ Calls for service data is for calendar year 2013.	Fire Stations	9
Citizen Initiated Calls for Service ¹ 65,7 ¹ Calls for service data is for calendar year 2013.	Emergency Calls to Fire Department ¹	16,300
¹ Calls for service data is for calendar year 2013.	Police Uniform Strength	236
	Citizen Initiated Calls for Service ¹	65,779
Source: City of Chula Vista Staff		
Source. City of chain vista stair	Source: City of Chula Vista Staff	

Community Facilities

Acres of Developed Parks	555.8
Total Number of Parks	62
Libraries	3
Recreation Facilities	11
Source: City of Chula Vista staff	

Construction Permits



*As of 04/07/2014 – does not represent a full year.

Source: City of Chula Vista staff